

# HW5 SOLUTIONS

Q1-) a-)  $G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B = C \frac{\text{adj}(sI - A)B}{\det(sI - A)}$

$\times \equiv \text{do not care}$

$$= \frac{1}{\det(sI - A)} [1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} \times & a(s) & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \\ \times & b(s) & \times \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{a(s) + b(s)}{\det(sI - A)}$$

$$sI - A = \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & s \end{bmatrix} \quad \det(sI - A) = s \begin{vmatrix} s & -1 \\ 1 & s \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & s \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= s(s^2 + 1) + 2$$

$$= s^3 + s + 2$$

$$a(s) = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & s \end{vmatrix} = -2s$$

$$b(s) = - \begin{vmatrix} s & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -(s+2) = -s-2$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow a(s) + b(s) = -3s - 2$

$$\Rightarrow G(s) = \boxed{\frac{-3s-2}{s^3+s+2}}$$

$$b-) Q = \begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \det(Q) = -(-2) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 2(-2) = -4 \neq 0$$

$$c-) A_{CL} = A - BK = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} [k_1 \ k_2 \ k_3]$$

$\Rightarrow \text{system is controllable.}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ -k_1 & -k_2 & -(k_3-1) \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow sI - A_{CL} = \begin{bmatrix} s & -2 & 0 \\ k_1 & s+k_2 & k_3-1 \\ -1 & 1 & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\det(sI - A_{CL}) &= s \begin{vmatrix} s+k_2 & k_3-1 \\ 1 & s \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} k_1 & k_3-1 \\ -1 & s \end{vmatrix} \\ &= s(s^2 + k_2s - (k_3-1)) - 2(k_1s + k_3-1) \\ &= s^3 + k_2s^2 - (k_3-1)s - 2k_1s - 2(k_3-1) \\ &= s^3 + k_2s^2 + (1-k_3-2k_1)s - 2(k_3-1)\end{aligned}$$

Desired char. polynomial is

$$\begin{aligned}d_{\text{desired}}(s) &= (s+1)((s+1)^2 + 1) \\ &= (s+1)(s^2 + 2s + 2) = s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + s^2 + 2s + 2 \\ &= s^3 + 3s^2 + 4s + 2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow k_2 &= 3 \\ 1 - k_3 - 2k_1 &= 4 \Rightarrow 1 - 2k_1 = 4 \Rightarrow k_1 = -\frac{3}{2} \\ -2(k_3 - 1) &\neq 2 \Rightarrow k_3 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow u = r - kx &= r + \frac{3}{2}x_1 - 3x_2 \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{state feedback} \\ \text{rule} \end{array}\end{aligned}$$

Q2 a-) Write the controllability matrix

$$\Phi = [B \ AB] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \det(\Phi) = -2 - (-2) = 0 \Rightarrow \text{The system is not completely controllable.}$$

b-) Closed Loop A matrix is given as

$$A_C = A - BIK = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} [k_1 \ k_2]$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -4-k_1 & 2-k_2 \\ 2-k_1 & -4-k_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Characteristic eqn. for the CL system is given as

$$\det(sI - A_C) = 0,$$

$$sI - A_C = \begin{bmatrix} s+k_1+4 & k_2-2 \\ k_1-2 & s+k_2+4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \det(sI - A_C) = s^2 + (k_1 + k_2 + 8)s + (k_1 + 4)(k_2 + 4) - (k_1 - 2)(k_2 - 2)$$

$$= s^2 + (k_1 + k_2 + 8)s + k_1k_2 + 4k_1 + 4k_2 + 16 - k_1k_2 + 2k_1 + 2k_2 - 4$$

$$= s^2 + (k_1 + k_2 + 8)s + (6k_1 + 6k_2 + 12)$$

In order to place the CL poles at -4 and -4  
we need to have



$$\det(sI - A_C) = (s+4)^2 = s^2 + 8s + 16$$

$$\Rightarrow (k_1 + k_2 + 8) = 8 \Rightarrow k_1 + k_2 = 0$$

$$6k_1 + 6k_2 + 12 = 16 \Rightarrow k_1 + k_2 = 2/3$$

These eqn's cannot be satisfied simultaneously.

$\Rightarrow$  We cannot place the CL poles at  $s = -4, -4$ .

Since the system is not completely controllable,  
this is natural.

c-) To place the CL poles at  $s = -4$  and  $s = -6$   
we need to have

$$\det(sI - A_C) = (s+4)(s+6) = s^2 + 10s + 24.$$

$$\Rightarrow k_1 + k_2 + 8 = 10 \Rightarrow k_1 + k_2 = 2$$

$$6k_1 + 6k_2 + 12 = 24 \Rightarrow k_1 + k_2 = 2$$

Since the eqn's are satisfied simultaneously  
we can place the CL poles at  $s = -4$  and  $s = -6$ .

For any  $K$  vector satisfying  $k_1 + k_2 = 2$ ,

e.g's  $K = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ etc.}$$

Q3 a) Calculate the controllability matrix

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\det(Q) = 4 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$  System is controllable.

b) Calculate the observability matrix

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 67 & -20 & -40 \\ +40 & -40 & +20 \\ +80 & 20 & 80 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(W) = -40 \begin{vmatrix} -20 & -40 \\ 20 & 80 \end{vmatrix} + 80 \begin{vmatrix} -20 & -40 \\ -40 & 20 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -40(-1600 + 800) + 80(-400 + 1600)$$

$$= -40(-800) + 80(-2000)$$

$$= +32000 - 160000 = -128000 \neq 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  System is observable.

c-) Let us calculate the TF of the OL system:

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B = \frac{C \text{adj}(sI - A)B}{\det(sI - A)} = \frac{N(s)}{D(s)}$$

$$N(s) = C \text{adj}(sI - A)B = [0 \ -20 \ -40]$$

$$sI - A = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & s & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{adj}(sI - A) = \begin{bmatrix} x & x & x \\ a_{21} & x & x \\ a_{31} & x & x \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↓  
don't care

$$a_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & s \end{vmatrix} = -2s$$

$$a_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & s \\ 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -2$$

$$N(s) = -20a_{21} - 40a_{31} \\ = -20(-2s) - 40(-2) = 40s + 80$$

$$N(s) = 40(s+2)$$

⇒ Open Loop System has a zero at  $s = -2$

The CL system should be second order

⇒ One of the CL poles should cancel the zero at  $s = -2$ .

⇒ Desired Closed Loop poles should satisfy

$$D(s) = (s+2)(s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2) = 0$$

where  $\zeta$  and  $w_n$  are to be selected to have

$$t_s = 1 \text{ second} \quad w_d = 2 \text{ rad/sec.}$$

$$t_s = \frac{4}{\zeta w_n} = 1 \Rightarrow \zeta w_n = 4$$

$$\sqrt{1-\zeta^2} w_n = 2 \Rightarrow (1-\zeta^2) w_n^2 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow w_n^2 - \zeta^2 w_n^2 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow w_n^2 - 16 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow w_n^2 = 20 \Rightarrow w_n = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Desired Closed Loop Characteristic Polynomial is

$$D(s) = (s+2)(s^2 + 8s + 20)$$

$$= s^3 + 8s^2 + 20s + 2s^2 + 16s + 40$$

$$= s^3 + 10s^2 + 36s + 40 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Desired} \\ \text{Polynomial.} \end{array} \right\}$$

Closed Loop A matrix is

$$\overline{A-B} = A - BK = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -k_1 & -k_2 & 1-k_3 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$sI - A_C = \begin{bmatrix} s+k_1 & k_2 & k_3-1 \\ +2 & s & 1 \\ \hline 0 & -1 & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(sI - A_C) = -(-1) \begin{vmatrix} s+k_1 & k_3-1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + s \begin{vmatrix} s+k_1 & k_2 \\ 2 & s \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= s+k_1 - 2(k_3-1) + s(s^2+k_1s-2k_2)$$

$$= s^3 + k_1s^2 + (1-2k_2)s + k_1 - 2(k_3-1)$$

$$= s^3 + 10s^2 + 36s + 40$$

$$\Rightarrow k_1 = 10$$

$$1-2k_2 = 36 \Rightarrow k_2 = \frac{-35}{2}$$

$$k_1 - 2(k_3-1) = 40 \Rightarrow 10 - 2(k_3-1) = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow -30 = 2(k_3-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow k_3-1 = -15$$

$$\Rightarrow k_3 = -14$$

$$\Rightarrow K = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -\frac{35}{2} & -14 \end{bmatrix}$$

d-) The Closed Loop System Has the SS representation

$$\dot{x} = \underbrace{(A - BKC)}_{A_c} x + \underbrace{Bu}_{Bc}$$

$$y = \underbrace{Cx}_{C_c} = \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{A_c = A - BKC} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & +35 & 15 \\ 2 & & \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_c = C = [0 \ -20 \ -40]$$

Check Observability Using observability matrix;

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -20 & -40 \\ 40 & -40 & 20 \\ -320 & 720 & 640 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(W) = -40 \begin{vmatrix} -20 & -40 \\ 720 & 640 \end{vmatrix} - 320 \begin{vmatrix} -20 & -40 \\ -40 & 20 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -40(-12800 + 28800) - 320(-400 - 1600)$$

$$= -4000[(-128 + 288) + 8(4 - 16)]$$

$$= -4000[160 - 160] = 0 \Rightarrow$$

Due to the pole-zero cancellation, the system is unobservable.

The closed loop system is unobservable.