

**LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM**  
**PEMOGRAMAN BERORIENTASI OBJECT**  
**“Inheritance, Abstract Class and Interface”**



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**Jurusan Teknik Komputer dan Informatika**  
**Program Studi D3 Teknik Informatika**  
**Politeknik Negeri Bandung**

## Exercise 1

- **Task 1.1**

Menambahkan variable color bertipe string

```
4 public class Circle {  
5     private double radius;  
6     private String color;  
7 }
```

Menambahkan constructor dengan dua parameter double r dan string color

```
22 public Circle (double r, String color) {  
23     this.radius = radius;  
24     this.color = color;  
25 }  
26
```

Menambahkan method getter and setter untuk String color

```
26  
27 public String getColor() {  
28     return color;  
29 }  
30  
31 public void setColor(String color) {  
32     this.color = color;  
33 }  
34  
--
```

- **Task 1.2**

Membuat override dari method getArea dan memasukkan formula untuk menghitung area dari cylinder pada method tersebut

```
--  
34 // override method from superclass  
35 public double getArea() {  
36     return (2*Math.PI*super.getRadius()*height) + (2*super.getArea());  
37 }  
38
```

Membenarkan syntaxs method getVolume()

```
31 public double getVolume() {  
32     return super.getArea()*height;  
33 }
```

- **Task 1.3**

Menambahkan method toString di Cylinder class sebagai override karena di subclass nya sudah terdapat method toString

```
40 @Override  
41 public String toString() {  
42     return "Cylinder: subclass of " + super.toString() // use Circle's toString()  
43     + " height=" + height;  
44 }  
--
```

## Exercise 2

1. Membuat class Shape.java yang berisi atribut dan method sesuai dengan perintah

```
Shape.java x TestShape.java Circle.java Rectangle.java Square.java Main
1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class Shape {
4     private String color;
5     private boolean filled;
6
7     public Shape() {
8         this.color = "green";
9         this.filled = true;
10    }
11
12    public Shape (String color,boolean filled) {
13        this.color = color;
14        this.filled = filled;
15    }
16
17    public String getColor() {
18        return color;
19    }
20
21    public void setColor(String color) {
22        this.color = color;
23    }
24
25    public boolean isFilled() {
26        return filled;
27    }
28
29    public void isFilled(boolean filled) {
30        this.filled = filled;
31    }
32
33    public String toString() {
34        if(isFilled()== true) {
35            return " A Shape with color of " + this.color + " is filled";
36        }else {
37            return " A Shape with color of " + this.color + " is not filled";
38        }
39    }
40 }
41
```

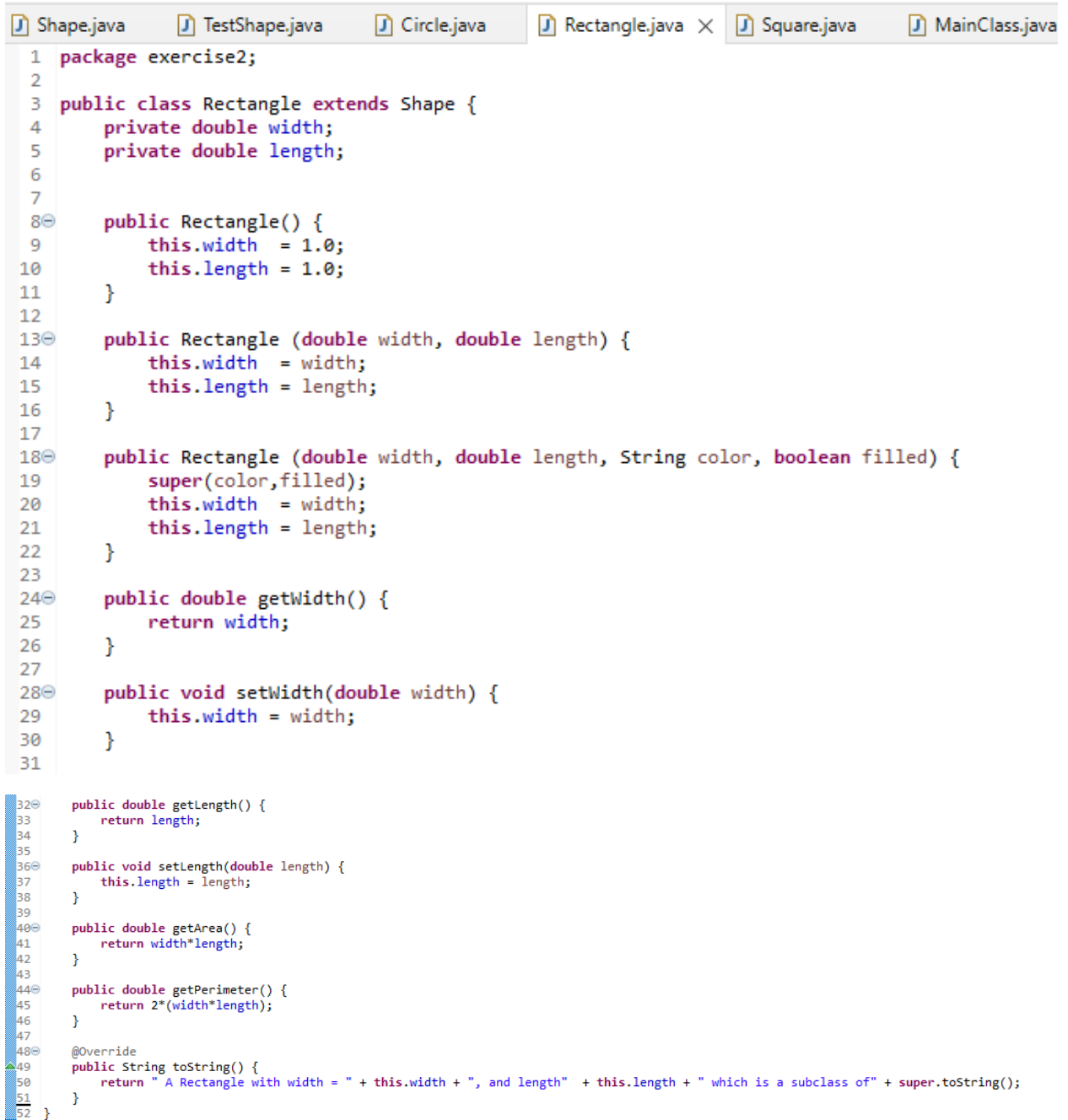
2. Membuat class TestProgram.java untuk melakukan test pada method yang sudah di buat pada class Shape.java

```
Shape.java TestShape.java X Circle.java Rect
1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class TestShape {
4     public static void main(String args[]) {
5         Shape s1 = new Shape();
6         System.out.println(s1.toString());
7
8         Shape s2 = new Shape ("Blue", false);
9         System.out.println(s2.toString());
10    }
11 }
```

3. Membuat Subclass Circle.java yang berisi atribut dan method sesuai dengan perintah

```
Shape.java TestShape.java Circle.java X Rectangle.java Square.java MainClass.java
1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class Circle extends Shape {
4     private double radius;
5
6     public Circle() {
7         this.radius = 1.0;
8     }
9
10    public Circle(double radius) {
11        this.radius = radius;
12    }
13
14    public Circle(String color, boolean filled, double radius) {
15        super(color, filled);
16        this.radius = radius;
17    }
18
19    public double getRadius() {
20        return radius;
21    }
22
23    public void setRadius(double radius) {
24        this.radius = radius;
25    }
26
27    public double getArea() {
28        return Math.PI*radius*radius;
29    }
30
31    public double getPerimeter() {
32        return 2*Math.PI*radius;
33    }
34
35    @Override
36    public String toString() {
37        return "A Circle with radius = " + this.radius + ", which is a subclass of" + super.toString();
38    }
39 }
```

4. Membuat Subclass Rectangle.java yang berisi atribut dan method sesuai dengan perintah



```

1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class Rectangle extends Shape {
4     private double width;
5     private double length;
6
7
8     public Rectangle() {
9         this.width = 1.0;
10        this.length = 1.0;
11    }
12
13    public Rectangle (double width, double length) {
14        this.width = width;
15        this.length = length;
16    }
17
18    public Rectangle (double width, double length, String color, boolean filled) {
19        super(color,filled);
20        this.width = width;
21        this.length = length;
22    }
23
24    public double getWidth() {
25        return width;
26    }
27
28    public void setWidth(double width) {
29        this.width = width;
30    }
31
32    public double getLength() {
33        return length;
34    }
35
36    public void setLength(double length) {
37        this.length = length;
38    }
39
40    public double getArea() {
41        return width*length;
42    }
43
44    public double getPerimeter() {
45        return 2*(width*length);
46    }
47
48    @Override
49    public String toString() {
50        return "A Rectangle with width = " + this.width + ", and length" + this.length + " which is a subclass of" + super.toString();
51    }
52 }

```

5. Membuat Subclass Square.java yang berisi atribut dan method sesuai dengan perintah

Shape.java TestShape.java Circle.java Rectangle.java Square.java X

```
1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class Square extends Rectangle{
4
5     public Square () {
6         super();
7     }
8
9     public Square(double side) {
10         super(side, side);
11     }
12
13     public Square(double side, String color, boolean filled) {
14         super(side, side, color, filled);
15     }
16
17     public double getSide() {
18         return super.getWidth();
19     }
20
21     public void setSide(double side) {
22         setWidth(side);
23         setLength(side);
24     }
25
26     @Override
27     public void setWidth (double side) {
28         super.setWidth(side);
29     }
30
31     @Override
32     public void setLength (double side) {
33         super.setLength(side);
34     }
35
36     @Override
37     public String toString() {
38         return " A Square with side = " + getSide() + " | which is a subclass of " + super.toString();
39     }
40 }
```

6. Membuat MainClass.java untuk memanggil semua class yang sudah di buat tadi (superclass dan subclass)

```
Shape.java TestShape.java Circle.java Rectangle.java Square.java MainClass.java X
1 package exercise2;
2
3 public class MainClass {
4
5     public static void main (String args[]) {
6         Shape s1 = new Shape();
7         System.out.println(s1.toString());
8
9         Shape s2 = new Shape("Sky Blue", false);
10        System.out.println(s2.toString());
11
12        Circle c1 = new Circle();
13        System.out.println(c1.toString());
14        System.out.println(" Luas = " + c1.getArea());
15
16        Circle c2 = new Circle(7.0);
17        System.out.println(c2.toString());
18        System.out.println(" memiliki luas = " + c2.getArea());
19
20        Circle c3 = new Circle("White", false, 7.0);
21        System.out.println(c3.toString());
22
23        Rectangle r1 = new Rectangle ();
24        System.out.println(r1.toString());
25        System.out.println(" memiliki luas = " + r1.getArea() + " Keliling = " + r1.getPerimeter());
26
27
28        Rectangle r2 = new Rectangle (5.0, 10.5);
29        System.out.println(r2.toString());
30        System.out.println(" memiliki luas = " + r2.getArea() + " Keliling = " + r2.getPerimeter());
31
32        Rectangle r3 = new Rectangle (10.5, 5.0, "Peach", true);
33        System.out.println(r3.toString());
34        System.out.println(" memiliki luas = " + r3.getArea() + " Keliling = " + r3.getPerimeter());
35
36        Square sql = new Square ();
37        System.out.println(sql.toString());
38        System.out.println(" memiliki luas = " + sql.getArea() + " Keliling = " + sql.getPerimeter());
39    }
```

## 7. Hasil akhir program

```
Problems Javadoc Declaration Console X
<terminated> MainClass (3) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.12\bin\javaw.exe (Oct 29, 2021, 8:17:10 AM - 8:17:11 AM)
A Shape with color of green is filled
A Shape with color of Sky Blue is not filled
A Circle with radius = 1.0, which is a subclass of A Shape with color of green is filled
Luas = 3.141592653589793
A Circle with radius = 7.0, which is a subclass of A Shape with color of green is filled
memiliki luas = 153.9380400258985
A Circle with radius = 7.0, which is a subclass of A Shape with color of White is not filled
A Rectangle with width = 1.0, and length1.0 which is a subclass of A Shape with color of green is filled
memiliki luas = 1.0 Keliling = 2.0
A Rectangle with width = 5.0, and length10.5 which is a subclass of A Shape with color of green is filled
memiliki luas = 52.5 Keliling = 105.0
A Rectangle with width = 10.5, and length5.0 which is a subclass of A Shape with color of Peach is filled
memiliki luas = 52.5 Keliling = 105.0
A Square with side = 1.0 which is a subclass of A Rectangle with width = 1.0, and length1.0 which is a subclass of A Shape with color of green is filled
memiliki luas = 1.0 Keliling = 2.0
```