Assignment 2

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1 Data context

This dataset contains information about customers. Demographic data,

2 Data exploration

```
## [1] 7043
              21
    [1] "customerID"
                            "gender"
                                                                    "Partner"
##
                                                "SeniorCitizen"
    [5] "Dependents"
                            "tenure"
                                                "PhoneService"
                                                                    "MultipleLines"
       "InternetService"
                            "OnlineSecurity"
                                                "OnlineBackup"
                                                                    "DeviceProtection"
                                                "StreamingMovies"
                                                                    "Contract"
        "TechSupport"
                            "StreamingTV"
        "PaperlessBilling" "PaymentMethod"
                                                "MonthlyCharges"
                                                                    "TotalCharges"
   [17]
  [21] "Churn"
```

2.1 Variable Description

In total, we have 21 variables related to demographic, services, and accountant data. One is the ID, three are numerical variables, and 17 are categorical variables. We will conduct a descriptive analysis and a data quality report for each variable, considering aspects such as the number of missing values, errors, and the distribution or balance of the variable...

customerID

We won't need this variable for the analysis nor the modelling.

2.1.1 Demographic data

gender

Is a binary variable (female/male). It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## Female Male
## 3488 3555
```

SeniorCitizen

It is a binary variable. Levels: 1(=yes)/0(=no). It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## 0 1
## 5901 1142
```

Partner

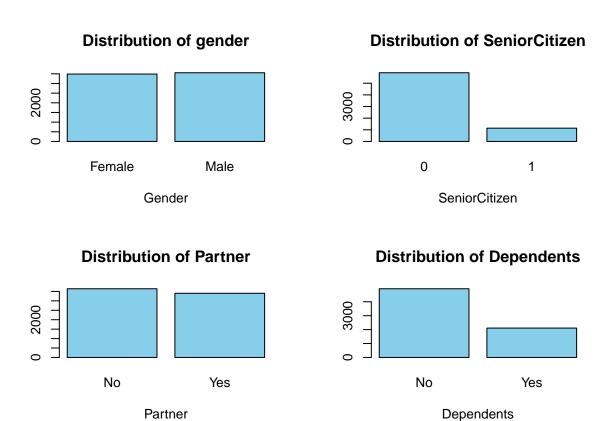
It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No Yes
## 3641 3402
```

Dependents

It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No Yes
## 4933 2110
```



2.1.2 Services of the costumer data

Services that each customer has signed up for:

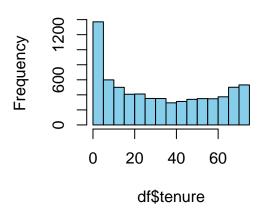
tenure

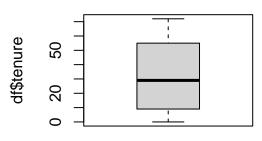
It is a numerical variable that indicates the duration, in months, that the customer has stayed with the company. We shall explore the statistics of the variable and look for the *outliers*

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00 9.00 29.00 32.37 55.00 72.00
```

Histogram

Outlier analysis





```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
sm_t <- summary(df$tenure)
iqr_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] - sm_t["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr_t
mild_lb_t <- sm_t["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr_t
length(which(df$tenure > mild_ub_t | df$tenure < mild_lb_t))</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
# number of mild outliers

# Severe Outliers
severe_ub_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr_t
severe_lb_t <- sm_t["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr_t
length(which(df$tenure > severe_ub_t | df$tenure < severe_lb_t))</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
# number of severe outliers
```

There are no mild nor severe outliers in Tenure.

PhoneService

It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No Yes
## 682 6361
```

MultipleLines

Categorical variable with 3 levels, No/No phone service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

[1] 0

##

No No phone service Yes

3390 682 2971

Check for inconsistencies:

• It cannot happen that a costumer has not Phoneservice and Multiplelines.

##	[1]	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner
##	[5]	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines
##	[9]	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	OnlineBackup	${\tt DeviceProtection}$
##	[13]	TechSupport	StreamingTV	${\tt StreamingMovies}$	Contract
##	[17]	PaperlessBilling	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges
##	[21]	Churn			
##	<0 r	ows> (or 0-length	row.names)		

InternetService

Categorical variable with 3 levels: DSL/Fiber optic/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
##
## DSL Fiber optic No
## 2421 3096 1526
```

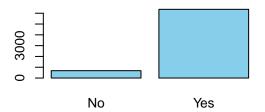
[1] 0

OnlineSecurity

Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

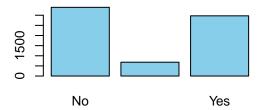
```
## No No internet service Yes
## 3498 1526 2019
```

Distribution of PhoneService



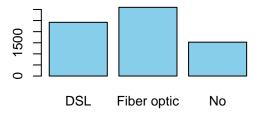
PhoneService

Distribution of MultipleLines



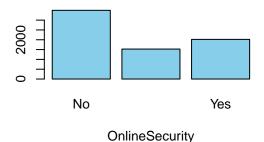
MultipleLines

Distribution of InternetService



InternetService

Distribution of OnlineSecurity



Check consistency

```
sum(df$InternetService == "No")

## [1] 1526

sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service")
```

```
nrow(subset(df, InternetService == "No" & OnlineSecurity == "No internet service"))
```

[1] 1526

[1] 1526

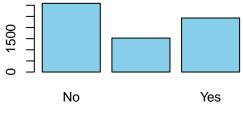
OnlineBackup

Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
# Check concistency
sum(df$OnlineBackup == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
DeviceProtection Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA
##
                     No No internet service
##
                                                               Yes
##
                   3095
                                        1526
                                                              2422
## [1] 0
# Check consistency
sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$DeviceProtection == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
TechSupport
Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
##
                     No No internet service
                                                               Yes
##
                   3473
                                        1526
                                                              2044
## [1] 0
#Check consistency
sum(df$DeviceProtection == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$TechSupport == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
StreamingTV Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
##
                     No No internet service
                                                               Yes
                   2810
                                        1526
                                                              2707
##
## [1] 0
```

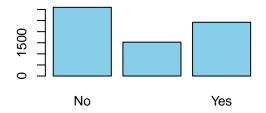
```
#Check consistency
sum(df$TechSupport == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$StreamingTV == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
{\bf Streaming Movies}
Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
##
                    No No internet service
                                                             Yes
##
                  2785
                                       1526
                                                             2732
## [1] 0
#Check consistency
sum(df$StreamingTV == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$StreamingMovies == "No internet service") #1526
```

Distribution of OnlineBackup



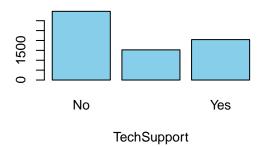
OnlineBackup

Distribution of DeviceProtection

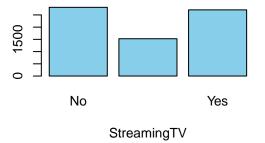


DeviceProtection

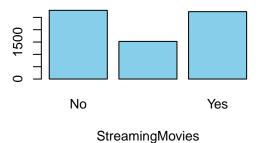
Distribution of TechSupport



Distribution of StreamingTV



Distribution of StreamingMovies



2.1.3 Customer account data

 $\textbf{Contract} \ \ \text{Categorical variable with 3 levels: Month-to-month/One year/Two year. It doesn't contain NA values.}$

```
## ## Month-to-month One year Two year ## 3875 1473 1695
```

PaperlessBilling It is a binary variable. Levels: No/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
table(df$PaperlessBilling)

##
## No Yes
## 2872 4171

sum(is.na(df$PaperlessBilling))

## [1] 0
```

PaymentMethod Categorical variable with 4 levels: Bank transfer (automatic)/Credit card (automatic)/Electronic check/Mailed check. It doesn't contain NA values.

table(df\$PaymentMethod)

sum(is.na(df\$PaymentMethod))

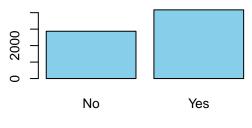
[1] 0

Distribution of Contract

Month-to-month Two year

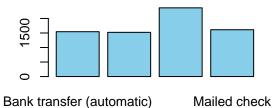
Contract

Distribution of PaperlessBilling



PaperlessBilling

Distribution of PaymentMethod



PaymentMethod

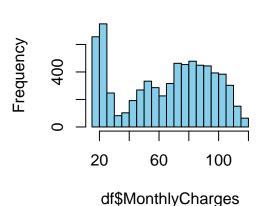
MonthlyCharges

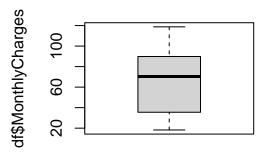
It is a numerical variable. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 18.25 35.50 70.35 64.76 89.85 118.75
```

Histogram

Outlier analysis





[1] 0

Let's look for outliers.

```
sm <- summary(df$MonthlyCharges)
iqr <- sm["3rd Qu."] - sm["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr
mild_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr
length(which(df$MonthlyCharges > mild_ub | df$MonthlyCharges < mild_lb))</pre>
```

[1] 0

```
# Severe Outliers
severe_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr
severe_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr
length(which(df$MonthlyCharges > severe_ub | df$MonthlyCharges < severe_lb))</pre>
```

[1] 0

There are no mild nor severe outliers in MonthlyCharges.

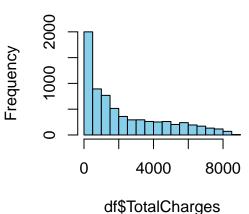
TotalCharges

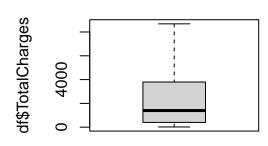
It is a numerical variable. It does contain 11 NA values.

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## 18.8 401.4 1397.5 2283.3 3794.7 8684.8 11
```



Outlier analysis





[1] 11

Let's look for outliers.

```
sm <- summary(df$TotalCharges)
iqr <- sm["3rd Qu."] - sm["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr
mild_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr
length(which(df$TotalCharges > mild_ub | df$TotalCharges < mild_lb))</pre>
```

[1] 0

```
# Severe Outliers
severe_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr
severe_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr
length(which(df$TotalCharges > severe_ub | df$TotalCharges < severe_lb))</pre>
```

[1] 0

There are no mild nor severe outliers.

2.1.4 Target variable:

Churn It is the target variable. It is binary, describes whether the customer churned or not (Yes or No).

```
table(df$Churn)
```

```
## No Yes
## 5174 1869
```

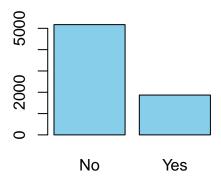
```
prop.table(table(df$Churn))

##

## No Yes

## 0.7346301 0.2653699

barplot(table(df$Churn), col="skyblue")
```



```
sum(is.na(df$Churn))
```

[1] 0

3 Data preprocessing

3.0.1 Recode variables into correct type

We shall reconvert the type of certain variables that are encoded with wrong type. First, we convert the character variables (except the ID) into factors.

```
char_cols <- which(sapply(df, is.character))
df[, char_cols[-1]] <- lapply(df[, char_cols[-1]], as.factor)</pre>
```

Also, we convert the numerical variable SeniorCitizen into a factor.

```
df$SeniorCitizen<- factor(df$SeniorCitizen)</pre>
```

3.0.2 Data imputation

```
## customerID gender SeniorCitizen Partner
## Mode :logical Mode :logical Mode :logical
```

```
##
    FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE: 7043
##
                                                       MultipleLines
##
   Dependents
                       tenure
                                      PhoneService
                                                       Mode :logical
   Mode :logical
                     Mode :logical
                                      Mode :logical
##
##
    FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE:7043
##
   InternetService OnlineSecurity
                                      OnlineBackup
                                                       DeviceProtection
##
                     Mode :logical
                                      Mode :logical
##
   Mode :logical
                                                       Mode :logical
##
    FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE:7043
##
##
   TechSupport
                     {\tt StreamingTV}
                                      StreamingMovies
                                                        Contract
   Mode :logical
                     Mode :logical
                                      Mode :logical
                                                       Mode :logical
##
    FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE:7043
##
##
##
   PaperlessBilling PaymentMethod
                                       MonthlyCharges
                                                        TotalCharges
##
    Mode :logical
                      Mode :logical
                                       Mode :logical
                                                        Mode :logical
##
    FALSE: 7043
                      FALSE: 7043
                                       FALSE: 7043
                                                        FALSE: 7032
##
                                                        TRUE:11
##
      Churn
##
   Mode :logical
##
   FALSE:7043
##
```

Only the variable TotalCharges has NA's.

The missing data corresponds to the individuals that have not payed yet the charges of the current month, we can guess that are new clients of the company.

Duplicate values: no

```
length(unique(df$customerID))
```

```
## [1] 7043
```

These NA exist because the costumer hasn't payed yet that month (tenure is 0). We convert these NA to 0.

```
11 <- which(is.na(df$TotalCharges))
df[11,"TotalCharges"] <- 0</pre>
```

3.0.3 Correlation between categorical

The categorical variables Multiple Lines and PhoneService are 100% correlated. We might have multicollinearity between these two variables.

```
contingency_table<-table(df$MultipleLines,df$PhoneService)
sqrt(chisq.test(contingency_table)$statistic / (sum(contingency_table) * (min(dim(contingency_table)) -
## X-squared</pre>
```

3.0.4 Profiling

1

##

```
res.cat=catdes(df, 21)
res.cat$test.chi2
##
                          p.value df
## Contract
                   5.863038e-258
## OnlineSecurity
                   2.661150e-185
## TechSupport
                    1.443084e-180
## InternetService 9.571788e-160 2
## PaymentMethod
                    3.682355e-140 3
## OnlineBackup
                    2.079759e-131 2
## DeviceProtection 5.505219e-122 2
## StreamingMovies
                    2.667757e-82 2
## StreamingTV
                     5.528994e-82
## PaperlessBilling 2.614597e-58 1
## Dependents
                     3.276083e-43 1
## SeniorCitizen
                     9.477904e-37
## Partner
                     1.519037e-36
## MultipleLines
                     3.464383e-03 2
lapply(res.cat$category, head, n = 5)
## $No
##
                                         Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                            Global
                                                                         p.value
## Contract=Two year
                                        97.16814 31.83224 24.06645 3.588830e-187
## StreamingMovies=No internet service 92.59502 27.30963 21.66690 6.584621e-98
## StreamingTV=No internet service
                                        92.59502 27.30963 21.66690 6.584621e-98
## TechSupport=No internet service
                                        92.59502 27.30963 21.66690
                                                                    6.584621e-98
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 92.59502 27.30963 21.66690 6.584621e-98
##
                                          v.test
## Contract=Two year
                                        29.17894
## StreamingMovies=No internet service
                                        20.99981
## StreamingTV=No internet service
                                        20.99981
## TechSupport=No internet service
                                        20.99981
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 20.99981
##
## $Yes
                                                                   p.value
##
                                   Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                      Global
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  42.70968 88.55003 55.01917 3.620915e-283
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  41.76672 78.17014 49.66634 6.171504e-190
## TechSupport=No
                                  41.63547 77.36758 49.31137 1.899538e-183
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  41.89276 69.39540 43.95854 2.289126e-148
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 45.28541 57.30337 33.57944 1.790860e-136
                                    v.test
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  35.95931
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  29.39603
## TechSupport=No
                                  28.88395
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  25.94114
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 24.86476
lapply(res.cat$category, tail, n = 5)
```

\$No

```
##
                                   Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                                    p.value
                                                       Global
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 54.71459 25.00966 33.57944 1.790860e-136
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  58.10724 34.77000 43.95854 2.289126e-148
## TechSupport=No
                                  58.36453 39.17665 49.31137 1.899538e-183
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  58.23328 39.36993 49.66634 6.171504e-190
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  57.29032 42.90684 55.01917 3.620915e-283
                                      v.test
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check -24.86476
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  -25.94114
## TechSupport=No
                                  -28.88395
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  -29.39603
  Contract=Month-to-month
                                  -35.95931
##
##
## $Yes
##
                                          Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                             Global
                                                                          p.value
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 7.404980 6.046014 21.66690
                                                                     6.584621e-98
## OnlineBackup=No internet service
                                         7.404980 6.046014 21.66690
                                                                     6.584621e-98
## OnlineSecurity=No internet service
                                         7.404980 6.046014 21.66690
                                                                     6.584621e-98
## InternetService=No
                                        7.404980 6.046014 21.66690
                                                                     6.584621e-98
## Contract=Two year
                                         2.831858 2.568218 24.06645 3.588830e-187
##
                                            v.test
## DeviceProtection=No internet service -20.99981
## OnlineBackup=No internet service
                                         -20.99981
## OnlineSecurity=No internet service
                                         -20.99981
## InternetService=No
                                         -20.99981
## Contract=Two year
                                         -29.17894
```

```
res.cat$quanti.var
```

```
## Eta2 P-value
## tenure 0.12406504 7.999058e-205
## TotalCharges 0.03933251 2.127212e-63
## MonthlyCharges 0.03738671 2.706646e-60
```

Regarding to the results of the test Chi^2 all correlations with the variables are significant since the p-value is less than 0,05. Since the response variable is binary, we have different results for each answer and also for all outcomes of the categorical parameters.

The parameters that have a higher positive relation with the costumers that don't churn are the ones that have a negative relation when the response variable is "Yes". In the same vein, we can observe that the parameters that have a negative relation with the costumers that churn are "OnlineSecurity" and "TechSupport" when the answer is "No", the same parameters that have a positive relation when the costumers churn. We can see that the target answer "Yes" and "No" have an approximate opposite correlations with the explanatory variables.

3.1 Modelling

3.1.1 Data transformations:

Recall that the following variables:

• OnlineSecurity

- OnlineBackup
- DeviceProtection
- TechSupport
- StreamingTV
- StreamingMovies

are categorical variables with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes.

We observe that they contain "No internet service" as a response. We have a variable called *InternetService* that is a categorical variable with 3 levels: DSL/Fiber optic/No. Whenever *InternetService*="No" implies -> var="No internet service". Therefore we decided to transform the level "No internet service" into "No" in the 6 variables above since this variable will specify.

```
df$OnlineSecurity[df$OnlineSecurity=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$OnlineBackup[df$OnlineBackup=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$DeviceProtection[df$DeviceProtection=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$TechSupport[df$TechSupport=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$StreamingTV[df$StreamingTV=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$StreamingMovies[df$StreamingMovies=="No internet service"] <- "No"</pre>
```

We saw that *MultipleLines* is 100% related with *PhoneService*. The reason is similar as the previous parameters: one answer of *MultipleLines* is "No phone service". We set this answer to "No" since we don't lose the information because it is contained inside the parameter *PhoneService*.

```
df$MultipleLines[df$MultipleLines=="No phone service"] <- "No"</pre>
```

3.1.2 Modelling:

```
set.seed(1234)
m <- floor(0.7*nrow(df))
train_d <- sample(seq_len(nrow(df)), size = m)

train <- df[train_d,]
test <- df[-train_d,]</pre>
```

Recall that the target variable is *Churn*.

3.1.3 Numerical Variables

Null Model

We start the modelling by the null model.

```
mod0 <- glm(Churn ~ 1, data=train, family=binomial)
mod0$deviance</pre>
```

```
## [1] 5694.218
```

We continue by adding the numerical variables and assessing the model.

```
which(sapply(df, is.numeric))
##
          tenure MonthlyCharges TotalCharges
##
                             19
Tenure
mod1 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
mod1$deviance; AIC(mod0, mod1) #summary(mod1)
## [1] 5040.677
       df
               AIC
##
## mod0 1 5696.218
## mod1 2 5044.677
anova( mod0, mod1, test="Chisq")
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ 1
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4929
                 5694.2
## 2
         4928
                 5040.7 1 653.54 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
MonthlyCharges
mod2 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
mod2$deviance
## [1] 4467.45
AIC(mod2) #4473.45
## [1] 4473.45
anova( mod1, mod2, test="Chisq")
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges
   Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4928
                 5040.7
## 2
         4927
                 4467.5 1 573.23 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

TotalCharges

```
mod3 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
mod3$deviance
## [1] 4460.555
anova( mod2, mod3, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4927
                  4467.5
         4926
## 2
                  4460.6 1
                              6.8951 0.008643 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
AIC(mod3) #4468.55
## [1] 4468.555
vif(mod3)
##
          tenure MonthlyCharges
                                  TotalCharges
##
        14.730657
                        2.271293
                                      18.869079
```

It is significant enough but we can also see that *TotalCharges* has a high VIF, so it has high multicollinearity. We decide to not include it in the model.

3.1.4 Inlfuential data

```
infl <- influence.measures(mod3)
sum(residuals(mod3,'deviance')^2)

## [1] 4460.555
sum(residuals(mod3,'pearson')^2)

## [1] 5196.056
influential_indices <- which(infl$is.inf == TRUE)
length(influential_indices)</pre>
```

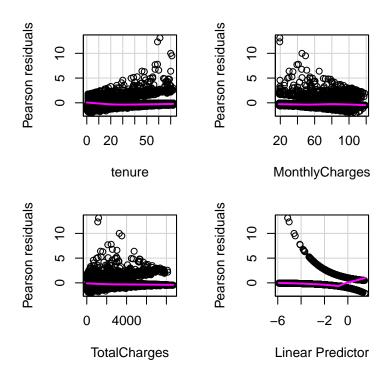
length(train\$customerID)

[1] 4930

We have 209 influential points out of 4930.

3.1.5 Residuals

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
residualPlots(mod3)
```



The residuals need to be nearer to the 0 and they have homocedasticity.

3.1.6 Categorical Variables

Now, we shall add the categorical variables. The order of addition is significant, therefore we start by adding the most correlated variables with the target.

^{**}Contract*

```
mod4 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
AIC(mod4) #4302.2 better
## [1] 4302.234
anova( mod3, mod4, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4926
                  4460.6
## 2
         4925
                 4292.2 1 168.32 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod4)
                     GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
                 1.707900 1
## tenure
                                   1.306867
## MonthlyCharges 1.300967 1
                                   1.140599
## Contract
                 1.361428 2
                                    1.080186
We add the parameter because it improves the model.
InternetService
mod5 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
AIC(mod5) #4254.1 better
## [1] 4254.114
anova( mod4, mod5, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4925
                 4292.2
## 2
         4923
                 4240.1 2 52.12 4.811e-12 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod5)
##
                      GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                 1.738643 1
                                    1.318576
## MonthlyCharges 6.009378 1
                                   2.451403
## Contract 1.450931 2
                                   1.097518
## InternetService 5.338238 2
                                   1.520021
```

StreamingMovies

```
mod6 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
             StreamingMovies, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod6) #4238.6 better
## [1] 4238.552
anova( mod5, mod6, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4923
                  4240.1
## 2
         4922
                  4222.6 1 17.563 2.78e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod6)
##
                       GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                  1.734387 1
                                      1.316961
## MonthlyCharges 9.114445 1
                                      3.019014
## Contract
                  1.447519 2
                                     1.096872
## InternetService 6.680296 2
                                    1.607677
## StreamingMovies 1.878425 1
                                     1.370556
The model has improved but the VIF is becoming higher.
StreamingTV
mod7 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
             StreamingMovies + StreamingTV, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod7) #4213.5 better
## [1] 4213.55
anova( mod6, mod7, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4922
                  4222.6
## 2
         4921
                  4195.5 1
                              27.002 2.033e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
vif(mod7)
##
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## tenure
                   1.732269 1
                                       1.316157
## MonthlyCharges 12.166459 1
                                       3.488045
## Contract
                                       1.096203
                   1.443988 2
## InternetService 7.954251 2
                                       1.679383
## StreamingMovies 1.860165 1
                                       1.363878
## StreamingTV
                                       1.380904
                   1.906895 1
Monthly Charges has a high VIF. We'll may need to add transformations or maybe discard this variable. For
now, we will keep the parameters that we have been adding.
TechSupport
mod8 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport, data=train, family=binomial)
#summary(mod8) #4208.3 better
AIC(mod8)
## [1] 4208.273
anova( mod7, mod8, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
         4921
                  4195.5
## 1
## 2
         4920
                  4188.3 1 7.2764 0.006987 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod8)
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
                                       1.316185
## tenure
                   1.732344 1
## MonthlyCharges 13.838376 1
                                       3.719997
## Contract
                   1.475851 2
                                       1.102201
## InternetService 9.342986 2
                                       1.748322
## StreamingMovies 1.893830 1
                                       1.376165
```

Including *TechSupport* improves the model.

1.943568 1

1.294163 1

DeviceProtection

StreamingTV

TechSupport

1.394119

1.137613

```
mod9 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
            StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection,
            data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod9) #4209.3 worse
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection,
##
       family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                              0.20725
                                         0.24332
                                                  0.852 0.394345
                                         0.00250 -12.868 < 2e-16 ***
## tenure
                             -0.03217
## MonthlyCharges
                             -0.01417
                                         0.00558 -2.539 0.011129 *
## ContractOne year
                                         0.12453 -6.813 9.54e-12 ***
                             -0.84846
## ContractTwo year
                             -1.71130
                                         0.21068 -8.123 4.55e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.49636
                                         0.20259
                                                   7.386 1.51e-13 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                             -1.33473
                                         0.19328 -6.906 5.00e-12 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes
                             0.41040
                                         0.10661
                                                   3.850 0.000118 ***
## StreamingTVYes
                                         0.10817
                                                   4.793 1.64e-06 ***
                             0.51843
## TechSupportYes
                              -0.27817
                                         0.10447 -2.663 0.007751 **
## DeviceProtectionYes
                              0.09141
                                         0.09477
                                                   0.965 0.334789
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4187.3 on 4919 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4209.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
AIC(mod9)
## [1] 4209.343
anova( mod8, mod9, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
         4920
                  4188.3
## 1
          4919
                  4187.3 1 0.93092
## 2
                                      0.3346
```

We don't add the variable to the model. It does not improve it.

OnlineBackup

```
mod10 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineBackup,
            data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod10) #4209.6 worse
## [1] 4209.632
anova( mod8, mod10, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineBackup
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4920
                  4188.3
## 2
          4919
                   4187.6 1 0.64158
                                       0.4231
We don't add the variable to the model. It does not improve it.
OnlineSecurity
mod11 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity,
            data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod11) #4199 better
## [1] 4198.953
anova( mod8, mod11, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4920
                  4188.3
                  4177.0 1 11.321 0.0007665 ***
## 2
         4919
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod11)
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                   1.744624 1
                                      1.320842
                                       3.935400
## MonthlyCharges 15.487373 1
```

```
## Contract
                   1.492903 2
                                     1.105371
## InternetService 10.866851 2
                                     1.815624
## StreamingMovies 1.971177 1
                                     1.403986
## StreamingTV
                   2.028530 1
                                     1.424265
## TechSupport
                   1.296059 1
                                     1.138446
## OnlineSecurity
                   1.242751 1
                                     1.114787
```

We keep the variable. We still have multicollinearity, but we'll deal with it later.

PaperlessBilling

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
     StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
     PaperlessBilling, family = binomial, data = train)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       ## tenure
## MonthlyCharges
                       ## ContractOne year
                       -0.774511
                                 0.125366 -6.178 6.49e-10 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                 0.211901 -7.436 1.03e-13 ***
                       -1.575801
                                         5.493 3.96e-08 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.162390 0.211629
## InternetServiceNo
                       -1.216241 0.195326 -6.227 4.76e-10 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes
                       ## StreamingTVYes
                       ## TechSupportYes
## OnlineSecurityYes
                       -0.325252
                                 0.105781 -3.075 0.002107 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                        0.354796
                                 0.087670 4.047 5.19e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
     Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4160.5 on 4918 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4184.5
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

AIC(mod12)

```
## [1] 4184.475
```

```
anova( mod11, mod12, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4919
                 4177.0
                  4160.5 1
## 2
         4918
                             16.478 4.923e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod12)
##
                        GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
                   1.760119 1
## tenure
                                      1.326695
## MonthlyCharges 15.519259 1
                                      3.939449
## Contract
                   1.507661 2
                                      1.108092
## InternetService 10.973792 2
                                      1.820075
                   1.970408 1
## StreamingMovies
                                      1.403712
## StreamingTV
                    2.035605 1
                                      1.426746
## TechSupport
                    1.298079 1
                                      1.139333
                                      1.116823
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.247294 1
## PaperlessBilling 1.111928 1
                                      1.054480
We keep the variable because it improves the model.
Dependents
mod13 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
              PaperlessBilling + Dependents, data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod13) #4177.2 better
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                        0.252462 -0.635 0.52538
## (Intercept)
                            -0.160331
                            -0.031654  0.002520 -12.559  < 2e-16 ***
## tenure
                                        0.005749 -1.147 0.25137
## MonthlyCharges
                            -0.006595
## ContractOne year
                             -0.746604
                                        0.125870 -5.932 3.00e-09 ***
## ContractTwo year
                            ## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.133942 0.212173 5.344 9.07e-08 ***
```

InternetServiceNo

-1.193933 0.195766 -6.099 1.07e-09 ***

```
## StreamingMoviesYes
                              0.317729
                                         0.109348
                                                  2.906 0.00366 **
## StreamingTVYes
                                                  3.706 0.00021 ***
                              0.412210
                                         0.111213
                                         0.105193 -2.731 0.00631 **
## TechSupportYes
                             -0.287327
## OnlineSecurityYes
                             -0.317077
                                         0.105920
                                                  -2.994 0.00276 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                              0.351625
                                         0.087803
                                                    4.005 6.21e-05 ***
## DependentsYes
                             -0.291003
                                         0.096298 -3.022 0.00251 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 4151.2 on 4917
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4177.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
AIC(mod13)
## [1] 4177.206
anova( mod12, mod13, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
      PaperlessBilling
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4918
                  4160.5
         4917
## 2
                  4151.2 1
                              9.2692 0.00233 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif (mod13)
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
                    1.773404 1
                                       1.331692
## tenure
## MonthlyCharges
                   15.562560 1
                                       3.944941
## Contract
                    1.522708 2
                                       1.110847
## InternetService 10.992492 2
                                       1.820849
## StreamingMovies
                    1.973305 1
                                       1.404744
                    2.037770 1
## StreamingTV
                                       1.427505
## TechSupport
                    1.299374 1
                                       1.139901
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.247956 1
                                       1.117120
## PaperlessBilling 1.112626 1
                                       1.054811
## Dependents
                    1.027601 1
                                       1.013706
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

MultipleLines

```
mod14 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines,
             data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod14) #4162.2 better
## [1] 4162.18
anova( mod13, mod14, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4917
                  4151.2
## 2
         4916
                  4134.2 1 17.026 3.688e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod14)
```

```
##
                       GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                   1.860860 1
                                    1.364133
## MonthlyCharges
                 19.785122 1
                                    4.448047
## Contract
                  1.529039 2
                                    1.112000
## InternetService 12.562934 2
                                    1.882664
## StreamingMovies 2.104685 1
                                    1.450753
                                   1.450753
1.466570
## StreamingTV
                 2.150829 1
                  1.346109 1
## TechSupport
                                    1.160219
## OnlineSecurity 1.283323 1
                                    1.132838
## PaperlessBilling 1.113149 1
                                    1.055059
## Dependents
                   1.028391 1
                                    1.014096
## MultipleLines
                  1.749163 1
                                    1.322559
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

SeniorCitizen

[1] 4155.702

```
anova( mod14, mod15, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
         4916
                  4134.2
## 1
## 2
         4915
                  4125.7 1 8.4782 0.003594 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif (mod15)
##
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## tenure
                    1.889241 1
                                      1.374497
## MonthlyCharges
                  19.790331 1
                                       4.448632
                    1.536772 2
## Contract
                                       1.113403
## InternetService 12.635139 2
                                       1.885363
## StreamingMovies 2.104216 1
                                      1.450592
## StreamingTV
                  2.148543 1
                                      1.465791
## TechSupport
                    1.353673 1
                                      1.163474
## OnlineSecurity 1.286526 1
                                      1.134251
## PaperlessBilling 1.114284 1
                                      1.055597
## Dependents
                    1.056349 1
                                       1.027789
                    1.752169 1
## MultipleLines
                                       1.323695
## SeniorCitizen
                    1.113813 1
                                       1.055374
We keep the variable because it improves the model.
Partner
mod16 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
              PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
              Partner, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod16) #4157.7 worse
## [1] 4157.677
anova( mod15, mod16, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
##
```

```
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
## StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
## PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
## Partner
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1 4915 4125.7
## 2 4914 4125.7 1 0.024971 0.8744
```

We don't keep the variable because it does not improve the model.

PaymentMethod

```
mod17 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +

StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +

PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +

PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)

AIC(mod17) #4139.4 better
```

```
## [1] 4139.434
```

```
anova( mod15, mod17, test="Chisq") #significant
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4915
                  4125.7
## 2
          4912
                  4103.4 3
                              22.269 5.735e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

vif(mod17)

```
GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                    1.963626 1
                                      1.401295
                   19.895259 1
                                      4.460410
## MonthlyCharges
                    1.543913 2
                                      1.114694
## Contract
## InternetService 13.046889 2
                                      1.900539
## StreamingMovies 2.110866 1
                                      1.452882
## StreamingTV
                    2.164001 1
                                      1.471054
                    1.357356 1
                                      1.165056
## TechSupport
## OnlineSecurity
                   1.291867 1
                                      1.136603
## PaperlessBilling 1.120742 1
                                      1.058651
## Dependents
                    1.057502 1
                                      1.028349
## MultipleLines
                    1.753352 1
                                      1.324142
## SeniorCitizen
                                      1.056689
                    1.116591 1
## PaymentMethod
                    1.332467 3
                                      1.049001
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

PhoneService

```
mod18 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
               PaymentMethod + PhoneService, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod18)#4139.4 it does not change anything
## [1] 4139.379
anova( mod17, mod18, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
       PaymentMethod + PhoneService
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
          4912
                   4103.4
## 2
          4911
                   4101.4 1
                                2.055
                                        0.1517
```

We don't include the parameter because it does not improve the model.

3.1.7 Inlfuential data

We check the influential data after including all categorical variables .

```
infl_2 <- influence.measures(mod17)
sum(residuals(mod17,'deviance')^2)

## [1] 4103.434

sum(residuals(mod17,'pearson')^2)

## [1] 4919.679

influential_indices_2 <- which(infl_2$is.inf == TRUE)
length(influential_indices_2)</pre>
```

```
length(train$customerID)
```

```
## [1] 4930
```

The influential data has reduced until 98 tuples.

3.1.8 Interactions

We need to search for interactions. Possible interactions:

3.1.8.1 Dependents and Multiple Lines

```
## [1] 4140.355
```

```
anova( mod17, mod19, test="Chisq") #not significant
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents * MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4912
                   4103.4
                               1.0787
## 2
          4911
                   4102.4 1
                                         0.299
```

We don't include the interaction since it is not significative

MonthlyCharges and InternetService

```
## [1] 4133.664
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
      PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4912
                 4103.4
## 2
         4910
                  4093.7 2
                             9.7694 0.007561 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod20)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                        GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## tenure
                                     2.079881 1
                                                      1.442179
                                9738.807709 2
## InternetService
                                                       9.934052
## MonthlyCharges
                                                     4.624514
                                 21.386127 1
## Contract
                                   1.550405 2
                                                      1.115864
## StreamingMovies
                                   2.374759 1
                                                      1.541025
                                   2.416906 1
## StreamingTV
                                                      1.554640
## TechSupport
                                   1.374225 1
                                                      1.172273
## OnlineSecurity
                                   1.300790 1
                                                      1.140522
## PaperlessBilling
                                   1.124965 1
                                                     1.060644
                                                      1.027954
## Dependents
                                   1.056690 1
## MultipleLines
                                   1.897486 1
                                                      1.377493
## SeniorCitizen
                                   1.115802 1
                                                      1.056315
                                    1.346214 3
## PaymentMethod
                                                      1.050797
## InternetService:MonthlyCharges 11466.767397 2
                                                    10.348091
```

This interaction is significative

${\bf Senior Citizen\ and\ Payment Method}$

anova(mod17, mod20, test="Chisq") #significant

```
mod21 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract + StreamingMovies + Streaming
AIC(mod21) #4133 better and also better than mod20

## [1] 4133.038
anova( mod17, mod21, test="Chisq") #significant</pre>
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
       PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
       PaymentMethod
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4912
                  4103.4
                               12.396 0.006144 **
## 2
          4909
                   4091.0 3
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova( mod20, mod21, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
##
       PaymentMethod
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4910
                   4093.7
## 2
          4909
                   4091.0 1
                               2.6261
                                        0.1051
vif(mod21) #better multicollinearity
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                    GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                                1.973899 1
                                                   1.404955
## InternetService
                               13.127210 2
                                                   1.903457
                               19.972402 1
## MonthlyCharges
                                                   4.469049
## Contract
                               1.548154 2
                                                   1.115459
## StreamingMovies
                                2.114568 1
                                                   1.454155
                                                   1.472598
## StreamingTV
                                2.168544 1
## TechSupport
                               1.359278 1
                                                   1.165881
                               1.292280 1
## OnlineSecurity
                                                   1.136785
## PaperlessBilling
                               1.120630 1
                                                   1.058598
                               1.058287 1
## Dependents
                                                   1.028731
```

1.326387

2.562098

1.158193

1.473274

1.759302 1

6.564344 1

2.413718 3

MultipleLines

SeniorCitizen

PaymentMethod

SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.225907 3

```
mod22 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract + StreamingMovies + Streaming
AIC(mod22) #4126.8 better
## [1] 4126.835
anova( mod21, mod22, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
       PaymentMethod
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4909
                  4091.0
                  4080.8 2 10.203 0.006088 **
## 2
          4907
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova( mod20, mod22, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
       PaymentMethod
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4910
                  4093.7
          4907
                  4080.8 3 12.829 0.005021 **
## 2
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod22)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
##
                                          GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                                      2.092433 1
                                                        1.446525
## InternetService
                                   9747.368394 2
                                                         9.936235
                                     21.496711 1
## MonthlyCharges
                                                       4.636455
```

```
## Contract
                                    1.554570 2
                                                      1.116613
                                    2.379677 1
                                                      1.542620
## StreamingMovies
## StreamingTV
                                  2.420865 1
                                                     1.555913
                                   1.375906 1
## TechSupport
                                                      1.172990
## OnlineSecurity
                                   1.300799 1
                                                     1.140526
## PaperlessBilling
                                  1.124887 1
                                                     1.060607
## Dependents
                                  1.057390 1
                                                     1.028295
                                   1.905667 1
                                                     1.380459
## MultipleLines
## SeniorCitizen
                                    6.580622 1
                                                      2.565272
## PaymentMethod
                                    2.445976 3
                                                     1.160759
## InternetService:MonthlyCharges 11487.448457 2
                                                   10.352754
                                   10.277317 3
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod
                                                     1.474506
```

Having both interactions improves the model but VIF gets worse. The best model is with SeniorCitizen and PaymentMethod interaction (mod21)

Second Order variable

```
## [1] 4088.366
```

```
anova( mod21, mod23, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
      PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + MonthlyCharges +
##
      Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
##
      OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
      SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
         4909
## 1
                 4091.0
## 2
         4908
                 4044.4 1 46.672 8.392e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod23)
```

there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model

```
## InternetService 13.143356 2
## MonthlyCharges 20.658589 1
                                                 1.904042
                                                 4.545172
                                                1.163225
## Contract
                             1.830861 2
                             2.155609 1
## StreamingMovies
                                                 1.468199
                             2.220993 1
## StreamingTV
                                                 1.490300
                            1.373947 1
## TechSupport
                                                1.172155
                         1.306102 1
1.124076 1
1.060211 1
## OnlineSecurity
                                               1.142848
                                               1.060225
1.029666
## PaperlessBilling
## Dependents
## MultipleLines
                             1.824384 1
                                               1.350697
## SeniorCitizen
                             6.421969 1
                                                 2.534160
                               2.503172 3
## PaymentMethod
                                                 1.165239
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.118072 3
                                                 1,470674
mod23.1 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + Contract +</pre>
                StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
                PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
                SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod23.1) #4093.9 worse
## [1] 4093.873
anova( mod23, mod23.1, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + MonthlyCharges +
##
      Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
##
      OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
##
      SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + Contract + StreamingMovies +
##
      StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling +
      Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
##
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
       4908 4044.4
## 2
         4909 4051.9 -1 -7.5068 0.006147 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod23.1) #better vif
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                   GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                            15.094283 1 3.885136
## I(tenure^2)
                            14.395726 1
                                                3.794170
## InternetService
                             1.753349 2
                                                 1.150713
## Contract
                             1.832458 2
                                                1.163479
## StreamingMovies
                             1.439408 1
                                                1.199753
                             1.476549 1
                                               1.215133
## StreamingTV
```

```
## TechSupport
                              1.176693 1
                                                  1.084755
## OnlineSecurity
                                                  1.070504
                              1.145979 1
## PaperlessBilling
                               1.123469 1
                                                  1.059938
## Dependents
                               1.059050 1
                                                  1.029102
## MultipleLines
                               1.406194 1
                                                  1.185831
## SeniorCitizen
                               6.416355 1
                                                 2.533052
## PaymentMethod
                               2.500773 3
                                                  1.165053
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.110887 3
                                                  1.470499
```

Removing *MonthlyCharges* from the model is getting a bit worse the AIC but the change is significant and it improves the VIF.

For improving the multicollinearity we add log in tenure

```
GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                               2.500964 1
                                                  1.581444
## I(tenure^2)
                               2.794150 1
                                                  1.671571
## InternetService
                               1.770563 2
                                                  1.153527
## Contract
                               1.731667 2
                                                  1.147139
## StreamingMovies
                               1.429558 1
                                                  1.195641
## StreamingTV
                               1.458661 1
                                                  1.207750
## TechSupport
                              1.172948 1
                                                  1.083027
## OnlineSecurity
                              1.140765 1
                                                  1.068066
                               1.125341 1
## PaperlessBilling
                                                  1.060821
## Dependents
                               1.057858 1
                                                  1.028522
## MultipleLines
                               1.385364 1
                                                  1.177015
## SeniorCitizen
                               6.404190 1
                                                  2.530650
                               2.532835 3
## PaymentMethod
                                                  1.167529
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.154436 3
                                                  1.471553
```

We keep this last model because we have the best AIC with the best VIF.

3.1.9 Inlfuential data

We check the influential data after including the interactions and the second order variable.

```
infl_3 <- influence.measures(mod23.4)
sum(residuals(mod23.4,'deviance')^2)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 4017.531
```

```
sum(residuals(mod23.4,'pearson')^2)
```

[1] 4952.141

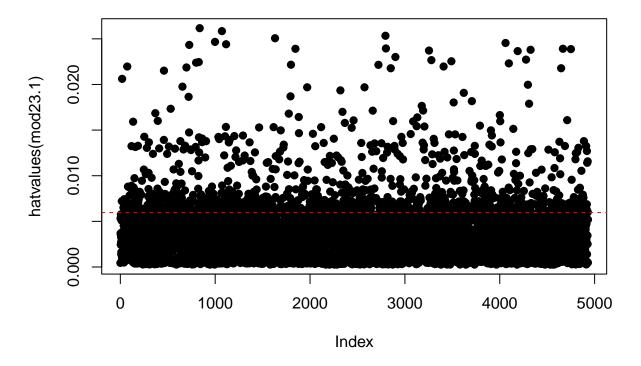
```
influential_indices_3 <- which(infl_3$is.inf == TRUE)
length(influential_indices_3)</pre>
```

[1] 399

```
length(train$customerID)
```

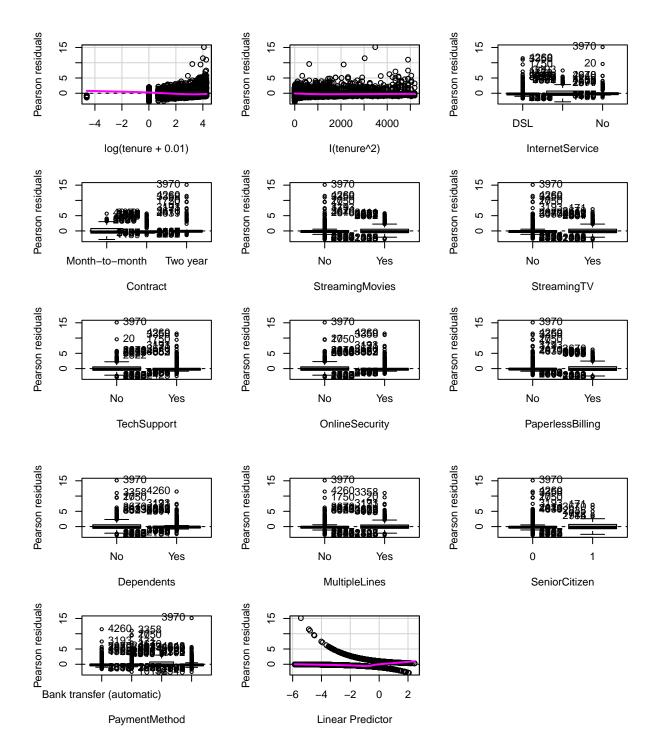
[1] 4930

Leverage Plot



We have more influential data than before, 399 tuples. We see that they are distributed randomly. We consider to not delete this data because it gives us important information for the model.

3.1.10 Residuals



```
##
                     Test stat Pr(>|Test stat|)
                               0.008117 **
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                      7.0074
## I(tenure^2)
                        0.4388
                                      0.507725
## InternetService
## Contract
## StreamingMovies
## StreamingTV
## TechSupport
## OnlineSecurity
## PaperlessBilling
## Dependents
## MultipleLines
## SeniorCitizen
## PaymentMethod
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

We see that we have improved the residuals of the model. We can observe that we have homoscedasticity because they are randomly distributed considering that the model is binary.

3.1.11 Predictions

[1] 80.78561

```
#selecting the parameters that we have in the model
#test_data <- test[c(3,5,6,8,9,10,13,14,15,16,17,18)]
pred_prob <- predict(mod23.4, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred<- ifelse(pred_prob>0.5,"Yes","No")
table(churn_pred)
## churn_pred
    No Yes
##
## 1677 436
table(test$Churn)
##
##
    No Yes
## 1547 566
#Confusion table
tt <- table(churn_pred, test$Churn);tt</pre>
##
## churn_pred
                No Yes
         No 1409 268
##
##
         Yes 138 298
100*sum(diag(tt))/sum(tt) #80.79
```

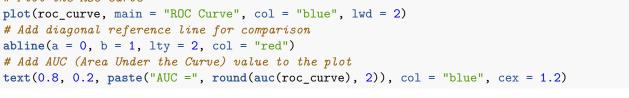
The accuracy of our model is good, it is 80.79.

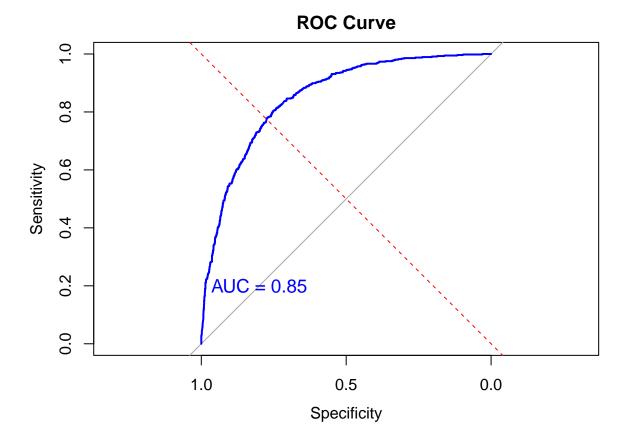
```
roc_curve <- roc(test$Churn, pred_prob)

## Setting levels: control = No, case = Yes

## Setting direction: controls < cases

# Plot the ROC curve
plot(roc_curve, main = "ROC Curve", col = "blue", lwd = 2)
# Add diagonal reference line for comparison</pre>
```





Our Area Under the Curve for ROC curve is 0.85 so it is high. #Interpretation

3.2 Final Model

Our final model is:

- $Y = -0.58 0.5 \cdot log(tenure + 0.01) + 0.00005 \cdot tenure^{2}$
 - +0.54 · Internet Service Fiber optic
 - 0.97 · Internet Service No
 - $-0.75 \cdot \text{ContractOne year} 1.90 \cdot \text{ContractTwo year}$
 - $+\ 0.26 \cdot StreamingMoviesYes + 0.33 \cdot StreamingTVYes$
 - -0.22 · Tech Support
Yes -0.28 · Online Security Yes
 - $+\:0.33\cdot \text{PaperlessBillingYes} 0.23\cdot \text{DependentsYes}$
 - $+\:0.32\cdot \text{MultipleLinesYes} 0.15\cdot \text{SeniorCitizen1}$
 - $-0.25 \cdot \text{PaymentMethodCredit card} + 0.27 \cdot \text{PaymentMethodElectronic check}$
 - -0.25 · Payment Method Mailed check
 - $+0.87 \cdot SeniorCitizen1:PaymentMethodCredit card$
 - $+0.28 \cdot \text{SeniorCitizen1: PaymentMethodElectronic check}$
 - + 1.10 · SeniorCitizen1:PaymentMethodMailed check

4 Annex

4.1 Univariate

```
names(train)
   [1] "customerID"
                                            "SeniorCitizen"
##
                          "gender"
                                                              "Partner"
   [5] "Dependents"
                          "tenure"
                                            "PhoneService"
                                                              "MultipleLines"
## [9] "InternetService"
                         "OnlineSecurity"
                                            "OnlineBackup"
                                                              "DeviceProtection"
## [13] "TechSupport"
                          "StreamingTV"
                                            "StreamingMovies"
                                                              "Contract"
## [17] "PaperlessBilling" "PaymentMethod"
                                            "MonthlyCharges"
                                                              "TotalCharges"
## [21] "Churn"
mod <- glm(Churn ~ gender, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ gender, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## genderMale -0.03499
                         0.06460 - 0.542
                                            0.588
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 5693.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5697.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod2 <- glm(Churn ~ SeniorCitizen, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ SeniorCitizen, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                 -1.19026
                            0.03682 -32.33 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## SeniorCitizen1 0.88226
                            0.08027
                                    10.99
                                              <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5577.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5581.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod3 <- glm(Churn ~ Partner, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Partner, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -0.70909 0.04215 -16.82
## PartnerYes -0.71326
                          0.06676 -10.68
                                            <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5576.5 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5580.5
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod4 <- glm(Churn ~ Dependents, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod4)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Dependents, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                -0.78158
                            0.03662 -21.34
                                              <2e-16 ***
                            0.08228 -11.86
## DependentsYes -0.97564
                                              <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5534.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5538.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
mod5 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod5)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 0.010348 0.050517
                                   0.205 0.838
## tenure
             ## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5040.7 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5044.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod6 <- glm(Churn ~ PhoneService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod6)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PhoneService, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                   -1.1415
                           0.1076 -10.611 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                                 0.25
## PhoneServiceYes 0.1299
                               0.1128 1.151
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5692.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5696.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod7 <- glm(Churn ~ MultipleLines, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod7)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ MultipleLines, family = binomial, data = train)
```

##

```
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                               0.04348 -25.841 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                   -1.12350
                               0.06505 3.537 0.000405 ***
## MultipleLinesYes 0.23006
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5681.7 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5685.7
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod8 <- glm(Churn ~ InternetService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod8)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ InternetService, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                             -1.47098
                                         0.06258 -23.506
                                                           <2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.13842
                                         0.07611 14.957
                                                           <2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                         0.13582 -8.221
                             -1.11658
                                                         <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5132.9 on 4927 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5138.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
mod9 <- glm(Churn ~ OnlineSecurity, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod9)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ OnlineSecurity, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                    -0.79719
                                0.03633 -21.94
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## OnlineSecurityYes -0.96472
                                0.08405 -11.48
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5544.3 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5548.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod10 <- glm(Churn ~ OnlineBackup, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod10)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ OnlineBackup, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                  -0.91109
                              0.03891 -23.414 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## OnlineBackupYes -0.34507
                              0.07016 -4.919 8.72e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5669.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5673.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod11 <- glm(Churn ~ DeviceProtection, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod11)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ DeviceProtection, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -0.93239
                                  0.03909 -23.852 < 2e-16 ***
                                  0.06963 -3.973 7.09e-05 ***
## DeviceProtectionYes -0.27669
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5678.1 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5682.1
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
mod12 <- glm(Churn ~ TechSupport, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod12)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ TechSupport, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                 -0.80594 0.03674 -21.94 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## TechSupportYes -0.86397
                             0.08058 -10.72 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5566.6 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5570.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod13 <- glm(Churn ~ StreamingTV, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod13)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ StreamingTV, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                 -1.14795
                           0.04263 -26.931 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## StreamingTVYes 0.30561
                             0.06551 4.665 3.09e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 5672.6 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5676.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod14 <- glm(Churn ~ StreamingMovies, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod14)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ StreamingMovies, family = binomial, data = train)
```

##

```
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -1.12512
                                 0.04254 -26.449 < 2e-16 ***
                                          3.794 0.000148 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes 0.24849
                                 0.06550
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5679.9 on 4928
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5683.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod15 <- glm(Churn ~ Contract, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod15)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Contract, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                              0.03876 -7.992 1.33e-15 ***
## (Intercept)
                   -0.30975
## ContractOne year -1.73958
                               0.10521 -16.535 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractTwo year -3.29329
                               0.18611 -17.695 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4736.2 on 4927 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4742.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod16 <- glm(Churn ~ PaperlessBilling, data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod16)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PaperlessBilling, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -1.62562
                                  0.06013 -27.04 <2e-16 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes 0.93196
                                  0.07182
                                          12.98
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 5512.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5516.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod17 <- glm(Churn ~ PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod17)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PaymentMethod, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
##
                                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                        -1.59686
                                                   0.08266 -19.319
                                                                      <2e-16 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.15101
                                                    0.11847 -1.275
                                                                       0.202
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                       1.40923
                                                    0.09627 14.638
                                                                      <2e-16 ***
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                        0.13813
                                                    0.11233
                                                            1.230
                                                                       0.219
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5246.3 on 4926 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5254.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod18 <- glm(Churn ~ MonthlyCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod18)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ MonthlyCharges, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                              0.090047 -23.55
## (Intercept)
                  -2.120267
                                                <2e-16 ***
## MonthlyCharges 0.016008
                              0.001166
                                       13.73
                                                <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5491.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5495.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
mod19 <- glm(Churn ~ TotalCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod19)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ TotalCharges, family = binomial, data = train)
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -5.713e-01 4.451e-02 -12.84
                                               <2e-16 ***
## TotalCharges -2.257e-04 1.726e-05 -13.07
                                               <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5494.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5498.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
AIC(mod, mod1,mod2,mod3,mod4,mod5,mod6,mod7,mod8,mod9,mod10,mod11,mod12, mod13,mod14)
##
                AIC
        df
## mod
        2 5697.925
## mod1 2 5044.677
## mod2
        2 5581.910
## mod3 2 5580.505
## mod4 2 5538.857
       2 5044.677
## mod5
## mod6
       2 5696.868
## mod7
       2 5685.746
## mod8
       3 5138.946
        2 5548.342
## mod9
## mod10 2 5673.442
## mod11 2 5682.144
## mod12 2 5570.586
## mod13 2 5676.581
## mod14 2 5683.895
```

4.2 Balanced data

If we calculate other metrics, we can see that our model has not a very good precision, recall or f1 score.

```
true_positives <- tt[2, 2]
false_positives <- tt[1, 2]
false_negatives <- tt[2, 1]
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)
precision</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0.5265018
```

```
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)
recall

## [1] 0.6834862

# F1 Score
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)
f1_score

## [1] 0.5948104</pre>
```

We could try to balance the target variable and see if there is any improvement. To do that we will not do a mechanic stepwise, we will use an authomatic step.

```
table(train$Churn)
##
##
    No Yes
## 3627 1303
data_balanced_over <- ovun.sample(Churn ~ ., data = train, method = "over", N=3627*2)$data
table(data balanced over$Churn)
##
##
    No Yes
## 3627 3627
data_balanced_under <- ovun.sample(Churn ~ ., data = train, method = "under", N = 1303*2, seed = 1)$dat
table(data_balanced_under$Churn)
##
##
    No Yes
```

4.2.1 With undersampling

1303 1303

```
b0<- glm(
   Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
   + MonthlyCharges
   + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
   + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService + PaymentMethod
   + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + Partner
   + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + PhoneService
   + Dependents,
   data = data_balanced_under,
   family = binomial
)
mod.fow <- stats::step(b0, trace = 0, direction = "forward")
summary(mod.fow)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
      0.01) + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService +
      PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
##
      SeniorCitizen + Partner + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies +
##
      StreamingTV + PhoneService + Dependents, family = binomial,
      data = data_balanced_under)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                                   1.74560 0.588 0.556651
## (Intercept)
                                        1.02610
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                       -1.57060
                                                   0.40763 -3.853 0.000117 ***
## MonthlyCharges
                                                   0.04889 -1.941 0.052233 .
                                       -0.09491
                                                            2.278 0.022718 *
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                                   0.38746
                                       0.88270
## ContractOne year
                                       -0.73559
                                                   0.15086 -4.876 1.08e-06 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                                   0.23231 -7.776 7.50e-15 ***
                                       -1.80639
## OnlineSecurityYes
                                       0.13082
                                                   0.27329 0.479 0.632172
## TechSupportYes
                                                   0.27372 0.773 0.439631
                                       0.21153
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        2.95241
                                                   1.23064
                                                           2.399 0.016436 *
## InternetServiceNo
                                       -2.55736
                                                   1.26511 -2.021 0.043233 *
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.04210
                                                   0.16553 -0.254 0.799251
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                                   0.14389
                                                           2.778 0.005477 **
                                       0.39965
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                                   0.17353 -1.058 0.290036
                                       -0.18360
## OnlineBackupYes
                                       0.49872
                                                   0.27161 1.836 0.066329 .
## MultipleLinesYes
                                        0.81355
                                                   0.27466 2.962 0.003056 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.22450
                                                   0.11533 1.947 0.051578 .
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.13549
                                                            2.781 0.005414 **
                                        0.37683
## PartnerYes
                                                   0.11895 -0.220 0.825811
                                       -0.02618
## genderMale
                                       -0.02626
                                                   0.10176 -0.258 0.796358
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.47111
                                                   0.27341
                                                            1.723 0.084874 .
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                       0.99992
                                                   0.50330
                                                            1.987 0.046952 *
## StreamingTVYes
                                       1.19817
                                                   0.50457
                                                             2.375 0.017566 *
## PhoneServiceYes
                                                   1.00774 1.042 0.297332
                                        1.05024
## DependentsYes
                                       -0.19143
                                                   0.13424 -1.426 0.153862
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2399.8 on 2582 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2447.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
b01<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + MonthlyCharges
 + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
 + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
 data = data balanced under,
```

```
family = binomial
summary(b01)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
      0.01) + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup +
##
      MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV, family = binomial, data = data_balanced_under)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                       -0.45939
                                                1.15789 -0.397 0.691551
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                                   0.39589 -4.315 1.60e-05 ***
                                       -1.70815
## MonthlyCharges
                                       -0.05156
                                                  0.01083 -4.760 1.94e-06 ***
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                       1.00319
                                                   0.37811
                                                           2.653 0.007974 **
## ContractOne year
                                       -0.75932
                                                   0.14929 -5.086 3.65e-07 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                       -1.85424
                                                   0.22740 -8.154 3.51e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        1.88349
                                                   0.27703
                                                           6.799 1.05e-11 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                       -1.31324
                                                   0.29004 -4.528 5.96e-06 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.04267
                                                   0.16501 -0.259 0.795934
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                       0.40902
                                                   0.14356
                                                           2.849 0.004385 **
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                                   0.17261 -1.025 0.305418
                                       -0.17690
## OnlineBackupYes
                                                   0.12618 2.164 0.030457 *
                                       0.27307
## MultipleLinesYes
                                        0.60906
                                                   0.13496 4.513 6.40e-06 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.23383
                                                   0.11479
                                                           2.037 0.041642 *
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.13284 3.090 0.002003 **
                                        0.41044
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                       0.24715
                                                   0.12587 1.964 0.049574 *
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                       0.54993
                                                   0.14741
                                                             3.731 0.000191 ***
## StreamingTVYes
                                        0.74309
                                                   0.15138
                                                           4.909 9.17e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2404.4 on 2588 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2440.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b01)
##
                                 GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                           108.431706 1
                                              10.413055
## MonthlyCharges
                            35.834530 1
                                                5.986195
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01) 158.334846 1
                                               12.583118
## Contract
                             1.549784 2
                                                1.115752
## InternetService
                           17.126997 2
                                                2.034325
## PaymentMethod
                            1.393533 3
                                                1.056865
```

1.198429

1.436232 1

OnlineBackup

```
## MultipleLines
                            1.763892 1
                                               1.328116
## PaperlessBilling
                           1.141013 1
                                               1.068182
## SeniorCitizen
                           1.070722 1
                                               1.034757
## DeviceProtection
                            1.414452 1
                                               1.189307
## StreamingMovies
                            2.101487 1
                                               1.449651
## StreamingTV
                            2.201572 1
                                               1.483770
b02<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
 + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
 data = data_balanced_under,
 family = binomial
summary(b02)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + Contract + InternetService +
      PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
##
      SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
##
      family = binomial, data = data_balanced_under)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                       1.07661 0.19623 5.487 4.10e-08 ***
                                                  0.05355 -12.550 < 2e-16 ***
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                      -0.67210
## ContractOne year
                                      -0.86956
                                                  0.14769 -5.888 3.92e-09 ***
                                                  0.22715 -9.152 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                      -2.07880
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                       0.79059
                                                  0.12657
                                                          6.246 4.20e-10 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                      -0.90842
                                                  0.19025 -4.775 1.80e-06 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.03459
                                                0.16407 -0.211 0.83303
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                      0.46124 0.14245
                                                          3.238 0.00120 **
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                                  0.17167 -0.961 0.33636
                                     -0.16503
                                                          0.551 0.58139
## OnlineBackupYes
                                      0.06474
                                                  0.11743
## MultipleLinesYes
                                      0.32700
                                                  0.11853 2.759 0.00580 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                      0.25980
                                                  0.11380 2.283 0.02243 *
                                                  0.13176 3.410 0.00065 ***
## SeniorCitizen1
                                       0.44926
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                                  0.11864
                                                           0.466 0.64128
                                       0.05527
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                       0.20328
                                                  0.12496
                                                           1.627 0.10380
## StreamingTVYes
                                       0.36489
                                                  0.12652
                                                           2.884 0.00393 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2427.9 on 2590 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2459.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

```
vif(b02)
                           GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## log(tenure + 0.01) 1.993586 1
                                           1.411944
                                           1.103744
## Contract
                     1.484135 2
## InternetService 1.803247 2
                                         1.158814
## PaymentMethod 1.378311 3
## OnlineBackup 1.259758 1
## MultipleLines 1.378286 1
                                         1.054932
                                         1.122389
                                         1.174004
## PaperlessBilling 1.132894 1
                                         1.064375
## SeniorCitizen
                     1.063217 1
                                         1.031124
## DeviceProtection 1.265955 1
                                          1.125146
## StreamingMovies 1.526624 1
                                         1.235566
## StreamingTV
                 1.554087 1
                                          1.246630
pred_prob2 <- predict(b02, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred2<- ifelse(pred_prob2>0.5,"Yes","No")
table(churn_pred2)
## churn_pred2
## No Yes
## 1259 854
table(test$Churn)
##
     No Yes
## 1547 566
#Confusion table
tt2 <- table(churn_pred2, test$Churn);tt
##
## churn_pred
                No Yes
##
          No 1409 268
##
          Yes 138 298
100*sum(diag(tt2))/sum(tt2) #80.79
## [1] 75.6744
true_positives <- tt2[2, 2]</pre>
false_positives <- tt2[1, 2]</pre>
false_negatives <- tt2[2, 1]</pre>
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)</pre>
precision
```

[1] 0.8003534

```
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)
recall
## [1] 0.530445
# F1 Score
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)
f1_score
## [1] 0.6380282
b0<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + MonthlyCharges
 + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
 + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + Partner
 + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + PhoneService
 + Dependents,
 data = data_balanced_over,
 family = binomial
mod.fow <- stats::step(b0, trace = 0, direction = "forward")</pre>
summary(mod.fow)
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
      0.01) + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService +
##
      PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
##
      SeniorCitizen + Partner + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies +
##
      StreamingTV + PhoneService + Dependents, family = binomial,
##
      data = data balanced over)
##
## Coefficients:
                                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                      0.20915 0.96004 0.218 0.827543
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                     -1.63864 0.22345 -7.333 2.24e-13 ***
## MonthlyCharges
                                     0.21068 4.614 3.94e-06 ***
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                      0.97214
## ContractOne year
                                     -0.66701
                                                 0.08917 -7.480 7.42e-14 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                     -1.67592
                                                 0.13338 -12.565 < 2e-16 ***
                                                 0.15810 1.370 0.170550
## OnlineSecurityYes
                                      0.21666
## TechSupportYes
                                      0.16724
                                                 0.15805 1.058 0.289991
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                                 0.70943 3.888 0.000101 ***
                                      2.75859
## InternetServiceNo
                                                 0.72493 -3.110 0.001873 **
                                     -2.25430
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.09430
                                                 0.09717 -0.970 0.331806
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                     0.28641
                                                 0.08435 3.396 0.000685 ***
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                     -0.21656
                                                 0.10409 -2.081 0.037471 *
## OnlineBackupYes
                                                 0.15679 2.831 0.004636 **
                                     0.44393
                                     ## MultipleLinesYes
```

```
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                     0.28532
                                               0.06854
                                                       4.163 3.14e-05 ***
## SeniorCitizen1
                                               0.07902 3.004 0.002666 **
                                     0.23735
                                    -0.08161
## PartnerYes
                                               0.07073 -1.154 0.248581
## genderMale
                                     0.08603
                                               0.06011 1.431 0.152335
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                     0.43460
                                               0.15719
                                                       2.765 0.005696 **
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                               0.28974 3.459 0.000543 ***
                                     1.00211
## StreamingTVYes
                                     1.11520
                                               0.29095 3.833 0.000127 ***
                                               0.57656 1.699 0.089389 .
## PhoneServiceYes
                                     0.97936
## DependentsYes
                                    -0.21480
                                               0.08022 -2.678 0.007413 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 6846.7 on 7230 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6894.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
b1<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + MonthlyCharges
 + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
  + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
 + Dependents,
 data = data_balanced_over,
 family = binomial
)
summary(b1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
      0.01) + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup +
      MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + Dependents, family = binomial,
##
      data = data_balanced_over)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                    ## (Intercept)
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                    -1.699367
                                               0.221733 -7.664 1.80e-14 ***
                                    ## MonthlyCharges
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                     1.024116
                                               0.210569
                                                         4.864 1.15e-06 ***
                                    -0.674405
                                               0.088622 -7.610 2.74e-14 ***
## ContractOne year
                                               0.131097 -12.938 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                    -1.696141
                                               0.164423 10.186 < 2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                    1.674787
## InternetServiceNo
                                               0.173561 -6.204 5.51e-10 ***
                                    -1.076746
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.093165
                                               0.096900 -0.961 0.336323
                                    ## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                    ## PaymentMethodMailed check
```

```
## OnlineBackupYes
                                  0.219746
                                           0.073780 2.978 0.002897 **
                                  ## MultipleLinesYes
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                 ## SeniorCitizen1
                                 ## DeviceProtectionYes
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                  ## StreamingTVYes
                                           0.089604 7.467 8.19e-14 ***
                                  0.669093
                                 ## DependentsYes
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
                                 degrees of freedom
##
     Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253
## Residual deviance: 6853.3 on 7235 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6891.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b1)
                            GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                       100.931290 1
                                     10.046457
## MonthlyCharges
                        34.442143 1
                                        5.868743
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01) 144.812944 1
                                        12.033825
## Contract
                        1.579742 2
                                         1.121106
## InternetService
                       16.661349 2
                                         2.020354
## PaymentMethod
                        1.404767 3
                                        1.058280
                        1.424352 1
## OnlineBackup
                                        1.193462
## MultipleLines
                        1.798321 1
                                         1.341015
## PaperlessBilling
                       1.144333 1
                                        1.069735
## SeniorCitizen
                        1.101752 1
                                        1.049644
                        1.443395 1
## DeviceProtection
                                        1.201414
                        2.139599 1
                                       1.462737
## StreamingMovies
## StreamingTV
                        2.228942 1
                                       1.492964
## Dependents
                        1.059390 1
                                         1.029267
b2<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
  + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
 + Dependents,
 data = data balanced over,
 family = binomial
summary(b2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + Contract + InternetService +
     PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
     SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV +
##
```

```
##
       Dependents, family = binomial, data = data_balanced_over)
##
## Coefficients:
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                        0.98236
                                                   0.11662
                                                             8.424 < 2e-16 ***
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                                   0.03080 -20.357 < 2e-16 ***
                                       -0.62702
## ContractOne year
                                                   0.08750 -8.885 < 2e-16 ***
                                       -0.77736
## ContractTwo year
                                        -1.91957
                                                   0.13053 -14.706 < 2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        0.84155
                                                   0.07452 11.293 < 2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                       -0.88736
                                                   0.11459
                                                            -7.744 9.64e-15 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.08872
                                                   0.09668 -0.918 0.358809
                                                   0.08375
                                                             3.972 7.12e-05 ***
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                        0.33269
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                       -0.19162
                                                   0.10317 -1.857 0.063277
## OnlineBackupYes
                                        0.04426
                                                   0.06840
                                                            0.647 0.517580
## MultipleLinesYes
                                                   0.07036
                                                            4.219 2.46e-05 ***
                                        0.29685
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.30853
                                                   0.06788
                                                             4.545 5.48e-06 ***
                                                             3.061 0.002205 **
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.07766
                                        0.23773
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.06072
                                                   0.07087
                                                             0.857 0.391517
                                                   0.07344
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                                             3.685 0.000229 ***
                                        0.27061
## StreamingTVYes
                                        0.36867
                                                   0.07455
                                                             4.945 7.62e-07 ***
## DependentsYes
                                       -0.28786
                                                   0.07256 -3.967 7.28e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 6905.6 on 7237
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6939.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b2)
##
                          GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## log(tenure + 0.01) 1.992345
                                        1.411504
## Contract
                     1.495706
                                        1.105889
## InternetService 1.765842 2
                                        1.152758
## PaymentMethod
                    1.388309 3
                                        1.056204
## OnlineBackup
                     1.233319 1
                                        1.110549
## MultipleLines
                     1.391220 1
                                        1.179500
## PaperlessBilling 1.138547 1
                                        1.067027
## SeniorCitizen
                     1.093809 1
                                        1.045853
## DeviceProtection
                     1.304199 1
                                        1.142016
## StreamingMovies
                     1.510522 1
                                        1.229033
## StreamingTV
                     1.554848 1
                                        1.246935
## Dependents
                     1.053616 1
                                        1.026458
AIC(b1,b2)
##
      df
              AIC
## b1 19 6891.257
```

b2 17 6939.603

```
pred_prob2 <- predict(b2, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred2<- ifelse(pred_prob2>0.5,"Yes","No")
table(churn_pred2)
## churn_pred2
   No Yes
##
## 1268 845
table(test$Churn)
##
##
    No Yes
## 1547 566
#Confusion table
tt2 <- table(churn_pred2, test$Churn);tt
##
## churn_pred No Yes
          No 1409 268
##
          Yes 138 298
100*sum(diag(tt2))/sum(tt2) #80.79
## [1] 75.62707
true_positives <- tt2[2, 2]</pre>
false_positives <- tt2[1, 2]
false_negatives <- tt2[2, 1]</pre>
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)</pre>
precision
## [1] 0.7915194
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)</pre>
recall
## [1] 0.5301775
# F1 Score
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)</pre>
f1_score
## [1] 0.6350106
```

Balancing the target variable helps us improve the precision metric. The others not that much.