

# Study of Lorentz Angle with Silicon strip detector for the CMS tracker upgrade

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# Plan of talk

- Lorentz angle and its importance.
- Present status.
- Where are we?
- Future plan?

# Lorentz angle and its importance

In presence of high magnetic field a Lorentz force acts on the drifting charge carriers produced by ionizing particles in the Silicon sensors of CMS Tracker and this leads to systematic shift in readout position of charges which degrades the tracking performance.

Charge carriers are deflected in a magnetic field perpendicular to electric field by Lorentz angle

$$\Theta_L = \frac{\Delta x}{d} = \mu_H B = r_H \mu B$$

Where  $d$  drift distance of charge along electric field

$\Delta x$  is shift of signal position

$\mu_H$  is Hall mobility

$\mu$  is drift mobility without magnetic field

$r_H$  is Hall scaling factor.  $r_H \simeq 0.7$  for holes and  $r_H \simeq 1.15$  for electrons at room temperature<sup>1</sup>.

# Necessity of LA

Measurement of Lorentz angle is very important for some reason<sup>2</sup>. Viz.

- It is one of the parameter in alignment correction.
- Monitor  $\mu_H$  changes to constrain the alignment fit and allow fits over during which the detector was not moved.
- Measurement of  $\mu_H$  will help to measure the position shift of charge particle due to Lorentz angle.
- Monitor  $\mu_H$  changes measure will help to follow detector aging.

# Present Status<sup>3</sup>

Clusterwidth vs tangente of track angle has been studied,

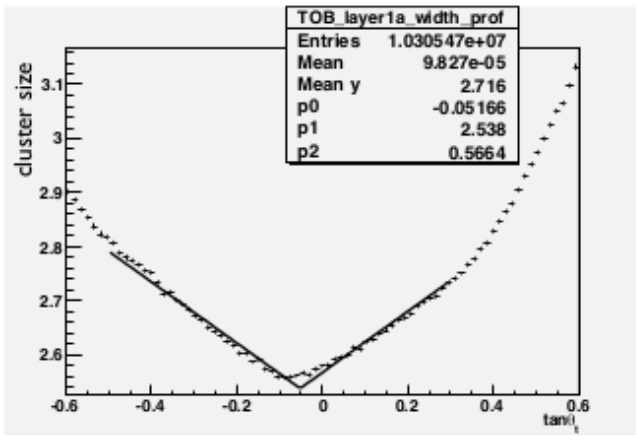


Figure 1 : Clusterwidth vs tangente of track angle