

Digital Logic Design :

Lecture 5

The Standard POS form :

A Standard POS expression is one in which all the variables in the domain appear in each sum term in the expression.

example : $(A + \bar{B} + C + \bar{D})(\bar{A} + B + C + \bar{D})(\bar{A} + B + \bar{C} + D)$

Convert the following Boolean expression into standard POS form.

$$(A + \bar{B})(B + \bar{C} + D)$$

now,

$$A + \bar{B} = A + \bar{B} + C \cdot \bar{C}$$

$$= (A + \bar{B} + C)(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C}) \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Rule 12} \\ A + BC = (A + B)(A + C) \end{array} \right]$$

$$= (A + \bar{B} + C + D \cdot \bar{D})(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + D \cdot \bar{D})$$

$$= (A + \bar{B} + C + D)(A + \bar{B} + C + \bar{D})(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + D)(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + \bar{D})$$

$$B + \bar{C} + D = B + \bar{C} + D + A \cdot \bar{A}$$

$$= (A + B + \bar{C} + D)(\bar{A} + B + \bar{C} + D)$$

$$\therefore (A + \bar{B})(B + \bar{C} + D) = (A + \bar{B} + C + D)(A + \bar{B} + C + \bar{D})(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + D)(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + \bar{D})(A + B + \bar{C} + D)(\bar{A} + B + \bar{C} + D)$$

Developing truth table for standard SOP expression :

$$\text{let } X = \bar{A}\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}C + ABC$$

Inputs			Output	Output	Output
A	B	C	X	Y	Z
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1

Converting POS Expression to Truth Table Format :

$$\text{let } Y = (A+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+C)$$

Determining Standard Expression from a Truth Table
standard SOP expression :

$$Z = \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC + AB\bar{C} + ABC$$

Standard POS expression :

$$Z = (A+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+C)(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C})$$

3 variable karnaugh map :

AB \ C	0	1
00	0	1
01	0	0
11	0	1
10	1	0

Map the following SOP expression in the karnaugh map.

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC$$

Map the following SOP expression on a K map :

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + AB\bar{C} + ABC$$

AB \ C	0	1
00	0	1
01	1	0
11	1	1
10	0	0

Map the following SOP expression on a K map :

$$\bar{A} + A\bar{B} + AB\bar{C}$$

000 100 110
001 101
010
011

AB \ C	0	1
00	1	1
01	1	1
11	1	0
10	1	1

K map simplification of SOP expression :

Use a K map to minimize the following expression :

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}BC + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}\bar{C}$$

$$101 \quad 011 \quad 001 \quad 000 \quad 100$$

		C	
		0	1
AB	00	1	1
	01	0	1
	11	0	0
	10	1	1

Simplified SOP expression

$$\bar{B} + \bar{A}C$$

1's in adjacent cells can be grouped. Each group can have 2, 4, 8, 16 ones.

Use K map to minimize the following expression :

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

$$0000 \quad 0001 \quad 0100 \quad 0101 \quad 0111 \quad 0110$$

		CD			
		00	01	11	10
AB	00	1	1	0	0
	01	1	1	1	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	0	1	1	0

Simplified SOP expression :

$$\bar{A}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B + A\bar{B}D$$

Use a K map to minimize the following :

POS expression :

$$(A+B+C)(A+B+\bar{C})(A+\bar{B}+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+C)$$

000 001 010 011 110

AB \ C	0	1
00	0	0
01	0	0
11	0	1
10	1	1

Simplified POS expression :

$$\bar{F} = \bar{A} + B\bar{C}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \overline{\bar{A} + B\bar{C}} \\ &= \bar{A}(\overline{B\bar{C}}) \\ &= A(\bar{B} + C) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= A\bar{B} + AC \\ &= A(\bar{B} + C) \end{aligned}$$

simplify the function expressed in product of maxterm form.

$$F(x, y, z) = \pi(0, 2, 5, 7)$$

no. of maxterm or sum = 4

xy \ z	0	1
00	0	1
01	2	3
11	6	7
10	4	5

$$\bar{F} = \bar{x}\bar{z} + xz$$

$$F = \overline{\bar{x}\bar{z} + xz}$$

$$= \overline{\bar{x}\bar{z}} + \overline{xz}$$

$$= (\bar{x} + \bar{z})(x + z)$$

$$= (x + z)(\bar{x} + \bar{z})$$

The '1' functions represents the minterms and
The '0' functions represents the maxterms.