# Assignment 2

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### 1 Data context

This dataset contains information about customers. Demographic data,

# 2 Data exploration

```
[1] 7043
              21
    [1] "customerID"
                                                "SeniorCitizen"
##
                            "gender"
                                                                    "Partner"
    [5] "Dependents"
                            "tenure"
                                                "PhoneService"
                                                                    "MultipleLines"
    [9] "InternetService"
                                                                    "DeviceProtection"
                            "OnlineSecurity"
                                                "OnlineBackup"
## [13] "TechSupport"
                            "StreamingTV"
                                                "StreamingMovies"
                                                                    "Contract"
## [17] "PaperlessBilling" "PaymentMethod"
                                                "MonthlyCharges"
                                                                    "TotalCharges"
## [21] "Churn"
```

### 2.1 Variable Description

In total, we have 21 variables related to demographic, services, and accountant data. One is the ID, three are numerical variables, and 17 are categorical variables. We will conduct a descriptive analysis and a data quality report for each variable, considering aspects such as the number of missing values, errors, and the distribution or balance of the variable...

### customerID

We won't need this variable for the analysis nor the modelling.

### 2.1.1 Demographic data

### gender

Is a binary variable (female/male). It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## Female Male
## 3488 3555
```

### SeniorCitizen

It is a binary variable. Levels: 1(=yes)/0(=no). It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## 0 1
## 5901 1142
```

### Partner

It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No Yes
## 3641 3402
```

### Dependents

It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

### ## [1] 0

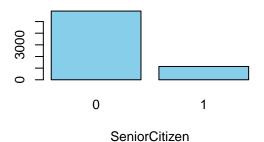
## ## No Yes ## 4933 2110

# Distribution of gender

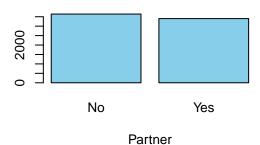
# 2000 Female Male

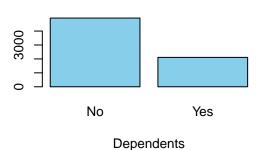
Gender

### **Distribution of SeniorCitizen**



### **Distribution of Partner**





**Distribution of Dependents** 

### 2.1.2 Services of the costumer data

Services that each customer has signed up for:

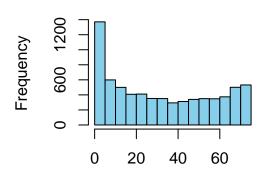
### tenure

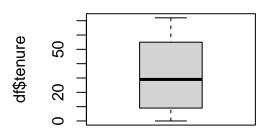
It is a numerical variable that indicates the duration, in months, that the customer has stayed with the company. We shall explore the statistics of the variable and look for the outliers

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 0.00 9.00 29.00 32.37 55.00 72.00

# **Histogram**

# **Outlier analysis**





### df\$tenure

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
sm_t <- summary(df$tenure)
iqr_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] - sm_t["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr_t
mild_lb_t <- sm_t["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr_t
length(which(df$tenure > mild_ub_t | df$tenure < mild_lb_t))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

```
# number of mild outliers

# Severe Outliers
severe_ub_t <- sm_t["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr_t
severe_lb_t <- sm_t["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr_t
length(which(df$tenure > severe_ub_t | df$tenure < severe_lb_t))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

```
# number of severe outliers
```

There are no mild nor severe outliers in Tenure.

### PhoneService

It is a binary variable. Levels: Yes/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No Yes
## 682 6361
```

### MultipleLines

Categorical variable with 3 levels, No/No phone service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## [1] 0
##
## No No phone service Yes
## 3390 682 2971
```

Check for inconsistencies:

• It cannot happen that a costumer has not Phoneservice and Multiplelines.

##	[1]	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner
##	[5]	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines
##	[9]	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	OnlineBackup	${\tt DeviceProtection}$
##	[13]	TechSupport	StreamingTV	${\tt StreamingMovies}$	Contract
##	[17]	PaperlessBilling	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges
##	[21]	Churn			
##	<0 r	ows> (or 0-length	row.names)		

### InternetService

Categorical variable with 3 levels: DSL/Fiber optic/No. It doesn't contain NA values.

## ## DSL Fiber optic No ## 2421 3096 1526 ## [1] 0

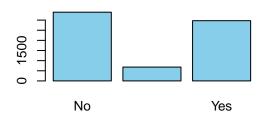
### **OnlineSecurity**

Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

Yes

## [1] 0

# Distribution of PhoneService



PhoneService

No

MultipleLines

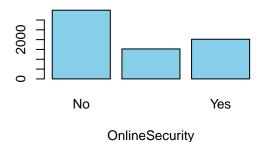
**Distribution of MultipleLines** 

### **Distribution of InternetService**

# DSL Fiber optic No

InternetService

# **Distribution of OnlineSecurity**



Check consistency

sum(df\$InternetService == "No")

## [1] 1526

```
sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service")
## [1] 1526
nrow(subset(df, InternetService == "No" & OnlineSecurity == "No internet service"))
## [1] 1526
OnlineBackup
Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
                     No No internet service
                                                              Yes
##
                   3088
                                        1526
                                                             2429
## [1] 0
# Check concistency
sum(df$OnlineBackup == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
DeviceProtection Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA
values.
##
##
                     No No internet service
                                                              Yes
                   3095
                                        1526
                                                             2422
##
## [1] 0
# Check consistency
sum(df$OnlineSecurity == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$DeviceProtection == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
TechSupport
Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
##
                     No No internet service
                                                              Yes
##
                   3473
                                        1526
                                                             2044
## [1] 0
#Check consistency
sum(df$DeviceProtection == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$TechSupport == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
```

StreamingTV Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
##
##
                    No No internet service
                                                             Yes
##
                  2810
                                       1526
                                                             2707
## [1] 0
#Check consistency
sum(df$TechSupport == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$StreamingTV == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
StreamingMovies
Categorical variable with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.
##
##
                     No No internet service
                                                             Yes
##
                  2785
                                       1526
                                                             2732
## [1] 0
#Check consistency
sum(df$StreamingTV == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
sum(df$StreamingMovies == "No internet service") #1526
## [1] 1526
   Distribution of OnlineBackup
                                                 Distribution of DeviceProtection
1500
                                              1500
        No
                             Yes
                                                       No
                                                                            Yes
              OnlineBackup
                                                           DeviceProtection
    Distribution of TechSupport
                                                   Distribution of StreamingTV
                                                                                        Distribution of Str
                                                                                      1500
                                              1500
        No
                             Yes
                                                       No
                                                                            Yes
                                                                                              No
```

StreamingTV

**TechSupport** 

Streaming

### 2.1.3 Customer account data

Contract Categorical variable with 3 levels: Month-to-month/One year/Two year. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
## ## Month-to-month One year Two year ## 3875 1473 1695
```

PaperlessBilling It is a binary variable. Levels: No/Yes. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
table(df$PaperlessBilling)
```

```
##
## No Yes
## 2872 4171
sum(is.na(df$PaperlessBilling))
```

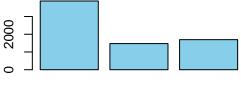
## [1] 0

**PaymentMethod** Categorical variable with 4 levels: Bank transfer (automatic)/Credit card (automatic)/Electronic check/Mailed check. It doesn't contain NA values.

```
table(df$PaymentMethod)
```

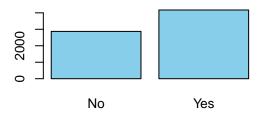
**##** [1] 0

### **Distribution of Contract**



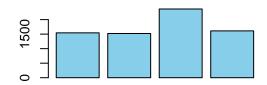
Contract

### **Distribution of PaperlessBilling**



PaperlessBilling

# **Distribution of PaymentMethod**



Bank transfer (automatic)

Month-to-month

Mailed check

Two year

PaymentMethod

### MonthlyCharges

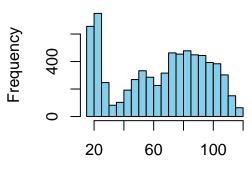
It is a numerical variable. It doesn't contain NA values.

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 18.25 35.50 70.35 64.76 89.85 118.75

# Histogram

# df\$MonthlyCharges

# **Outlier analysis**





## [1] 0

Let's look for *outliers*.

```
sm <- summary(df$MonthlyCharges)
iqr <- sm["3rd Qu."] - sm["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr
mild_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr</pre>
```

```
length(which(df$MonthlyCharges > mild_ub | df$MonthlyCharges < mild_lb))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

```
# Severe Outliers
severe_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr
severe_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr
length(which(df$MonthlyCharges > severe_ub | df$MonthlyCharges < severe_lb))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

There are no mild nor severe outliers in MonthlyCharges.

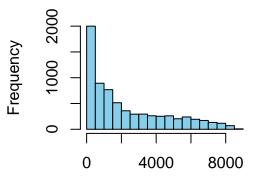
### **TotalCharges**

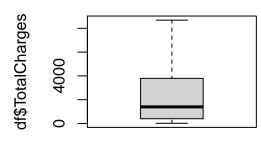
It is a numerical variable. It does contain 11 NA values.

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## 18.8 401.4 1397.5 2283.3 3794.7 8684.8 11
## [1] 11
```

# **Histogram**

# Outlier analysis





df\$TotalCharges

### ## [1] 11

Let's look for *outliers*.

```
sm <- summary(df$TotalCharges)
iqr <- sm["3rd Qu."] - sm["1st Qu."]
# Mild Outliers
mild_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 1.5 * iqr
mild_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 1.5 * iqr
length(which(df$TotalCharges > mild_ub | df$TotalCharges < mild_lb))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

```
# Severe Outliers
severe_ub <- sm["3rd Qu."] + 3 * iqr
severe_lb <- sm["1st Qu."] - 3 * iqr
length(which(df$TotalCharges > severe_ub | df$TotalCharges < severe_lb))</pre>
```

### ## [1] 0

There are no mild nor severe outliers.

### 2.1.4 Target variable:

Churn It is the target variable. It is binary, describes whether the customer churned or not (Yes or No). table(df\$Churn)

```
##
## No Yes
## 5174 1869
prop.table(table(df$Churn))

##
## No Yes
## 0.7346301 0.2653699
barplot(table(df$Churn), col="skyblue")

No Yes
sum(is.na(df$Churn))
```

**##** [1] 0

# 3 Data preprocessing

### 3.0.1 Recode variables into correct type

We shall reconvert the type of certain variables that are encoded with wrong type. First, we convert the character variables (except the ID) into factors.

```
char_cols <- which(sapply(df, is.character))
df[, char_cols[-1]] <- lapply(df[, char_cols[-1]], as.factor)</pre>
```

Also, we convert the numerical variable SeniorCitizen into a factor.

```
df$SeniorCitizen<- factor(df$SeniorCitizen)</pre>
```

### 3.0.2 Data imputation

```
##
    customerID
                      gender
                                     SeniorCitizen
                                                      Partner
   Mode :logical
                    Mode :logical
                                    Mode :logical
                                                     Mode :logical
##
##
   FALSE:7043
                    FALSE:7043
                                    FALSE:7043
                                                     FALSE:7043
##
##
   Dependents
                      tenure
                                    PhoneService
                                                     MultipleLines
                                    Mode :logical
##
   Mode :logical
                    Mode :logical
                                                     Mode :logical
##
   FALSE:7043
                    FALSE:7043
                                    FALSE: 7043
                                                     FALSE:7043
##
##
   InternetService OnlineSecurity
                                    OnlineBackup
                                                     DeviceProtection
                    Mode :logical
                                    Mode :logical
   Mode :logical
                                                     Mode :logical
```

```
FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE: 7043
##
##
                                      StreamingMovies
##
    TechSupport
                     StreamingTV
                                                        Contract
                     Mode :logical
   Mode :logical
                                     Mode :logical
                                                       Mode :logical
##
##
    FALSE: 7043
                     FALSE:7043
                                      FALSE: 7043
                                                       FALSE:7043
##
   PaperlessBilling PaymentMethod
                                       MonthlyCharges
##
                                                       TotalCharges
##
   Mode :logical
                      Mode :logical
                                       Mode :logical
                                                        Mode :logical
##
    FALSE: 7043
                      FALSE: 7043
                                       FALSE: 7043
                                                        FALSE: 7032
##
                                                        TRUE:11
##
      Churn
   Mode :logical
##
    FALSE: 7043
##
##
```

Only the variable TotalCharges has NA's.

The missing data corresponds to the individuals that have not payed yet the charges of the current month, we can guess that are new clients of the company.

Duplicate values: no

```
length(unique(df$customerID))
```

```
## [1] 7043
```

These NA exist because the costumer hasn't payed yet that month (tenure is 0). We convert these NA to 0.

```
11 <- which(is.na(df$TotalCharges))
df[11,"TotalCharges"] <- 0</pre>
```

### 3.0.3 Correlation between categorical

The categorical variables MultipleLines and PhoneService are 100% correlated. We might have multicollinearity between these two variables.

```
contingency_table<-table(df$MultipleLines,df$PhoneService)
sqrt(chisq.test(contingency_table)$statistic / (sum(contingency_table) * (min(dim(contingency_table)) -

## X-squared
## 1</pre>
```

### 3.0.4 Profiling

```
res.cat=catdes(df, 21)
res.cat$test.chi2
```

```
##
                          p.value df
## Contract
                   5.863038e-258
## OnlineSecurity
                   2.661150e-185
## TechSupport
                   1.443084e-180
## InternetService 9.571788e-160
## PaymentMethod
                   3.682355e-140
## OnlineBackup
                   2.079759e-131
## DeviceProtection 5.505219e-122
## StreamingMovies
                    2.667757e-82 2
## StreamingTV
                    5.528994e-82 2
## PaperlessBilling 2.614597e-58
```

```
## Dependents
                     3.276083e-43 1
## SeniorCitizen
                     9.477904e-37 1
## Partner
                     1.519037e-36
## MultipleLines
                     3.464383e-03 2
lapply(res.cat$category, head, n = 5)
## $No
##
                                         Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                            Global
                                                                          p.value
## Contract=Two year
                                        97.16814 31.83224 24.06645 3.588830e-187
## StreamingMovies=No internet service 92.59502 27.30963 21.66690 6.584621e-98
                                                                    6.584621e-98
## StreamingTV=No internet service
                                        92.59502 27.30963 21.66690
## TechSupport=No internet service
                                        92.59502 27.30963 21.66690
                                                                    6.584621e-98
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 92.59502 27.30963 21.66690 6.584621e-98
                                          v.test
## Contract=Two year
                                        29.17894
## StreamingMovies=No internet service 20.99981
                                        20.99981
## StreamingTV=No internet service
## TechSupport=No internet service
                                        20.99981
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 20.99981
##
## $Yes
                                   Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                      Global
                                                                    p.value
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  42.70968 88.55003 55.01917 3.620915e-283
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  41.76672 78.17014 49.66634 6.171504e-190
## TechSupport=No
                                  41.63547 77.36758 49.31137 1.899538e-183
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  41.89276 69.39540 43.95854 2.289126e-148
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 45.28541 57.30337 33.57944 1.790860e-136
                                    v.test
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  35.95931
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  29.39603
## TechSupport=No
                                  28.88395
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  25.94114
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 24.86476
lapply(res.cat$category, tail, n = 5)
## $No
                                   Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                      Global
                                                                    p.value
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check 54.71459 25.00966 33.57944 1.790860e-136
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  58.10724 34.77000 43.95854 2.289126e-148
## TechSupport=No
                                  58.36453 39.17665 49.31137 1.899538e-183
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  58.23328 39.36993 49.66634 6.171504e-190
                                  57.29032 42.90684 55.01917 3.620915e-283
## Contract=Month-to-month
##
                                     v.test
## PaymentMethod=Electronic check -24.86476
## InternetService=Fiber optic
                                  -25.94114
## TechSupport=No
                                  -28.88395
## OnlineSecurity=No
                                  -29.39603
## Contract=Month-to-month
                                  -35.95931
##
## $Yes
##
                                         Cla/Mod Mod/Cla
                                                            Global
                                                                          p.value
## DeviceProtection=No internet service 7.404980 6.046014 21.66690 6.584621e-98
## OnlineBackup=No internet service
                                        7.404980 6.046014 21.66690 6.584621e-98
```

```
## OnlineSecurity=No internet service
                                        7.404980 6.046014 21.66690
                                                                     6.584621e-98
## InternetService=No
                                        7.404980 6.046014 21.66690 6.584621e-98
## Contract=Two year
                                        2.831858 2.568218 24.06645 3.588830e-187
##
                                           v.test
## DeviceProtection=No internet service -20.99981
## OnlineBackup=No internet service
                                        -20.99981
## OnlineSecurity=No internet service
                                         -20.99981
## InternetService=No
                                         -20.99981
## Contract=Two year
                                         -29.17894
res.cat$quanti.var
```

```
## Eta2 P-value
## tenure 0.12406504 7.999058e-205
## TotalCharges 0.03933251 2.127212e-63
## MonthlyCharges 0.03738671 2.706646e-60
```

Regarding to the results of the test  $Chi^2$  all correlations with the variables are significant since the p-value is less than 0,05. Since the response variable is binary, we have different results for each answer and also for all outcomes of the categorical parameters.

The parameters that have a higher positive relation with the costumers that don't churn are the ones that have a negative relation when the response variable is "Yes". In the same vein, we can observe that the parameters that have a negative relation with the costumers that churn are "OnlineSecurity" and "TechSupport" when the answer is "No", the same parameters that have a positive relation when the costumers churn. We can see that the target answer "Yes" and "No" have an approximate opposite correlations with the explanatory variables.

### 3.1 Modelling

### 3.1.1 Data transformations:

Recall that the following variables:

- OnlineSecurity
- OnlineBackup
- DeviceProtection
- TechSupport
- StreamingTV
- StreamingMovies

are categorical variables with 3 levels: No/No internet service/Yes.

We observe that they contain "No internet service" as a response. We have a variable called *InternetService* that is a categorical variable with 3 levels: DSL/Fiber optic/No. Whenever *InternetService*—"No" implies -> var—"No internet service". Therefore we decided to transform the level "No internet service" into "No" in the 6 variables above since this variable will specify.

```
df$OnlineSecurity[df$OnlineSecurity=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$OnlineBackup[df$OnlineBackup=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$DeviceProtection[df$DeviceProtection=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$TechSupport[df$TechSupport=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$StreamingTV[df$StreamingTV=="No internet service"] <- "No"
df$StreamingMovies[df$StreamingMovies=="No internet service"] <- "No"</pre>
```

We saw that *MultipleLines* is 100% related with *PhoneService*. The reason is similar as the previous parameters: one answer of *MultipleLines* is "No phone service". We set this answer to "No" since we don't lose the information because it is contained inside the parameter *PhoneService*.

```
df$MultipleLines[df$MultipleLines=="No phone service"] <- "No"
```

### 3.1.2 Modelling:

```
set.seed(1234)
m <- floor(0.7*nrow(df))
train_d <- sample(seq_len(nrow(df)), size = m)

train <- df[train_d,]
test <- df[-train_d,]</pre>
```

Recall that the target variable is Churn.

### 3.1.3 Numerical Variables

### Null Model

We start the modelling by the null model.

```
mod0 <- glm(Churn ~ 1, data=train, family=binomial)
mod0$deviance</pre>
```

```
## [1] 5694.218
```

We continue by adding the numerical variables and assessing the model.

```
which(sapply(df, is.numeric))
```

```
## tenure MonthlyCharges TotalCharges
## 6 19 20
```

### Tenure

```
mod1 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure, data=train, family=binomial)
mod1$deviance;AIC(mod0,mod1) #summary(mod1)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 5040.677
## df AIC
## mod0 1 5696.218
## mod1 2 5044.677
anova( mod0, mod1, test="Chisq")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ 1
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1 4929 5694.2
## 2 4928 5040.7 1 653.54 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1</pre>
```

### MonthlyCharges

```
mod2 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
mod2$deviance
## [1] 4467.45
AIC(mod2) #4473.45
## [1] 4473.45
anova( mod1, mod2, test="Chisq")
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4928
                   5040.7
## 2
          4927
                   4467.5 1 573.23 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
TotalCharges
mod3 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
mod3$deviance
## [1] 4460.555
anova( mod2, mod3, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4927
                   4467.5
## 2
          4926
                   4460.6 1
                               6.8951 0.008643 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
AIC(mod3) #4468.55
## [1] 4468.555
vif(mod3)
##
           tenure MonthlyCharges
                                   TotalCharges
##
        14.730657
                        2.271293
                                       18.869079
It is significant enough but we can also see that TotalCharges has a high VIF, so it has high multicollinearity.
```

We decide to not include it in the model.

### 3.1.4 Inlfuential data

```
infl <- influence.measures(mod3)</pre>
sum(residuals(mod3,'deviance')^2)
```

## [1] 4460.555

```
sum(residuals(mod3,'pearson')^2)
## [1] 5196.056
influential_indices <- which(infl$is.inf == TRUE)</pre>
length(influential_indices)
## [1] 209
length(train$customerID)
```

## [1] 4930

We have 209 influential points out of 4930.

### 3.1.5 Residuals

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
residualPlots(mod3)
Pearson residuals
                                    Pearson residuals
      9
                                          10
      2
      0
                                          0
           0
               20
                      50
                                               20
                                                     60
                                                           100
                                               MonthlyCharges
                tenure
Pearson residuals
                                    Pearson residuals
                                          10
                                          2
                                          0
           0
                 4000
                                                            0
                                                       -2
             TotalCharges
                                               Linear Predictor
##
                       Test stat Pr(>|Test stat|)
## tenure
                          10.1732
                                               0.001425 **
## MonthlyCharges
                           2.1562
                                               0.141999
## TotalCharges
                           0.0045
                                               0.946457
## ---
```

The residuals need to be nearer to the 0 and they have homocedasticity.

## Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

### 3.1.6 Categorical Variables

Now, we shall add the categorical variables. The order of addition is significant, therefore we start by adding the most correlated variables with the target.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Contract\*

```
mod4 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
AIC(mod4) #4302.2 better
## [1] 4302.234
anova( mod3, mod4, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + TotalCharges
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4926
                  4460.6
## 2
         4925
                 4292.2 1 168.32 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod4)
                     GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## tenure
                 1.707900 1
                                   1.306867
## MonthlyCharges 1.300967 1
                                    1.140599
                                    1.080186
## Contract
                 1.361428 2
We add the parameter because it improves the model.
InternetService
mod5 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
AIC(mod5) #4254.1 better
## [1] 4254.114
anova( mod4, mod5, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService
## Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
         4925
## 1
                  4292.2
## 2
         4923
                  4240.1 2
                               52.12 4.811e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod5)
                      GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                  1.738643 1
                                     1.318576
## MonthlyCharges 6.009378 1
                                     2.451403
## Contract
                  1.450931 2
                                     1.097518
## InternetService 5.338238 2
                                    1.520021
StreamingMovies
mod6 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
              StreamingMovies, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod6) #4238.6 better
```

## [1] 4238.552

```
anova( mod5, mod6, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4923
                   4240.1
## 2
          4922
                   4222.6 1
                               17.563 2.78e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod6)
##
                       GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## tenure
                   1.734387 1
                                      1.316961
## MonthlyCharges 9.114445 1
                                      3.019014
## Contract
                   1.447519
                                      1.096872
## InternetService 6.680296
                             2
                                      1.607677
## StreamingMovies 1.878425 1
                                      1.370556
The model has improved but the VIF is becoming higher.
StreamingTV
mod7 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod7) #4213.5 better
## [1] 4213.55
anova( mod6, mod7, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
          4922
                   4222.6
## 2
          4921
                   4195.5 1
                               27.002 2.033e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod7)
##
                        GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                    1.732269 1
                                       1.316157
## MonthlyCharges 12.166459 1
                                       3.488045
## Contract
                    1.443988 2
                                       1.096203
## InternetService 7.954251
                             2
                                       1.679383
## StreamingMovies 1.860165
                                       1.363878
## StreamingTV
                    1.906895
                                       1.380904
```

Monthly Charges has a high VIF. We'll may need to add transformations or maybe discard this variable. For now, we will keep the parameters that we have been adding.

### **TechSupport**

```
mod8 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
     StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport, data=train, family=binomial)
#summary(mod8) #4208.3 better
AIC(mod8)
## [1] 4208.273
anova( mod7, mod8, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
       4921 4195.5
         4920
                4188.3 1 7.2764 0.006987 **
## 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod8)
                      GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                 1.732344 1
                                    1.316185
## MonthlyCharges 13.838376 1
                                    3.719997
## Contract 1.475851 2
                                    1.102201
## InternetService 9.342986 2
                                    1.748322
## StreamingMovies 1.893830 1
                                    1.376165
## StreamingTV
                                    1.394119
                1.943568 1
## TechSupport
                 1.294163 1
                                    1.137613
Including TechSupport improves the model.
DeviceProtection
mod9 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
           StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection,
           data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod9) #4209.3 worse
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection,
##
##
      family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
            1Q Median
                               3Q
                                        Max
## -1.7717 -0.6683 -0.2984 0.7723
                                     3.1679
##
## Coefficients:
                            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                           ## tenure
                            -0.03217
                                       0.00250 -12.868 < 2e-16 ***
## MonthlyCharges
```

```
## ContractOne year
                              -0.84846
                                         0.12453 -6.813 9.54e-12 ***
                              -1.71130
                                         0.21068 -8.123 4.55e-16 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                         0.20259
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.49636
                                                  7.386 1.51e-13 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                             -1.33473
                                         0.19328 -6.906 5.00e-12 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes
                              0.41040
                                         0.10661
                                                    3.850 0.000118 ***
                                         0.10817
## StreamingTVYes
                              0.51843
                                                    4.793 1.64e-06 ***
                                         0.10447 -2.663 0.007751 **
## TechSupportYes
                              -0.27817
                                                  0.965 0.334789
## DeviceProtectionYes
                              0.09141
                                         0.09477
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4187.3 on 4919 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4209.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
AIC(mod9)
## [1] 4209.343
anova( mod8, mod9, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + DeviceProtection
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4920
                   4188.3
          4919
                   4187.3 1 0.93092
We don't add the variable to the model. It does not improve it.
OnlineBackup
mod10 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineBackup,
            data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod10) #4209.6 worse
## [1] 4209.632
anova( mod8, mod10, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineBackup
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
         4920
                  4188.3
## 1
## 2
         4919
                  4187.6 1 0.64158
                                      0.4231
```

We don't add the variable to the model. It does not improve it.

### **OnlineSecurity**

```
mod11 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity,
             data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod11) #4199 better
## [1] 4198.953
anova( mod8, mod11, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4920
                  4188.3
          4919
## 2
                  4177.0 1 11.321 0.0007665 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod11)
##
                        GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                   1.744624 1
                                       1.320842
## MonthlyCharges 15.487373 1
                                       3.935400
## Contract
                   1.492903 2
                                       1.105371
## InternetService 10.866851 2
                                       1.815624
## StreamingMovies 1.971177 1
                                       1.403986
## StreamingTV
                   2.028530 1
                                       1.424265
## TechSupport
                    1.296059 1
                                       1.138446
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.242751 1
                                       1.114787
We keep the variable. We still have multicollinearity, but we'll deal with it later.
PaperlessBilling
mod12 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling, data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod12) #4184.5 better
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.8020 -0.6855 -0.2930 0.7658
                                        3.1924
##
## Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
```

```
## (Intercept)
                             -0.206715
                                         0.251517 -0.822 0.411150
                                         0.002512 -12.730 < 2e-16 ***
## tenure
                             -0.031980
## MonthlyCharges
                             -0.006893
                                         0.005737 -1.202 0.229554
## ContractOne year
                             -0.774511
                                         0.125366 -6.178 6.49e-10 ***
## ContractTwo year
                             -1.575801
                                         0.211901
                                                  -7.436 1.03e-13 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.162390 0.211629
                                                   5.493 3.96e-08 ***
                                         0.195326 -6.227 4.76e-10 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                             -1.216241
## StreamingMoviesYes
                              0.328093
                                         0.109142
                                                   3.006 0.002646 **
## StreamingTVYes
                              0.412453
                                         0.111023
                                                   3.715 0.000203 ***
## TechSupportYes
                             -0.293252
                                         0.105072 -2.791 0.005255 **
## OnlineSecurityYes
                             -0.325252
                                         0.105781 -3.075 0.002107 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                              0.354796
                                         0.087670
                                                   4.047 5.19e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4160.5 on 4918 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4184.5
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
AIC(mod12)
## [1] 4184.475
anova( mod11, mod12, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4919
                  4177.0
## 2
         4918
                  4160.5 1
                              16.478 4.923e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod12)
                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                    1.760119 1
                                       1.326695
## MonthlyCharges
                                       3.939449
                   15.519259 1
## Contract
                    1.507661 2
                                       1.108092
## InternetService 10.973792 2
                                       1.820075
## StreamingMovies
                    1.970408 1
                                       1.403712
## StreamingTV
                    2.035605 1
                                       1.426746
## TechSupport
                    1.298079 1
                                       1.139333
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.247294 1
                                       1.116823
## PaperlessBilling 1.111928 1
                                       1.054480
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

### **Dependents**

```
mod13 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
             StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
             PaperlessBilling + Dependents, data=train, family=binomial)
summary(mod13) #4177.2 better
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents, family = binomial, data = train)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
               10
                   Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -1.8158 -0.6832 -0.2973 0.7559
                                    3.1478
## Coefficients:
                           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                           -0.160331 0.252462 -0.635 0.52538
## (Intercept)
                          ## tenure
## MonthlyCharges
                          -0.006595 0.005749 -1.147 0.25137
## ContractOne year
                          ## ContractTwo year
                                              5.344 9.07e-08 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.133942 0.212173
## InternetServiceNo
                         -1.193933 0.195766 -6.099 1.07e-09 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes
                          3.706 0.00021 ***
## StreamingTVYes
                           0.412210
                                     0.111213
                                     0.105193 -2.731 0.00631 **
## TechSupportYes
                          -0.287327
## OnlineSecurityYes
                           -0.317077
                                     0.105920 -2.994 0.00276 **
                                              4.005 6.21e-05 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes
                           0.351625
                                     0.087803
## DependentsYes
                           -0.291003
                                     0.096298 -3.022 0.00251 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4151.2 on 4917 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4177.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
AIC(mod13)
## [1] 4177.206
anova( mod12, mod13, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
      PaperlessBilling
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
```

```
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4918
                  4160.5
## 2
          4917
                  4151.2 1
                              9.2692 0.00233 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod13)
##
                         GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
                    1.773404 1
                                       1.331692
## tenure
## MonthlyCharges
                  15.562560 1
                                       3.944941
## Contract
                    1.522708 2
                                       1.110847
## InternetService 10.992492 2
                                       1.820849
                   1.973305 1
## StreamingMovies
                                       1.404744
## StreamingTV
                    2.037770 1
                                       1.427505
## TechSupport
                    1.299374 1
                                       1.139901
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.247956 1
                                       1.117120
## PaperlessBilling 1.112626 1
                                       1.054811
## Dependents
                    1.027601 1
                                       1.013706
We keep the variable because it improves the model.
MultipleLines
mod14 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
              StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
              PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines,
            data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod14) #4162.2 better
## [1] 4162.18
anova( mod13, mod14, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4917
                  4151.2
          4916
## 2
                  4134.2 1
                              17.026 3.688e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod14)
                         GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## tenure
                    1.860860 1
                                       1.364133
## MonthlyCharges
                   19.785122 1
                                       4.448047
                    1.529039 2
## Contract
                                       1.112000
## InternetService 12.562934 2
                                       1.882664
## StreamingMovies 2.104685 1
                                       1.450753
## StreamingTV
                                       1.466570
                    2.150829 1
```

```
## TechSupport 1.346109 1 1.160219

## OnlineSecurity 1.283323 1 1.132838

## PaperlessBilling 1.113149 1 1.055059

## Dependents 1.028391 1 1.014096

## MultipleLines 1.749163 1 1.322559
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

### **SeniorCitizen**

```
mod15 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen,
             data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod15) #4155.7 better
## [1] 4155.702
anova( mod14, mod15, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         4916
                  4134.2
          4915
                   4125.7 1
                               8.4782 0.003594 **
## 2
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod15)
##
                         GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                     1.889241 1
                                        1.374497
## MonthlyCharges
                   19.790331 1
                                        4.448632
## Contract
                    1.536772 2
                                        1.113403
## InternetService 12.635139 2
                                        1.885363
## StreamingMovies 2.104216 1
                                        1.450592
## StreamingTV
                     2.148543 1
                                        1.465791
                     1.353673 1
## TechSupport
                                        1.163474
## OnlineSecurity
                     1.286526 1
                                        1.134251
## PaperlessBilling 1.114284 1
                                        1.055597
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

1.056349 1

1.752169 1

1.113813 1

### Partner

## Dependents

## MultipleLines

## SeniorCitizen

1.027789

1.323695

1.055374

```
## [1] 4157.677
anova( mod15, mod16, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       Partner
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
          4915
                   4125.7
          4914
                   4125.7 1 0.024971
## 2
We don't keep the variable because it does not improve the model.
PaymentMethod
mod17 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
               PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod17) #4139.4 better
## [1] 4139.434
anova( mod15, mod17, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
          4915
                   4125.7
## 2
          4912
                   4103.4 3
                               22.269 5.735e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod17)
##
                         GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## tenure
                     1.963626 1
                                        1.401295
## MonthlyCharges
                    19.895259 1
                                        4.460410
                     1.543913 2
                                        1.114694
## Contract
## InternetService 13.046889 2
                                        1.900539
## StreamingMovies
                   2.110866 1
                                        1.452882
## StreamingTV
                     2.164001 1
                                        1.471054
## TechSupport
                     1.357356 1
                                        1.165056
```

```
## OnlineSecurity
                    1.291867 1
                                       1.136603
## PaperlessBilling 1.120742 1
                                       1.058651
## Dependents
                    1.057502 1
                                       1.028349
## MultipleLines
                    1.753352 1
                                       1.324142
## SeniorCitizen
                    1.116591 1
                                       1.056689
## PaymentMethod
                    1.332467 3
                                       1.049001
```

We keep the variable because it improves the model.

### **PhoneService**

```
mod18 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +</pre>
               StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
               PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
               PaymentMethod + PhoneService, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod18)#4139.4 it does not change anything
## [1] 4139.379
anova( mod17, mod18, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
       PaymentMethod + PhoneService
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
          4912
                   4103.4
## 2
          4911
                   4101.4 1
                                2.055
                                        0.1517
```

We don't include the parameter because it does not improve the model.

### 3.1.7 Inlfuential data

We check the influential data after including all categorical variables .

```
infl_2 <- influence.measures(mod17)
sum(residuals(mod17,'deviance')^2)

## [1] 4103.434
sum(residuals(mod17,'pearson')^2)

## [1] 4919.679
influential_indices_2 <- which(infl_2$is.inf == TRUE)
length(influential_indices_2)

## [1] 98</pre>
```

```
length(train$customerID)
## [1] 4930
```

The influential data has reduced until 98 tuples.

### 3.1.8 Interactions

We need to search for interactions. Possible interactions:

### 3.1.8.1 Dependents and Multiple Lines

```
## [1] 4140.355
anova( mod17, mod19, test="Chisq") #not significant
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents * MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
##
       PaymentMethod
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
          4912
                   4103.4
## 2
          4911
                   4102.4 1
                               1.0787
                                          0.299
```

We don't include the interaction since it is not significative

### MonthlyCharges and InternetService

```
## [1] 4133.664
```

```
anova( mod17, mod20, test="Chisq") #significant
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
       PaymentMethod
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
          4912
                   4103 4
## 1
```

```
## 2
         4910
                 4093.7 2 9.7694 0.007561 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod20)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                         GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                                     2.079881 1
                                                        1.442179
## InternetService
                                  9738.807709 2
                                                        9.934052
## MonthlyCharges
                                    21.386127 1
                                                        4.624514
                                     1.550405 2
## Contract
                                                        1.115864
## StreamingMovies
                                     2.374759 1
                                                        1.541025
## StreamingTV
                                    2.416906 1
                                                       1.554640
                                    1.374225 1
## TechSupport
                                                        1.172273
## OnlineSecurity
                                    1.300790 1
                                                        1.140522
## PaperlessBilling
                                    1.124965 1
                                                       1.060644
## Dependents
                                    1.056690 1
                                                       1.027954
                                     1.897486 1
## MultipleLines
                                                        1.377493
## SeniorCitizen
                                     1.115802 1
                                                       1.056315
## PaymentMethod
                                     1.346214 3
                                                       1.050797
## InternetService:MonthlyCharges 11466.767397 2
                                                     10.348091
This interaction is significative
SeniorCitizen and PaymentMethod
mod21 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract + StreamingMovies + Streaming
AIC(mod21) #4133 better and also better than mod20
## [1] 4133.038
anova( mod17, mod21, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + MonthlyCharges + Contract + InternetService +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
      PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
      StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
      PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
      PaymentMethod
##
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4912
                  4103.4
## 2
         4909
                  4091.0 3 12.396 0.006144 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova( mod20, mod21, test="Chisq") #not significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
```

StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +

##

```
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
       PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
       PaymentMethod
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
          4910
## 1
                   4093.7
## 2
          4909
                   4091.0 1
                               2.6261
                                        0.1051
vif(mod21) #better multicollinearity
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                    GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## tenure
                                1.973899 1
                                                   1.404955
## InternetService
                               13.127210 2
                                                   1.903457
## MonthlyCharges
                               19.972402 1
                                                   4.469049
## Contract
                                1.548154 2
                                                   1.115459
## StreamingMovies
                                2.114568 1
                                                   1.454155
## StreamingTV
                               2.168544 1
                                                   1.472598
                               1.359278 1
## TechSupport
                                                   1.165881
## OnlineSecurity
                               1.292280 1
                                                   1.136785
## PaperlessBilling
                              1.120630 1
                                                   1.058598
## Dependents
                               1.058287 1
                                                   1.028731
## MultipleLines
                                1.759302 1
                                                   1.326387
## SeniorCitizen
                                6.564344 1
                                                   2.562098
## PaymentMethod
                                2.413718 3
                                                   1.158193
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.225907 3
                                                   1.473274
mod22 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract + StreamingMovies + Streaming
AIC(mod22) #4126.8 better
## [1] 4126.835
anova( mod21, mod22, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
      PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
       PaymentMethod
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
          4909
## 1
                   4091.0
## 2
          4907
                   4080.8 2
                               10.203 0.006088 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova( mod20, mod22, test="Chisq") #significant
```

## Analysis of Deviance Table

```
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen +
##
##
       PaymentMethod
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService * MonthlyCharges + Contract +
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
##
       PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen *
##
##
       PaymentMethod
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
         4910
                  4093.7
          4907
                  4080.8 3 12.829 0.005021 **
## 2
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod22)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                          GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## tenure
                                      2.092433 1
                                                         1.446525
                                  9747.368394 2
## InternetService
                                                         9.936235
                                    21.496711 1
## MonthlyCharges
                                                         4.636455
                                     1.554570 2
## Contract
                                                         1.116613
## StreamingMovies
                                     2.379677 1
                                                        1.542620
                                    2.420865 1
## StreamingTV
                                                         1.555913
## TechSupport
                                    1.375906 1
                                                         1.172990
## OnlineSecurity
                                    1.300799 1
                                                        1.140526
                                    1.124887 1
## PaperlessBilling
                                                         1.060607
## Dependents
                                      1.057390 1
                                                         1.028295
## MultipleLines
                                      1.905667 1
                                                         1.380459
## SeniorCitizen
                                      6.580622 1
                                                         2.565272
## PaymentMethod
                                      2.445976 3
                                                         1.160759
## InternetService:MonthlyCharges 11487.448457 2
                                                        10.352754
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod
                                     10.277317 3
                                                         1.474506
Having both interactions improves the model but VIF gets worse. The best model is with SeniorCitizen and
PaymentMethod interaction (mod21)
Second Order variable
mod23 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + MonthlyCharges +</pre>
               Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
               OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
               SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod23) #4088.4 better
## [1] 4088.366
anova( mod21, mod23, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
```

## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + InternetService + MonthlyCharges + Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +

PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen \*

##

##

##

PaymentMethod

```
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + MonthlyCharges +
##
       Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
##
       OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
       SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
##
##
     Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4909
                  4091.0
          4908
                  4044.4 1
                             46.672 8.392e-12 ***
## 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
vif(mod23)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                    GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## tenure
                               15.110913 1
                                                   3.887276
## I(tenure^2)
                              14.413478 1
                                                   3.796509
## InternetService
                              13.143356 2
                                                   1.904042
## MonthlyCharges
                               20.658589 1
                                                   4.545172
## Contract
                               1.830861 2
                                                   1.163225
## StreamingMovies
                              2.155609 1
                                                   1.468199
                              2.220993 1
                                                   1.490300
## StreamingTV
## TechSupport
                              1.373947 1
                                                   1.172155
## OnlineSecurity
                              1.306102 1
                                                   1.142848
## PaperlessBilling
                               1.124076 1
                                                   1.060225
                                1.060211 1
## Dependents
                                                   1.029666
                               1.824384 1
## MultipleLines
                                                   1.350697
## SeniorCitizen
                                6.421969 1
                                                   2.534160
                                2.503172 3
## PaymentMethod
                                                   1.165239
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.118072 3
                                                   1.470674
mod23.1 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + Contract +</pre>
                 StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity +
                 PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
                 SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod23.1) #4093.9 worse
## [1] 4093.873
anova( mod23, mod23.1, test="Chisq") #significant
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + MonthlyCharges +
##
       Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
       OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines +
##
       SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
##
## Model 2: Churn ~ tenure + I(tenure^2) + InternetService + Contract + StreamingMovies +
       StreamingTV + TechSupport + OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling +
##
       Dependents + MultipleLines + SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod
##
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
## 1
         4908
                  4044.4
          4909
                  4051.9 -1 -7.5068 0.006147 **
## 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
vif(mod23.1) #better vif
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                    GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
                               15.094283 1
## tenure
                                                    3.885136
## I(tenure^2)
                               14.395726 1
                                                    3.794170
                                                    1.150713
## InternetService
                                1.753349 2
## Contract
                                1.832458 2
                                                    1.163479
## StreamingMovies
                               1.439408 1
                                                    1.199753
## StreamingTV
                               1.476549 1
                                                    1.215133
                               1.176693 1
## TechSupport
                                                    1.084755
## OnlineSecurity
                               1.145979 1
                                                    1.070504
## PaperlessBilling
                               1.123469 1
                                                    1.059938
## Dependents
                                1.059050 1
                                                    1.029102
## MultipleLines
                                1.406194 1
                                                    1.185831
## SeniorCitizen
                                6.416355 1
                                                    2.533052
## PaymentMethod
                                2.500773 3
                                                    1.165053
## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.110887 3
                                                    1.470499
Removing MonthlyCharges from the model is getting a bit worse the AIC but the change is significant and
it improves the VIF.
For improving the multicollinearity we add log in tenure
mod23.4 <- glm(Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + I(tenure^2) + InternetService +</pre>
                 Contract + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + TechSupport +
                 OnlineSecurity + PaperlessBilling + Dependents + MultipleLines
               + SeniorCitizen * PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)
AIC(mod23.4) #4059.53
## [1] 4059.531
vif(mod23.4)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
##
                                    GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                2.500964 1
                                                    1.581444
                                                    1.671571
## I(tenure^2)
                                2.794150 1
                                1.770563 2
## InternetService
                                                    1.153527
```

We keep this last model because we have the best AIC with the best VIF.

## SeniorCitizen:PaymentMethod 10.154436 3

1.731667 2

1.429558 1

1.458661 1

1.172948 1

1.140765 1

1.125341 1

1.057858 1

1.385364 1

6.404190 1

2.532835 3

## Contract

## StreamingTV

## TechSupport

## Dependents

## MultipleLines

## SeniorCitizen

## PaymentMethod

## StreamingMovies

## OnlineSecurity

## PaperlessBilling

1.147139

1.195641

1.207750

1.083027

1.068066

1.060821

1.028522

1.177015

2.530650

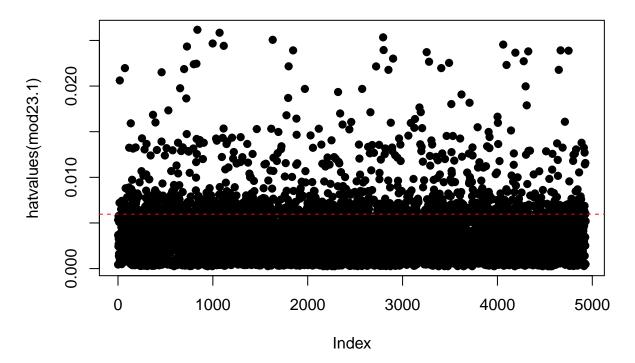
1.167529

1.471553

### 3.1.9 Inlfuential data

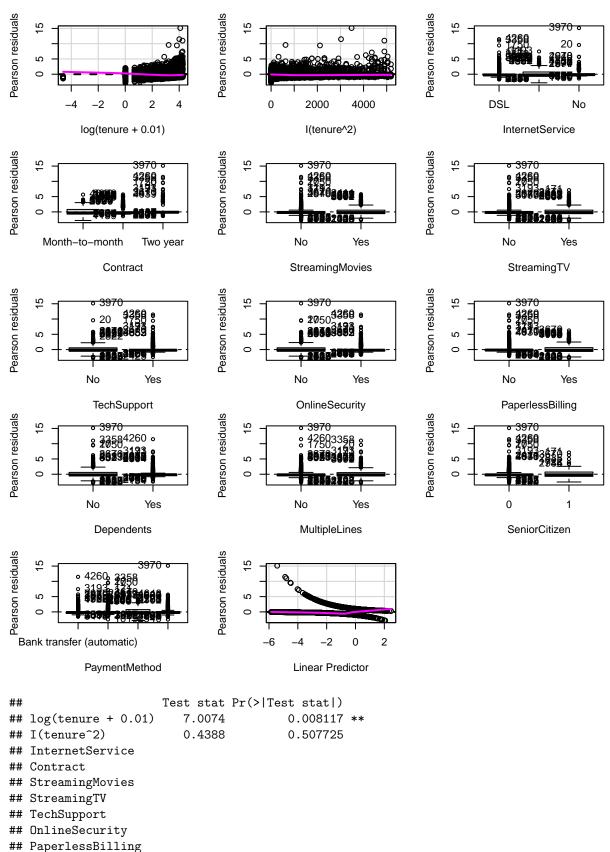
We check the influential data after including the interactions and the second order variable.

# **Leverage Plot**



We have more influential data than before, 399 tuples. We see that they are distributed randomly. We consider to not delete this data because it gives us important information for the model.

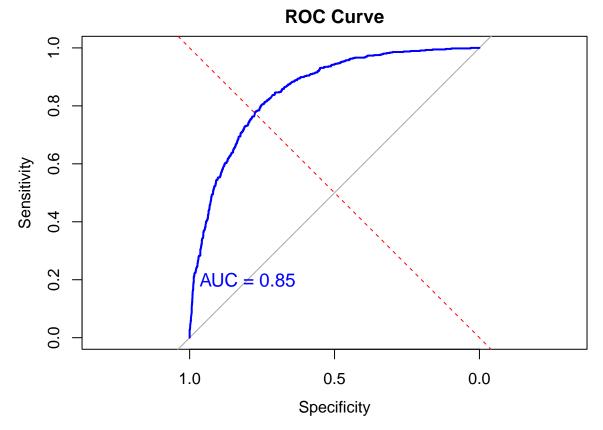
### 3.1.10 Residuals



```
## Dependents
## MultipleLines
## SeniorCitizen
## PaymentMethod
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

We see that we have improved the residuals of the model. We can observe that we have homoscedasticity because they are randomly distributed considering that the model is binary.

```
3.1.11 Predictions
#selecting the parameters that we have in the model
#test_data <- test[c(3,5,6,8,9,10,13,14,15,16,17,18)]
pred_prob <- predict(mod23.4, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred<- ifelse(pred_prob>0.5, "Yes", "No")
table(churn_pred)
## churn_pred
##
    No Yes
## 1677 436
table(test$Churn)
##
##
    No
        Yes
## 1547
        566
#Confusion table
tt <- table(churn_pred, test$Churn);tt</pre>
##
##
  churn_pred
                    Yes
##
          No 1409
                    268
          Yes 138 298
100*sum(diag(tt))/sum(tt) #80.79
## [1] 80.78561
The accuracy of our model is good, it is 80.79.
roc_curve <- roc(test$Churn, pred_prob)</pre>
## Setting levels: control = No, case = Yes
## Setting direction: controls < cases
# Plot the ROC curve
plot(roc_curve, main = "ROC Curve", col = "blue", lwd = 2)
# Add diagonal reference line for comparison
abline(a = 0, b = 1, lty = 2, col = "red")
# Add AUC (Area Under the Curve) value to the plot
text(0.8, 0.2, paste("AUC =", round(auc(roc_curve), 2)), col = "blue", cex = 1.2)
```



Our Area Under the Curve for ROC curve is 0.85 so it is high. #Interpretation

## 3.2 Final Model

Our final model is:

 $+0.54 \cdot \text{InternetServiceFiber optic} - 0.97 \cdot \text{InternetServiceNo} \\ -0.75 \cdot \text{ContractOne year} - 1.90 \cdot \text{ContractTwo year} \\ +0.26 \cdot \text{StreamingMoviesYes} + 0.33 \cdot \text{StreamingTVYes} \\ -0.22 \cdot \text{TechSupportYes} - 0.28 \cdot \text{Online SecurityYes} \\ +0.33 \cdot \text{PaperlessBillingYes} - 0.23 \cdot \text{DependentsYes} \\ +0.32 \cdot \text{MultipleLinesYes} - 0.15 \cdot \text{SeniorCitizen1} \\ -0.25 \cdot \text{PaymentMethodCredit card} + 0.27 \cdot \text{PaymentMethodElectronic check}$ 

- 0.25 · Payment MethodMailed check + 0.87 · SeniorCitizen 1:Payment MethodCredit card

+0.28 · SeniorCitizen 1: PaymentMethodElectronic check

 $+1.10 \cdot SeniorCitizen1:PaymentMethodMailed check$ 

 $Y = -0.58 - 0.5 \cdot log(tenure + 0.01) + 0.00005 \cdot tenure^{2}$ 

## 4 Annex

## 4.1 Univariate

```
names(train)
                           "gender"
                                                                 "Partner"
  [1] "customerID"
                                              "SeniorCitizen"
   [5] "Dependents"
                           "tenure"
                                              "PhoneService"
                                                                 "MultipleLines"
## [9] "InternetService"
                           "OnlineSecurity"
                                              "OnlineBackup"
                                                                 "DeviceProtection"
## [13] "TechSupport"
                           "StreamingTV"
                                              "StreamingMovies"
                                                                 "Contract"
## [17] "PaperlessBilling" "PaymentMethod"
                                              "MonthlyCharges"
                                                                 "TotalCharges"
## [21] "Churn"
mod <- glm(Churn ~ gender, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ gender, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min 1Q Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.7894 -0.7894 -0.7776 1.6235
                                        1.6393
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.00637
                          0.04542 -22.158
                                             <2e-16 ***
## genderMale -0.03499
                           0.06460 -0.542
                                              0.588
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5693.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5697.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod2 <- glm(Churn ~ SeniorCitizen, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ SeniorCitizen, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
##
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.0497 -0.7288 -0.7288 1.3107
                                        1.7064
##
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                 -1.19026 0.03682 -32.33
## (Intercept)
                                                <2e-16 ***
## SeniorCitizen1 0.88226
                              0.08027
                                        10.99
                                                <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5577.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5581.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod3 <- glm(Churn ~ Partner, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Partner, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
               10
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8946 -0.8946 -0.6573 1.4895
                                        1.8102
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) -0.70909
                          0.04215 -16.82 <2e-16 ***
## PartnerYes -0.71326
                          0.06676 -10.68
                                            <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5576.5 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5580.5
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod4 <- glm(Churn ~ Dependents, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod4)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Dependents, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8682 -0.8682 -0.5642
                              1.5221
                                        1.9577
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                          0.03662 -21.34
                -0.78158
                                             <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## DependentsYes -0.97564
                            0.08228 -11.86
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

```
Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5534.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5538.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod5 <- glm(Churn ~ tenure, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod5)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ tenure, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                          Max
## -1.1818 -0.8360 -0.4898
                              1.1893
                                        2.3715
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 0.010348
                          0.050517
                                    0.205
                                              0.838
              -0.038339
                          0.001679 -22.837
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5040.7 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5044.7
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod6 <- glm(Churn ~ PhoneService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod6)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PhoneService, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
                    Median
      Min
                1Q
                                  30
                                          Max
## -0.7876 -0.7876 -0.7876
                              1.6259
                                        1.6844
##
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                               0.1076 -10.611
## (Intercept)
                   -1.1415
                                                 <2e-16 ***
## PhoneServiceYes 0.1299
                                0.1128
                                                  0.25
                                       1.151
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5692.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5696.9
```

```
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod7 <- glm(Churn ~ MultipleLines, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod7)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ MultipleLines, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                10
                     Median
                                  30
## -0.8283 -0.8283 -0.7504
                              1.5726
                                       1.6763
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                             0.04348 -25.841 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                   -1.12350
## MultipleLinesYes 0.23006
                               0.06505 3.537 0.000405 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5681.7 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5685.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod8 <- glm(Churn ~ InternetService, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod8)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ InternetService, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
           1Q
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -1.0398 -1.0398 -0.6431
                              1.3215
                                       2.3065
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                             -1.47098
                                         0.06258 -23.506 <2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic 1.13842
                                         0.07611 14.957
                                                           <2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                         0.13582 -8.221
                             -1.11658
                                                           <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5132.9 on 4927 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5138.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

```
mod9 <- glm(Churn ~ OnlineSecurity, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod9)
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ OnlineSecurity, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8625 -0.8625 -0.5630
                             1.5292
                                        1.9598
##
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                     -0.79719
                                0.03633 -21.94 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## OnlineSecurityYes -0.96472
                                 0.08405 -11.48
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5544.3 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5548.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod10 <- glm(Churn ~ OnlineBackup, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod10)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ OnlineBackup, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8221 -0.8221 -0.7079 1.5805
                                       1.7359
##
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                   -0.91109
                              0.03891 -23.414 < 2e-16 ***
                               0.07016 -4.919 8.72e-07 ***
## OnlineBackupYes -0.34507
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5669.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5673.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod11 <- glm(Churn ~ DeviceProtection, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod11)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ DeviceProtection, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
                     Median
##
      Min
                1Q
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8147 -0.8147 -0.7228
                              1.5901
                                        1.7148
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       -0.93239
                                0.03909 -23.852 < 2e-16 ***
                                  0.06963 -3.973 7.09e-05 ***
## DeviceProtectionYes -0.27669
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5678.1 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5682.1
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod12 <- glm(Churn ~ TechSupport, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod12)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ TechSupport, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.8594 -0.8594 -0.5874
                                        1.9196
                             1.5331
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                 -0.80594
                              0.03674 -21.94
                                                <2e-16 ***
## TechSupportYes -0.86397
                              0.08058 -10.72
                                                <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5566.6 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5570.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod13 <- glm(Churn ~ StreamingTV, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod13)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ StreamingTV, family = binomial, data = train)
```

```
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                    Median
## -0.8464 -0.8464 -0.7424 1.5495
                                       1.6873
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                             0.04263 -26.931 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                 -1.14795
## StreamingTVYes 0.30561
                             0.06551 4.665 3.09e-06 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5672.6 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5676.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod14 <- glm(Churn ~ StreamingMovies, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod14)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ StreamingMovies, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                10
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -0.8342 -0.8342 -0.7498
                             1.5650
                                       1.6770
##
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                     -1.12512
                               0.04254 -26.449 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                 0.06550
                                          3.794 0.000148 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes 0.24849
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5679.9 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5683.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod15 <- glm(Churn ~ Contract, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod15)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ Contract, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
```

```
## -1.0490 -1.0490 -0.4923 1.3115
                                       2.6944
##
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                   -0.30975
                               0.03876 -7.992 1.33e-15 ***
                               0.10521 -16.535 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractOne year -1.73958
## ContractTwo year -3.29329
                               0.18611 -17.695 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 4736.2 on 4927 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 4742.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod16 <- glm(Churn ~ PaperlessBilling, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod16)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PaperlessBilling, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                10
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.9003 -0.9003 -0.5994
                                        1.9001
                              1.4825
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       -1.62562
                                  0.06013 -27.04 <2e-16 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes 0.93196
                                           12.98
                                  0.07182
                                                     <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5512.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5516.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod17 <- glm(Churn ~ PaymentMethod, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod17)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ PaymentMethod, family = binomial, data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                 1Q
                    Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.0988 -0.6466 -0.6073
                              1.2581
                                        1.9537
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                                   0.08266 -19.319
## (Intercept)
                                        -1.59686
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.15101
                                                    0.11847 -1.275
                                                                       0.202
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                        1.40923
                                                    0.09627 14.638
                                                                      <2e-16 ***
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                        0.13813
                                                    0.11233
                                                             1.230
                                                                       0.219
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5246.3 on 4926 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5254.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod18 <- glm(Churn ~ MonthlyCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod18)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ MonthlyCharges, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.0858 -0.8479 -0.6574
                             1.3652
                                        1.9844
##
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                 -2.120267
                             0.090047 -23.55
                                                <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## MonthlyCharges 0.016008
                              0.001166
                                       13.73
                                                <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5491.4 on 4928 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5495.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
mod19 <- glm(Churn ~ TotalCharges, data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(mod19)
##
## glm(formula = Churn ~ TotalCharges, family = binomial, data = train)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                           Max
## -0.9463 -0.8675 -0.6810 1.4321
                                        2.2323
## Coefficients:
```

```
##
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -5.713e-01 4.451e-02 -12.84
                                                 <2e-16 ***
## TotalCharges -2.257e-04 1.726e-05 -13.07
                                                 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 5694.2 on 4929
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5494.9 on 4928
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5498.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
AIC(mod, mod1,mod2,mod3,mod4,mod5,mod6,mod7,mod8,mod9,mod10,mod11,mod12, mod13,mod14)
##
         df
                 AIC
## mod
          2 5697.925
## mod1
         2 5044.677
## mod2
        2 5581.910
        2 5580.505
## mod3
        2 5538.857
## mod4
        2 5044.677
## mod5
## mod6 2 5696.868
## mod7
       2 5685.746
        3 5138.946
## mod8
        2 5548.342
## mod9
## mod10 2 5673.442
## mod11 2 5682.144
## mod12 2 5570.586
## mod13 2 5676.581
## mod14 2 5683.895
4.2
     Balanced data
If we calculate other metrics, we can see that our model has not a very good precision, recall or f1 score.
true_positives <- tt[2, 2]</pre>
false_positives <- tt[1, 2]</pre>
false_negatives <- tt[2, 1]</pre>
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)</pre>
precision
## [1] 0.5265018
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)
```

```
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)</pre>
```

# F1 Score

f1\_score

## [1] 0.6834862

## [1] 0.5948104

We could try to balance the target variable and see if there is any improvement. To do that we will not do

a mechanic stepwise, we will use an authomatic step.

```
table(train$Churn)
##
##
           No Yes
## 3627 1303
{\tt data\_balanced\_over} \begin{tabular}{ll} \
table(data_balanced_over$Churn)
##
##
           No Yes
## 3627 3627
data_balanced_under <- ovun.sample(Churn ~ ., data = train, method = "under", N = 1303*2, seed = 1)$dat
table(data_balanced_under$Churn)
##
##
           No Yes
## 1303 1303
data_balanced_both <- ovun.sample(Churn ~ ., data = train, method = "both", p=0.5,N=1000*2, seed = 1)$d
table(data balanced both$Churn)
##
##
           No Yes
## 1039 961
undersampling
b0<- glm(
    Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
    + MonthlyCharges
    + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
    + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService + PaymentMethod
    + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + Partner
    + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + PhoneService
    + Dependents,
    data = data_balanced_under,
    family = binomial
mod.fow <- stats::step(b0, trace = 0, direction = "forward")</pre>
summary(mod.fow)
##
## Call:
      glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
                0.01) + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService +
##
##
                PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
                SeniorCitizen + Partner + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies +
##
                StreamingTV + PhoneService + Dependents, family = binomial,
##
                data = data_balanced_under)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
                  Min
                                            1Q
                                                          Median
                                                                                            3Q
                                                                                                                 Max
## -2.75110 -0.70281
                                                        0.02844
                                                                            0.74849
                                                                                                       3.02235
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                       1.02610 1.74560 0.588 0.556651
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                                   0.40763 -3.853 0.000117 ***
                                       -1.57060
## MonthlyCharges
                                       -0.09491
                                                   0.04889 -1.941 0.052233
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                       0.88270
                                                   0.38746
                                                           2.278 0.022718 *
## ContractOne year
                                       -0.73559
                                                   0.15086 -4.876 1.08e-06 ***
                                                   0.23231 -7.776 7.50e-15 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                       -1.80639
## OnlineSecurityYes
                                        0.13082
                                                   0.27329 0.479 0.632172
## TechSupportYes
                                        0.21153
                                                   0.27372 0.773 0.439631
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        2.95241
                                                   1.23064 2.399 0.016436 *
                                                   1.26511 -2.021 0.043233 *
## InternetServiceNo
                                       -2.55736
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.04210
                                                   0.16553 -0.254 0.799251
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                       0.39965
                                                   0.14389
                                                           2.778 0.005477 **
                                                   0.17353 -1.058 0.290036
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                       -0.18360
## OnlineBackupYes
                                        0.49872
                                                   0.27161
                                                           1.836 0.066329 .
## MultipleLinesYes
                                                   0.27466 2.962 0.003056 **
                                        0.81355
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.22450
                                                   0.11533 1.947 0.051578 .
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.13549 2.781 0.005414 **
                                       0.37683
                                                   0.11895 -0.220 0.825811
## PartnerYes
                                       -0.02618
## genderMale
                                       -0.02626
                                                   0.10176 -0.258 0.796358
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                                   0.27341 1.723 0.084874 .
                                       0.47111
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                                   0.50330 1.987 0.046952 *
                                       0.99992
## StreamingTVYes
                                        1.19817
                                                   0.50457
                                                             2.375 0.017566 *
## PhoneServiceYes
                                        1.05024
                                                   1.00774 1.042 0.297332
## DependentsYes
                                       -0.19143
                                                   0.13424 -1.426 0.153862
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2399.8 on 2582 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2447.8
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
b01<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + MonthlyCharges
 + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
 + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
 data = data_balanced_under,
 family = binomial
summary(b01)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
      0.01) + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup +
      MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection +
##
```

```
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV, family = binomial, data = data_balanced_under)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                   10
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
##
  -2.70917 -0.70332
                        0.02829
                                  0.74897
                                            3.08234
##
## Coefficients:
                                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                        -0.45939
                                                    1.15789 -0.397 0.691551
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                        -1.70815
                                                    0.39589 -4.315 1.60e-05 ***
## MonthlyCharges
                                        -0.05156
                                                    0.01083 -4.760 1.94e-06 ***
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                                    0.37811
                                                              2.653 0.007974 **
                                         1.00319
## ContractOne year
                                        -0.75932
                                                    0.14929
                                                             -5.086 3.65e-07 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                        -1.85424
                                                    0.22740
                                                             -8.154 3.51e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                                    0.27703
                                                              6.799 1.05e-11 ***
                                         1.88349
## InternetServiceNo
                                        -1.31324
                                                    0.29004
                                                             -4.528 5.96e-06 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.04267
                                                    0.16501
                                                             -0.259 0.795934
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                        0.40902
                                                    0.14356
                                                              2.849 0.004385 **
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                                    0.17261 -1.025 0.305418
                                        -0.17690
## OnlineBackupYes
                                         0.27307
                                                    0.12618
                                                              2.164 0.030457 *
## MultipleLinesYes
                                         0.60906
                                                    0.13496
                                                              4.513 6.40e-06 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                         0.23383
                                                    0.11479
                                                             2.037 0.041642 *
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                              3.090 0.002003 **
                                        0.41044
                                                    0.13284
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                                    0.12587
                                                              1.964 0.049574 *
                                        0.24715
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                        0.54993
                                                    0.14741
                                                              3.731 0.000191 ***
## StreamingTVYes
                                         0.74309
                                                    0.15138
                                                             4.909 9.17e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2404.4 on 2588
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2440.4
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b01)
                                  GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                            108.431706 1
                                                10.413055
## MonthlyCharges
                             35.834530 1
                                                 5.986195
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01) 158.334846 1
                                                12.583118
## Contract
                              1.549784 2
                                                 1.115752
## InternetService
                             17.126997 2
                                                 2.034325
## PaymentMethod
                              1.393533 3
                                                 1.056865
## OnlineBackup
                              1.436232 1
                                                 1.198429
## MultipleLines
                              1.763892 1
                                                 1.328116
## PaperlessBilling
                              1.141013 1
                                                 1.068182
## SeniorCitizen
                              1.070722 1
                                                 1.034757
## DeviceProtection
                              1.414452 1
                                                 1.189307
## StreamingMovies
                              2.101487 1
                                                 1.449651
```

1.483770

2.201572 1

## StreamingTV

```
b02<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
 + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
 data = data_balanced_under,
 family = binomial
summary(b02)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + Contract + InternetService +
      PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
      SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV,
##
##
      family = binomial, data = data_balanced_under)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
            1Q
                        Median
                                      3Q
                                               Max
## -2.60462 -0.71445 0.03647 0.74719
                                           3.10624
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                        1.07661
                                                   0.19623 5.487 4.10e-08 ***
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                       -0.67210
                                                   0.05355 -12.550 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractOne year
                                                   0.14769 -5.888 3.92e-09 ***
                                       -0.86956
## ContractTwo year
                                       -2.07880
                                                   0.22715 -9.152 < 2e-16 ***
                                                            6.246 4.20e-10 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        0.79059
                                                   0.12657
                                                   0.19025 -4.775 1.80e-06 ***
## InternetServiceNo
                                       -0.90842
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.03459
                                                   0.16407 -0.211 0.83303
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                       0.46124
                                                   0.14245
                                                            3.238 0.00120 **
                                                   0.17167 -0.961 0.33636
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                       -0.16503
## OnlineBackupYes
                                       0.06474
                                                   0.11743
                                                            0.551 0.58139
## MultipleLinesYes
                                       0.32700
                                                   0.11853 2.759 0.00580 **
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.25980
                                                   0.11380 2.283 0.02243 *
## SeniorCitizen1
                                        0.44926
                                                   0.13176
                                                            3.410 0.00065 ***
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.05527
                                                   0.11864
                                                            0.466 0.64128
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                        0.20328
                                                   0.12496
                                                            1.627 0.10380
                                                            2.884 0.00393 **
## StreamingTVYes
                                        0.36489
                                                   0.12652
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 3612.7 on 2605
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2427.9 on 2590 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2459.9
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b02)
                         GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
```

1.411944

## log(tenure + 0.01) 1.993586 1

```
1.103744
              1.484135 2
## Contract
                                      1.158814
## InternetService 1.803247 2
                                      1.054932
## PaymentMethod 1.378311 3
## OnlineBackup
                    1.259758 1
                                       1.122389
## MultipleLines 1.378286 1
                                       1.174004
## PaperlessBilling 1.132894 1
                                      1.064375
## SeniorCitizen
                    1.063217 1
                                      1.031124
## DeviceProtection 1.265955 1
                                       1.125146
## StreamingMovies 1.526624 1
                                       1.235566
## StreamingTV
                    1.554087 1
                                       1.246630
pred_prob2 <- predict(b02, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred2<- ifelse(pred_prob2>0.5,"Yes","No")
table(churn_pred2)
## churn_pred2
    No Yes
## 1259 854
table(test$Churn)
##
##
   No Yes
## 1547 566
#Confusion table
tt2 <- table(churn_pred2, test$Churn);tt
##
## churn pred
               No Yes
##
         No 1409 268
##
         Yes 138 298
100*sum(diag(tt2))/sum(tt2) #80.79
## [1] 75.6744
true_positives <- tt2[2, 2]</pre>
false_positives <- tt2[1, 2]</pre>
false_negatives <- tt2[2, 1]</pre>
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)</pre>
precision
## [1] 0.8003534
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)</pre>
recall
## [1] 0.530445
# F1 Score
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)</pre>
f1_score
## [1] 0.6380282
oversampling
```

```
b0<- glm(
  Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
  + MonthlyCharges
  + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
  + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService + PaymentMethod
  + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + Partner
  + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + PhoneService
  + Dependents,
  data = data_balanced_over,
  family = binomial
)
mod.fow <- stats::step(b0, trace = 0, direction = "forward")</pre>
summary(mod.fow)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
       0.01) + Contract + OnlineSecurity + TechSupport + InternetService +
##
       PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
##
       SeniorCitizen + Partner + gender + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies +
       StreamingTV + PhoneService + Dependents, family = binomial,
##
##
       data = data_balanced_over)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       \mathtt{Min}
                  1Q
                        Median
                                      3Q
                                                Max
## -2.60828 -0.72757
                       0.03546 0.76135
                                            2.97983
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                        0.20915
                                                   0.96004 0.218 0.827543
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                       -1.63864
                                                    0.22345 -7.333 2.24e-13 ***
## MonthlyCharges
                                       -0.08689
                                                   0.02828 -3.072 0.002124 **
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                                             4.614 3.94e-06 ***
                                        0.97214
                                                   0.21068
## ContractOne year
                                       -0.66701
                                                   0.08917 -7.480 7.42e-14 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                       -1.67592
                                                   0.13338 -12.565 < 2e-16 ***
## OnlineSecurityYes
                                        0.21666
                                                   0.15810 1.370 0.170550
                                                   0.15805 1.058 0.289991
## TechSupportYes
                                        0.16724
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                                   0.70943 3.888 0.000101 ***
                                        2.75859
## InternetServiceNo
                                        -2.25430
                                                   0.72493 -3.110 0.001873 **
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.09430
                                                   0.09717 -0.970 0.331806
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                        0.28641
                                                   0.08435
                                                            3.396 0.000685 ***
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                       -0.21656
                                                   0.10409 -2.081 0.037471 *
                                                   0.15679 2.831 0.004636 **
## OnlineBackupYes
                                        0.44393
## MultipleLinesYes
                                                    0.16007 4.581 4.62e-06 ***
                                        0.73334
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.28532
                                                    0.06854 4.163 3.14e-05 ***
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                    0.07902 3.004 0.002666 **
                                        0.23735
## PartnerYes
                                        -0.08161
                                                    0.07073 -1.154 0.248581
## genderMale
                                        0.08603
                                                    0.06011 1.431 0.152335
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.43460
                                                    0.15719 2.765 0.005696 **
                                                    0.28974 3.459 0.000543 ***
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                        1.00211
## StreamingTVYes
                                                    0.29095 3.833 0.000127 ***
                                        1.11520
## PhoneServiceYes
                                        0.97936
                                                    0.57656 1.699 0.089389 .
## DependentsYes
                                       -0.21480
                                                    0.08022 -2.678 0.007413 **
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 6846.7 on 7230
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6894.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
b1<- glm(
  Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
  + MonthlyCharges
  + log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
  + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
  + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
  + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
  + Dependents,
  data = data_balanced_over,
  family = binomial
)
summary(b1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + MonthlyCharges + log(TotalCharges +
##
       0.01) + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup +
##
       MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection +
##
       StreamingMovies + StreamingTV + Dependents, family = binomial,
##
       data = data_balanced_over)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                  1Q
                        Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -2.59695
           -0.73080
                       0.04247
                                 0.76532
                                            3.01892
## Coefficients:
##
                                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                        -0.973479 0.649644 -1.498 0.134008
## (Intercept)
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                        -1.699367
                                                   0.221733 -7.664 1.80e-14 ***
## MonthlyCharges
                                        -0.043272
                                                   0.006325 -6.842 7.81e-12 ***
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01)
                                                   0.210569
                                                             4.864 1.15e-06 ***
                                        1.024116
## ContractOne year
                                        -0.674405
                                                   0.088622 -7.610 2.74e-14 ***
## ContractTwo year
                                        -1.696141
                                                    0.131097 -12.938 < 2e-16 ***
                                                    0.164423 10.186 < 2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        1.674787
## InternetServiceNo
                                        -1.076746
                                                   0.173561 -6.204 5.51e-10 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.093165
                                                   0.096900 -0.961 0.336323
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                        0.288976
                                                   0.084247
                                                             3.430 0.000603 ***
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                        -0.204773
                                                    0.103786 -1.973 0.048491 *
                                                   0.073780 2.978 0.002897 **
## OnlineBackupYes
                                        0.219746
                                                    0.080373 6.497 8.17e-11 ***
## MultipleLinesYes
                                        0.522218
                                                    0.068379 4.215 2.49e-05 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.288235
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.078310 2.846 0.004427 **
                                        0.222872
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.208425
                                                   0.074712 2.790 0.005275 **
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                        0.551924
                                                   0.087742 6.290 3.17e-10 ***
                                                   0.089604 7.467 8.19e-14 ***
## StreamingTVYes
                                        0.669093
```

```
## DependentsYes
                                      -0.251947
                                                  0.072877 -3.457 0.000546 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 6853.3 on 7235 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6891.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b1)
                                GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
##
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                          100.931290 1
                                            10.046457
## MonthlyCharges
                           34.442143 1
                                              5.868743
## log(TotalCharges + 0.01) 144.812944 1
                                             12.033825
## Contract
                            1.579742 2
                                              1.121106
## InternetService
                          16.661349 2
                                              2.020354
## PaymentMethod
                           1.404767 3
                                             1.058280
## OnlineBackup
                           1.424352 1
                                             1.193462
## MultipleLines
                           1.798321 1
                                              1.341015
## PaperlessBilling
                           1.144333 1
                                              1.069735
## SeniorCitizen
                           1.101752 1
                                              1.049644
## DeviceProtection
                           1.443395 1
                                              1.201414
## StreamingMovies
                            2.139599 1
                                              1.462737
## StreamingTV
                           2.228942 1
                                              1.492964
## Dependents
                            1.059390 1
                                               1.029267
b2<- glm(
 Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01)
 + Contract + InternetService + PaymentMethod
 + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling + SeniorCitizen
  + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV
 + Dependents,
 data = data_balanced_over,
 family = binomial
)
summary(b2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ log(tenure + 0.01) + Contract + InternetService +
##
      PaymentMethod + OnlineBackup + MultipleLines + PaperlessBilling +
##
      SeniorCitizen + DeviceProtection + StreamingMovies + StreamingTV +
##
      Dependents, family = binomial, data = data_balanced_over)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                       Median
       Min 1Q
                                     3Q
                                              Max
## -2.51691 -0.74240 0.05225 0.76071
                                          3.02762
##
## Coefficients:
                                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                       0.98236
                                                 0.11662 8.424 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
```

```
## log(tenure + 0.01)
                                       -0.62702
                                                   0.03080 -20.357 < 2e-16 ***
                                                   0.08750 -8.885 < 2e-16 ***
## ContractOne year
                                       -0.77736
## ContractTwo year
                                       -1.91957
                                                   0.13053 -14.706 < 2e-16 ***
                                                   0.07452 11.293 < 2e-16 ***
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                        0.84155
## InternetServiceNo
                                        -0.88736
                                                   0.11459
                                                            -7.744 9.64e-15 ***
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.08872
                                                   0.09668 -0.918 0.358809
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                                             3.972 7.12e-05 ***
                                       0.33269
                                                   0.08375
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                       -0.19162
                                                   0.10317 -1.857 0.063277 .
## OnlineBackupYes
                                        0.04426
                                                   0.06840
                                                             0.647 0.517580
## MultipleLinesYes
                                        0.29685
                                                   0.07036
                                                             4.219 2.46e-05 ***
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                        0.30853
                                                   0.06788
                                                             4.545 5.48e-06 ***
## SeniorCitizen1
                                                   0.07766
                                                             3.061 0.002205 **
                                        0.23773
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                        0.06072
                                                   0.07087
                                                            0.857 0.391517
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                                            3.685 0.000229 ***
                                        0.27061
                                                   0.07344
                                                             4.945 7.62e-07 ***
                                        0.36867
                                                   0.07455
## StreamingTVYes
## DependentsYes
                                        -0.28786
                                                   0.07256 -3.967 7.28e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 10056.2 on 7253 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 6905.6 on 7237 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 6939.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
vif(b2)
##
                         GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## log(tenure + 0.01) 1.992345 1
                                        1.411504
## Contract
                     1.495706 2
                                        1.105889
                   1.765842 2
## InternetService
                                        1.152758
## PaymentMethod 1.388309 3
                                        1.056204
## OnlineBackup
                    1.233319 1
                                        1.110549
                 1.391220 1
## MultipleLines
                                        1.179500
## PaperlessBilling 1.138547 1
                                        1.067027
## SeniorCitizen
                     1.093809 1
                                        1.045853
                     1.304199 1
## DeviceProtection
                                        1.142016
## StreamingMovies
                     1.510522 1
                                        1.229033
## StreamingTV
                     1.554848 1
                                        1.246935
## Dependents
                     1.053616 1
                                        1.026458
AIC(b1,b2)
##
      df
              AIC
## b1 19 6891.257
## b2 17 6939.603
pred_prob2 <- predict(b2, newdata = test, type="response")</pre>
churn_pred2<- ifelse(pred_prob2>0.5, "Yes", "No")
table(churn_pred2)
## churn_pred2
    No Yes
```

## 1268 845

```
table(test$Churn)
##
##
     No Yes
## 1547 566
#Confusion table
tt2 <- table(churn_pred2, test$Churn);tt
##
## churn_pred
               No Yes
          No 1409 268
##
          Yes 138 298
##
100*sum(diag(tt2))/sum(tt2) #80.79
## [1] 75.62707
true_positives <- tt2[2, 2]</pre>
false_positives <- tt2[1, 2]</pre>
false_negatives <- tt2[2, 1]</pre>
precision <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_positives)</pre>
{\tt precision}
## [1] 0.7915194
# Recall
recall <- true_positives / (true_positives + false_negatives)</pre>
recall
## [1] 0.5301775
# F1 Score
f1_score <- 2 * (precision * recall) / (precision + recall)</pre>
f1_score
```

## [1] 0.6350106

Balencing the target variable helps us improve the precision metric.