python ka chila day 3 task

- · indexing
- · sring method
- · tuple and there function
- · list and there fuctions
- · dictionary and there functions
- · set and there function

indexing

```
In [1]: | x = "apple juice" ## write a string
In [2]: | x
Out[2]: 'apple juice'
In [3]: x[3] #finding the character through character
Out[3]: '1'
In [4]: len(x) ## finding the Lenght of string`
Out[4]: 11
In [5]:
        x[12] ## see the error arrise becoz indexing start form x[0]
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        IndexError
        <ipython-input-5-d499977f0e23> in <module>
        ----> 1 x[12] ## see the error arrise becoz indexing start form x[0]
        IndexError: string index out of range
In [6]: x[5]
Out[6]: ''
In [7]:
        x[0]
Out[7]: 'a'
```

```
In [8]: ##if take the one whole word in the string but full form not show bocoz las
    t one exclude
    x[0:4]
    ## false method of doing the code x[0to5]

Out[8]: 'appl'

In [9]: x[0:5] ## correct method of show the word

Out[9]: 'apple'

In [10]: ## printing the value form the - side
    x[-6:-1] ## half printing

Out[10]: ' juic'

In [11]: x[-6:12] ## correct method

Out[11]: ' juice'
```

string methods

finding index number

```
In [20]: name = "baba ammar dr tufail"
In [21]: name.find('m')
Out[21]: 6
In [22]: ## split the string
    khana = "roti a chawal a pani a pepsi "
    khana
Out[22]: 'roti a chawal a pani a pepsi '
In [23]: khana.split("a" ) ## it is spliting on the a
Out[23]: ['roti ', ' ch', 'w', 'l ', ' p', 'ni ', ' pepsi ']
```

tuple

- · orderd collection
- enclose()
- · different element store
- unmutable

```
In [24]: tup = (1,3,"adc")
tp = (9,"dd",2)
tp+tup

Out[24]: (9, 'dd', 2, 1, 3, 'adc')
```

indexing

```
In [25]: tp[1]
Out[25]: 'dd'
In [26]: tp[0:3]
Out[26]: (9, 'dd', 2)
```

```
In [27]: len(tp)
Out[27]: 3
In [28]: type(tp)
Out[28]: tuple
```

multiply the tuple add them

```
In [29]: tp*2+tup
Out[29]: (9, 'dd', 2, 9, 'dd', 2, 1, 3, 'adc')
In [30]: tp.count("dd")
Out[30]: 1
In [31]: (tp+tup)*3
Out[31]: (9, 'dd', 2, 1, 3, 'adc', 9, 'dd', 2, 1, 3, 'adc', 9, 'dd', 2, 1, 3, 'adc')
In [32]: tp2=(12,3,4,224,5,5,2,3)
In [33]: min(tp2)## show the min values
Out[33]: 2
In [34]: max(tp2)## higest values
Out[34]: 224
```

list

- orded collection
- enclosed []
- mutatable

```
In [35]: list=[1,2,"apple"]
list
Out[35]: [1, 2, 'apple']
In [36]: len(list)
Out[36]: 3
```

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```
In [37]: list[1]## accesing by the index
Out[37]: 2
```

functions in list

```
In [38]: list.append('ok') ## adding something in list
         list
Out[38]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok']
In [39]: list.count('ok') ## checking the thing how many time append
Out[39]: 1
In [40]: list
Out[40]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok']
In [41]: x=list.copy() ## copy the list into new list
In [42]: x
Out[42]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok']
In [43]: list.extend('apple') ## itrate the string in the characters
In [44]: list
Out[44]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok', 'a', 'p', 'p', 'l', 'e']
In [45]: list.insert(3,"new thing")## insert the new in specific index
In [46]: list
Out[46]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'new thing', 'ok', 'a', 'p', 'p', 'l', 'e']
In [47]: list.pop() ## remove the last element in the list and print on tab
Out[47]: 'e'
In [48]: list.remove("new thing") ## put the name of which u remove
In [49]: list
Out[49]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok', 'a', 'p', 'p', 'l']
```

```
In [50]: list.reverse() reverse the order
           File "<ipython-input-50-8b757529e1c2>", line 1
             list.reverse() reverse the order
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [51]: list
Out[51]: [1, 2, 'apple', 'ok', 'a', 'p', 'p', 'l']
In [52]: list.sort() ## only work for the homogeniuos data not hetro
         TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-52-b379d69e64cd> in <module>
         ----> 1 list.sort() ## only work for the homogeniuos data not hetro
         TypeError: '<' not supported between instances of 'str' and 'int'
In [53]: 1 = [2,4,4,532,3,5,2]
In [54]: 1
Out[54]: [2, 4, 4, 532, 3, 5, 2]
In [55]: 1.sort()## now sort in the orderr
In [56]: 1
Out[56]: [2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5, 532]
In [57]: list.clear() ##clear every thing
         list
Out[57]: []
```

dictonary

- · key value pair
- {}
- mutatable

```
In [58]: dic1 ={"kela":40,"saib":60,12:90}
dic1
Out[58]: {'kela': 40, 'saib': 60, 12: 90}
```

fuctions

```
In [59]:
         #keys
         dic1.keys()
Out[59]: dict_keys(['kela', 'saib', 12])
In [60]: | dic1.values() ## provide values
Out[60]: dict_values([40, 60, 90])
In [61]: ## return values given key
         dic1.get(12)
Out[61]: 90
In [62]: | dic1.popitem() ## delet last item
Out[62]: (12, 90)
In [63]: dic1.pop("kela") ## by giving the key delete both key value pairs
Out[63]: 40
In [64]: a=dic1.fromkeys('kela',1) ## break into new dictionaery
Out[64]: {'k': 1, 'e': 1, 'l': 1, 'a': 1}
In [65]: | dic1.update({67:99})## puting new value
In [66]: | dic1.items() ## both pair
Out[66]: dict_items([('saib', 60), (67, 99)])
In [67]: dic1.setdefault(112)## set the default value is none u not give it
         dic1
Out[67]: {'saib': 60, 67: 99, 112: None}
In [68]:
        newdic=dic1.copy() ## copy to new
In [69]: newdic
Out[69]: {'saib': 60, 67: 99, 112: None}
```

concatinate 2 dictionaries

sets

- unorder un index
- use in {}
- · no duplicates
- no key value

```
In [72]: s={1,889,"ali","kpk","Flase" }
```

set functions

```
In [78]: s.remove("f") ## remove the element in the set
Out[78]: {889, 'Flase', 'a', 'ali', 'kpk', 'm', 'mango', 't'}
In [79]: a = \{1,2,3,4,5\}
         b = \{4,5,6,7,\}
In [80]: a.difference(b) ## which things are not in b
Out[80]: {1, 2, 3}
In [81]: | a.union(b)
Out[81]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
In [82]: b.intersection(a)
Out[82]: {4, 5}
In [83]: a
Out[83]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
In [84]: | a.discard(1) ## delete the values
In [85]: a
Out[85]: {2, 3, 4, 5}
In [86]: x = \{1,3\}
         y = \{2,4\}
         x.isdisjoint(y) ## if there is no common values in the set provide true els
         e false
Out[86]: True
In [87]: | a.issubset(b) ## show the sub-set of set
Out[87]: False
In [88]: a.intersection update(b)## find intersection and delete values which are no
         t common in "a"
         а
Out[88]: {4, 5}
```

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task finish of day 3