Eimeria intensity	Hyp.	Alpha (p-value)	Load in ∆Ct	for both paren	Load in ACt for both parental subspecies		Shape
Present study, Eimeria sp.	Н	0.74 (0.02)	-0.70				2.33
Present study, Eimeria ferrisi	Р	0.74 (0.02)	-0.70				2.33
Pinworm intensity	Hyp.	Alpha (p-value)	Load in count Mmd	Load in count Mmm	Aggregation Mmd	Aggregation Mmm	Z parameter
Present study	Н3	♀ 0.91 (0.04) ♂ 1.46 (<0.001)	9 35.57 3 30.38	9 68.67 3 51.86	9 1.45 \$ 2.10	\$ 2.00 \$ 1.33	♀ -1.04 ♂ -1.23
Present study (data from Baird et al., 2012)	H1	1.21 (<0.001)	94.37	46.81	1.88	1.34	-0.13
Note: Parameters estimated by maximum likelihood for each data set. Alpha is the hybridization effect (deviation of parasite estimated load from the additive model) given with its significance p-value. If sexes are separated, corresponding parameters for each sex are given with symbols \$ and \$. Nested hypotheses are as follows. HO: same expected load for the subspecies and between sexes; H1: same expected load across subspecies. but can differ across subspecies.	y maximum h its signific follows. HO: same expec	likelihood for each data set ance p-value. If sexes are se same expected load for the ted load across subspecies.	E. Alpha is the laparated, corressubspecies are but can differ	hybridization e esponding para nd between se: between the s	ffect (deviation of imeters for each se xes; H1: same expe exes: H3: expected	parasite estimate  x are given with  cted load across	ed load from symbols 9 and sexes, but can both across

subspecies and between sexes. Mus musculus domesticus and Mus musculus musculus are named hereafter Mmd and Mmm.