

عنوان کتابخانه: S_z و S_x

2: $|1111\rangle$

1: $|1111\rangle, |1112\rangle, |1123\rangle, |1144\rangle$

0: $|1111\rangle, |1112\rangle, |1123\rangle, |1144\rangle, |1255\rangle, |1666\rangle$

-1: $|1111\rangle, |1112\rangle, |1123\rangle, |1144\rangle$

-2: $|1111\rangle$

transition operator: $T(1234) = |1, 2, 3\rangle$

transition for $S_z = 2$

$$\left(\langle 1111 | T | 1111 \rangle \right) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue: } 1 \\ |k=0\rangle = |11\rangle \end{cases}$$

transition for $S_z = 1$:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle 1111 | T | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1111 | T | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1111 | T | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1111 | T | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1112 | T | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1112 | T | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1112 | T | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1112 | T | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1123 | T | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1123 | T | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1123 | T | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1123 | T | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1144 | T | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1144 | T | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1144 | T | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1144 | T | 1144 \rangle \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \langle 1111 | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1111 | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1111 | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1111 | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1112 | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1112 | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1112 | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1112 | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1123 | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1123 | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1123 | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1123 | 1144 \rangle \\ \langle 1144 | 1111 \rangle & \langle 1144 | 1112 \rangle & \langle 1144 | 1123 \rangle & \langle 1144 | 1144 \rangle \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = S'_1$$

نتیجه: $\det(S'_1 - \lambda I) = 0$

- eigenvalue 1: $-1 \quad |k=\pi\rangle = -|1\rangle + |2\rangle - |3\rangle + |4\rangle$
- eigenvalue 2: $i \quad |k=\pi/2\rangle = i|1\rangle - |2\rangle - i|3\rangle + |4\rangle$
- eigenvalue 3: $-i \quad |k=-\pi/2\rangle = -i|1\rangle - |2\rangle + i|3\rangle + |4\rangle$
- eigenvalue 4: $1 \quad |k=0\rangle = |1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle$

transition for $S_z = 0$:

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الانتقال

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle \\
 \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle & \langle + + - - | T | + + - - \rangle
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \sum_0$$

$$\det(S_0 - \lambda I) = 0$$

eigenvalue 1: $-1, |K = \pi\rangle = |1\rangle - |3\rangle - |4\rangle + |6\rangle$

eigen value 2: $-1, |K = \pi\rangle = |12\rangle - |15\rangle$

eigen value 3: $i, |K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = i|1\rangle + |13\rangle - i|14\rangle + i|6\rangle$

eigen value 4: $-i, |K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = i|1\rangle + |13\rangle - i|14\rangle - i|6\rangle$

eigen value 5: $1, |K = 0\rangle = |2\rangle + |5\rangle$

eigen value 6: $1, |K = 0\rangle = |1\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle + |6\rangle$

Transition for $S_z = 2$:

$$\langle - - - - | T | - - - - \rangle = (1) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{eigen value: } 1 \\ |K = 0\rangle = |1\rangle \end{cases}$$

for $S_z = -1$ transition:

انتقال

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 \langle +--- | T | +--- \rangle & \langle +--- | T | -+- \rangle & \langle +--- | T | --+ \rangle & \langle +--- | T | --- \rangle \\
 \langle -+- | T | +--- \rangle & \langle -+- | T | -+- \rangle & \langle -+- | T | --+ \rangle & \langle -+- | T | --- \rangle \\
 \langle --+ | T | +--- \rangle & \langle --+ | T | -+- \rangle & \langle --+ | T | --+ \rangle & \langle --+ | T | --- \rangle \\
 \langle --- | T | +--- \rangle & \langle --- | T | -+- \rangle & \langle --- | T | --+ \rangle & \langle --- | T | --- \rangle
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0
 \end{bmatrix} = S'_{-1}$$

$$\det(S'_{-1} - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases}
 \text{eigenvalue 1: } -1 \Rightarrow |K=\pi\rangle = |1\rangle - |2\rangle + |3\rangle - |4\rangle \\
 \text{eigenvalue 2: } i \Rightarrow |K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -i|1\rangle - |2\rangle + i|3\rangle + |4\rangle \\
 \text{eigenvalue 3: } -i \Rightarrow |K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = i|1\rangle - |2\rangle - i|3\rangle + |4\rangle \\
 \text{eigenvalue 4: } 1 \Rightarrow |K=0\rangle = |1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle
 \end{cases}$$

حال که کت‌ها را برای هر یکی از S_z با عمل دادن اُپراتور انتقال حاصل می‌شود را اثر هیس، قبل از آن حرکت را بهنجاری کنیم:

for $S_z = 2$:

$$H|1\rangle = H|++++\rangle = |++++\rangle$$

for $S_z = 1$:

* اثر هیس برای ویژه کت های S_z را در بخش
با به طور تحلیلی حساب کردیم که در اینجا از آن نتایج
مجهود می‌بریم.

$$* |K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} (-|1\rangle + |2\rangle - |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H|K=\pi\rangle &= H\left(\frac{1}{4}(-|1\rangle + |2\rangle - |3\rangle + |4\rangle)\right) = H\left\{\frac{1}{4}(-|++++\rangle + |+-++\rangle - |-+++\rangle + |--++\rangle)\right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2}(|+-++\rangle + |--++\rangle) + \frac{1}{2}(|+++-\rangle + |++-+\rangle) - \frac{1}{2}(|-+++\rangle + |-++-\rangle) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}(|+--++\rangle + |+++-\rangle) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ -2(|+-++\rangle + |--++\rangle) + 2(|+++-\rangle + |++-+\rangle) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ |+++-\rangle - |+-++\rangle + |++-+\rangle - |--++\rangle \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$* |K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \lambda |1\rangle - |2\rangle - \lambda |3\rangle + |4\rangle$$

$$H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \lambda H|1\rangle - H|2\rangle - \lambda H|3\rangle + H|4\rangle = \frac{\lambda}{2} (|++-\rangle + |+-++\rangle) - \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) - \frac{\lambda}{2} (|---\rangle + |++-\rangle) + \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$* |K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\lambda |1\rangle - |2\rangle + \lambda |3\rangle + |4\rangle$$

$$H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\lambda H|1\rangle - H|2\rangle + \lambda H|3\rangle + H|4\rangle = -\frac{\lambda}{2} (|++-\rangle + |+-++\rangle) - \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) + \frac{\lambda}{2} (|---\rangle + |++-\rangle) + \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$* |K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

$$H|K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{4} (|++-\rangle + |+-++\rangle) + \frac{1}{4} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) + \frac{1}{4} (|---\rangle + |++-\rangle) + \frac{1}{4} (|+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle) = \frac{1}{2} (|++-\rangle + |+-++\rangle + |+-++\rangle + |++-\rangle)$$

for $S_z=0$:

$$* |K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|1\rangle - |3\rangle - |4\rangle + |6\rangle)$$

$$H|K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{4} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) - \frac{1}{4} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) - \frac{1}{4} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) + \frac{1}{4} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) = \frac{0}{4}$$

$$* |K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\lambda |1\rangle + |3\rangle - |4\rangle + \lambda |6\rangle$$

$$H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\frac{\lambda}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) + \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) - \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) + \frac{\lambda}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$* |K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = +\lambda |1\rangle + |3\rangle - |4\rangle - \lambda |6\rangle$$

$$H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{\lambda}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) + \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) - \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) - \frac{\lambda}{2} (|1-+-\rangle + |+-1-\rangle) = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$* |K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

$$H|K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) = \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)$$

$$* |K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|2\rangle - |5\rangle)$$

$$H|K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)$$

$$* |K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|2\rangle + |5\rangle)$$

$$H|K=0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-|1-1-1\rangle - |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle - |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)$$

for $S_z = -1$:

$$* |K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle - |2\rangle + |3\rangle - |4\rangle)$$

$$H|K=\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) - \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) - \frac{1}{4}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}(-|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle - |1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle)$$

$$* |K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle - |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

$$H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) - \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) + \frac{1}{2}(|1-1-1\rangle + |1-1-1\rangle) = 0$$

$$* |K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = i|1\rangle - |2\rangle - i|3\rangle + |4\rangle$$

$$H|K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{i}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) - \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) + \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) = 0$$

$$* |K = 0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

$$H|K = 0\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) + \frac{1}{4}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle)$$

for $S_z = -2$:

$$* |K = 0\rangle = |1\rangle$$

$$H|K = 0\rangle = |1\rangle$$

حال هایستون طوی بلوک تطبیق را نمایش می دهیم:

$$\text{for } S_z = 2 : \langle K = 1 | \begin{matrix} H|K=0\rangle \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{for } S_z = -2 : \langle K = -1 | \begin{matrix} H|K=0\rangle \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{for } S_z = +1 : \begin{matrix} \langle K = \pi | \\ \langle K = \frac{\pi}{2} | \\ \langle K = -\frac{\pi}{2} | \\ \langle K = 0 | \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} H|K=\pi\rangle & H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle & H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle & H|K=0\rangle \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{for } S_z = -1 : \begin{matrix} \langle K = \pi | \\ \langle K = \frac{\pi}{2} | \\ \langle K = -\frac{\pi}{2} | \\ \langle K = 0 | \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} H|K=\pi\rangle & H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle & H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle & H|K=0\rangle \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

for $S_z = 0$:

$$\begin{matrix} \langle k=n | \\ \langle k=\frac{n}{2} | \\ \langle k=\frac{n}{2} | \\ \langle k=0 | \\ \langle k=n | \\ \langle k=0 | \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} H|k=n\rangle & H|k=\frac{n}{2}\rangle & H|k=-\frac{n}{2}\rangle & H|k=0\rangle & H|k=n\rangle & H|k=0\rangle \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix} = S_z^1$$

$$S_z^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

ماتریس های صفر پایه $S_z = 2, S_z = -2, S_z = 1, S_z = -1$ هر قطری بودند و عناصر روی قطر اصلی

ویریه مقادیر را به ما می دادند که عبارتند از:

* $S_z = 2$: eigenvalue = +1

* $S_z = -2$: eigen value = +1

* $S_z = +1$: eigen values = -1, 0, 0, 1

* $S_z = -1$: eigen values = -1, 0, 0, 1

حال برای $S_z = 0$ که بلوک قطری است به شکل درماتریس 3×3 که ماتریس 3×3 بلوک قطری است اما یابنی خنید که آن را حل می کنیم:

$$\det(S_z^2 - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & -1-\lambda & 0 \\ \sqrt{2} & 0 & -1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = ((-\lambda \times (-1-\lambda) \times (-1-\lambda)) + 0 + 0) - (2 \times (-1-\lambda) + 0 + 0)$$

$$= -(\lambda^3 + 2\lambda^2 + \lambda) - (-2 - 2\lambda) = -\lambda^3 - 2\lambda^2 + \lambda + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 = -2, \lambda_2 = -1, \lambda_3 = 1$$

حال که ریشه های ماتریس بلوک قطری را یابیم و این را نیز می توانیم ریشه های ماتریس $S_z = 0$ که ویریه مقادیر ما هستند را بگویم:

* $S_z = 0$: eigenvalues: -2, -1, 0, 0, 1

* ویریه مقادیر را به ما می دادند که عبارتند از:

①

حل بخش ۵:

بنابراین کما در پستی S_{tot} و S_z را از دست می‌داریم و حالت انتقال و عملگر انتقال را بررسی می‌کنیم. کما در پستی S_{tot} و S_z را از دست می‌دهیم، در نتیجه خواص - آداب:

for $S_{tot} = 2$ transition we have:

$$* |2, +2\rangle = |++++\rangle$$

اثر عملگر انتقال خودی را می‌دهد

$$(\langle 2, +2 | T | 2, +2 \rangle) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue} = 1 \\ |K=0\rangle = |2, +2\rangle \end{cases}$$

$$* |2, +1\rangle = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (|1, +\rangle \otimes |1, +\rangle + |1, +\rangle \otimes |1, 0\rangle) = \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |-+++\rangle + |+++-\rangle + |++-+\rangle)$$

اثر عملگر انتقال خودی را می‌دهد

$$(\langle 2, +1 | T | 2, +1 \rangle) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue} = 1 \\ |K=0\rangle = |2, +1\rangle \end{cases}$$

$$* |2, 0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \{ |+- - -\rangle + |- + - -\rangle + |-- + -\rangle + |-- - +\rangle \}$$

اثر عملگر انتقال خودی را می‌دهد

$$(\langle 2, 0 | T | 2, 0 \rangle) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue} = 1 \\ |K=0\rangle = |2, 0\rangle \end{cases}$$

$$* |2, -1\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|+ - - -\rangle + |- + - -\rangle + |-- + -\rangle + |-- - +\rangle)$$

اثر عملگر انتقال خودی را می‌دهد

$$(\langle 2, -1 | T | 2, -1 \rangle) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue} = 1 \\ |K=0\rangle = |2, -1\rangle \end{cases}$$

$$* |2, -2\rangle = |-- --\rangle$$

اثر عملگر انتقال خودی را می‌دهد

$$(\langle 2, -2 | T | 2, -2 \rangle) = (1) \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue} = 1 \\ |K=0\rangle = |2, -2\rangle \end{cases}$$

for $S_{tot} = 1$ transition we have:

$$\begin{aligned} S_Z = +1: & [T \otimes T] : |b, +\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |-+++\rangle - |+++-\rangle - |++-+\rangle) \\ & [T \otimes S] : |b, +\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+++-\rangle - |++-+\rangle) \\ & [S \otimes T] : |b, +\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+-++\rangle - |-+++\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TT} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{ST} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 1 | T | 1, 1 \rangle_{ST} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = T_{1,1}$$

* حالت های انتقال یافته را در بردار استنادی که به نام ماتریس را به دست می آوریم

$$T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TT} = \frac{1}{2} (|+-++\rangle + |-+++\rangle - |+++-\rangle - |++-+\rangle)$$

$$T | 1, 1 \rangle_{TS} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+++-\rangle - |++-+\rangle)$$

$$T | 1, 1 \rangle_{ST} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+-++\rangle - |-+++\rangle)$$

حل: $\det(T_{11} - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{cases} \text{eigen value 1: } i \Rightarrow |K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1, 1\rangle_{TT} - \frac{i}{2} |1, 1\rangle_{TS} + \frac{i}{2} |1, 1\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigen value 2: } -i \Rightarrow |K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1, 1\rangle_{TT} + \frac{i}{2} |1, 1\rangle_{TS} - \frac{i}{2} |1, 1\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigen value 3: } -1 \Rightarrow |K = +\pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1, 1\rangle_{TS} + |1, 1\rangle_{ST}) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_Z = 0: & [T \otimes T] : |1, 0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1--++\rangle - |1+-+-\rangle) \\ & [T \otimes S] : |1, 0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|1+-+-\rangle + |-+++-\rangle - |1+--+ \rangle - |-+-+ \rangle) \\ & [S \otimes T] : |1, 0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|1+-+-\rangle - |-+++-\rangle + |1+--+ \rangle - |-+-+ \rangle) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TT} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{ST} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, 0 | T | 1, 0 \rangle_{ST} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = T_{1,0}$$

* حالت های انتقال یافته را در بردار استنادی که به نام ماتریس را به دست می آوریم

$$T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TT} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1--++\rangle - |1+-+-\rangle)$$

$$T | 1, 0 \rangle_{TS} = \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-+\rangle + |1--++\rangle - |1+-+-\rangle - |1+--+ \rangle)$$

$$T | 1, 0 \rangle_{ST} = \frac{1}{2} (|1-+-+\rangle - |1--++\rangle + |1+-+-\rangle - |1+--+ \rangle)$$

(2)

$$\text{for } \vec{S} = -1 : \det(T_{1,0} - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{eigen value 1: } i \Rightarrow |K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1,0\rangle_{TT} - \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{TS} + \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigen value 2: } -i \Rightarrow |K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1,0\rangle_{TT} + \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{TS} - \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigen value 3: } -1 \Rightarrow |K = \pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1,0\rangle_{TS} + |1,0\rangle_{ST}) \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{S}_Z = -1 : [T \otimes T] \Rightarrow |1, -1\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|1, -1\rangle + |1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$[T \otimes S] \Rightarrow |1, -1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$[S \otimes T] \Rightarrow |1, -1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TT} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{ST} \\ \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{ST} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TS} & \langle 1, -1 | T | 1, -1 \rangle_{ST} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = T_{1,-1}$$

حالت های انتقال یافته را در یک قرار می دهیم تا بتوانیم رابطه را بنویسیم

$$* T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TT} = \frac{1}{2}(|1, -1\rangle + |1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$* T | 1, -1 \rangle_{TS} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$* T | 1, -1 \rangle_{ST} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1, -1\rangle - |1, -1\rangle)$$

$$\text{for } \vec{S} = 0 : \det(T_{1,0} - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{eigenvalue 1: } i \Rightarrow |K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1,0\rangle_{TT} - \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{TS} + \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigenvalue 2: } -i \Rightarrow |K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1,0\rangle_{TT} + \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{TS} - \frac{i}{2}|1,0\rangle_{ST} \\ \text{eigen value 3: } -1 \Rightarrow |K = \pi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|1,0\rangle_{TS} + |1,0\rangle_{ST}) \end{cases}$$

for $\vec{S}_{tot} = 0$ transition we have:

$$\vec{S}_Z = 0 : [T \otimes T] : |0,0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\{|1,0\rangle - \frac{1}{2}(|1,0\rangle + |1,0\rangle + |1,0\rangle) + |1,0\rangle\}$$

$$[S \otimes S] : |0,0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}\{|1,0\rangle - |1,0\rangle - |1,0\rangle + |1,0\rangle\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle 0,0 | T | 0,0 \rangle_{\tau\tau} & \langle 0,0 | T | 0,0 \rangle_{\tau\sigma} \\ \langle 0,0 | T | 0,0 \rangle_{\sigma\tau} & \langle 0,0 | T | 0,0 \rangle_{\sigma\sigma} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = T_{0,0}$$

$$* T | 0,0 \rangle_{\tau\tau} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left\{ 1 - + + - - \frac{1}{2} (1 - + - + + + 1 + + - - + + 1 - - + + + 1 + - + - + + 1 + - - + +) \right\}$$

$$* T | 0,0 \rangle_{\sigma\sigma} = \frac{1}{2} (1 - + - + - - 1 - - + + - - 1 + + - - + + 1 + - + - + -)$$

$$\text{حل سؤال 2: } \det(T_{0,0} - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{eigen value 1: } -1 \Rightarrow |k=\pi\rangle = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |0,0\rangle_{\tau\tau} + \frac{1}{2} |0,0\rangle_{\sigma\sigma} \\ \text{eigen value 2: } +1 \Rightarrow |k=0\rangle = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |0,0\rangle_{\sigma\sigma} + \frac{1}{2} |0,0\rangle_{\tau\tau} \end{cases}$$

حل سؤال 3: $S_{tot} = 2$: $H |k=0\rangle = |2, +2\rangle$

$$1: H |k=0\rangle_{2,2} = |2, +2\rangle$$

$$2: H |k=0\rangle_{2,1} = |2, +1\rangle$$

$$3: H |k=0\rangle_{2,0} = |2, 0\rangle$$

$$4: H |k=0\rangle_{2,-1} = |2, -1\rangle$$

$$5: H |k=0\rangle_{2,-2} = |2, -2\rangle$$

for $S_{tot} = 1$:

$$1: H |k=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 0 - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{-1}{2\sqrt{2}} |+++-\rangle + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |+-++\rangle - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |+--+ \rangle + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |--++\rangle \right) \\ + \frac{i}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |+-++\rangle + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |--++\rangle + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |++-+ \rangle - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} |+++-\rangle \right) \\ = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2: H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,1} &= \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 0\right)}_0 - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1+++ \rightarrow +1+-+ \rightarrow -1+-++ \rightarrow +1-+++ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1+++ \rightarrow +1+-+ \rightarrow -1+-++ \rightarrow +1-+++ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{0}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3: H|K=+\pi\rangle_{1,1} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1+++ \rightarrow +1+-+ \rightarrow -1+-++ \rightarrow +1-+++ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1+++ \rightarrow +1+-+ \rightarrow -1+-++ \rightarrow +1-+++ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \{-1+++ \rightarrow +1+-+ \rightarrow -1+-++ \rightarrow +1-+++ \rightarrow\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4: H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,0} &= \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 0\right)}_0 - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad + \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{0}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5: H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,0} &= \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 0\right)}_0 + \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{0}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6: H|K=+\pi\rangle_{1,0} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [-1+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 7: H|K=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} &= \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 0\right)}_0 - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1--- \rightarrow +1--- \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow -1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &\quad + \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1-+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow -1-+-+ \rightarrow +1-+-+ \rightarrow] \\
 &= \frac{0}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$8: H|K=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} = \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}_0 + \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1--+ \rightarrow + 1---+ \rightarrow + 1-+- \rightarrow - 1+--- \rightarrow] \\ - \frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1+--- \rightarrow + 1-+- \rightarrow - 1--+ \rightarrow + 1---+ \rightarrow] \\ = 0$$

$$9: H|K=+\pi\rangle_{1,-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1--+ \rightarrow + 1---+ \rightarrow + 1-+- \rightarrow - 1+--- \rightarrow] \\ + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) [-1--+ \rightarrow + 1---+ \rightarrow + 1-+- \rightarrow - 1+--- \rightarrow] \\ = \frac{1}{2} \{-1--+ \rightarrow + 1---+ \rightarrow + 1-+- \rightarrow - 1+--- \rightarrow\}$$

for $S_{tot}=0$:

$$1: H|K=\pi\rangle_{0,0} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left\{ 1+-+ \rightarrow - \frac{1}{2}(1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) + 1-+-+ \rightarrow \right\} \\ + \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \left\{ -1+-+ \rightarrow + \frac{1}{2}(1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) - 1-+-+ \rightarrow \right\} \\ = 0$$

$$2: H|K=0\rangle_{0,0} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times 1 \left\{ -1+-+ \rightarrow + \frac{1}{2}(1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) - 1-+-+ \rightarrow \right\} \\ + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left\{ 1+-+ \rightarrow - \frac{1}{2}(1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) + 1-+-+ \rightarrow \right\} \\ = \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}\right) 1+-+ \rightarrow + \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}\right) \frac{1}{2} (1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) \\ + \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}\right) 1-+-+ \rightarrow \\ = +\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} 1+-+ \rightarrow - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (1+--+ \rightarrow + 1-++ \rightarrow + 1++- \rightarrow + 1--++ \rightarrow) \\ + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} 1-+-+ \rightarrow = -|0,0\rangle_{T,T} + \sqrt{3} |2,0\rangle_{S,S}$$

(4)

for $s_{tot} = 1$: (1) $|K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,1} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1+-++\rangle + 1-+++\rangle - 1+++ \rangle - 1++-\rangle]$

$$-\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [1+ ++\rangle - 1++-\rangle]$$

$$+\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [1+-++\rangle - 1-+++\rangle]$$

$$= \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+-++\rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |-+++\rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+++ \rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |++-\rangle$$

(2) $|K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,1} = -\left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+-++\rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |-+++\rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+++ \rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |++-\rangle$

(3) $|K = \pi\rangle_{1,1} = \frac{1}{2} [1+++ \rangle - 1++-\rangle + 1-+++\rangle - 1-++ \rangle]$

(4) $|K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [1--++\rangle - 1++--\rangle]$

$$-\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1+-++\rangle + 1-++-\rangle - 1+--+\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$$

$$+\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1+-+-\rangle - 1-++-\rangle + 1+--+\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [-1--++\rangle + 1++--\rangle - i|+-++\rangle + i|+--+\rangle]$$

(5) $|K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} = \frac{1}{2} [-1--++\rangle + 1++--\rangle + i|+-++\rangle - i|+--+\rangle]$

(6) $|K = \pi\rangle_{1,-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [1+-+-\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$

(7) $|K = \frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1-+-+\rangle + 1---+\rangle - 1+---\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$

$$-\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [1--+-\rangle - 1---+\rangle]$$

$$+\frac{i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) [1+---\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$$

$$= -\left(\frac{1+i}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |--+-\rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |---+\rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+---\rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |-+-+\rangle$$

(8) $|K = -\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{1,-1} = \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |--+-\rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |---+\rangle - \left(\frac{\lambda-1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |+---\rangle + \left(\frac{\lambda+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) |-+-+\rangle$

(9) $|K = \pi\rangle_{1,-1} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [1+---\rangle + 1-+-+\rangle - 1---+\rangle - 1-+-+\rangle]$

for $\mathbb{S}_{tot} = 2 \%$

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle K = -1 \rangle_{2,2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}^{H(K=\cdot)_{2,2}} & \langle K = -1 \rangle_{2,1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}^{H(K=\cdot)_{2,1}} & \langle K = -1 \rangle_{2,0} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}^{H(K=\cdot)_{2,0}} \\ & \langle K = -1 \rangle_{2,-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}^{H(K=\cdot)_{2,-1}} & \langle K = -1 \rangle_{2,-2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}^{H(K=\cdot)_{2,-2}} \end{aligned}$$

for $S_{tot} = 1$:

$$\begin{matrix}
 \langle k = \frac{\pi}{2} |_{1,1} & \langle k = -\frac{\pi}{2} |_{1,1} & \langle k = \pi |_{1,1} \\
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & -1
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix}
 \langle k = \frac{\pi}{2} |_{1,2} & \langle k = -\frac{\pi}{2} |_{1,2} & \langle k = \pi |_{1,2} \\
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & -1
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{matrix}$$

$$H|k=\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{l,-1} \quad H|k=-\frac{\pi}{2}\rangle_{l,-1} \quad H|k=\pi\rangle_{l,-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle k=\frac{\pi}{2}| & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \langle k=-\frac{\pi}{2}| & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \langle k=\pi| & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

for $\sigma_{tot} = 0$: $|k=\pi\rangle_{\dots} = \frac{1}{2} [|++--\rangle - |-++-\rangle - |+--+\rangle + |--++\rangle]$

$$|K=0\rangle_{\mu\mu} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} [|++--\rangle + |-++-\rangle + |+-+ \rangle + |--++\rangle] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} [|+-+-\rangle + |-+-+\rangle]$$

$$\begin{matrix} & |K=\pi\rangle_{\text{,,}} & |K=0\rangle_{\text{,,}} \\ \langle K=\pi|_{\text{,,}} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \langle K=0|_{\text{,,}} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

ما نظر که از صحاح شمس است یعنی هاترین قطر و در حدیث ما هستند
که عبارتند از: او، او، او، او، ده، ده، ده، ده، ده - دساتین می یکن است