

Section A : Multiple Choice Questions

Answer the following Multiple Choice Questions in the OMR Answer Sheet provided for this purpose.

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(PART—I : Core Subject)

(Question Nos. 1-3) : Select the correct sentence from the given alternatives.

1. [A] He gave us many advices.
[B] He sold all the furnitures.
[C] The sceneries are charming.
[D] These cattle are mine.
2. [A] I prefer tea than coffee.
[B] He is senior than me.
[C] Learning is preferable to wealth.
[D] I saw an one-eyed man.
3. [A] One must do his duty.
[B] This is a unique success.
[C] He is feeling unwell.
[D] I left the house with bag and baggage.
4. A philanthropist is one who
[A] loves humankind in general.
[B] believes in fate.
[C] compiles a dictionary.
[D] hates humankind in general.
5. A cannibal is one who
[A] eats animal flesh.
[B] eats vegetables only.
[C] sucks blood.
[D] eats human flesh.

(Question Nos. 6-9) : Select the correct meaning of the idiomatic expressions.

6. A black sheep
[A] An ugly person.
[B] A lucky person.
[C] An unlucky person.
[D] A person who has a bad reputation in a company/group.

7. I trusted him blindly, but he turned out to be a snake in the grass in the end.

- [A] A treacherous person.
- [B] A secret enemy.
- [C] A cordial person.
- [D] A helpful person.

8. Crocodile tears

- [A] Tears of a crocodile.
- [B] A weeping crocodile.
- [C] Pretended sorrow.
- [D] Mild regret.

9. A cock and bull story

- [A] A children's story.
- [B] A foolish and concocted story.
- [C] A true story.
- [D] A story of animals.

(Question Nos. 10-12) : Select the words nearest in meaning to the given words.

10. CORPSE

- [A] Policemen.
- [B] Dead body.
- [C] Harvest.
- [D] Body.

11. STATIONARY

- [A] Immobile.
- [B] Portable.
- [C] Movable.
- [D] Running.

12. VAIN

- [A] Artery.
- [B] Blade.
- [C] Useless.
- [D] Channel.

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(Question Nos. 13-15) : Select the words opposite in meaning to the given words.

13. COMPLEMENT

- [A] Infill
- [B] Accompaniment
- [C] Contrast
- [D] Flattery

14. AFFLUENT

- [A] Wealthy
- [B] Opulent
- [C] Miser
- [D] Impoverished

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15. REVERE

- [A] Actuality
- [B] Daydream
- [C] Respect
- [D] Fantasy

(Question Nos. 16-29) : Fill in the blanks in the sentences from the options given.

16. No sooner had he arrived home _____ he was asked to start on another journey.

- [A] when
- [B] but
- [C] than
- [D] while

17. Vicky was married _____ Sumi.

- [A] with
- [B] to
- [C] by
- [D] on

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18. I was confined _____ bed _____ fever.

- [A] in, by
- [B] in, with
- [C] to, by
- [D] to, with

19. He has an irresistible desire to steal. He is a _____.

- [A] thief
- [B] burglar
- [C] kleptomaniac
- [D] robber

20. A _____ of wolves was running across the pasture.

- [A] pack
- [B] flock
- [C] herd
- [D] gang

21. A _____ of singers was hired to celebrate the platinum jubilee of the college.

- [A] group
- [B] choir
- [C] band
- [D] troop

22. Only _____ students were in favour of online mode of examination.

- [A] little
- [B] a few
- [C] a little
- [D] a lot of

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23. Mr. Hossain was very sad because his daughter didn't have _____ hope of recovery.

- [A] enough
- [B] some
- [C] any
- [D] much

24. He got very poor marks for his _____ handwriting.

- [A] eligible
- [B] illegible
- [C] legible
- [D] decipherable

25. Ours is to sand an island in to

- [A] stone
- [B] land
- [C] mountain
- [D] water

26. The policies that the company _____ to sell its products _____ house-to-house marketing

- [A] use, includes
- [B] uses, include
- [C] use, include
- [D] uses, includes

27. After working hard all-day long, Meraaj was really _____

- [A] energetic
- [B] harassed
- [C] nervous
- [D] exhausted

28. My best friend arrived _____ to see the beginning of the IPL final match.

- [A] just in time
- [B] just at the time
- [C] just for time
- [D] just off time

29. We can always rely on Amrita. She is very _____

- [A] supportive
- [B] obedient
- [C] dutiful
- [D] dependable

(Question Nos. 30-36) : Read the passage carefully and answer the given questions.

Studies serve for delight, for ornament, and for ability. Their chief end for delight is in privateness and retiring; for ornament, is in discourse; and for ability, is in the publication and disposition of business. For expert men can execute, and perhaps judge of particulars, one by one; but the general counsels, and the plots and marshalling of affairs, come best from those that are learned. To spend too much time in studies is sloth; to use them too much for ornament is affectation; to make judgment wholly by their rules, is the humour of a scholar.

They perfect nature, and are perfected by experience: for natural abilities are like natural plants, that need pruning, by study; and studies themselves do give forth directions too much at large, except they be bounded in by experience. Crafty men condemn studies, simple men admire them, and wise men use them; for they teach not their own use; but that is a wisdom without them, and above them, won by observation.

Read not to contradict and confute; nor to believe and take for granted, nor to find talk and discourse; but to weigh and consider. Some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed, and some few to be chewed and digested; that is, some books are to be read only in parts, others to be read, but not curiously; and some few to be read wholly, and with diligence and attention. Some books also may be read by deputy, and extracts made of them by others, but that would be only in the less important arguments, and the meaner sort of books, else distilled books are like common distilled waters, flashy things.

Reading maketh a full man, conference a ready man, and writing an exact man. And therefore, if a man write little, he had need have a great memory; if he confer little, he had need have a present wit; and if he read little, he had need have much cunning, to seem to know that he doth not.

30. A man who studies a lot is _____ temperamentally

- [A] lazy
- [B] active
- [C] fast
- [D] smart

31. Who is called a "studier"?
- [A] Wise men
 - [B] Common men
 - [C] Simple men
 - [D] Foolish men
32. One should read
- [A] to contradict
 - [B] to take anything for granted
 - [C] to weigh and consider
 - [D] to find discourse
33. "Some books are to be tasted." It means
- [A] reading curiously
 - [B] reading with full attention
 - [C] reading wholly with diligence
 - [D] reading only in parts
34. The books that may be read by deputy must be
- [A] standard books
 - [B] serious kind of books
 - [C] nastier sort of books
 - [D] comedy books
35. What makes a ready man?
- [A] Listening
 - [B] Speaking
 - [C] Reading
 - [D] Writing
36. Using studies too much in discourse is
- [A] affectation
 - [B] the humour of a scholar
 - [C] wisdom
 - [D] laziness

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37. The banished Duke in the play *As You Like It* is to live in
- [A] the Forest of Arden
 - [B] the Forest of Illyria
 - [C] the Forest of Arcadia
 - [D] the Forest of Illyria
38. The song of the three witches in *Macbeth* begins with
- [A] Four is foul
 - [B] Foul is fair
 - [C] Fair is foul
 - [D] All are foul
39. Othello in the play, *Othello* had showed his heroism in the bloody war against
- [A] the Turks
 - [B] the Englishmen
 - [C] the Greeks
 - [D] the Dutchmen
40. Where does Shakespeare's *Twelfth Night* take place?
- [A] Elysium
 - [B] Messalina
 - [C] Denmark
 - [D] Illyria
41. *The Mahabharata* was written by
- [A] R. K. Narayan
 - [B] Ruskin Bond
 - [C] Khushwant Singh
 - [D] Raja Rao

42. O Henry is an

- [A] British writer
- [B] American writer
- [C] Indian writer
- [D] African writer

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43. The time described in Wordsworth's poem, *Composed Upon Westminster Bridge* is

- [A] late morning
- [B] early morning
- [C] evening
- [D] afternoon

44. The very houses seem asleep. — This is an example of

- [A] irony
- [B] simile
- [C] personification
- [D] hyperbole

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45. Which of the following poems is written by Wordsworth?

- [A] *Fra Lippo Lippi*
- [B] *The Last Ride Together*
- [C] *My Last Duchess*
- [D] *The Solitary Reaper*

46. Who among the following is **not** a British poet?

- [A] Robert Browning
- [B] William Wordsworth
- [C] Arthur Rimbaud
- [D] William Blake

47. *Fond of company* in the poem *Love's Labour's Lost* means fond of

- [A] work
- [B] blood
- [C] sexual pleasure
- [D] flowers

48. In the poem, *Daybreak* Henry Wadsworth Longfellow is

- [A] pessimistic
- [B] optimistic
- [C] morbid
- [D] Fond of all supernatural activities in nature

49. *Rain in the Mountains* is written by

- [A] William Wordsworth
- [B] Ruskin Bond
- [C] John Keats
- [D] Robert Browning

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50. "But her next question removed my doubts." The next question (in the story, *The Eyes Have It*) was

- [A] "Why don't you look out of the window?"
- [B] "What is it like outside?"
- [C] "Do you see any animals?"
- [D] "Where are you going?"

51. "Adversity always presents opportunities for introspection." This is an extract from

- [A] APJ Abdul Kalam's *Strong Roots*
- [B] Mother Teresa's Nobel Lecture
- [C] Leo Tolstoy's *Three Questions*
- [D] Anton Chekhov's *The Proposal*

52. Which of the following is **not** written by T.S. Eliot?
- (A) *Afternoon*
 (B) *Waste Land*
 (C) *The Death of Ivan Iyech*
 (D) *Come and See*

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53. John Keats was a British poet of
- (A) the seventeenth century
 (B) the eighteenth century
 (C) the nineteenth century
 (D) the twentieth century
54. The word 'temperate' in the poem, *Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?* means
- (A) warm
 (B) mild
 (C) friendly
 (D) charming

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55. A sonnet is a poem of
- (A) 12 lines
 (B) 14 lines
 (C) 16 lines
 (D) 18 lines
56. *Ode to a Nightingale* is written by
- (A) John Keats
 (B) William Wordsworth
 (C) William Blake
 (D) Samuel Taylor Coleridge
57. Anton Chekhov is a/an
- (A) British playwright
 (B) American playwright
 (C) French playwright
 (D) Russian playwright

(Question Nos. 58-64) : Read the poem carefully and answer the following questions

The sea is calm tonight
 The tide is full, the moon lies fair
 Upon the straits, on the Flies here and there
 the light
 Glimmers and is gone, the cliffs of
 England stand
 Glimmering and vast, out in the
 tranquil bay
 Come to the window, sweet is the
 night air!
 Only, from the long line of spray
 Where the sea meets the moon
 blanch'd land,
 Listen! you hear the grating roar
 Of pebbles which the waves draw back,
 and fling,
 At their return, up the high strand
 Begin, and cease, and then again
 begin,
 With tremulous cadence slow, and
 bring
 The eternal note of sadness in
 Sophocles long ago
 Heard it on the Aegean, and it brought
 Into his mind the turbid ebb and flow
 Of human misery; we
 Find also in the sound a thought,

Heard it by the distant northern sea
The Sea of Faith.

Was once, too, at the full, and round
Earth's shore

Lay like the folds of a bright girdle
Tulled

But now I only hear

Its melancholy, long, withdrawing roar,

Retreating, to the breath

Of the night-wind, down the vast edges
drear

And naked shingles of the world

58. What country does the speaker see on the other side of the English Channel?

[A] France

[B] Italy

[C] Greece *রেনেসাঁ of Aliah*

[D] Ireland

59. What is the famous land formation at Dover that is mentioned in this poem?

[A] The Great Waterfall of Dover

[B] The Sea of Faith

[C] The Cliff of Dover

[D] The Pit of Despair

60. The tone of the poem is

[A] optimistic

[B] inspiring *রেনেসাঁ of Aliah*

[C] joyful

[D] melancholic

61. What feeling does the sound of the waves bring?

[A] Cheering

[B] Sadness

[C] Despair

[D] Happiness

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62. What did the unceasing sea waves remind Sophocles?

[A] Human woe

[B] Human happiness

[C] Human misery

[D] Human optimism

63. What does the 'Sea of Faith' symbolize?

[A] World without hope

[B] Religion

[C] Superstition

[D] Unwavering belief

64. 'And naked shingles of the world' is an example of

[A] alliteration

[B] simile

[C] metaphor

[D] personification

PART—II

(General Knowledge, General English & Islamic History and Culture)

65. Who is the first Asian Nobel Laureate?

কোন প্রথম এশিয়ান নোবেল পুরস্কার প্রাপ্ত হলেন?

- [A] Hideki Yukawa
- [B] Rabindranath Tagore
- [C] Akira Suzuki
- [D] Abdus Salam

66. Who amongst the following is a famous Sarod player?

নিচের মধ্যে প্রখ্যাত সরোদ বাদক কে?

- [A] Zakir Hussain
- [B] Han Prasad Chourasia
- [C] Ram Narain
- [D] Amjad Ali Khan

67. Identify the largest ocean.

এগুলির মধ্যে বৃহত্তম মহাসাগর কোনটি?

- [A] Pacific Ocean
- [B] Atlantic Ocean
- [C] Indian Ocean
- [D] Arctic Ocean

68. Alexandria is a seaport of

আলেকজান্দ্রিয়া কোন দেশের বন্দর?

- [A] Greece
- [B] Egypt
- [C] Iran
- [D] Germany

69. In which of the following region New Zealand is situated?

নিউজিল্যান্ড বিশ্বের কোন অংশে অবস্থিত?

- [A] Europe
- [B] South America
- [C] Caribbean
- [D] Oceania

70. A man who catches fish as a hobby is called a/an

- [A] Fisherman
- [B] Angler
- [C] Hunter
- [D] Fishmonger

71. 'Astronomy' means study of the

- [A] Moon
- [B] Stars
- [C] Sky
- [D] Sun

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72. Select one word substitution for the given word

To give up the throne

- [A] usurp
- [B] abdicate
- [C] consign
- [D] bequeath

73. Fill in the blank with the correct word :

___ his humiliation, he attended the function.

- [A] In spite
- [B] Notwithstanding
- [C] Nevertheless
- [D] As of

74. Fill in the blank with the appropriate infinitive :

___ is human

- [A] To laugh
- [B] To err
- [C] To read
- [D] To save

75. Who chose Ali as the Caliph of the Caliphate?

কোন ব্যক্তি আলীকে খলিফার পদে অধিষ্ঠিত করে?

- [A] Hadrat Ali
- [B] Hadrat Uthman
- [C] Umar Faruq Abdul Aziz
- [D] None of them

76. The Battle of Siffin was fought between

সিফিন যুদ্ধের যুদ্ধে যারা যুদ্ধ করে?

- [A] Hadrat Ali and Hadrat Aisha
- [B] Hadrat Ali and Hadrat Muawiyah
- [C] Yazid and Hadrat Abdullah bin Zubair
- [D] Hadrat Khalid bin Walid and Hadrat Muawiyah

77. Who was the first Caliph of the Umayyad Empire?

উমাইয়্যাদ সাম্রাজ্যের প্রথম খলিফা কে ছিলেন?

- [A] Hadrat Ali
- [B] Hadrat Abu Bakr
- [C] Hadrat Muawiyah
- [D] Koshro

78. Total Number of Surah in Quran are

কুরআনে মোট সূরার সংখ্যা কত?

- [A] 111
- [B] 110
- [C] 114
- [D] 116

79. Which of the following Angels was responsible for deliverance of messages to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) from Allah?

নিচের কোন ফেরেশতা আল্লাহর কাছে থেকে নবী মুহাম্মদ (সঃ) এর কাছে বাহা পেয়ে মুসলিমদের জন্য বাণী দিতেন?

- [A] Hadrat Izrael (A.S)
- [B] Hadrat Israfeel (A.S)
- [C] Hadrat Jibraeel (A.S)
- [D] Hadrat Mikael (A.S)

80. In which battle Allah helped Muslims by sending angels to strengthen them against their enemies?

কোন যুদ্ধে আল্লাহ মুসলিমদেরকে তাদের শত্রুদের বিরুদ্ধে তাদের সৈন্যদের পাঠিয়ে দেওয়ার মাধ্যমে তাদেরকে সাহায্য করেছিলেন?

- [A] Battle of Uhud
- [B] Battle of Badr
- [C] Battle of Khandaq
- [D] None of the above

81. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) belonged to which tribe?

প্রবল মুহাম্মদ (সঃ) কোন গোত্রের ছিলেন?

- [A] Quraish
- [B] Makki
- [C] Madani
- [D] None of the above

82. Which Prophet is called the "Father of Muslims"?

কোন নবীকে "মুসলিমদের পিতা" বলা হয়?

- [A] Prophet Adam (A.S)
- [B] Prophet Ibraheem (A.S)
- [C] Prophet Ismaeel (A.S)
- [D] Prophet Sulaiman (A.S)

83. Which Prophet was able to talk with animals and jinns?

কোন নবী পশু ও জিনদের সাথে কথা বলতে সক্ষম ছিলেন?

- [A] Prophet Adam (A.S)
- [B] Prophet Ibraheem (A.S)
- [C] Prophet Sulaiman (A.S)
- [D] Prophet Danyal (A.S)

84. The term Islam means

"ইসলাম" শব্দের অর্থ

- [A] Submission
- [B] Peace
- [C] Fortitude
- [D] Thankfulness

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86. Fill in the space with an infinitive :

It is easy — but hard to finish.

- [A] to end
- [B] to fall
- [C] to lose
- [D] to begin

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87. Fill in the blank with the correct word :

A — jewel was in the locker.

- [A] browning
- [B] filling
- [C] shining
- [D] moving

88. 'Made up his mind' means

- [A] remembered
- [B] resolved
- [C] forgot
- [D] lost

89. Fill in the blank with the correct word :

— pompous he was an entertaining person.

- [A] Though
- [B] Never
- [C] Despite
- [D] Before

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90. In the given sentence identify the section with grammatical error.

No sooner did we receive your message when we heaved a sigh of relief.

- [A] Did we receive
- [B] A sigh of relief
- [C] Your message
- [D] When we heaved

91. Sindh was conquered by Muhammad Bin Qasim during the period of .

মুহাম্মদ বিন কাসিম সিন্ধু জয় করেছিলেন _____
সময়কালে।

- [A] Abbasids
- [B] Ummayyads
- [C] Idrisids
- [D] None of the above

92. Haji Shariatullah was belonged to

হাজী শরীয়তুল্লাহ ছিলেন

- [A] Bengal
- [B] Afghan
- [C] Delhi
- [D] Sindhi

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93. Battle of Plassey was fought between

পলাশীর যুদ্ধ হয় _____-এর মধ্যে।

- [A] Clive and Tipu Sultan
- [B] Clive and Siraj ud Daula
- [C] Clive and Babar
- [D] None of them

94. Who was the first slave king of Delhi Sultanate?

দিল্লী সালতানাতে প্রথম দাস রাজা কে ছিলেন?

- [A] Qutbuddin Aybak
- [B] Iltutmish
- [C] Raziyya Sultana
- [D] Alauddin Khalji

95. A building for Muslims prayer is also known as

মুসলমানদের নামাজের জন্য ভবনটি কি নামে পরিচিত?

- [A] Masjid
- [B] Church
- [C] Temple
- [D] Synagogue

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96. What does Ghusl mean?

গোসল বলতে কি বোঝায়?

- [A] Cleaning the entire body and hair while taking bath or shower
- [B] Performing wudu
- [C] Swimming
- [D] None of the above

97. One obligation of a Muslim is to make at least one pilgrimage (Hajj) to

একজন মুসলমানের কমপক্ষে একটি তীর্থযাত্রা (হজ) করতে যাওয়া _____ বাধ্যতামূলক

- [A] Medina
- [B] Mt. Arafat
- [C] Baghdad
- [D] Mecca

98. During Hajj, men wear two special clothes. What color is the cloth?

হজের সময় পুরুষেরা দুটি বিশেষ পোশাক পরিধান করে। কাপড়ের রং কি?

- [A] Black
- [B] White
- [C] Brown
- [D] Gray

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99. Battle of Karbala occurred during the reign of

কারবালার যুদ্ধ সংঘটিত হয়েছিল _____-এর শাসন আমলে।

- [A] Amir Muawiyah
- [B] Harun al-Rasheed
- [C] Yazeed
- [D] None of them

100. Imam Abu Hanifa was a

ইমাম আবু হানিফা ছিলেন

- [A] Philosopher
- [B] Jurist
- [C] Poet
- [D] None of the above