

Worlds

exp. ^{intension} → extension.

intensionality
=

intension

intension vs. extension

$$\textcircled{4!} \xrightarrow{24}$$

$$4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24_{//} \Rightarrow \text{extension}$$

$$\frac{62!}{=} = ?_{//} = \underline{62 \times 61 \times 60 \dots 2 \times 1}$$

↓
meaning

I go shopping on the day that John does. ^{Tuesday}

R1: (Given J. goes shopping on Tuesdays): I go shopping on Tuesdays.

R2: Whenever John goes shopping, I also do so.

* Intensionality

modals: must, can, may, should, ought - ...

intensional, seek, want - ...
verbs

intension vs
extension

A Norwegian
director with
4 fingers in
her right hand.

John seeks
looks for

a student

Terry
some student

↓
Terry/?

John wants to marry a Norwegian.

→ R1
Aulis

→ R2
some Norwegian

⇒ intension

world: a set: all the true propositions in that world

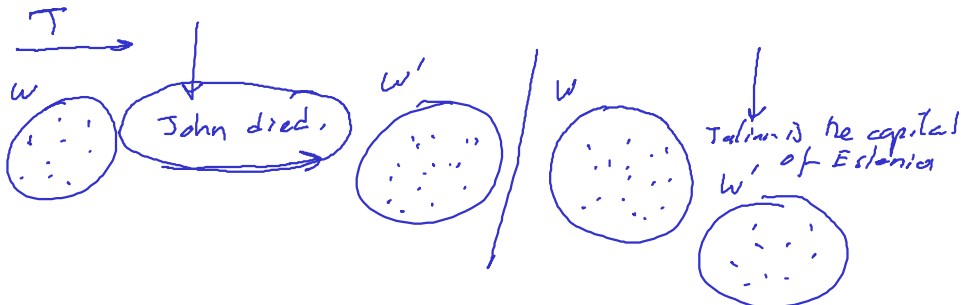
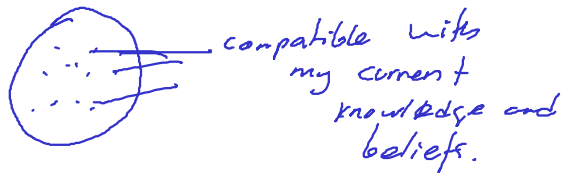
$$w_0 = \{p_1, p_2, p_{447}, \dots\}$$

$$(p_1, p_2, \dots)$$

$$w_4 = \{ \dots, p_{447}, \dots \}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$w_{72} = \{ \dots \}$$

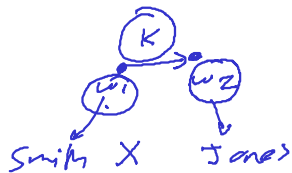


$$M = \langle D, g, \{0.1\}, I, w, R \rangle$$

↑



$D = \text{desires}$ $\overset{\text{epistemic}}{K} = \text{knowing knowledge}$



$\underline{O} = \text{deontic}$



Structuring via relations

$$R = \{ \langle 1, 3 \rangle, \langle 2, 4 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle \}$$

$$1 \longrightarrow 3$$



$$2 \longrightarrow 4$$

$$R' = \{ \langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 2, 3 \rangle \}$$

$$1 \curvearrowright 2 \longrightarrow 3$$

loves: $x \times y, \text{ loves' } \frac{x \times y}{c}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \therefore <e, (e, t)> & S \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ D & & W \end{array}$$

D

W

sleeps : $\lambda x. \text{sleeps}' x$

e = entity

sleeps : $\lambda \times \lambda_5, \text{sleeps}'_5 \times$

t = truth values

$x \times ks$, sleeps's x

$S = \text{world}$

$$\lambda_x \lambda_w \cdot \text{sleeps}'_w \times$$

sleeps (old version) : $\langle e, t \rangle$

sleeps (new version) : $\langle e, \langle s, t \rangle \rangle$

$$\text{John} \rightarrow w_{237} \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } 1$$

→ Sentential modal (E.g. probably)

$$\left[\frac{\text{Probably, John sleeps.}}{\text{operator} \quad \text{prejacent}} \right]$$

$$\frac{K \text{ relation}}{K \text{ spk}' - w} \quad K_{w, w_2}$$

$$\underline{K_{w_3 \text{ spk}'}} :$$

$\langle \langle s, t \rangle, t \rangle$

$$\frac{\text{Probably}}{S/S}$$

$$\frac{\text{John} \quad \text{sleeps.}}{S/(S \cup w) \quad S \cup w}$$

$$\lambda p.p \quad \lambda x \lambda s. \text{sleeps}' s x$$

$\exists w. K w \text{ spk}' \wedge \text{sleeps}'_w \sigma'$

$$\lambda p \exists w. K w \text{ spk}' \wedge p w$$

$$\langle \langle s, t \rangle, t \rangle$$

$S : \lambda s. \text{sleeps}' s \sigma'$

$S : \underline{\exists w. K w \text{ spk}' \wedge \text{sleeps}'_w \sigma'}$

Montague

higher order
 intensional logic

[Certainly] John sleeps.

Quantifying over the
entire W

$\forall w, \underline{K} w \text{sleeps}' \rightarrow \text{sleeps}' w j'$

Certainly := S/S : $\lambda p \forall w K w \text{sleeps}' \rightarrow p w$

John may pass.

"modal auxiliary"

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{John} & \text{may} & \text{pass.} \\
 \hline
 S / (S \setminus NP) & (S \setminus NP) / (S \setminus NP) & S \setminus NP \\
 \lambda p. p J' & \lambda p \lambda x \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge p x w & \left(\lambda x \lambda w. \text{pass}'_w x \right) \\
 \rightarrow & & \text{ce, (s, t)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 S \setminus NP \\
 \lambda x \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge (\lambda x \lambda w. \text{pass}'_w x) x w \\
 \lambda x \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge (\lambda w. \text{pass}'_w x) w \\
 (\lambda x \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge \text{pass}'_w x)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (\lambda x \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge \text{pass}'_w x) J' \\
 \exists w. K_{wspk'} \wedge \text{pass}'_w J'
 \end{array}$$

John may smoke.

$\exists w \text{ Owns } w \wedge \text{smokes } w$

