

MEMORANDUM

Date: May 5, 2022 **CONFIDENTIAL**

To: Members of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Canpotex Limited

("Canpotex"), Board advisors, and other authorized personnel

From: Canpotex Executive Leadership Team

CC:

Subject: Market Update with Volumes and Netback Forecast

The detailed regional updates are provided below.

Brazil

| 2021 Imports (Estimated) | 13,200,000 MT | Up 12% compared to 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 13,000,000 MT (12.0 – 13.00M MT) | Down 1% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales (Forecast) | 4,638,000 MT | Up 16% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 36% | Up 6% compared to 2021 |

Potash prices are firm and remain at US\$1,150-1,200/MT Brazil CFR. The reduced availability and ongoing uncertainty around new potash shipments from Belarus and Russia is supporting stable fertilizer prices at higher levels. Trading publications are quoting MAP at US\$1,250-1,270/MT CFR and Urea granular at US\$840-870/MT CFR.

NPK statistics for January 2022 released by ANDA show fertilizer consumption of 3.2 million MT, a decrease of 5.2% compared to January 2021. This reduction was anticipated as some volumes were brought forward into Nov.-Dec. 2021 and the drought in Southern Brazil impacted demand in that region early in the year.

The soybean barter ratio increased from 22 bags/MT in February to 25 bags/MT in March and 31 bags/MT in April. Total NPK consumption for 2022 is currently estimated at 43.3 million MT (-2.5 million MT against 2021) due to anticipated limited supply availability. Total planted area is forecast to expand by 1.5 million hectares between the 2021-22 and 2022-23 crop seasons.

Profitability levels for farmers are still forecast close to record levels due to favourable prices for soybean and corn, so the basis for another record year of fertilizer consumption is in place, but uncertainty remains around supply availability being able to match the potential demand.

Mato Grosso is the most advanced region regarding fertilizer purchases for the 2022-23 summer crop with ~90% of business done, followed by Mato Grosso do Sul and Goiás each at ~70%. The MAPITO region stands with ~50%, South and Southeast regions remain sluggish with ~30% of business done. For the 2022-23 winter crop Mato Grosso has ~50% of business concluded and the remaining states are only at ~10%. Some sources have mentioned field demand for the 2023/24 season, but no suppliers are willing to close business amid current uncertainties.

Grain prices remain high, with soybeans ending April with an average price of US\$16.54/bu and corn at US\$7.70, both close to historical high prices. Domestic prices are around R\$162/bag for soybean and R\$73/bag for corn, also close to historical high month averages for both. Exchange rates started April at R\$4.70/USD but the exchange rate closed April at R\$5.00/USD.

The port vessel line up statistics show Jan-Apr MOP arrivals at 4.4 million MT (1.35 million MT above the same period of 2021). Canpotex leads market share with 25%, followed by Uralkali and BPC (Belarusian Potash Company), both with 17%. Eurochem, K+S and ICL remain with the largest growth, accounting for 906,000 MT (69% of the total growth), taking the spot left by BPC. New shipments from BPC have stopped arriving since they stopped loading at Klaipeda in February and new vessels from Russia have slowed down since the start of the Russian war with Ukraine.

China

| 2021 Imports | 7,663,000 MT | Down 12% compared to 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 7,100,000 MT (6.9 – 7.6 M MT) | Down 7% from 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales (Forecast) | 1,880,000 MT | Up 35% from 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 26% | Up 8% from 2021 |

China potash imports (by arrival) January to March YTD 2022 totaled 2.11 million MT, down 469,661 MT or 18% in volume YOY. The arrivals reflected the final volumes supplied under the old 2021 contracts priced at US\$247.00/MT, especially from BPC who supplied over 300,000 MT of March arrivals. These were some of the final cargoes loaded from Klaipeda prior to the implementation of rail restrictions through Lithuania from February 1^{st,} 2022. It is estimated that sea arrival volumes will continue to be lower in April/May due to restricted supply from BPC and Russia as well as limited volumes loaded from other suppliers in March/April under the new 2022 contract priced at US\$590.00/MT CFR, which is well below current global spot market prices.

In May, China is approaching the final stages of the spring season planting period and demand is tapering down from the peak levels in March and April. Inventories for imported potash at ports continue to reduce due to fewer vessels arriving by sea suppliers. China domestic fertilizer prices during the spring season reached historical high levels. The current China domestic selling prices remain firm and reflects ~US\$650/MT CFR equivalent for red standard grade, ~US\$710/MT CFR for granular grades, and ~US\$730/MT CFR for 62% white grade. QHSL (Qinghai Salt Lake) is still operating at high production rates. May delivered prices were reportedly increased by US\$80/MT to US\$600/MT CFR equivalent. In March and April, QHSL maintained its delivered price at US\$520/MT CFR equivalent level which was much lower than local spot prices, due to pressure from the government of China to maximize potash supply and maintain stable prices.

China domestic prices for all nutrients (N, P, K and NPK compound fertilizer) are at elevated levels. After a brief period of low season from mid-May to end-June, China will enter the autumn season in Q3 and is expected to face pressure from low inventories and be challenged to replenish stocks during the 2H 2022.

South Korea

South Korean YTD potash imports totaled 166,477 MT at the end of March, down 12% YOY. Canpotex accounted for 55% of the imports, with 92,308 MT shipped, down 31% YOY. Russia accounted for 12% of the imports, with 20,629 MT shipped. ICL shipments were 44,142 MT, accounting for 27% of total imports. K+S reported just 4,943 MT shipped in Q1. No new arrivals of BPC from January into March.

Given the absence of shipments from BPC and the uncertainty with supply due to recent sanctions, South Korean key importers are looking for additional volume from other sources and are keen to secure Q3 supply as soon as possible. Canpotex will begin price discussions with customers in late May for H2 shipments and anticipates significant price increases for Q3/Q4 shipments.

Taiwan

Taiwan YTD imports totaled 139,854 MT at the end of March, up 89% YOY. Canpotex accounted for 53% of total imports, with 74,131 MT shipped, up 51% YOY. ICL shipments were 34,070 MT, accounting for 24% of total imports. K+S shipments were 20,806 MT, accounting for 15% of total imports. BPC shipped 6,038 MT accounting for 4% of total imports. And APC shipments were 3,515 MT accounting for 4% of total imports.

Considering uncertainty in supply of potash for the rest of the year from potential supply disruptions of BPC and Russia, the key Taiwan customers are deeply concerned and would like to secure Q3/Q4 shipments right away to maintain their entire year production.

At the end of April, Canpotex concluded prices for Q3 2022 shipments with SOP producer SESODA at US\$960/MT CFR and US\$1,000/MT CFR for WFSS grade for August and September shipments respectively. In addition, we finalized a price with CSCC, another SOP producer using WFSS grade at US\$990/MT net CFR for Q3 shipment. New Q3 price levels in Taiwan reflect an increase of US\$330-370/MT from Q2 price levels.

<u>Japan</u>

Japan YTD imports totaled 106,558 MT at the end of February up 23% YOY. Canpotex accounted for 97% of imports, with 103,212 MT shipped, up 104% YOY.

Canpotex has started the first round of negotiations with Japanese customers for 2H shipments. We expect negotiations will be finalized by end of May at significant increases from the H1 2022 contract price of US\$575/MT FOB for standard grade.

India

| 2021 Imports | 2,790,000 MT | Down 46% compared to 2020 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 2,400,000 MT (2.4 – 3.0 M MT) | Down 14% from 2021 | | | | | |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales | 1,147,000 MT | Up 94% compared to 2021 | | | | | |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 48% | Up 23% from 2021 | | | | | |

India's 2022 potash imports are difficult to predict and will largely depend on the ability of India to import from Russia (there are many reports of India buying Russian commodities; however, no details have emerged on potash imports). We expect India to import at least 2.40 million MT of potash this year as follows: 345,000 MT that slipped over from 2021 contracts, new 2022 contracts of 1.1 M MT from Canpotex, 600,000 MT from ICL and 300,000 MT from APC.

India's agriculture sector is looking positive for the upcoming Kharif season due to several factors:

- 1. Monsoon expectations are positive the latest forecast is that the moisture levels of the monsoon should equal 99% of the long-term average
- 2. Record crop production expectations the GOI has set a food grain production target of 328 million MT for 2022-23 crop year, up 3.8% from 2021-22
- 3. An expected increase in agriculture exports generally achieving higher prices than those sold locally which helps improve farmer incomes.
- 4. The Government of India has publicly stated it will support adequate fertilizer supplies for the upcoming growing seasons.

On April 27th, the GOI issued its revised fertilizer subsidy for P&K nutrients. The revised Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) budget is US\$7.96 billion for the kharif season alone. DAP was increased to

₹50,013/MT (~US\$650/MT) and MOP to ₹15,186 (~US\$200/MT, up from US\$80). Initial reactions from the local industry is that both the DAP and MOP subsidy falls short of expectations and is not profitable considering current import prices, FX and local MRPs. While it seems the DAP MRP will remain fixed at ₹27,000/MT, which the GOI mandated last year, the potash MRP could be increased from the current ₹34,000/MT to recover some of the losses facing importers. With recent weakening of the rupee, some importers are suggesting a potash MRP of up to ₹36,000-38,000/MT to be profitable.

While the clarity around the subsidy helps, the current unfavorable margins are likely to add a further challenge to the procurement of additional fertilizer supplies, which is already facing challenges. First, the GOI has continued to delay urea tenders, adding to supply uncertainty for kharif; second, many nutrients continue to be impacted by restrictive export policies in China and Russia's logistical and financial barriers; and finally, local producers are significantly exposed to rising raw material prices and shortages (some NPK producers do not have potash, others may have potash but face shortages in other materials). Specifically, on potash, our view is that total supplies (inventory + expected arrivals) for 2022 will be well below the annual demand of 4.0-4.5 million MT.

While there are many positives facing the India agriculture space today, the complexity of the market and the growing government influence in managing fertilizer supplies will likely continue to foster a very unpredictable environment this year.

Indonesia

| 2021 Imports (Estimate) | 3,800,000 MT | Up 24% from 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 3,000,000 MT (3.0-3.3 M MT) | Down 27% from 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales (Forecast) | 1,540,000 MT | Down 14% from 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 51% | Up 4% from 2021 |

Indonesia had a strong recovery in potash imports over the last two years and established record import volumes of 3.8 million MT in 2021 supported by high CPO prices and strong affordability. We anticipate a reduction in 2022 imports because of higher inventory carry-over, some demand destruction due to higher prices, and limited supply availability.

With healthy inventories available entering the year, local deliveries priced well into 2H, and shipments continuing from Russia until April, the supply crunch has not shown up in the market yet. However, with BPC shipments pausing, and concerns increasing around the Russian's ability to receive payments from importers, sentiment has shifted towards a very tight market and any unsold inventories or future commitments are being quoted at significantly higher prices than previous months.

After coming down to around RM 4,800/MT in December, Crude Palm Oil (CPO) prices rallied back hitting record highs again last month reaching over RM 7,500/MT before correcting back down to RM 6,500 levels this month. The strong prices track closely with higher prices for soybean and other vegetable oils. Production concerns, specifically from Malaysia, are also a factor along with the escalating situation in Russia-Ukraine. The more recent volatility is stemming from the Indonesian government's efforts to reduce CPO exports to address local cooking oil shortages and surging prices in the country.

Last month, Indonesia re-established its maximum palm export levy allowing the rates to go up progressively higher according to the monthly CPO reference price. The proceeds collected are used to fund biodiesel programs, smallholder replanting and to subsidize local cooking oil purchases to help curb the above-mentioned inflation and shortages in the country. However, with continued pressure on the domestic cooking oil supply and local prices still on the rise as the country enters its Hari Raya holiday period next week (peak consumption period), President Jokowi very recently announced a ban on exports of all Palm oil products starting April 28th. The immediate market reaction of the announcement saw domestic palm FFB (Fresh fruit bunches) prices fall as local Palm oil producers refrain from local fruit purchases as storage capacity is limited in the country for processing plants who now find themselves with no export outlet.

The potential impact on fertilizer demand is still unclear, but our customers noted some slowdown in enquiries since the announcement and they expect plantations could be a little more cautious with regards to tenders and purchases in the immediate term until further details emerge. On the domestic level the ban impacts local farmers the most, especially smallholders due to the decrease in local FFB prices they can sell as domestic CPO inventories build up. On the global level, with the overall CPO supply already tight, disruption to Indonesia's exports will put further pressure on global supply which will have a positive effect on international CPO prices in the near-term. The export ban is expected to be a temporary short-term measure, but no timeline has been indicated at this point until the local cooking oil supply reaches sufficient levels in the country.

We are continuing to work with our customers to establish higher regional prices for standard grade potash in this rapidly changing environment. Last month Canpotex concluded Q3 volumes with Wilmar, Petrokimia and Aastar priced at US\$950/MT CFR setting the floor for RSTD grade. More recently, this past week we concluded 75,000MT with Wilmar for Sep-Oct shipments, all priced at US\$1050/MT and establishing a new high price level for standard grade potash in Southeast Asia.

Malaysia

| 2021 Imports (Estimated) | 2,050,000 MT | Up 33% compared to 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 1,800,000 MT (1.8-2.0 M MT) | Down 12% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales (Forecast) | 778,000 MT | Down 4% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 43% | Up 3% from 2021 |

Competitor imports to Malaysia were heavy through the final months of 2021 which resulted in increased potash inventory levels heading into the new year. These heavy shipments (primarily from BPC) resulted in a temporary downward correction in local prices for 1H deliveries in February.

This month, with shipments no longer coming in from Belarus and the situation with Russia and Ukraine escalating, plantations are growing more concerned about supply. Malaysian plantations have significantly more volume to price for 2022 (vs. Indonesia) as a combination of the ongoing labor shortages, higher potash inventories, a wait and see approach to fertilizer pricing, and lack of Ammonium Sulfate availability all led to a reduction in volume being tendered for the 1H of this year.

Like Indonesia, we secured large price increases with our customers in preparation for the 2H tender season and we are indicating further increases as the year progresses. Earlier this month we finalized negotiations with our Malaysian customers for remaining Q3 shipments all priced at US\$950/MT CFR for standard grade.

Actual total import volumes will be dependent on availability from Russia and BPC and could be lower if supplies remain restricted.

Southeast Asia

Rice planting season in South Vietnam (summer) and North Vietnam (spring) are ongoing. Market participants are speculating on a reduction in fertilizer demand. Despite these projections, the country imported 245,000 MT of potash in the first quarter of 2022, a 7% increase over the same period last year. Uralkali shipments made up half of this imported volume, which includes 90,000 MT placed into storage at a bonded warehouse facility. We understand, however, that local buyers have faced challenges procuring this bonded product due to banking and payment issues. BPC's and Uralkali's local channels are reportedly sold out of available product, which should help support potash prices going forward. Local potash pricing firmed up US\$35-50/MT in the last month, with standard and granular grade at US\$750/MT and US\$845/MT CFR equivalent respectively. For May shipment, Canpotex had earlier established its standard grade price at US\$750/MT CFR and granular grade price at US\$800/MT CFR. Given the concerns around fertilizer affordability, it is likely that our

customers will reduce their volume requirement for their next shipment to Vietnam for loading in August, when we intend to target another price increase.

In Thailand, the main rice planting season has commenced with the country receiving timely and favourable rainfall. There is keen demand for fertilizers as sentiment is positive, following stronger than expected rice export projections for the first quarter of 2022. However, fertilizer sales have been slow with the season's demand projected to be down 30% from last year as the local market grapples with affordability issues. Rice farmers have also taken a strong preference towards discounted, low formula NPKs. Although fertilizer sales have been weak, there remains a potential fertilizer shortage for the main season as importers have not actively replenished their stocks, deterred by the government's policy on price caps for fertilizers. For June shipment, Canpotex earlier secured standard and granular grade at US\$750/MT CFR and US\$1,000/MT CFR respectively. For industrial grade, Canpotex earlier concluded at US\$700/MT CFR for first-half 2022 shipments. We will be targeting a price increase for second-half 2022 shipments.

The rice and corn planting season in the Philippines is in full swing. Canpotex's largest Philippine customer, Atlas Fertilizer Corporation (AFC), is registering healthy fertilizer NPK sales, supported by favourable weather conditions and tight local fertilizer inventory as their competitors had struggled to secure adequate supply in the last few months. As well, dealers are taking the opportunity to build up their inventory before the anticipated steep price hikes later in the second quarter as announced by AFC to the local market. Some of the plantation businesses however, which use mostly straight fertilizers, have reduced their potash usage by up to 40% due to concerns on fertilizer affordability. For June shipment to the Philippines, Canpotex secured a price increase of US\$50/MT, bringing standard grade pricing to US\$800/MT CFR.

Myanmar's main rice planting season has commenced, with fertilizer demand sluggish and mostly hand to mouth as both farmers and dealers struggle with fertilizer affordability and cash flow concerns. The country's economy was further rattled with the government's latest ruling in April 2022 mandating all foreign exchange currencies, except those held by approved foreign entities, to be converted to the local currency. Given the country's dire economic conditions under the military government, there is uncertainty regarding whether our customers will be able to take their next shipments scheduled for loading in July.

Bangladesh

As Bangladesh's agriculture market is domestic oriented and most food production is consumed locally, farmers are not able to enjoy the higher international ag-commodity prices. This limits their ability to pass on higher nutrient prices without impacting farmer incomes. As a result, Bangladesh's fertilizer policy is to maintain very low nutrient prices through subsidies which results in some of the lowest farmgate prices in the world.

As a result of rising fertilizer prices, the Bangladesh government is facing an unprecedented fertilizer subsidy this year, raising concerns about the country's fiscal situation. They expect the

July 2021 – June 2022 subsidy to reach BDT 30,000 crore (US\$3.5 billion), four times greater than last year. Assuming the fertilizer policy remains unchanged and fertilizer prices continue at elevated levels, the 2022-23 FY subsidy could be even greater.

Compounding the growing subsidy expectations, supply availability of fertilizer has also been very challenging given the country's traditional reliance on imported product. In addition to fertilizer, many of the key imported food commodities such as wheat and vegetable oils, essential for Bangladeshi diets, have been impacted by the ongoing war with Russia and Ukraine.

The Ministry of Agriculture recently closed a potash purchase tender on April 21st. Bids totaled 257,000 MT at prices ranging from US\$1,045-1,250/MT for standard grade potash. Canpotex bid 100,000 MT, Eurochem bid 30,000 MT and APC bid 7,000 MT in containers. The balance of 120,000 MT was from an unnamed origin by importers traditionally supported by BPC. Canpotex just received notice of an award for the full 100,000 MT (2 X 50,000 MT shipments) at prices of US\$1050/MT and US\$1,100/MT CFR respectively for each shipment. With the significantly reduced tender participation, it is possible that another tender will be called, potentially alongside the DAP/TSP tender expected in May.

The Ministry of Agriculture also continues to push Canpotex for early renewal of the G2G contract, and we plan to engage in discussions in the next couple of months. Traditionally BPC, Uralkali, and Canpotex make up the G2G volumes with BADC. They are requesting Canpotex to supply additional volumes due to limitations on supply from other sources.

Australia/New Zealand

The West Australia cropping season kicked off and is looking positive. Early rainfall and subsoil moisture levels are good and grain prices are very strong. The industry believes the total area sown in 2022 will be close to the record levels in 2021 (9.2 million ha) with heavy wheat, canola and barley plantings expected.

Despite good weather and strong agricultural commodity prices, fertilizer demand in East Australia is less certain. The pasture market is not as strong as the grain crops. Canpotex will commence Q3 price discussions with customers in May/June, targeting a price increase.

In New Zealand, the market is supported with solid fundamentals for agriculture and importers are assessing the overall fertilizer demand in view of higher fertilizer prices. The dairy market has experienced some recent headwinds due to various events including the COVID-19 lockdowns in China, the war in Ukraine and the economic turmoil in Sri Lanka. While this has resulted in three consecutive GDT price index declines, many in the industry believe this is temporary and remain optimistic with overall milk price forecasts unchanged. Potash consumption is expected to remain in line with recent years.

Europe

The geopolitical situation in Belarus, Russia, and Ukraine continues to have a major impact on the European fertilizer market, especially during the peak spring season. Producers and farmers are in a vulnerable position with reduced fertilizer supply and an increase in the cost of energy. It has been heard that there are no new shipments coming into the EU from Russia or Belarus. However, there is some remaining potash inventory of Russian origin that landed prior to the war, although buyers are not willing to purchase the material. Potash prices jumped significantly over the past weeks in Western Europe and are now ~ €900-1,000/MT CFRFO. For May shipments, Canpotex achieved prices of €880/MT, a €100/MT increase from previous business confirmed just a month prior.

On the industrial front, supply availability remains the biggest concern for importers. It was heard that Uralkali was exporting small quantities in recent weeks, but now buyers are struggling to pay as some financial institutions will not allow transactions to and from Russia. KOH demand remains strong.

Latin America (Excluding Brazil) and Mexico

| 2021 Imports (Estimate) | 2,237,000 MT | Down 1% compared to 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2022 Imports (Forecast) | 2,200,000 MT (2.2-2.4M MT) | Down 2% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Sales (Forecast) | 1,004,000 MT | Up 2% compared to 2021 |
| 2022 Canpotex Market Share (Forecast) | 41% | Down 2% from 2021 |

Mexico

Our main customers in Mexico have been active in the market to ensure supply availability. West Coast Mexico has been quiet with no current offers heard from competitors. It has been heard that Uralkali is exploring potential sales on the East coast but is checking if there is enough interest from importers before providing price indications. It is also unclear whether the supplier can secure a vessel. Locally, importers are starting to see a reduction in their fertilizer sales, and some are projecting about a 20% market contraction on overall fertilizers imports in 2022 due to the high prices of inputs. Canpotex confirmed business on the West coast at US\$1,170/MT CFR and the East coast at US\$1,050/MT CFR.

Caribbean

The Dominican Republic's government is considering an extension of the fertilizer subsidy currently in place. Importers are hoping the extension will remain valid until the end of the year. There are no new offers reported in the region and buyers will be back to purchase the next season's MOP in June.

Central America/Colombia

Central America and Colombia farmers are currently gearing up for the fertilizer application season for rice, coffee, fruits, corn, and vegetables which runs from May to August. In some countries, staple crops have been subsidized, such as rice and corn as there is expected to be a 10% growth in demand.

Potash demand has been strong with larger importers looking to confirm business sooner than usual. Overall volumes have decreased significantly in the region, with rumors of a trader and SQM offering small cargos at US\$1,150/MT CFR and US\$1,090/MT CFR, respectively. Spot supply prices are at historical high levels and Canpotex confirmed business up to US\$1,200/MT CFR for May loading. Some buyers are hesitant to purchase at these price levels particularly smaller buyers who have more challenge financing purchases at these levels.

Argentina/Paraguay/Uruguay

Farmers in Argentina took their voices to the country's capital in protest to the recent tax imposed by the government. Argentina, one of the world's top food exporters, had a 12% tax levied on wheat and corn exports, and a 33% tax on soybean, flour, and cooking oil exports to prevent domestic grain shortages and rising food prices. Wheat farmers were hoping for a record year but are facing challenges with dry weather and rising costs. With the disruptions in Ukraine and Russia, large grain-producing countries like Argentina are very much needed globally.

Like Argentina, Paraguay has also been affected by the dry weather. 70% of its soybean production was impacted by drought. Corn production is also expected to be below average due to unfavorable weather. The government announced financial support to farmers earlier this year, but not enough to alleviate major losses. The region has purchased its main potash requirements for this year and is expected to come back into the market 2H 2022.

Ecuador/Peru/Chile

In Ecuador, Q2 has been unusually quiet as importers have been cautious due to higher fertilizer prices and the decreased banana price. Ecuador's Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock (MAG) established the price of a box of bananas at US\$6.25 in 2022, which was the same minimum price in 2021. Banana growers have been taking their frustration to the streets as the cost to produce a box is now over US\$5.00, leaving growers little profit.

The Chilean President has announced a three-month extension of the agricultural emergency fund which is over US\$10 million in order to support farmers who are experiencing a lack of rainfall and ongoing drought in Central Chile. The unfavorable weather has caused demand to subside but offers are still circulating in the market. SQM has been offering US\$1,180/MT CFR in the region but there has been no confirmation of sales at this price level.

In all regions, there is expected demand destruction to occur in 2022. Importers have already seen a decrease in sales compared to last year, and some expect demand to decrease up to 35%.

<u>Africa</u>

In April, Canpotex concluded 70,000 MT for shipment to Nigeria in May and June at US\$1,100/MT FOB Saint John. This business represents Canpotex's first shipments to Nigeria which is the largest fertilizer-consuming country in West Africa and possesses potential for significant growth. This sale is an important step forward for Canpotex's presence in this region. Until recently, the Nigerian Sovereign Investment Authority (NSIA) had an exclusive annual supply contract with Uralkali.

In other African countries, many are struggling to secure imports and farmers are struggling with the higher prices for the product that is available. As a result, some have not applied fertilizer ahead of this planting season. Blenders and farmers in most countries rely on government subsidies and programs, but in 2022 there has been very little assistance from governments. Short supply, high prices, and slow reaction time have led to an expected fertilizer reduction in West Africa.

Volumes & Netback Forecast Nutrien

May 5, 2022





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Comments & Assumptions

- Sales volumes and net sale prices are based on actuals for January March and updated forecast amounts for April December 2022.
- 2. For the purpose of this forecast, rail billings for the 2022 second quarter are estimated at 4,300,000 MT, 561,000 MT above budget, with limited upside potential and downside risk of 600,000 MT.
- 3. For the purpose of this forecast, shipments for the 2022 second quarter are estimated at 4,300,000 MT, 468,000 MT above budget, with limited upside potential and downside risk of 500,000 MT.
- 4. For the purpose of this forecast, sales volumes for the 2022 second quarter are estimated at 3,527,000 MT, 307,000 MT above budget, with upside potential of 373,000 MT and downside risk of 227,000 MT.
- 5. Net sale prices for the 2022 second quarter are projected to average \$710.56/MT, an increase of \$115.84/MT from budget.
- 6. Ocean Freight rates for the 2022 second quarter are projected to average approximately \$56.87/MT CFR, an increase of \$4.71/MT from the budget. This increase is primarily due to increased bunker cost offset by lower hire rates and a favourable shipping mix. The \$56.87/MT CFR average equates to \$53.18/MT on all tonnes compared to the budget of \$49.00/MT, an increase of \$4.18/MT.
- 7. The US/CDN \$ exchange rate is projected to average approximately 1.27 for the 2022 second quarter, compared to a budget rate of 1.24.
- 8. Monthly inland and terminal costs are allocated evenly by load port, regardless of grade, on a \$/MT basis.
- 9. Inland Freight for the 2022 second quarter is projected to be \$2.12/MT higher than budget, primarily due to an increase in fuel prices.
- 10. Terminal expense for the 2022 second quarter is projected to be \$0.48/MT lower than budget, primarily due to a favourable FX and increase in volumes, offset by R&M expenses.
- 11. S&A expenses for the 2022 second quarter is projected to be \$0.26/MT higher than budget, primarily due to increased incentive compensation costs, partially offset by favourable volumes.
- 12. Other Costs for the 2022 second quarter are projected to be \$0.27/MT lower than budget, primarily due to favourable volumes and finance costs.
- 13. Average Netbacks are projected to be \$600.44/MT for the 2022 second quarter, an increase of \$110.04/MT from budget.
- 14. Rail billing estimates are our most current projection.
- 15. All \$ amounts are in USD and all volumes are in KCl metric tons.
- 16. The \$/MT amounts may vary by \$0.01/MT due to rounding.
- 17. Once the netback results are available for each subsequent month, these results are used to recalculate the average year-to-date ("YTD") netback for each grade pool. The YTD tonnage lifted from each Producer, for each grade pool, is recalculated using the updated netbacks, to determine the positive or negative netback adjustment by Producer.

May 2022 Interim Pricing, in USD

(pricing to be used for invoicing)

| | \$/MT K20 |
|----------|-----------|
| Standard | 820.00 |
| Premium | 1,185.00 |

Netback Variance Analysis (\$/mt) - 2022 Quarter 2

| | | Qtr 2 2022 Forecast | Qtr 2 2022 Budget | Variance | Comments |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | Rail Billings | 4,300 | 3,739 | 561 | |
| Volume (000's) | Shipments | 4,300 | 3,832 | 468 | |
| | Sales | 3,527 | 3,220 | 307 | |
| Net Sales Price | | \$ 710.56 | \$ 594.71 | \$ 115.84 | |
| Ocean Fr | eight | 53.18 | 49.00 | (4.18) | Increased bunker cost offset by lower hire rates and a favourable shipping mix |
| Inland Fr | eight | 40.21 | 38.08 | (2.12) | Increase in fuel prices |
| Terminal | | 10.10 | 10.58 | 0.48 | Favourable FX and increase in volumes, offset by R&M expenses |
| S&A | | 3.79 | 3.53 | (0.26) | Increased incentive compensation costs, partially offset by favourable volumes |
| Other Co | st | 2.83 | 3.10 | 0.27 | Favourable volumes and finance costs |
| Netback | | \$ 600.44 | \$ 490.41 | \$ 110.04 | |

Netback Variance Analysis (\$/mt) - 2022

| | | 2022 Forecast | 2022 Budget | Variance | Comments |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| | Rail Billings | 14,317 | 13,501 | 816 | |
| Volume (000's) | Shipments | 14,287 | 13,505 | 782 | |
| > 0 | Sales | 13,770 | 13,286 | 484 | |
| Net Sales Price | | \$ 753.71 | \$ 567.19 | \$ 186.52 | |
| Ocean Fr | eight | 57.76 | 49.15 | (8.61) | Increased bunker cost and hire rates and unfavourable shipping mix |
| Inland Fr | eight | 37.25 | 36.09 | (1.15) | Increase in fuel prices |
| Terminal | | 10.28 | 10.92 | 0.64 | Favourable FX rate, loadport split and volume increase |
| S&A | | 3.88 | 3.43 | (0.45) | Increased incentive compensation costs, partially offset by favourable volumes |
| Other Co | st | 3.52 | 3.14 | (0.39) | Unfavourable FX rate and EDC costs, partially offset by favourable volumes |
| Netback | | \$ 641.02 | \$ 464.46 | \$ 176.57 | |

Netback Forecast, by Region

| | | March-22 YTD | | Ар | ril-22 | May-22 | 2 | June-22 | | Jul | y-22 | Qtr | l 2022 | Qtı | 2 2022 | Qt | r 3 2022 | Qtr | 4 2022 | 20 |)22 |
|--------------|--------|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | | Actual | | For | recast | Forecas | st | Forecast | | For | ecast | For | ecast | Fo | recast | Fo | orecast | Fo | recast | Fore | ecast |
| | | mt Net | tback (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt Net | tback (\$/mt) | mt Net | back (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) |
| All Regions | | 2,761,009 \$ | 483.31 | 1,116,305 | \$ 561.73 | 1,281,033 \$ | 576.13 | 1,129,740 \$ | 666.27 | 1,422,450 | \$ 663.49 | 2,761,009 | 483.31 | 3,527,078 | \$ 600.44 | 3,819,186 | \$ 708.52 | 3,662,736 | \$ 728.61 | 13,770,009 | \$ 641.02 |
| Asia | | 1,624,125 \$ | 404.76 | <i>579,858</i> | \$ 489.15 | 667,991 \$ | 479.81 | 424,139 \$ | 503.89 | 804,950 | \$ 508.75 | 1,624,125 | 404.76 | 1,671,988 | \$ 489.16 | 1,944,286 | \$ 567.14 | 1,956,136 | \$ 633.40 | 7,196,535 | \$ 530.39 |
| | STD_P | 1,292,931 | 401.88 | 378,083 | 468.08 | 520,492 | 471.16 | 231,003 | 466.60 | 635,650 | 491.67 | 1,292,931 | 401.88 | 1,129,578 | 469.20 | 1,561,650 | 536.63 | 1,590,700 | 618.56 | 5,574,859 | 515.09 |
| | PRM _P | 331,194 | 416.01 | 201,775 | 528.63 | 147,499 | 510.34 | 193,136 | 548.48 | 169,300 | 572.87 | 331,194 | 416.01 | 542,410 | 530.72 | 382,636 | 691.68 | 365,436 | 698.01 | 1,621,676 | 582.97 |
| Latin Americ | | 876,290 \$ | 613.87 | 458,062 | \$ 661.46 | 411,816 \$ | 703.72 | 551,381 \$ | 772.17 | 549,300 | \$ 883.16 | 876,290 | 613.87 | 1,421,259 | \$ 716.66 | 1,650,600 | \$ 864.92 | 1,364,600 | \$ 846.55 | 5,312,749 | \$ 779.13 |
| | STD_P | 58,323 | 609.13 | 32,313 | 670.47 | 52,225 | 717.68 | 15,739 | 747.72 | 28,500 | 954.20 | 58,323 | 609.13 | 100,277 | 707.18 | 103,700 | 889.83 | 144,100 | 841.12 | 406,400 | 787.21 |
| | PRM _P | 817,967 | 614.21 | 425,749 | 660.78 | 359,591 | 701.69 | 535,642 | 772.89 | 520,800 | 879.27 | 817,967 | 614.21 | 1,320,982 | 717.38 | 1,546,900 | 863.25 | 1,220,500 | 847.19 | 4,906,349 | 778.46 |
| Oceania | | 132,816 \$ | 578.11 | 13,205 | \$ 567.82 | 93,776 \$ | 576.84 | 20,000 \$ | 654.52 | 24,200 | \$ 649.75 | 132,816 | 578.11 | 126,981 | \$ 588.14 | 88,300 | \$ 785.92 | 133,000 | \$ 864.47 | 481,097 | \$ 698.06 |
| | STD_P | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PRM _P | 132,816 | 578.44 | 13,205 | 567.82 | 93,776 | 576.84 | 20,000 | 654.52 | 24,200 | 649.75 | 132,816 | 578.44 | 126,981 | 588.14 | 88,300 | 785.92 | 133,000 | 864.47 | 481,097 | 698.15 |
| Europe | | 123,278 \$ | 484.94 | 61,180 | \$ 502.13 | 77,450 \$ | 552.69 | 94,220 \$ | 626.82 | 44,000 | \$ 759.57 | 123,278 | 484.94 | 232,850 | \$ 569.40 | 136,000 | \$ 781.29 | 189,000 | \$ 746.46 | 681,129 | \$ 645.55 |
| | STD_P | 27,619 | 466.69 | - | - | 12,909 | 446.16 | 47,091 | 605.81 | - | - | 27,619 | 466.69 | 60,000 | 571.46 | 31,000 | 806.04 | 50,000 | 739.00 | 168,619 | 647.10 |
| | PRM _P | 95,659 | 490.21 | 61,180 | 502.13 | 64,541 | 574.00 | 47,129 | 647.81 | 44,000 | 759.57 | 95,659 | 490.21 | 172,850 | 568.69 | 105,000 | 773.98 | 139,000 | 749.14 | 512,510 | 645.04 |
| Africa | | 4,500 \$ | 563.97 | 4,000 | \$ 552.49 | 30,000 \$ | 1,027.38 | 40,000 \$ | 1,027.21 | - | \$ - | 4,500 | 563.97 | 74,000 | \$ 1,001.62 | - | \$ - | 20,000 | \$ 921.28 | 98,500 | \$ 965.31 |
| | STD_P | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PRM _P | 4,500 | 563.97 | 4,000 | 552.49 | 30,000 | 1,027.38 | 40,000 | 1,027.21 | - | - | 4,500 | 563.97 | 74,000 | 1,001.62 | - | - | 20,000 | 921.28 | 98,500 | 965.31 |
| Allocation | %: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All Regions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia | | 58.8% | 49.3% | 51.9% | 45.2% | 52.1% | 43.4% | 37.5% | 28.4% | 56.6% | 43.4% | 58.8% | 49.3% | 47.4% | 38.6% | 50.9% | 40.8% | 53.4% | 46.4% | 52.3% | 43.2% |
| | STD P | 46.8% | 38.9% | 33.9% | 28.2% | 40.6% | 33.2% | 20.4% | 14.3% | 44.7% | 33.1% | 46.8% | 38.9% | 32.0% | 25.0% | 40.9% | 31.0% | 43.4% | 36.9% | 40.5% | 32.5% |
| | PRM P | 12.0% | 10.3% | 18.1% | 17.0% | 11.5% | 10.2% | 17.1% | 14.1% | 11.9% | 10.3% | 12.0% | 10.3% | 15.4% | 13.6% | 10.0% | 9.8% | 10.0% | 9.6% | 11.8% | 10.7% |
| Latin Americ | | 31.7% | 40.3% | 41.0% | 48.3% | 32.1% | 39.3% | 48.8% | 56.6% | 38.6% | 51.4% | 31.7% | 40.3% | 40.3% | 48.1% | 43.2% | 52.8% | 37.3% | 43.3% | 38.6% | 46.9% |
| | STD P | 2.1% | 2.7% | 2.9% | 3.5% | 4.1% | 5.1% | 1.4% | 1.6% | 2.0% | 2.9% | 2.1% | 2.7% | 2.8% | 3.3% | 2.7% | 3.4% | 3.9% | 4.5% | 3.0% | 3.6% |
| | PRM _P | 29.6% | 37.6% | 38.1% | 44.9% | 28.1% | 34.2% | 47.4% | 55.0% | 36.6% | 48.5% | 29.6% | 37.6% | 37.5% | 44.7% | 40.5% | 49.3% | 33.3% | 38.7% | 35.6% | 43.3% |
| Oceania | | 4.8% | 5.8% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 7.3% | 7.3% | 1.8% | 1.7% | 1.7% | 1.7% | 4.8% | 5.8% | 3.6% | 3.5% | 2.3% | 2.6% | 3.6% | 4.3% | 3.5% | 3.8% |
| | STD_P | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| | PRM _P | 4.8% | 5.8% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 7.3% | 7.3% | 1.8% | 1.7% | 1.7% | 1.7% | 4.8% | 5.8% | 3.6% | 3.5% | 2.3% | 2.6% | 3.6% | 4.3% | 3.5% | 3.8% |
| Europe | | 4.5% | 4.5% | 5.5% | 4.9% | 6.0% | 5.8% | 8.3% | 7.8% | 3.1% | 3.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 6.6% | 6.3% | 3.6% | 3.9% | 5.2% | 5.3% | 4.9% | 5.0% |
| | STD_P | 1.0% | 1.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 4.2% | 3.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 1.7% | 1.6% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 1.2% | 1.2% |
| | PRM _P | 3.5% | 3.5% | 5.5% | 4.9% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 4.2% | 4.1% | 3.1% | 3.5% | 3.5% | 3.5% | 4.9% | 4.6% | 2.7% | 3.0% | 3.8% | 3.9% | 3.7% | 3.7% |
| Africa | | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.4% | 2.3% | 4.2% | 3.5% | 5.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 2.1% | 3.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.5% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 1.1% |
| | STD_P | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| | PRM _P | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.4% | 2.3% | 4.2% | 3.5% | 5.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 2.1% | 3.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.5% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 1.1% |

Netback Forecast, by Country

| | | March-22 YTD | | March-22 YTD | | А | pril-22 | M | lay-22 | Ju | une-22 | J | uly-22 | Qtr | 1 2022 | Qtr | 2 2022 | Qtı | r 3 2022 | Qtr | 4 2022 | 2 | 022 |
|-----------|--------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|---|-----|
| | | Actual | | Forecast | | Forecast | | Forecast | | Fe | Forecast | | Forecast | | Forecast | | Forecast | | Forecast | | ecast | | |
| | | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | (\$/mt) mt Netbac | | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt Netback (\$/mt) | | mt Netback (\$/mt) | | mt | mt Netback (\$/mt) | | mt Netback (\$/mt) | | Netback (\$/mt) | mt Netback (\$/mt) | | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | | |
| Brazil | | 698,886 | \$ 613.05 | 344,350 | \$ 657.03 | 314,203 | \$ 698.15 | 480,158 | \$ 764.78 | 441,800 | \$ 869.07 | 698,886 | \$ 613.05 | 1,138,711 | \$ 713.81 | 1,341,600 | \$ 859.29 | 1,139,100 | \$ 844.85 | 4,318,297 | \$ 777.27 | | |
| | STD_P | 22,567 | 612.57 | 18,237 | 692.60 | 29,579 | 638.84 | 11,003 | 727.18 | 10,000 | 1,056.09 | 22,567 | 612.57 | 58,819 | 672.03 | 52,700 | 910.89 | 96,100 | 856.93 | 230,186 | 798.08 | | |
| | PRM _P | 676,319 | 613.06 | 326,113 | 655.04 | 284,624 | 704.31 | 469,155 | 765.66 | 431,800 | 864.74 | 676,319 | 613.06 | 1,079,892 | 716.09 | 1,288,900 | 857.18 | 1,043,000 | 843.74 | 4,088,111 | 776.10 | | |
| China | | 358,435 | \$ 381.22 | 117,451 | \$ 478.53 | 222,045 | \$ 471.98 | 64,550 | \$ 480.55 | 211,000 | \$ 494.92 | 358,435 | \$ 381.22 | 404,046 | \$ 475.25 | 370,000 | \$ 513.10 | 584,000 | \$ 510.52 | 1,716,481 | \$ 475.78 | | |
| | STD_P | 241,861 | 407.38 | 47,192 | 473.97 | 147,768 | 471.25 | 10,350 | 475.99 | 129,000 | 495.78 | 241,861 | 407.38 | 205,310 | 472.12 | 240,000 | 522.13 | 428,000 | 506.16 | 1,115,171 | 481.91 | | |
| | PRM _P | 116,574 | 326.94 | 70,259 | 481.60 | 74,277 | 473.43 | 54,200 | 481.41 | 82,000 | 493.58 | 116,574 | 326.94 | 198,736 | 478.50 | 130,000 | 496.43 | 156,000 | 522.48 | 601,310 | 464.41 | | |
| India | | 25,003 | \$ 462.05 | 134,505 | \$ 490.29 | 132,142 | \$ 466.79 | 22,554 | \$ 460.37 | 206,000 | \$ 480.10 | 25,003 | \$ 462.05 | 289,201 | \$ 477.22 | 340,000 | \$ 477.46 | 364,000 | \$ 470.07 | 1,018,204 | \$ 474.37 | | |
| | STD _P | 25,003 | 463.24 | 121,692 | 483.79 | 132,142 | 466.79 | 22,554 | 460.37 | 191,000 | 475.66 | 25,003 | 463.24 | 276,388 | 473.75 | 325,000 | 474.73 | 349,000 | 467.38 | 975,391 | 471.53 | | |
| | PRM _P | - | - | 12,813 | 552.04 | - | - | - | - | 15,000 | 536.64 | - | - | 12,813 | 552.04 | 15,000 | 536.64 | 15,000 | 532.67 | 42,813 | 539.16 | | |
| Indonesia | | 487,662 | \$ 388.60 | 135,465 | \$ 461.16 | 27,145 | \$ 395.17 | 114,500 | \$ 440.66 | 166,750 | \$ 469.33 | 487,662 | \$ 388.60 | 277,110 | \$ 446.22 | 426,250 | \$ 491.30 | 343,500 | \$ 675.78 | 1,534,522 | \$ 491.82 | | |
| | STD_P | 472,661 | 388.31 | 120,296 | 457.39 | 27,145 | 395.17 | 114,500 | 440.66 | 166,750 | 469.33 | 472,661 | 388.31 | 261,941 | 443.63 | 426,250 | 491.30 | 343,500 | 675.78 | 1,504,352 | 492.76 | | |
| | PRM _P | 15,001 | 397.66 | 15,169 | 491.05 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,001 | 397.66 | 15,169 | 491.05 | 1 | - | - | - | 30,170 | 444.62 | | |
| Malaysia | | 91,246 | \$ 358.03 | 28,255 | \$ 482.07 | 104,259 | \$ 468.72 | 38,000 | \$ 483.66 | 42,000 | \$ 453.51 | 91,246 | \$ 358.03 | 170,514 | \$ 474.27 | 242,300 | \$ 520.24 | 155,200 | \$ 751.20 | 659,260 | \$ 540.27 | | |
| | STD_P | 91,246 | 358.03 | 28,255 | 482.07 | 104,259 | 468.72 | 38,000 | 483.66 | 42,000 | 453.51 | 91,246 | 358.03 | 170,514 | 474.27 | 242,300 | 520.24 | 155,200 | 751.20 | 659,260 | 540.27 | | |
| | PRM _P | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |

Netback Forecast, by Grade

| | March | -22 YTD | Ар | oril-22 | M | ay-22 | Jun | e-22 | July | y-22 | Qtr 1 | 1 2022 | Qtr | 2 2022 | Qtr | 3 2022 | Qtr | 4 2022 | 202 | 2 |
|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | Ac | tual | Foi | recast | Foi | ecast | Fore | ecast | Fore | ecast | For | ecast | Foi | ecast | Foi | recast | Fo | recast | Foreca | ast |
| | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt I | Netback (\$/mt) | mt I | Netback (\$/mt) | mt | Netback (\$/mt) | mt N | etback (\$/mt) |
| All_Grades | 2,761,009 | \$ 483.31 | 1,116,305 | \$ 561.73 | 1,281,033 | \$ 576.13 | 1,129,740 | \$ 666.27 | 1,422,450 | \$ 663.49 | 2,761,009 | \$ 483.31 | 3,527,078 | \$ 600.44 | 3,819,186 | \$ 708.52 | 3,662,736 | \$ 728.61 | <i>13,770,009</i> \$ | 641.02 |
| STD _P | 1,378,873 | \$ 411.91 | 410,396 | \$ 484.02 | 585,626 | \$ 492.60 | 293,833 | \$ 503.97 | 664,150 | \$ 511.52 | 1,378,873 | \$ 411.91 | 1,289,855 | \$ 492.46 | 1,696,350 | \$ 563.14 | 1,784,800 | \$ 639.90 | <i>6,149,878</i> \$ | 536.69 |
| ISTD | 25,003 | 463.41 | 121,692 | 483.79 | 110,950 | 465.79 | 22,554 | 460.37 | 169,500 | 475.96 | 25,003 | 463.41 | 255,196 | 473.90 | 260,500 | 475.37 | 356,000 | 537.73 | 896,699 | 499.37 |
| RSTD | 774,053 | 404.50 | 196,060 | 482.03 | 246,120 | 498.33 | 170,702 | 467.73 | 349,650 | 518.63 | 774,053 | 404.50 | 612,882 | 484.59 | 948,350 | 552.19 | 836,300 | 673.21 | 3,171,585 | 535.00 |
| PSTD | 87,212 | 430.12 | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | 87,212 | 430.12 | , | - | 30,000 | 489.93 | 40,000 | 485.18 | 157,212 | 455.54 |
| WSTD | 95,024 | 419.91 | 4,720 | 629.42 | 53,876 | 530.77 | 26,736 | 563.64 | 23,500 | 651.44 | 95,024 | 419.91 | 85,332 | 546.52 | 78,000 | 744.85 | 68,500 | 804.67 | 326,856 | 611.14 |
| WFSS | 188,105 | 393.74 | 76,927 | 480.59 | 133,579 | 490.18 | 16,350 | 548.44 | 100,000 | 522.26 | 188,105 | 393.74 | 226,856 | 491.13 | 234,000 | 589.42 | 324,500 | 625.27 | 973,461 | 540.65 |
| RFSS | 59,476 | 455.24 | 10,997 | 483.61 | 19,909 | 506.03 | 57,491 | 588.28 | - | - | 59,476 | 455.24 | 88,397 | 556.73 | 64,500 | 841.37 | 67,000 | 775.14 | 279,373 | 653.22 |
| RSST | 150,000 | 431.55 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 150,000 | 431.55 | - | - | 16,500 | 747.90 | 49,500 | 767.67 | 216,000 | 532.74 |
| IFSS | - | - | - | - | 21,192 | 472.00 | - | - | 21,500 | 473.29 | - | - | 21,192 | 472.00 | 64,500 | 472.14 | 43,000 | 471.94 | 128,692 | 472.02 |
| PRM _P | 1,382,136 | \$ 554.53 | 705,909 | \$ 606.91 | 695,407 | \$ 646.47 | 835,907 | \$ 723.33 | 758,300 | \$ 796.59 | 1,382,136 | \$ 554.53 | 2,237,223 | \$ 662.70 | 2,122,836 | \$ 824.69 | 1,877,936 | \$ 812.91 | <i>7,620,131</i> \$ | 725.23 |
| AGRN | 31,283 | 475.23 | 26,759 | 636.83 | 39,087 | 662.28 | 16,317 | 658.82 | 28,000 | 735.96 | 31,283 | 475.23 | 82,163 | 653.30 | 58,000 | 787.83 | 80,000 | 836.51 | 251,446 | 720.47 |
| PGRN | 148,618 | 575.26 | 69,768 | 542.06 | 115,317 | 590.29 | 42,000 | 659.64 | 50,200 | 701.89 | 148,618 | 575.26 | 227,085 | 588.30 | 154,300 | 791.54 | 200,000 | 842.01 | 730,003 | 698.11 |
| CGRN | 102,634 | 302.31 | 62,358 | 481.63 | 74,277 | 473.43 | 54,200 | 481.41 | 69,000 | 488.36 | 102,634 | 302.31 | 190,835 | 478.38 | 109,000 | 492.27 | 140,000 | 498.00 | 542,469 | 452.92 |
| 5GRN | 3,557 | 512.60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,557 | 512.60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,557 | 512.60 |
| 2GRN | 6,222 | 601.60 | 7,124 | 575.39 | | - | 8,600 | 695.59 | 6,000 | 891.70 | 6,222 | 601.60 | 15,724 | 641.13 | 12,000 | 889.04 | 6,000 | 894.63 | 39,946 | 747.53 |
| 7GRN | 893,566 | 603.91 | 464,023 | 649.35 | 365,016 | 734.51 | 589,578 | 786.42 | 506,100 | 880.61 | 893,566 | 603.91 | 1,418,617 | 728.23 | 1,534,200 | 866.15 | 1,185,500 | 850.44 | 5,031,883 | 777.00 |
| G515 | 5,662 | 339.60 | 5,083 | 546.06 | 7,300 | 565.72 | - | - | - | - | 5,662 | 339.60 | 12,383 | 557.65 | 6,300 | 901.34 | 6,000 | 878.92 | 30,345 | 651.84 |
| F2I5 | 73,885 | 432.70 | 13,300 | 515.17 | 22,051 | 495.68 | 27,900 | 526.78 | 28,000 | 510.02 | 73,885 | 432.70 | 63,251 | 513.50 | 73,700 | 680.43 | 62,700 | 790.66 | 273,536 | 600.18 |
| G6I1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,880 | 638.96 | 5,500 | 602.88 | - | - | 12,880 | 638.96 | 5,500 | 602.88 | 5,500 | 904.45 | 23,880 | 691.80 |
| F1I1 | 23,217 | 453.49 | 12,813 | 552.04 | 30,200 | 514.46 | 32,300 | 521.73 | 33,500 | 681.89 | 23,217 | 453.49 | 75,313 | 523.97 | 78,300 | 778.19 | 66,000 | 739.54 | 242,830 | 657.79 |
| G1I1 | 93,456 | 485.83 | 44,681 | 479.29 | 42,159 | 515.43 | 52,096 | 588.26 | 32,000 | 720.36 | 93,456 | 485.83 | 138,936 | 531.12 | 91,500 | 760.46 | 126,200 | 787.09 | 450,093 | 640.11 |
| CWIC | 36 | 665.36 | - | - | - | - | 36 | 653.00 | - | - | 36 | 665.36 | 36 | 653.00 | 36 | 1,027.08 | 36 | 975.31 | 144 | 830.19 |

Shipments to Customers, by Country

| | | March-22 YTD Actual | April-22 Forecast | May-22 Forecast | June-22 Forecast | July-22 Forecast |
|--------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | mt | mt | mt | mt | mt |
| Brazil | | <i>589,878</i> | 594,137 | 587,100 | 630,700 | 374,200 |
| | STD _P | 30,816 | 28,003 | 10,000 | 42,700 | 44,700 |
| | PRM _P | 559,062 | 566,134 | 577,100 | 588,000 | 329,500 |
| China | | 407,836 | 231,023 | 95,000 | 182,000 | 116,000 |
| | STD _P | 251,052 | 147,546 | 59,000 | 105,000 | 76,000 |
| | PRM _P | 156,784 | 83,477 | 36,000 | 77,000 | 40,000 |
| India | | <i>235,458</i> | <i>78,746</i> | 156,000 | 78,000 | 78,000 |
| | STD _P | 222,645 | <i>78,746</i> | 141,000 | 78,000 | 78,000 |
| | PRM _P | 12,813 | - | 15,000 | - | - |

Two Year Rail Billings Forecast, by Grade - Nutrien

| _ | 2022 Forecasted Rail Billings (MT) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Jan-22 Actual | Feb-22 Actual | Mar-22 Actual | Apr-22 Forecast | May-22 Forecast | Jun-22 Forecast | Jul-22 Forecast | Aug-22 Forecast | Sep-22 Forecast | Oct-22 Forecast | Nov-22 Forecast | Dec-22 Forecast | Total 2022 |
| All_Grades | 478,655 | 577,786 | 768,308 | 849,003 | 944,958 | 977,911 | 907,410 | 835,557 | 893,310 | 696,075 | 670,984 | 537,089 | 9,137,043 |
| STD _P | 222,405 | 200,244 | 290,127 | 237,717 | 342,793 | 267,420 | 383,987 | 367,943 | 397,544 | 195,823 | 326,329 | 196,133 | 3,428,464 |
| PSTD | 19,876 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,700 | - | - | - | 40,576 |
| RFSS | 15,907 | 16,795 | 42,482 | 37,620 | 39,537 | 6,728 | - | 8,073 | 31,050 | 24,116 | 15,000 | 4,658 | 241,964 |
| IFSS | - | - | - | 20,700 | 21,218 | 21,218 | - | 21,218 | 21,218 | - | 21,218 | - | 126,788 |
| RSST | 36,744 | - | - | - | - | - | 33,638 | 33,638 | - | - | - | - | 104,019 |
| RSTD | 149,879 | 162,207 | 205,684 | 95,530 | 239,603 | 197,040 | 267,031 | 261,856 | 282,142 | 129,789 | 248,711 | 150,075 | 2,389,545 |
| ISTD | - | 21,242 | 41,961 | 83,867 | 42,436 | 42,435 | 83,318 | 43,160 | 42,435 | 41,918 | 41,400 | 41,400 | 525,572 |
| PRM _P | 256,250 | 377,541 | 478,181 | 611,286 | 602,165 | 710,491 | 523,423 | 467,614 | 495,766 | 500,252 | 344,656 | 340,957 | 5,708,580 |
| 5GRN | 3,649 | - | (94) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,555 |
| 7GRN | 190,002 | 297,454 | 320,985 | 388,867 | 451,779 | 585,057 | 392,099 | 378,890 | 387,609 | 389,575 | 254,300 | 238,775 | 4,275,390 |
| CWIC | - | 36 | - | - | - | - | 36 | - | - | 36 | - | - | 108 |
| F1I1 | - | 37,235 | 21,133 | 35,872 | 35,708 | 41,289 | 35,875 | 45,979 | 25,979 | 25,979 | 26,910 | 25,978 | 357,935 |
| F2I5 | 31,542 | 23,345 | 18,878 | 23,627 | 22,770 | 23,288 | 22,253 | 23,288 | 23,288 | 23,288 | 23,288 | 23,288 | 282,139 |
| 2GRN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| GRNS | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PGRN | 31,056 | 19,471 | 117,280 | 162,919 | 91,908 | 60,858 | 73,161 | 19,458 | 58,892 | 61,376 | 40,158 | 52,916 | <i>789,452</i> |

Two Year Rail Billings Forecast, by Grade - Nutrien

| | | | | | | 2023 For | ecasted Rail Billin | ngs (MT) | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | 2023 1 01 | ccastca Rail Billin | 183 (1411) | | | | | |
| | Jan-23 Forecast | Feb-23 Forecast | Mar-23 Forecast | Apr-23 Forecast | May-23 Forecast | Jun-23 Forecast | Jul-23 Forecast | Aug-23 Forecast | Sep-23 Forecast | Oct-23 Forecast | Nov-23 Forecast | Dec-23 Forecast | Total 2023 |
| All_Grades | 700,579 | 708,508 | 730,001 | 806,695 | 857,773 | 917,184 | 921,768 | 853,318 | 824,054 | 805,104 | 722,953 | 724,975 | 9,572,911 |
| STD _P | 260,522 | 257,084 | 345,372 | 287,469 | 361,203 | 366,126 | 409,419 | 436,600 | 480,018 | 399,700 | 342,339 | 360,002 | 4,305,853 |
| PSTD | 20,700 | 11,169 | 16,500 | 21,218 | 9,573 | - | - | - | 21,218 | - | 20,700 | | 121,078 |
| RFSS | 10,000 | 24,900 | 7,000 | 6,000 | 12,800 | 6,000 | - | 24,000 | 42,000 | 24,000 | 20,000 | 20,700 | 197,400 |
| IFSS | 28,000 | - | 21,000 | - | 21,000 | | 21,000 | 21,000 | 21,000 | | 20,700 | | 153,700 |
| RSST | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 33,000 | 33,000 | 33,000 | 33,000 | 132,000 |
| RSTD | 123,168 | 178,579 | 212,000 | 180,692 | 238,055 | 270,346 | 350,127 | 329,500 | 300,700 | 280,700 | 191,561 | 241,904 | 2,897,333 |
| ISTD | 78,654 | 42,436 | 88,872 | 79,559 | 79,775 | 89,780 | 38,292 | 62,100 | 62,100 | 62,000 | 56,377 | 64,398 | 804,343 |
| PRM _P | 440,057 | 451,424 | 384,629 | 519,226 | 496,570 | 551,058 | <i>512,348</i> | 416,718 | 344,036 | 405,404 | 380,615 | 364,973 | 5,267,058 |
| 5GRN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25,500 |
| 7GRN | 222,149 | 236,135 | 221,000 | 298,482 | 318,688 | 340,671 | 286,348 | 263,718 | 196,000 | 242,500 | 179,699 | 144,813 | 2,272,759 |
| CWIC | - | - | 36 | - | - | 36 | - | - | 36 | - | - | 36 | 144 |
| F1I1 | 28,000 | 23,000 | 26,000 | 27,000 | 23,000 | 28,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 28,000 | 30,000 | 296,800 |
| F2I5 | 25,000 | 23,000 | 23,700 | 24,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 25,000 | 283,200 |
| 2GRN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| GRNS | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PGRN | 164,908 | 169,290 | 113,893 | 169,744 | 131,882 | 159,351 | 178,000 | 105,000 | 100,000 | 114,904 | 149,915 | 165,124 | 1,873,810 |

Two Year Rail Billings Forecast, by Grade - Nutrien

| | 2024 Forecasted Rail Billings (MT) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Jan-24 Forecast | Feb-24 Forecast | Mar-24 Forecast | Apr-24 Forecast | May-24 Forecast | Jun-24 Forecast | Jul-24 Forecast | Aug-24 Forecast | Sep-24 Forecast | Oct-24 Forecast | Nov-24 Forecast | Dec-24 Forecast | Total 2024 |
| All_Grades | 688,658 | 696,264 | 747,801 | 833,165 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,965,887 |
| STD_P | 263,022 | 229,466 | 348,872 | 374,572 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,215,931 |
| PSTD | 20,700 | 11,169 | - | - | | | | | | | | | 31,869 |
| RFSS | 12,500 | 18,500 | 7,000 | 12,000 | | | | | | | | | 50,000 |
| IFSS | 28,000 | - | 21,000 | 21,000 | | | | | | | | | 70,000 |
| RSST | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | - |
| RSTD | 123,168 | 178,579 | 253,218 | 273,918 | | | | | | | | | 828,883 |
| ISTD | 78,654 | 21,218 | 67,654 | 67,654 | | | | | | | | | 235,180 |
| PRM _P | 425,636 | 466,798 | 398,929 | 458,593 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | 1,749,956 |
| 5GRN | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | - |
| 7GRN | 228,736 | 230,808 | 235,300 | 256,000 | | | | | | | | | 950,844 |
| CWIC | - | - | 36 | - | | | | | | | | | 36 |
| F1I1 | 27,000 | 23,000 | 26,000 | 30,000 | | | | | | | | | 106,000 |
| F2I5 | 25,000 | 23,000 | 23,700 | 23,700 | | | | | | | | | 95,400 |
| 2GRN | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | - |
| GRNS | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | - |
| PGRN | 144,900 | 189,990 | 113,893 | 148,893 | | | | | | | | | <i>597,676</i> |