

INTRODUCTION

Traffic accident can has caused over 1 million death in 2016-2019, and main ly cause teenager with age 17-30 years.

Why we need to predict accident severity???

Predicting accident severity can be used to measure in advance about exact accident place, equipment, and personal staff thus can reduce the possibilit y of accident and save huge amount of lives each year

This project could be precursor to development of technology that can help r educe accidents and also improve road driver safety.

DATA

In this project we use data from Kaggle and use total 28 features selected. Here is 0 and 1 accident severity. 1 mean high severity, there are highly injured and even death. Based on the result, the measurement balanced enough.

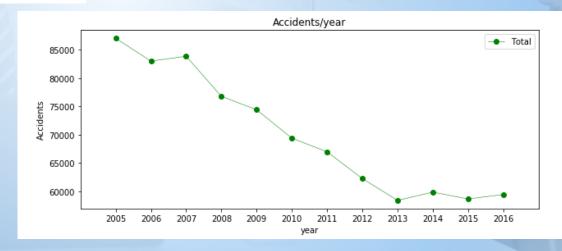
Accidents classified:

0 471695

1 368290

Name: sev, dtype: int64

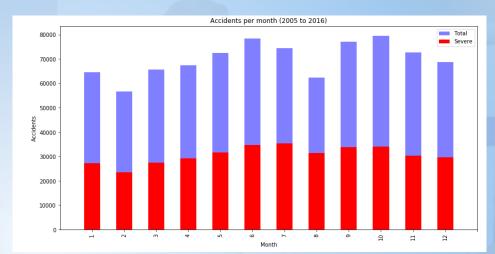
Based on the data, start from 2005, number of a ccident decreased and t rend become stable

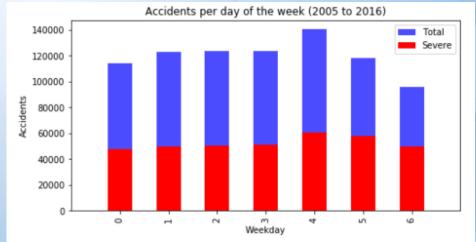


DATA

Highest accidents per month occur in October and June.

Highest accidents per day occur in Thursday

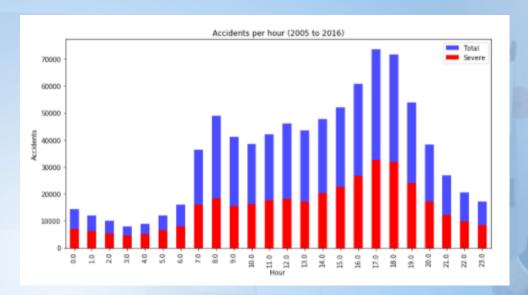


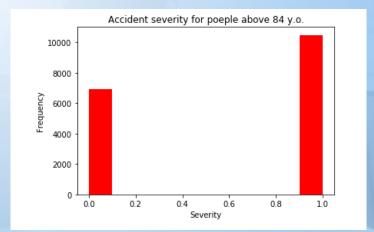


DATA

Highest accidents per houroc cur at 5 pm

People above 84 year gives more likely highly injured (high severity)





MODEL DEVELOPMENT

In this project, two method used to determined the predicted value: Rando m Forest and Logistic Regression.

With total 10 decision tree for Random Forest method. Total 4 models of RF used with different number of decision trees and max depth of decision tree model.

And C= 0.001 is used for Logistic Regression Method

RESULT

Algorithm	Jaccard	f1-score	Precision
Random Forest	0.72	0.72	0.72
Logistic Regression	0.66	0.65	0.67

Random forest so higher Jaccard Factor, F1-score, and Precision than Logistic Regression Method

We need to consider again different method (SVM, KNN, etc)

CONCLUSION

We need to add some other models to precisely predict traffic accident severity. We need to improve accuracy of the model too

In the future, this model still need improvement, and we need some a dditional features to increase prediction accuracy

