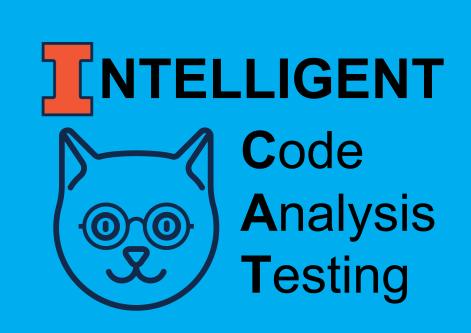


# Program Decomposition and Translation with Static Analysis

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#### **Code Translation**

Code translation converts source code from one programming language to another (Java  $\rightarrow$  Python).

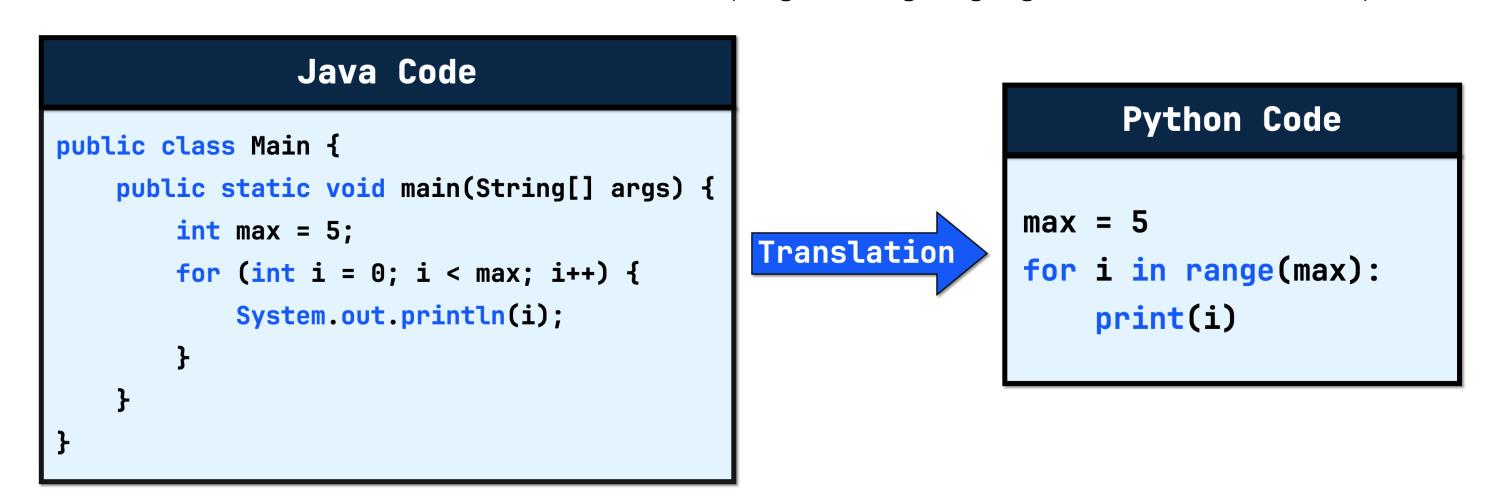


Figure 1. Translation of a code snippet from Java to Python.

#### **Problem Significance & Research Gap**

Use cases of code translation in industry include:

- Application Modernization: Upgrading the underlying languages of legacy applications (COBOL).
- Architecture Migration: Migrating monolithic software architecture to cloud-native ones.
- Performance Upgrade: Translation can be used to improve the performance of existing software.

Existing techniques for code translation broadly fall into the following categories:

- Transpilers: Tools like C2Rust [1] lack native target language features (e.g., memory safety).
- Learning-based Techniques: These techniques use parallel training data to learn different code features (e.g., mppSMT [2], TransCoder [4]).
- LLMs: LLMs have excelled in generative software engineering tasks, *generalizing* well and generating more *natural code*. In this work, we aim at answering the question "Can we effectively use LLMs for translating repository-level projects?".

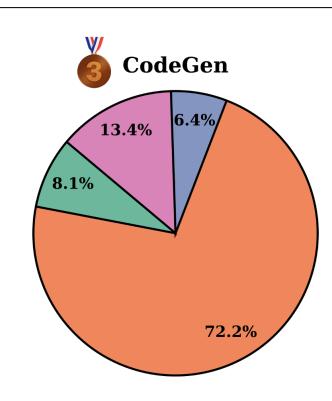
#### **Empirical Evaluation of LLMs [3]**

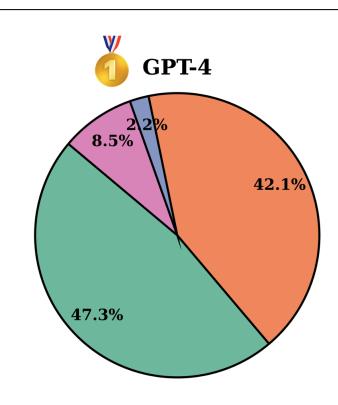
We systematically evaluated state-of-the-art LLMs on multiple benchmarks and real-world projects.

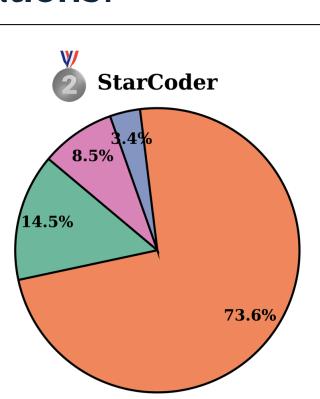
Datasat	Source Language	% Successful Translations				
Dataset		CodeGen	CodeGeeX	StarCoder	GPT-4	Llama 2
	С	23.4%	14.9%	42.0%	83.0%	14.9%
	C++	14.0%	3.6%	39.1%	80.0%	9.5%
CodeNet	Go	14.3%	5.9%	42.0%	85.5%	16.9%
	Java	21.3%	10.3%	30.3%	81.3%	13.9%
	Python	17.5%	7.3%	33.3%	79.9%	11.0%
Λ\/Λ <b>Τ</b> Λ D	Java	8.1%	1.8%	11.9%	70.8%	1.8%
AVATAR	Python	3.8%	1.6%	14.2%	52.2%	4.7%
Evalplus	Python	16.5%	3.7%	22.0%	79.3%	1.2%
Commons-CLI	Java	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.6%	0.0%
Click	Python	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Average	<del>-</del>	8.1%	2.8%	14.5%	47.3%	3.5%

Table 1. Empirical evaluation of LLMs on crafted and real-world benchmarks.

#### What Causes Unsuccessful Translations?





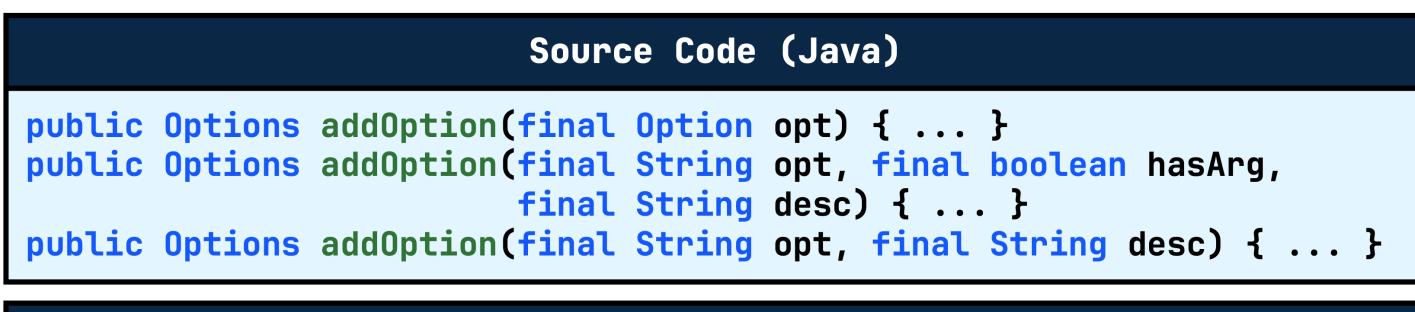


Correct Compile Error Runtime Error Wrong Output

Figure 2. Distribution of translation outcome of three best performing models.

#### Why LLMs Struggle with Real-world Projects?

Real-world projects pose more complex challenges for code translation, such as handling method overloading, exceptions, inheritance relations, etc. LLMs also suffer capturing the proper context due to inter- and intra-procedural dependencies.



public options addoption(final String opt, final String desc) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					
Translated Code (Python)					
<pre>def add_option(self, opt): def add_option_arg(self, opt, hasArg, desc): def add_option_desc(self, opt, desc):</pre>					

Figure 3. An illustrative example of unsuccessful translation generated by GPT-4 caused by method-overloading.

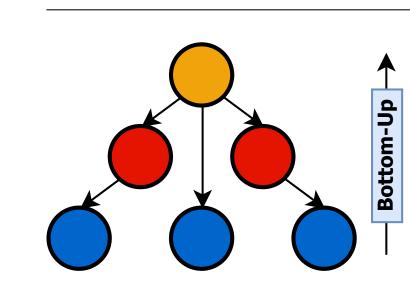
#### **Method-level Program Decomposition**

We propose method-level program decomposition to address the out-of-context issue with LLMs. To support our claim, we use static analysis to analyze 60K methods and study if it is feasible to decompose programs based on methods.

Project	% Files >2K Tokens	# Methods	Avg. Tokens / Method	% Methods > 2K Tokens	% 2K Context
bcel	11.29%	4,094	70.42	0.15%	3.44%
beanutils	29.84%	2,675	107.09	0.07%	5.23%
cli	30.77%	582	97.91	0.17%	4.78%
codec	48.30%	1,788	189.29	0.84%	9.24%
collections	19.34%	6,354	74.37	0.02%	3.63%
CSV	27.08%	871	102.53	0.11%	5.01%
daemon	27.78%	60	108.63	0.00%	5.30%
dbcp	38.52%	3,622	63.02	0.03%	3.08%
dbutils	13.54%	869	61.44	0.00%	3.00%
fileupload	16.67%	401	77.8	0.00%	3.80%
geometry	39.13%	6,615	124.93	0.03%	6.10%
imaging	14.78%	2530	143.71	0.20%	7.02%
io	22.07%	5,957	77.94	0.07%	3.81%
jexl	25.70%	3,967	109.37	0.20%	5.34%
lang	40.34%	9,134	103.33	0.12%	5.05%
net	23.83%	2,023	98.22	0.15%	4.80%
pool	22.68%	1,377	94.13	0.00%	4.60%
rng	36.60%	3,245	139.69	0.52%	6.82%
text	28.32%	2,712	99.85	0.04%	4.88%
validator	38.00%	1,181	147.42	0.17%	7.20%
Average	27.73%	3002.85	104.55	0.14%	5.11%

Table 2. The effect of method-level program decomposition on a 2K context window model. The analysis has been done on 20 well-known Apache Commons projects.

#### **Call Graph-based Program Translation**



Decomposition		# Source	# Out-of-Context	% Context
	Technique	Files	Inputs	Occupied
	No Decomposition	22	8	36%
	Method Decomposition	22	0	3%

Table 3. The effectiveness of method-level decomposition when translating Apache Commons CLI using its Call Graph.

#### **CG-aware Prompt Engineering for Real-World Projects**

Can we dynamically craft prompts and enforce dependencies in real-world projects? How effective is providing more contextual information to LLMs?

```
You are an expert $SRC_LANG and $TRG_LANG programmer.

$ICL_EXAMPLE

Translate the following $SRC_LANG method to $TRG_LANG like the example above:

$SRC_CODE

The following fields(s) are used in the method body and are already translated:

$DEPENDENT_FIELDS

The following method(s) are called in the method body and are already translated:

$DEPENDENT_METHODS

$TRG_CODE: // Generated Code
```

Figure 4. Fine-grained prompt template for translating decomposed fragments.

### **Check our work on Code Translation!**







Leaderboard



ICSE Paper

## References

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- [2] Anh Tuan Nguyen, Tung Thanh Nguyen, and Tien N Nguyen.
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- [3] Rangeet Pan, Ali Reza Ibrahimzada, Rahul Krishna, Divya Sankar, Lambert Pouguem Wassi, Michele Merler, Boris Sobolev, Raju Pavuluri, Saurabh Sinha, and Reyhaneh Jabbarvand.

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  [4] Baptiste Roziere, Marie-Anne Lachaux, Lowik Chanussot, and Guillaume Lample.

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