Algorithm 1: Inserting ϕ nodes (minimal SSA)

```
for each t \in \text{vars do}
 S \leftarrow \{n | t \in Defs(n)\}; 
 Comupters <math>DF^+; 
for each n \in DF^+ do
 | Insert a \phi \text{ node for t at n};
```

只计算"局部"变量;"全局"变量是指那些在此基本块中没被赋值而被使用的,即其 liveness 穿过了 Basic Block 的边界

Algorithm 2: Inserting ϕ nodes for globals (semi-pruned SSA)

```
if t \in \text{globals then}
S \leftarrow \{n | t \in Defs(n)\};
Comupters <math>DF^+;
for each n \in DF^+ do
```

for each $t \in \text{vars do}$

Algorithm 3: Inserting fewest ϕ nodes (pruned SSA)

Insert a ϕ node for t at n;

```
for each t \in \text{vars do}
 | \text{if } t \in \text{globals then} | S \leftarrow \{n | t \in Defs(n)\}; 
 | \text{Comupters } DF^+; 
 | \text{for each } n \in DF^+ \text{ do} 
 | \text{if } t \text{ live-in at n then} 
 | \text{Insert a } \phi \text{ node for t at n;}
```