## Linear attacks

$$\text{Pr} \Big[ \ m[i_1] \oplus \cdots \oplus m[i_r] \ \oplus \ c[j_j] \oplus \cdots \oplus c[j_v] \ = \ k[l_1] \oplus \cdots \oplus k[l_u] \ \Big] = \frac{1}{2} + \epsilon$$

Thm: given  $1/\epsilon^2$  random (m, c=DES(k, m)) pairs then

$$k[l_1,...,l_u] = MAJ \left[ m[i_1,...,i_r] \bigoplus c[j_i,...,j_v] \right]$$

with prob. ≥ 97.7%

⇒ with  $1/\epsilon^2$  inp/out pairs can find  $k[l_1,...,l_u]$  in time  $\approx 1/\epsilon^2$ .