

GENERAL STEPS FOR CUSTOM AUTHENTICATION (PROTECT MY ROUTES (S))

- 1. Create (build) middleware.
- 2. Implementation of middleware
- 3. Register the middleware
- 4. Use middleware

EXAMPLE: (THIS EXAMPLE FROM THE REFERNCE WHICH I MENTIOED IT IN THE LAST PAGE)

1. create a middleware named Role using the terminal.

php artisan make:middleware Role

2. A middleware is created inside **app/Http/Middleware**/ with the same name as named above (Role.php)

Note Samer: Assume the user()->role below is property(column) in the table and should be added into the fillable or it will through error

```
public function handle($request, Closure $next)
{
   if(auth()->user()->role == 'Admin'){
     return $next($request);
}
return redirect('home')->with('error','و'انتا مو ادمن ممنوع الدخول وليوو',');}
```

3. Update Kernel.php (Register)

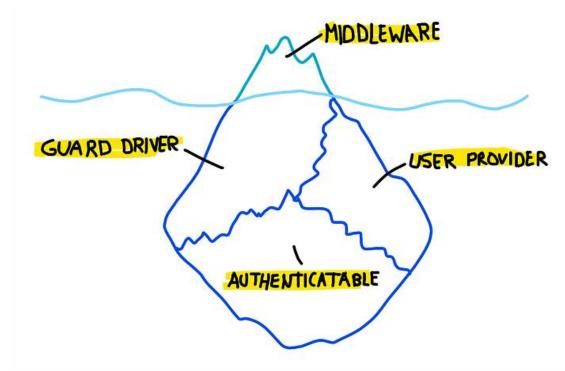
```
<?php
protected $routeMiddleware = [
   'auth' => \Illuminate\Auth\Middleware\Authenticate::class,
   'auth.basic' => \Illuminate\Auth\Middleware\AuthenticateWithBa
sicAuth::class,
   'bindings' => \Illuminate\Routing\Middleware\SubstituteBindings:
:class,
   'can' => \Illuminate\Auth\Middleware\Authorize::class,
   'guest' => \App\Http\Middleware\RedirectIfAuthenticated::class,
   'throttle' => \Illuminate\Routing\Middleware\ThrottleRequests::class,
   'trole' => \App\Http\Middleware\Role::class,
];
?>
```

4. Protect Route (Use middleware)

Last step samer is ,open the **web.php** file and add the middleware to any route you want to filter

```
Route::get('register', function () {
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}) ->middleware('role');
```

STEPS FOR AUTHENTICATION USING CONTROLLER



- 1. Create a controller
- 2. Implementation of controller methods
- 3. Use the middleware
- 4. register it in the kerneal.php file
- 5. apply the middleware to controller's constructor
- 6. Definition of the routes

Note Samer: apply the middleware to controller's constructor. This method is good when we want to use all (or most) the controller methods in the same set of middleware. Or u can directly inject the middleware in the route. (best practice)

EXAMPLE

1. Create a Controller

php artisan make:controller AdminController

2. Implementation of Controller Methods

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Controllers;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
class AdminController extends Controller
  public function index()
    return view('admin.index');
  }
  public function create()
    return view('admin.create');
  }
  public function store(Request $request)
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    return redirect()->route('admin.index');
```

3. use the middleware

4. register it in the kernel.php file

```
protected $routeMiddleware = [
   'role' => \App\Http\Middleware\Role::class,
];
```

5. apply the middleware to controller's constructor

```
public function __construct()
{
    $this->middleware('role');
```

6. Definition of the Routes in web.php

```
use App\Http\Controllers\AdminController;

Route::get('/admin', [AdminController::class, 'index'])->name('admin.index');

Route::get('/admin/create', [AdminController::class, 'create'])->name('admin.create');

Route::post('/admin/store', [AdminController::class, 'store'])->name('admin.store');
```

Additionally Samer

In Blade template

In blade template we show same error message that i defined in my middleware. When i use the {with} method in a redirect

Laravel stores flashed (destroyed) session data in the SESSION variable وهون جمال اللار فيل

References

[1] How To Add Custom Authentication Middleware In Laravel? |
Discussion Forum | Webtrickshome | Web Design, Development and SEO
Forum