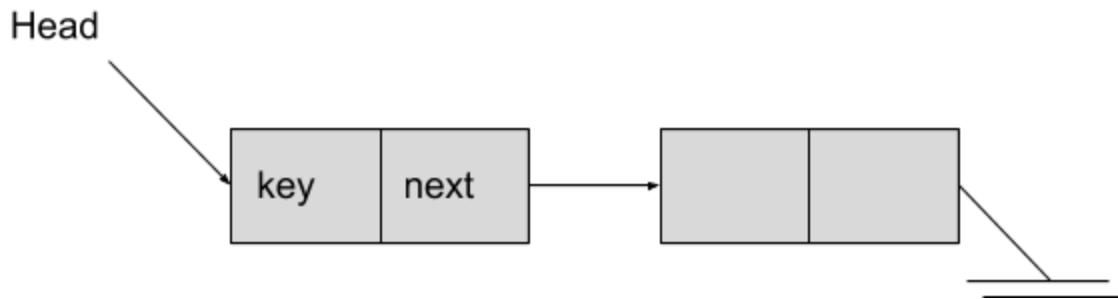


Exercise: Linked List



Exercise 1: Create a class Element

Create a class Element with two attributes:

- key: an integer
- next: a reference to another Element object

You will also redefine the toString function such as it displays "(key)". An element with key=42 will be displayed as "(42)"

Exercise 2: Create a class MyList

Create a class MyList that represent a List of **Elements**.

Exercise 3: isEmpty

Add the isEmpty method to **MyList** that returns true if the list is empty.

Exercise 4: toString

Add the toString method to **MyList** so that it displays "-> (key1) -> (key2) -> (key3) ->"

Exercise 5: addFirst

Add a method void addFirst(Element e) to **MyList**

Exercise 6: removeFirst

Add a method Element removeFirst to **MyList**.

This method will remove the first Element of the list and return it

Exercise 7: addLast

Add a method void addLast(Element e) to **MyList**

Exercise 8: removeLast

Add a method Element removeLast to **MyList**.

This method will remove the last Element of the list and return it (or null if not exists)

Hint: use recursion

Exercise 9: findKey

Add a method `Element findKey(int key)` to **MyList** that returns the first **Element** `e` in the list where `key == e.key` (or null if not exists)

Exercise 10: main

Create a main method that:

1. Create a `MyList`
2. Add an `Element` (`key = 3`) using `addLast`
3. Add an `Element` (`key = 1`) using `addFirst`
4. Add an `Element` (`key = 4`) using `addLast`
5. Delete the first `Element` using `removeFirst`
6. Add the `Element` you've just removed at the end using `addLast`
7. Print the List