## **B.1** — Introduction to C++11

learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/introduction-to-c11/

## What is C++11?

On August 12, 2011, the <u>ISO (International Organization for Standardization)</u> approved a new version of C++, called C++11. C++11 adds a whole new set of features to the C++ language! Use of these new features is entirely optional -- but you will undoubtedly find some of them helpful. The prior tutorials have all been updated to be C++11 compliant.

## The goals and designs of C++11

Bjarne Stroustrup characterized the goals of C++11 as such:

- Build on C++'s strengths -- rather than trying to extend C++ to new areas where it may be weaker (eg. Windows applications with heavy GUI), focus on making it do what it does well even better.
- Make C++ easier to learn, use, and teach -- provide functionality that makes the language more consistent and easier to use.

To that end, the committee that put the language together tried to obey the following general principles:

- Maintain stability and compatibility with older versions of C++ and C wherever possible.
  Programs that worked under C++03 should generally still work under C++11.
- Keep the number of core language extensions to a minimum, and put the bulk of the changes in the standard library (an objective that wasn't met very well with this release)
- Focus on improving abstraction mechanisms (classes, templates) rather than adding mechanisms to handle specific, narrow situations.
- Add new functionality for both novices and experts. A little of something for everybody!
- Increase type safety, to prevent inadvertent bugs.
- Improve performance and allow C++ to work directly with hardware.
- Consider usability and ecosystem issues. C++ needs to work well with other tools, be easy to use and teach, etc...

C++11 isn't a large departure from C++03 thematically, but it did add a huge amount of new functionality.

## Major new features in C++11

For your interest, here's a list of the major features that C++11 adds. Note that this list is not comprehensive, but rather intended to highlight some of the key features of interest.

- auto (10.8 -- Type deduction for objects using the auto keyword)
- char16 t and char32 t and new literals to support them (no tutorial yet)
- constexpr (<u>5.1 -- Constant variables (named constants)</u>)
- decitype (no tutorial yet)
- default specifier (14.11 -- Default constructors and default arguments)
- Delegating constructors (14.12 -- Delegating constructors)
- delete specifier (<u>11.4 -- Deleting functions</u>)
- Enum classes (<u>13.6 -- Scoped enumerations (enum classes)</u>)
- Extern templates (no tutorial yet)
- Lambda expressions (<u>20.6 -- Introduction to lambdas (anonymous functions)</u>) and captures (20.7 -- Lambda captures)
- long long int (4.3 -- Object sizes and the size of operator)
- Move constructor and assignment (22.3 -- Move constructors and move assignment)
- Noexcept specifier (quick mention in <u>27.4 -- Uncaught exceptions and catch-all handlers</u>)
- nullptr (12.8 -- Null pointers)
- override and final specifiers(<u>25.3 -- The override and final specifiers</u>, and covariant return types)
- Range-based for statements (<u>16.8 -- Range-based for loops (for-each)</u>)
- r-value references (22.2 -- R-value references)
- static\_assert (9.6 -- Assert and static\_assert)
- std::initializer list (23.7 -- std::initializer list)
- Trailing return type syntax (10.8 -- Type deduction for objects using the auto keyword)
- Type aliases (10.7 -- Typedefs and type aliases)
- typedef can now typedef template classes
- Uniform initialization (4.1 -- Introduction to fundamental data types)
- User-defined literals (no tutorial yet)
- Variadic templates (no tutorial yet)
- Two >> symbols without a space between them will now properly be interpreted as closing a template object

There are also many new classes in the C++ standard library available for use.

- Better support for multi-threading and thread-local storage (no tutorial yet)
- Hash tables (no tutorial yet)
- Random number generation improvements (basic discussion in <u>8.14 -- Generating</u> random numbers using <u>Mersenne Twister</u>)
- Reference wrappers (25.9 -- Object slicing)
- Regular expressions (no tutorial yet)
- std::auto\_ptr has been deprecated (<u>22.1 -- Introduction to smart pointers and move semantics</u>)
- std::tuple (no tutorial yet)

• std::unique\_ptr (22.5 -- std::unique\_ptr)