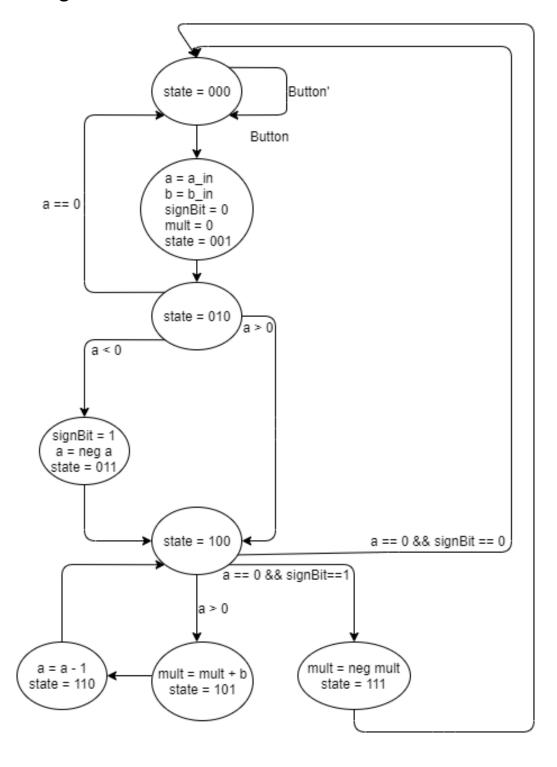
CSE 232 SPRING 2020 PROJECT 2 Ali Bahar-171044066

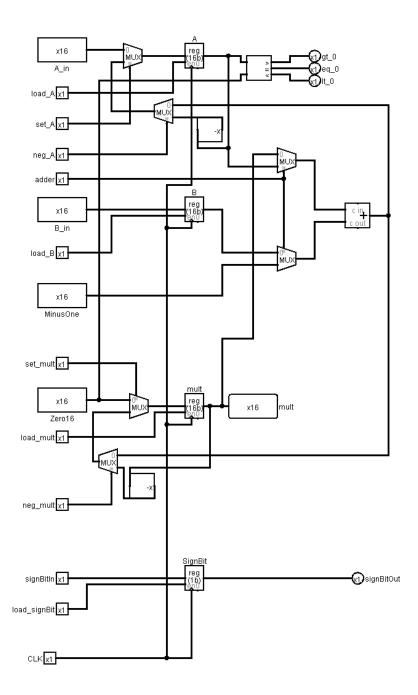
Problem solution with C

```
1. signBit = 0;
2. a = a_in;
3. b = b_{in};
4. mult = 0;
5.
6. if(a < 0){</pre>
       a = ~a;
7.
8.
       ++a;
9.
       signBit = 1;
10. }
11.
12. while(a > 0){
13.
      mult = mult + b;
14.
       a = a-1;
15. }
16.
17. if(signBit){
       mult = ~mult;
18.
19.
       ++mult;
20. }
21.
22. return mult;
```

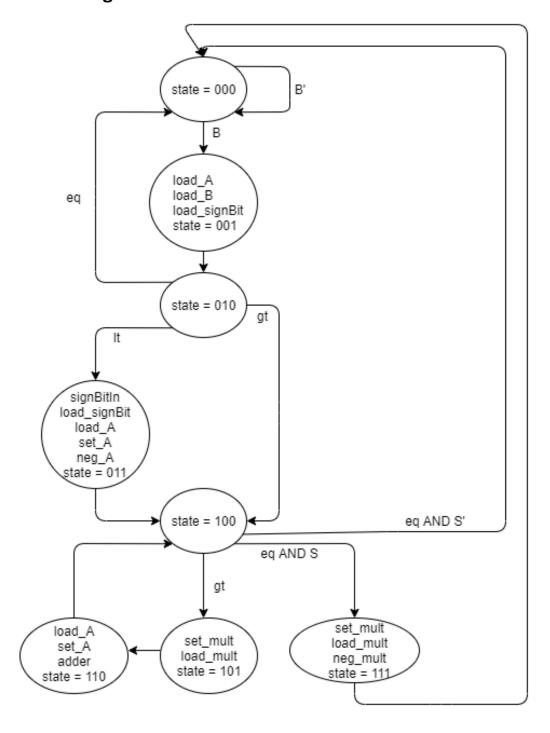
State Diagram



Data Path



New State Diagram



Truth Table and Boolean Expressions

s2	s1	s0	gt	eq	ls	S	В	n2	n1	n0
0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	Х	Х	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0	Х	Х	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	Х	Х	0	1	1
0	1	1	Х	Х	х	Х	х	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	Х	Х	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	Х	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Х	0	0	0
1	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	0
1	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	0
1	1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0

s2=current state bit, s1=current state bit, s0=current state bit, gt=greater than, eq=equal, S=sign bit, n2=next state biy, n1=next state bit, n0=next state bit.

$$n2 = s2'.s1.s0'.gt + s2'.s1.s0 + s2.s1'.s0'.gt + s2.s1'.s0' .eq.S + s2.s1'.s0 + s2.s1.s0'$$

 $n2 = s2'.s1.(gt + s0) + s2.s1'.s0'.(gt + eq.S) + s2(s1 XOR s0)$

$$n1 = s2'.s1'.s0 + s2's1.s0'.lt + s2.s1'.s0'.eq.S + s2.s1'.s0$$

 $n1 = s1'.(s0 + (s2.eq.S)) + s2'.s1.s0'.lt$

$$no = s2'.s1'.s0'.B + s2'.s1.s0'.lt + s2.s1'.s0'.gt + s2.s1'.s0'.eq.S$$

$$n0 = s2'.s0'.(s1'.B + s1.lt) + s2.s1'.s0'.(gt + eq.S)$$

States	Loa d	Se t	Ne g	Loa d	Set _mul	Load _mult	Neg _mult	SignBitIn	Load_signBit	adder
	_A	_A	_A	_B	t					
S0 (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S1 (001)	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
S2 (010)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S3 (011)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
S4 (100)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

S5 (101)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
S6 (110)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
S7 (111)	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

 $Load_A = S1 + S3 + S6$

 $Set_A = S3 + S6$

 $Neg_A = S3$

 $Load_B = S1$

 $Set_mult = S5 + S7$

 $Load_mult = S1 + S5 + S7$

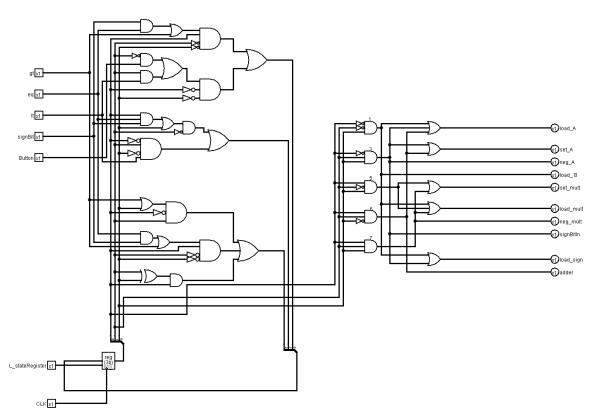
Neg_mult = S7

SignBitIn = S3

 $Load_signMit = S1 + S3$

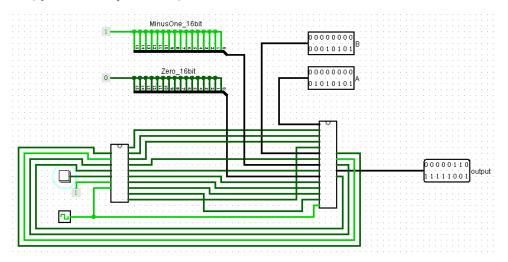
Adder = S6

Control Unit



Test

• Case 1 (positive - positive)

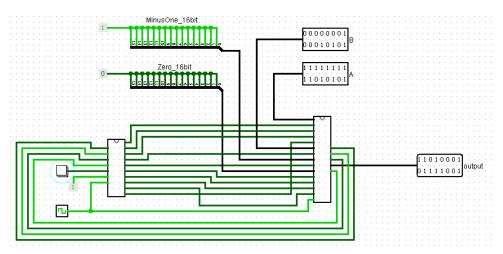


A = 00000000 00010101 = 21

B = 00000000 01010101 = 85

Output = 00000110 11111001 = 1785

• Case 2 (negative - positive)

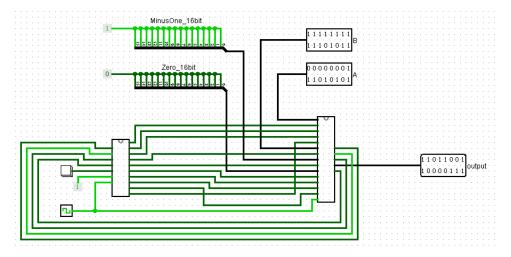


A = 11111111 11010101 = -43

B = 0000000100010101 = 277

Output = 11010001 01111001 = -11911

Case 3 (positive- negative)

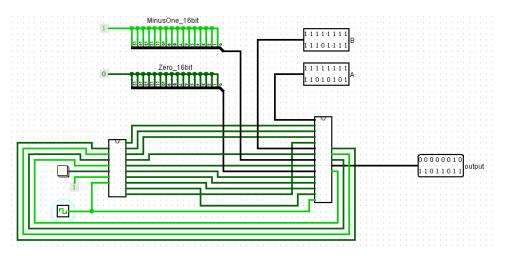


A = 00000001 11010101 = 469

B = 1111111 11101011 = -21

Output = 11011001 10000111 = -9849

• Case 4(negative - negative)



A = 11111111 11010101 = -43

B = 11111111 11101111 = -17

Output = 00000010 11011011 = 731