

Updates of Lorentz Angle for Silicon Strips

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Plan of talk

- Definition
- Method
- Calculation

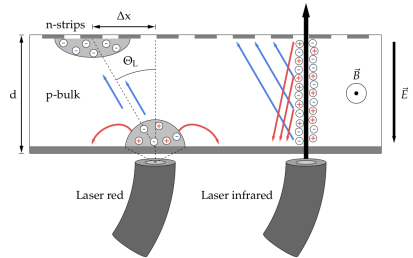
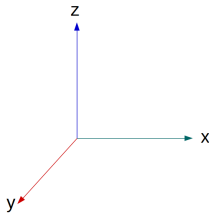
Definition

When a charged particle is moving in electromagnetic field then the force acting on that particle is given by,

$$\mathbf{F}=q(\mathbf{E}+\mathbf{v}\times\mathbf{B})$$

- The magnetic part of this force is balancing the centripetal force as that the particle bends from its original track under the influence of magnetic field.
- In CMS detector the beam line is surrounded by different type of detectors(Tracker, ECAL,HCAL etc)
- To collimate the beam which are going to collide each-other we need to apply high magnetic field so that the detector is submerged in intense magnetic field which will further affect the trajectory of moving charge particles following the principle given by Lorentz force equation.

Lorentz angle is defined as the deflection of charged carriers in a silicon sensor under the influence of magnetic field \mathbf{B} transverse to the drift direction. Measurement can be done in this way, by injecting charges at the surface on one side and observing the drift through the sensor by measuring the position of the charge on the opposite side. Two different types of carrier are collected in the p and n side respectively.



Geometry

The corresponding geometry of this physical process can be realized here in this cartoon. The **x coordinate** of the path endpoint at the junction side for hole formed at depth $z(\leq 0)$ is given by $\Delta x(z, \theta_t) = z \cdot \tan \theta_t + \delta x(z)$ where $z \cdot \tan \theta_t$ is the horizontal projection of the track and $\delta x(z)$ is the endpoint displacement of holes due to the Lorentz force.

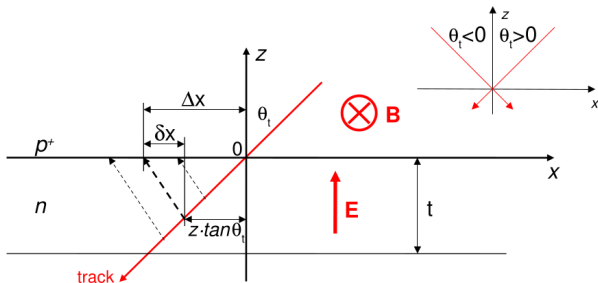


Figure 2 : Hole Δx displacement due to the Lorentz force

- Without **B**: In the absence of magnetic field the hole drift follows the direction of **E** which are perpendicular to the strips so that tracks orthogonal to the strips achieve minimum cluster width.
- With **B**: In presence of **B** the drift direction is no longer along the electric field, then the minimum cluster size is found for particles moving through the detector with same inclination as the drift lines (irrespective of the small shift due to **B**).

So in both cases measurement of track incident angle for which the cluster is minimum provides a direct measurement of LA.

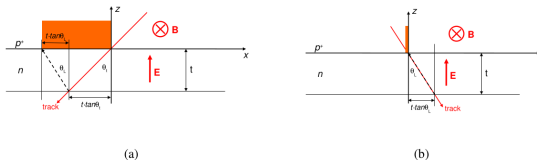


Figure 3 : Minimization of cluster

Calculation

- $\text{tsoslocaltheta} = \theta$ of the trajectory with respect to the local reference frame of the module (Z axis perpendicular to module)
- $\text{tsoslocalphi} = \phi$ of the trajectory with respect to the local reference frame of the module (Z axis perpendicular to module)
- $\text{tsosglobalZofunitlocalY} = \text{global Z projection of unitary local vector } (0,1,0)$
- $\text{clusterwidth} = \text{cluster width, e.g. number of strips forming the cluster.}$

$$\text{Trackangle}(\tan\theta) = \tan(\text{tsoslocaltheta}) * \cos(\text{tsoslocalphi}) * \text{tsosglobalZofunitlocalY}$$

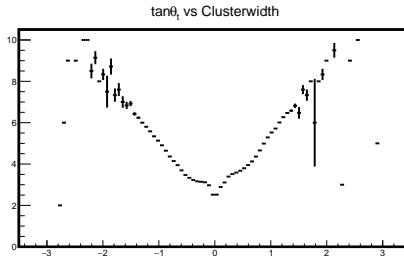


Figure 4 : Without any cut of η

Calculation

The Tracker cover a pseudorapidity range $0 < |\eta| < 2.5$ as a whole, but for barrel and endcaps cut-off to η is different. Barrel covers a pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 1.4$

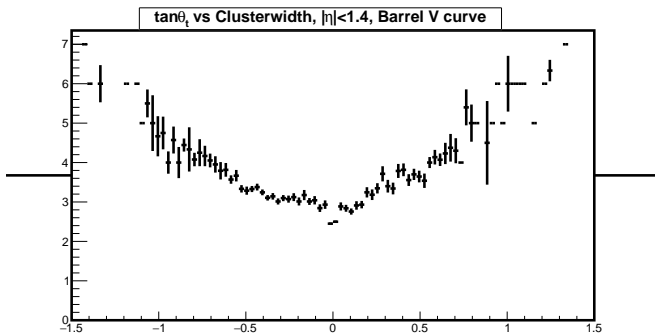


Figure 5 : Giving a cut of choice of η , 1.4 in barrel region

And also for endcap region covers the pseudorapidity range $0.9 < |\eta| < 2.4$, we are getting this curve trackangle vs clusterwidth

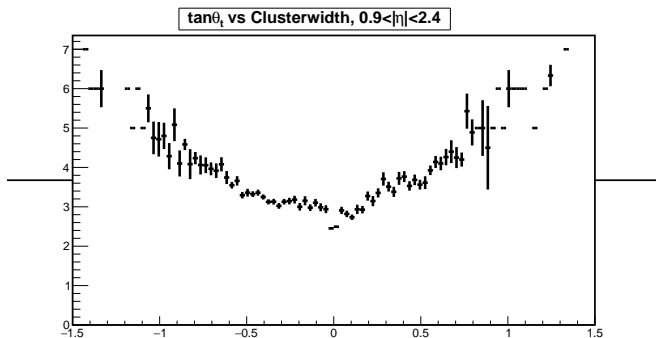


Figure 6 : Cut to η is $0.9 < \eta < 2.4$ in the endcap region

Now we are dealing with two NTuples, say for example :1. NTuple1.root I have downloaded from Gregory's repository.

2. Ntuple2.root which I have produced myself.

The motivation to move to new NTuples was driven by Andreas Nurnberg thesis *Studies On Irradiated Silicon Sensors For The CMS Tracker At The HL-LHC* he has produced these plots average clustervariance vs trackangle for 2 strip cluster and 3 strip cluster in layer 1 of TIB. But in old NTuple there was no such information or variable regarding to **layerwheel=layer for the barrel subdetectors/wheel for the endcap subdetectors**. To calculate mobility for Si strip coming from different layers we need that variable.

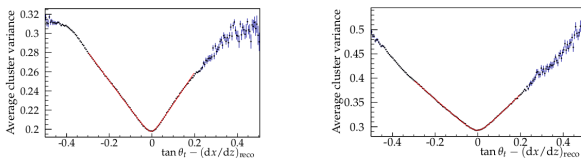


Figure 7 : Cluster Variance vs track angle for layer 1in TIB, *Nurnberg Thesis*

So I booked a new Ntuple after getting instructions from Suchandra Ma'am, variable I have been booked from SiStrip tree format twiki page and adding package CalibTracker/SiStripLorentzAngle. We have run over the release

CMSSW-8-0-0/RelValTTbar-13/GEN-SIM-RECO/PU25ns-80X-mcRun2-asymptotic-v4-v1

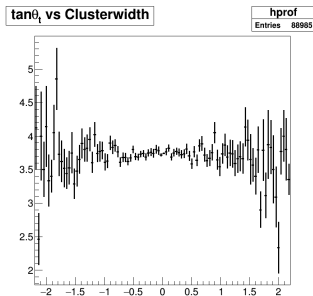
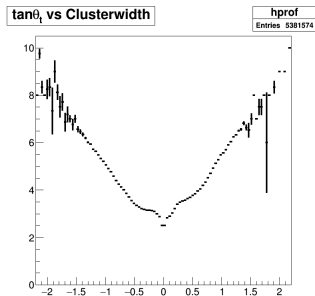
```
import FWCore.ParameterSet.Config as cms

from CalibTracker.SiStripCommon.ShallowClustersProducer_cfi import *
from CalibTracker.SiStripCommon.ShallowTrackClustersProducer_cfi import *
from CalibTracker.SiStripCommon.ShallowTracksProducer_cfi import *
from CalibTracker.SiStripCommon.ShallowSimTracksProducer_cfi import *
LorentzAngleOutputCommands = [
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterdetid *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusternumber *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clustersubdetid *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clustermodule *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clustewidth *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clustervariance *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clustercharge *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterlayerwheel *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterside *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterseedcharge *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterston *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusternoise *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterseedindex *',
    'keep * _shallowClusters_clusterseednoise *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackmulti *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackindex *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackclusterid *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostracklocalpitch *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackglobaltheta *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackglobalphi *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackstrip *',
    # 'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackdriftx *',
    # 'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackdriftz *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackprojected *',
    # 'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackstrip *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostracklocaltheta *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostracklocalphi *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackbdotY *',
    'keep * _shallowTrackClusters_tsostrackglobalZofunitlocalY *',
    'keep * _shallowTracks_tracknumber *',
    'keep * _shallowTracks_trackchi2 *',
    'keep * _shallowTracks_trackndof *',
    'keep * _shallowTracks_trackchi2ndof *',
    'keep * _shallowTracks_trackcharge *',

```

Figure 8 : ntuple-cff.py

But now the problem is we are getting something which is not expected. Left side is showing clusterwidth vs trackangle with old ntuple and right is showing the same with new ntuple. After getting this I am moving to new macro with selection of tracks and clusters corresponding to tracks. For that I have modified Prabhat's Sir's macro. The algorithm is following, declaration of variables, defining histograms, selection of tracks and clusters, then calculation of LA.



This is the snap shot of selection of cluster and tracks in the corresponding macro. This is a long code and it is giving M-range-error, may be we are reading vector more than its length. I hope if we fix this error then we have good results soon.

```
// Loop over the list of clusters
for(unsigned int k=0; k<clusterdetId->size(); k++)
{
    if(tsostrackMulti->at(k).l != 1) continue; // ???

    // Retrieve the informations related to the cluster
    ClusterId = clusterdetId->at(k);
    Width = clusterwidth->at(k);

    if(clusterseedCharge){ClusterSeedCharge = clusterseedCharge->at(k); hClusterSeedCharge->Fill(ClusterSeedCharge);}
    if(clusterSton){ ClusterSton = clusterSton->at(k); hClusterSton->Fill(ClusterSton);}
    if(clusterNoise){ ClusterNoise = clusterNoise->at(k); hClusterNoise->Fill(ClusterNoise);}
    if(clusterSeedNoise){ ClusterSeedNoise = clusterSeedNoise->at(k); hClusterSeedNoise->Fill(ClusterSeedNoise);}

    // Identify the track the cluster belongs to
    if(TrackIndex != tsostrackIndex->at(k)) TrackIndex = tsostrackIndex->at(k);

    // Retrieve the informations related to that track
    if(trackpt) Trackpt = trackpt->at(TrackIndex);
    if(trackchi2ndof) TrackChi2ndof = trackchi2ndof->at(TrackIndex);
    if(trackndof) Trackndof = trackndof->at(TrackIndex);
    if(trackhitsLost) TrackHitsLost = trackhitsLost->at(TrackIndex);
    if(trackhitsValid) TrackHitsValid = trackhitsValid->at(TrackIndex);

    if(trackpt && trackchi2ndof && trackndof && trackhitsLost && trackhitsValid)
    {
        if(Trackpt>0.3 && TrackChi2ndof<1.5 && Trackndof>4 && TrackHitsLost==0 && TrackHitsValid>3)
            TrackId = true;
    }
    else if(trackpt && trackchi2ndof && trackhitsLost && trackhitsValid)
    {
        if(Trackpt>0.3 && TrackChi2ndof<1.5 && TrackHitsLost==0 && TrackHitsValid>3)
            TrackId = true;
    }
    else if(trackpt && trackchi2ndof && trackhitsValid)
    {
        if(Trackpt>0.3 && TrackChi2ndof<1.5 && TrackHitsValid>3)
            TrackId = true;
    }
    else
        TrackId = false;
}
```

Figure 10 : Macro

Also I have tried to move in modular form of make class of the new ntuple. We are trying to finish this job as soon as possible.

```

1 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2 // This class has been automatically generated on
3 // Wed Mar 15 15:47:10 2017 by ROOT version 5.34/34
4 // From TTree tree/
5 // found on file: LorentzAngleInputVariables.root
6 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
7
8 #ifndef LorentzAngle_MD_h
9 #define LorentzAngle_MD_h
10
11 #include <TROOT.h>
12 #include <TChain.h>
13 #include <TFile.h>
14
15 // Header file for the classes stored in the TTree if any.
16 #include <vector>
17 #include <vector>
18 #include <vector>
19 #include <vector>
20
21 // Fixed size dimensions of array or collections stored in the TTree if any.
22
23 class LorentzAngle_MD {
24 public:
25     TTree *fChain; //pointer to the analyzed TTree or TChain
26     int_t fCurrent; //current Tree number in a TChain
27
28     // Declaration of leaf types
29     vector<double> *trackchi2;
30     vector<double> *trackchi2ndof;
31     vector<double> *trackdxy;
32     vector<double> *trackdxy;
33
34 #define LorentzAngle_MD_cxx
35 #include "LorentzAngle_MD.h"
36 #include <TStyle.h>
37 #include <TCanvas.h>
38
39 void LorentzAngle_MD::Loop()
40 {
41     // In a ROOT session, you can do:
42     // root > .L LorentzAngle_MD.C
43     // root > LorentzAngle_MD.C
44     // root > t.GetEntry(12); // Fill t data members with entry number 12
45     // root > t.Show(); // Show values of entry 12
46     // root > t.Show(16); // Read and show values of entry 16
47     // root > t.Loop(); // Loop on all entries
48
49     // This is the loop skeleton where:
50     // jentry is the global entry number in the chain
51     // jentry is the entry number in the current Tree
52     // Note that the argument to GetEntry must be:
53     // jentry for TChain::GetEntry
54     // jentry for TTree::GetEntry and TBranch::GetEntry
55
56     // To read only selected branches, insert statements like:
57     // METHOD01:
58     // fChain->SetBranchStatus("...",0); // Disable all branches
59     // fChain->SetBranchStatus("branchname",1); // activate branchname
60
61     // METHOD02: replace line
62     // fChain->GetEntry(jentry); //read all branches
63     // by fChain->GetEntry(jentry); //read only this branch
64     if (fChain == 0) return;
65
66     Long64_t nentries = fChain->GetEntriesFast();

```

Thank you