Python Fundamentals and Basic Statistics

Urban Data Analysis Course Week- 2

- Python Basics and Statistics
- Content:
 - "This week, we'll dive into statistics and Python fundamentals."
 - Key focus:
 - Calculate basic statistics like mean and median.
 - Learn to work with CSV files using Pandas.
 - Understand data types and operations.



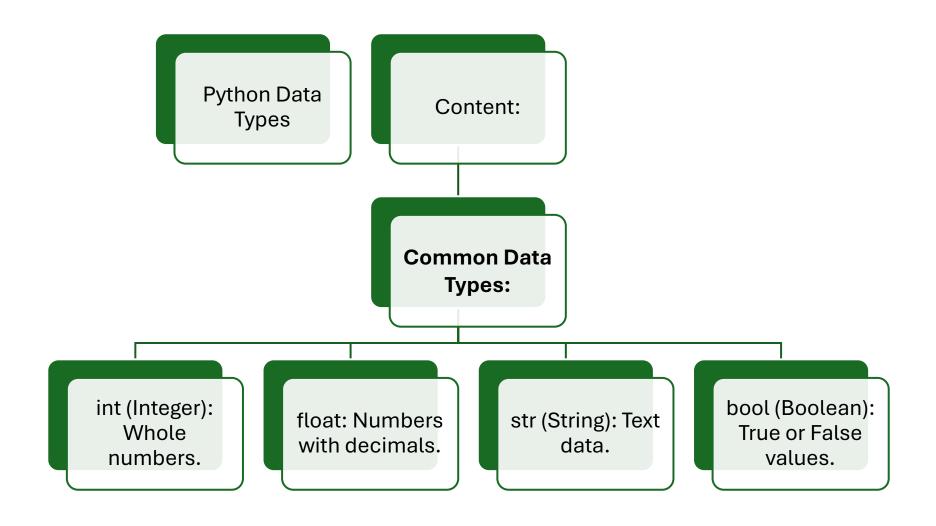
What Are Descriptive Statistics?

- Descriptive Statistics
- Content:
- **Mean:** The average of a dataset.
- Median: The middle value of a dataset when ordered.
- Standard Deviation: Measures how spread out the data is.
- Example:
 - Dataset: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
 - Mean: (10 + 20 + 30 + 40 + 50) / 5 = 30
 - Median: Middle Value = 30
 - Std. Dev: Measure of variability.

Data Types in Statistics

- •Content:
- •Numerical Data: Data expressed in numbers (e.g., age, income).
- •Categorical Data: Data divided into groups or categories (e.g., gender, region).
- •Practical Exercise:
 - •Identify examples of numerical and categorical data in your own datasets.

Python Data Types



Library

| Library | Purpose |
|-------------|---|
| Pandas | Data manipulation and analysis (e.g., CSV processing, handling DataFrames). |
| Numpy | Numerical computations (e.g., arrays, statistics). |
| Seaborn | Data visualization (e.g., histograms, scatter plots, correlation matrices). |
| Matplotlib | Basic plotting and graphical representations. |
| Statsmodels | Statistical modeling and regression/ANOVA analysis. |
| Geopandas | Geospatial data analysis for location- specific datasets. |



Introduction to Pandas

Getting Started with Pandas

- •Content:
 - •What is Pandas?
 - •A Python library for data manipulation and analysis.
 - •Why Use Pandas?
 - Simplifies working with structured data like tables.
 - •Core Features:
 - •Reading data from files (.csv, .xlsx).
 - •Performing calculations on columns.
 - •Manipulating and summarizing data.