CARA MENAMBAHKAN LAYANAN DI PORT 8080 DI UBUNTU SERVER

Langkah penyelesaian:

1. Update system terlebih dahulu,

sudo apt update

```
Aliansah@aliansah-server:~$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://id.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:2 http://id.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://id.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
14 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
```

2. Copy file 000-default-conf di /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default .conf (hasil copy bisa di isi terserah kita

aliansah@aliansah-server:/var/www/html/wordpress\$ sudo cp /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf /etc/apache2/sites-available/aliansah.conf

3. Enable dengan perintah a2ensite (nama file yang dicopy) nama-file.conf

```
aliansah@aliansah-server:/var/www/html/wordpress$ sudo a2ensite aliansah.conf
Enabling site aliansah.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
systemctl reload apache2
```

4. Setting port di sudo nano /etc/apache2/ports.conf

```
GNU nano 7.2

# If you just change the port or add more ports here, you will likely also
# have to change the VirtualHost statement in
# /etc/apache2/sites-enabled/000-default.conf

Listen 80

<IfModule ssl_module>
    Listen 443

</IfModule mod_gnutls.c>
    Listen 443

</IfModule>

Listen 443

</IfModule>

Listen 8080
```

Tambah Listen 8080

Reload apache2 sudo systemctl reload apache2.service

```
aliansah@aliansah-server:~$ sudo systemctl reload apache2.service
```

Install phpmyadmin di Ubuntu server sudo apt install phpmyadmin

Nanti ditengah-tengah install kita akan diminta masukkan password

7. Perintah sudo ln -s /usr/share/phpmyadmin/ /var/www/html/phpmyadmin berfungsi untuk membuat tautan simbolis di direktori web server, sehingga memudahkan akses ke aplikasi phpMyAdmin melalui URL http://your-server-ip/phpmyadmin.

sudo lm -s /usr/share/phpmyadmin/ /var/www/html/phpmyadmin

```
aliansah@aliansah-server:~$ sudo ln -s /usr/share/phpmyadmin/ /var/www/html/phpmyadmin
```

8. Pada file aliansah.conf / file yang hasil copy yang diatas ganti Virtualhost ke 8080 sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/aliansah.conf

aliansah@aliansah-server:~\$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/aliansah.conf

```
#The ServerName directive sets the request scheme, hostname and port that

# the server uses to identify itself. This is used when creating

# redirection URLs. In the context of virtual hosts, the ServerName

# specifies what hostname must appear in the request's Host: header to

# match this virtual host. For the default virtual host (this file) this

# value is not decisive as it is used as a last resort host regardless.

# However, you must set it for any further virtual host explicitly.

#ServerName www.example.com

ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
DocumentRoot /var/www/html/phpmyadmin

# Available loglevels: trace8, ..., tracel, debug, info, notice, warn,

# error, crit, alert, emerg.

# It is also possible to configure the loglevel for particular

# modules, e.g.

# modules, e.g.

# modules, e.g.

# conjevel info ssl:warn

ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/ercor.log
CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/ercor.log
customLog if a ine for only one particular virtual host. For example the

# enabled or disabled at a global level, it is possible to

# include a line for only one particular virtual host. For example the

# following line enables the CGI configuration for this host only

# after it has been globally disabled with "a2disconf".

#Include conf-available/serve-cgi-bin.conf

*/VirtualHost>
```

9. Nyalakan config

a2ensite nama file hasil copy/ aliansah.conf

```
aliansah@aliansah-server:~$ a2ensite aliansah.conf
Site aliansah already enabled
```

10. Reload apache 2 sudo systemctl reload apache2

```
aliansah@aliansah-server:~$ sudo systemctl reload apache2
```