#### Homework 4

#### Instructions

- This homework focuses on understanding and applying CoCoOp for CLIP prompt tuning. It consists of **four questions** designed to assess both theoretical understanding and practical application.
- · Please organize your answers and results for the questions below and submit this jupyter notebook as a .pdf file.
- Deadline: 11/26 (Sat) 23:59

#### Preparation

- · Run the code below before proceeding with the homework.
- If an error occurs, click 'Run Session Again' and then restart the runtime from the beginning.

```
!git clone https://github.com/mlvlab/ProMetaR.git
%cd ProMetaR/
!git clone https://github.com/KaiyangZhou/Dassl.pytorch.git
%cd Dassl.pytorch/
# Install dependencies
!pip install -r requirements.txt
!cp -r dassl ../
# Install this library (no need to re-build if the source code is modified)
# !python setup.py develop
%cd ..
!pip install -r requirements.txt
%mkdir outputs
%mkdir data
%cd data
%mkdir eurosat
!wget \ \underline{ http://madm.dfki.de/files/sentinel/EuroSAT.zip} \ -0 \ EuroSAT.zip
!unzip -o EuroSAT.zip -d eurosat/
%cd eurosat
!gdown 1Ip7yaCWFi0eaOFUGga0lUdVi_DDQth1o
%cd ../../
import os.path as osp
from collections import OrderedDict
import math
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from torch.nn import functional as F
from torch.cuda.amp import GradScaler, autocast
from PIL import Image
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import torch
from clip import clip
from clip.simple_tokenizer import SimpleTokenizer as _Tokenizer
import time
from tqdm import tqdm
import datetime
import argparse
from dassl.utils import setup_logger, set_random_seed, collect_env_info
from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
from dassl.engine import build_trainer
from dassl.engine import TRAINER_REGISTRY, TrainerX
from dassl.metrics import compute_accuracy
from dassl.utils import load_pretrained_weights, load_checkpoint
from dassl.optim import build_optimizer, build_lr_scheduler
import datasets.oxford_pets
import datasets.oxford_flowers
import datasets.fgvc_aircraft
```

```
import datasets.dtd
import datasets.eurosat
import datasets.stanford_cars
import datasets.food101
import datasets.sun397
import datasets.caltech101
import datasets.ucf101
import datasets.imagenet
import datasets.imagenet_sketch
import datasets.imagenetv2
import datasets.imagenet_a
import datasets.imagenet_r
def print_args(args, cfg):
    print("**********")
    print("** Arguments **")
    print("***********")
    optkeys = list(args.__dict__.keys())
    optkeys.sort()
    for key in optkeys:
       print("{}: {}".format(key, args.__dict__[key]))
    print("********")
    print("** Config **")
    print("********")
    print(cfg)
def reset_cfg(cfg, args):
    if args.root:
       cfg.DATASET.ROOT = args.root
    if args.output_dir:
       cfg.OUTPUT_DIR = args.output_dir
    if args.seed:
       cfg.SEED = args.seed
    if args.trainer:
       cfg.TRAINER.NAME = args.trainer
    cfg.DATASET.NUM\_SHOTS = 16
    cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE CLASSES = args.subsample classes
    cfg.DATALOADER.TRAIN_X.BATCH_SIZE = args.train_batch_size
    cfg.OPTIM.MAX\_EPOCH = args.epoch
def extend_cfg(cfg):
    Add new config variables.
    from yacs.config import CfgNode as CN
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP = CN()
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP.N_CTX = 16 # number of context vectors
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CSC = False # class-specific context
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CTX_INIT = "" # initialization words
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
    cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CLASS_TOKEN_POSITION = "end" # 'middle' or 'end' or 'front'
    cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP = CN()
    cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N_CTX = 4 # number of context vectors
    cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX_INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
    cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR = CN()
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N_CTX_VISION = 4 # number of context vectors at the vision branch
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N_CTX_TEXT = 4 # number of context vectors at the language branch
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.CTX_INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT_DEPTH_VISION = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting (J=1)
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT_DEPTH_TEXT = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting (J=1)
    cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE_CLASSES = "all" # all, base or new
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.ADAPT LR = 0.0005
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.LR_RATIO = 0.0005
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.FAST_ADAPTATION = False
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP ALPHA = 0.5
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP_BETA = 0.5
    cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.DIM_RATE=8
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET = CN()
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.NAME = "adam"
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.LR = 0.0003
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WEIGHT_DECAY = 5e-4
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.MOMENTUM = 0.9
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.SGD_DAMPNING = 0
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.SGD_NESTEROV = False
    cfg.OPTIM_VNET.RMSPROP_ALPHA = 0.99
    cfg.OPTTM VNFT.ADAM RFTA1 = 0.9
```

```
cfg.OPTIM_VNET.ADAM_BETA2 = 0.999
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.STAGED_LR = False
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.NEW_LAYERS = ()
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.BASE_LR_MULT = 0.1
   # Learning rate scheduler
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.LR_SCHEDULER = "single_step"
    \# -1 or 0 means the stepsize is equal to max_epoch
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.STEPSIZE = (-1, )
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.GAMMA = 0.1
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.MAX_EPOCH = 10
   # Set WARMUP_EPOCH larger than 0 to activate warmup training
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_EPOCH = -1
   # Either linear or constant
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_TYPE = "linear"
   # Constant learning rate when type=constant
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_CONS_LR = 1e-5
   # Minimum learning rate when type=linear
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_MIN_LR = 1e-5
   # Recount epoch for the next scheduler (last_epoch=-1)
   # Otherwise last epoch=warmup epoch
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_RECOUNT = True
def setup_cfg(args):
   cfg = get_cfg_default()
   extend_cfg(cfg)
   \# 1. From the dataset config file
   if args.dataset_config_file:
       cfg.merge_from_file(args.dataset_config_file)
   # 2. From the method config file
   if args.config_file:
        cfg.merge_from_file(args.config_file)
   # 3. From input arguments
   reset_cfg(cfg, args)
   cfg.freeze()
   return cfg
_tokenizer = _Tokenizer()
def load_clip_to_cpu(cfg): # Load CLIP
   backbone_name = cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME
   url = clip._MODELS[backbone_name]
   model_path = clip._download(url)
   try:
        # loading JIT archive
        model = torch.jit.load(model_path, map_location="cpu").eval()
       state_dict = None
   except RuntimeError:
       state_dict = torch.load(model_path, map_location="cpu")
   if cfg.TRAINER.NAME == "":
     design_trainer = "CoOp"
   else:
     design_trainer = cfg.TRAINER.NAME
    design_details = {"trainer": design_trainer,
                      "vision_depth": 0,
                      "language_depth": 0, "vision_ctx": 0,
                      "language_ctx": 0}
   model = clip.build_model(state_dict or model.state_dict(), design_details)
   return model
from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
cfg = get_cfg_default()
cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME = "ViT-B/16" # Set the vision encoder backbone of CLIP to ViT.
clip_model = load_clip_to_cpu(cfg)
class TextEncoder(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, clip_model): # 초기화 하는 함수
        super().__init__()
        self.transformer = clip_model.transformer
        self.positional_embedding = clip_model.positional_embedding
        self.ln_final = clip_model.ln_final
        self.text_projection = clip_model.text_projection
```

```
self.dtype = clip_model.dtype
   def forward(self, prompts, tokenized_prompts): # 모델 호출
       x = prompts + self.positional_embedding.type(self.dtype)
       x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # NLD -> LND
       x = self.transformer(x)
       x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # LND -> NLD
       x = self.ln_final(x).type(self.dtype)
       # x.shape = [batch_size, n_ctx, transformer.width]
       # take features from the eot embedding (eot_token is the highest number in each sequence)
       x = x[torch.arange(x.shape[0]), tokenized_prompts.argmax(dim=-1)] @ self.text_projection
       return x
@TRAINER_REGISTRY.register(force=True)
class CoCoOp(TrainerX):
   def check_cfg(self, cfg):
       assert cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC in ["fp16", "fp32", "amp"]
   def build_model(self):
       cfg = self.cfg
       classnames = self.dm.dataset.classnames
       print(f"Loading CLIP (backbone: {cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME})")
       clip_model = load_clip_to_cpu(cfg)
       if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp32" or cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp":
           # CLIP's default precision is fp16
           clip_model.float()
       print("Building custom CLIP")
       self.model = CoCoOpCustomCLIP(cfg, classnames, clip_model)
       print("Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder")
       name_to_update = "prompt_learner"
       for name, param in self.model.named_parameters():
           if name_to_update not in name:
               param.requires_grad_(False)
       # Double check
       enabled = set()
        for name, param in self.model.named_parameters():
           if param.requires_grad:
               enabled.add(name)
       print(f"Parameters to be updated: {enabled}")
       if cfg.MODEL.INIT WEIGHTS:
           load_pretrained_weights(self.model.prompt_learner, cfg.MODEL.INIT_WEIGHTS)
        self.model.to(self.device)
       # NOTE: only give prompt_learner to the optimizer
       self.optim = build_optimizer(self.model.prompt_learner, cfg.OPTIM)
        self.sched = build_lr_scheduler(self.optim, cfg.OPTIM)
       self.register_model("prompt_learner", self.model.prompt_learner, self.optim, self.sched)
       self.scaler = GradScaler() if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp" else None
       # Note that multi-gpu training could be slow because CLIP's size is
       # big, which slows down the copy operation in DataParallel
       device_count = torch.cuda.device_count()
       if device count > 1:
           print(f"Multiple GPUs detected (n_gpus={device_count}), use all of them!")
           self.model = nn.DataParallel(self.model)
   def before_train(self):
       directory = self.cfg.OUTPUT_DIR
       if self.cfg.RESUME:
           directory = self.cfg.RESUME
       self.start_epoch = self.resume_model_if_exist(directory)
       # Remember the starting time (for computing the elapsed time)
        self.time_start = time.time()
   def forward_backward(self, batch):
        image label - colf nance batch thain/batch)
```

```
image, iauei - seii.paise_vatcii_tiaiii(vatcii)
    model = self.model
    optim = self.optim
    scaler = self.scaler
    prec = self.cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC
    loss = model(image, label) # Input image 모델 통과
    optim.zero_grad()
    loss.backward() # Backward (역전파)
    optim.step() # 모델 parameter update
    loss_summary = {"loss": loss.item()}
    if (self.batch_idx + 1) == self.num_batches:
        self.update_lr()
    return loss_summary
def parse_batch_train(self, batch):
    input = batch["img"]
    label = batch["label"]
    input = input.to(self.device)
    label = label.to(self.device)
    return input, label
def load_model(self, directory, epoch=None):
    if not directory:
        print("Note that load_model() is skipped as no pretrained model is given")
    names = self.get_model_names()
    # By default, the best model is loaded
    model_file = "model-best.pth.tar"
    if epoch is not None:
        model_file = "model.pth.tar-" + str(epoch)
    for name in names:
        model_path = osp.join(directory, name, model_file)
        if not osp.exists(model_path):
            raise FileNotFoundError('Model not found at "{}"'.format(model_path))
        checkpoint = load_checkpoint(model_path)
        state_dict = checkpoint["state_dict"]
        epoch = checkpoint["epoch"]
        # Ignore fixed token vectors
        if "token_prefix" in state_dict:
            del state_dict["token_prefix"]
        if "token suffix" in state dict:
            del state_dict["token_suffix"]
        print("Loading weights to \{\} \ " \ 'from \ "\{\}" \ (epoch = \{\})'.format(name, \ model\_path, \ epoch))
        # set strict=False
        self._models[name].load_state_dict(state_dict, strict=False)
def after_train(self):
  print("Finish training")
  do_test = not self.cfg.TEST.NO_TEST
  if do_test:
      if self.cfg.TEST.FINAL_MODEL == "best_val":
          print("Deploy the model with the best val performance")
          self.load_model(self.output_dir)
      else:
          print("Deploy the last-epoch model")
      acc = self.test()
  # Show elapsed time
  elapsed = round(time.time() - self.time_start)
  elapsed = str(datetime.timedelta(seconds=elapsed))
  print(f"Elapsed: {elapsed}")
# Close writer
```

```
self.close_writer()
      return acc
    def train(self):
        """Generic training loops."""
        self.before_train()
        for self.epoch in range(self.start_epoch, self.max_epoch):
            self.before_epoch()
            self.run_epoch()
            self.after epoch()
        acc = self.after_train()
        return acc
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("--root", type=str, default="data/", help="path to dataset")
parser.add_argument("--output-dir", type=str, default="outputs/cocoop3", help="output directory")
parser.add_argument(
    "--seed", type=int, default=1, help="only positive value enables a fixed seed"
)
parser.add argument(
    "--config-file", type=str, default="configs/trainers/ProMetaR/vit_b16_c2_ep10_batch4_4+4ctx.yaml", help="path to config file"
)
parser.add_argument(
    "--dataset-config-file",
    type=str.
    default="configs/datasets/eurosat.yaml",
    help="path to config file for dataset setup",
parser.add_argument("--trainer", type=str, default="CoOp", help="name of trainer")
parser.add_argument("--eval-only", action="store_true", help="evaluation only")
parser.add_argument(
    "--model-dir",
    type=str,
   default=""
    help="load model from this directory for eval-only mode",
)
parser.add_argument("--train-batch-size", type=int, default=4)
parser.add_argument("--epoch", type=int, default=10)
parser.add_argument("--subsample-classes", type=str, default="base")
parser.add argument(
    "--load-epoch", type=int, default=0, help="load model weights at this epoch for evaluation"
)
args = parser.parse_args([])
def main(args):
    cfg = setup_cfg(args)
    if cfg.SEED >= 0:
       set_random_seed(cfg.SEED)
    if torch.cuda.is_available() and cfg.USE_CUDA:
       torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark = True
    trainer = build_trainer(cfg)
    if args.eval_only:
       trainer.load model(args.model dir, epoch=args.load epoch)
       acc = trainer.test()
       return acc
    acc = trainer.train()
    return acc
```

Show hidden output

## Q1. Understanding and implementing CoCoOp

- We have learned how to define CoOp in Lab Session 4.
- The main difference between CoOp and CoCoOp is **meta network** to extract image tokens that is added to the text prompt.
- Based on the CoOp code given in Lab Session 4, fill-in-the-blank exercise (4 blanks!!) to test your understanding of critical parts of the CoCoOp.

```
import torch.nn as nn

class CoCoOpPromptLearner(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
```

```
super().__init__()
    n_cls = len(classnames)
    n_ctx = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N_CTX
    ctx_init = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX_INIT
    dtype = clip_model.dtype
    ctx_dim = clip_model.ln_final.weight.shape[0]
    vis_dim = clip_model.visual.output_dim
    clip_imsize = clip_model.visual.input_resolution
    cfg_imsize = cfg.INPUT.SIZE[0]
    assert cfg_imsize == clip_imsize, f"cfg_imsize ({cfg_imsize}) must equal to clip_imsize ({clip_imsize})"
    if ctx_init:
        # use given words to initialize context vectors
       ctx_init = ctx_init.replace("_", " ")
       n_ctx = len(ctx_init.split(" "))
       prompt = clip.tokenize(ctx_init)
       with torch.no grad():
           embedding = clip_model.token_embedding(prompt).type(dtype)
       ctx_vectors = embedding[0, 1: 1 + n_ctx, :]
       prompt_prefix = ctx_init
    else:
       # random initialization
       ctx_vectors = torch.empty(n_ctx, ctx_dim, dtype=dtype)
       nn.init.normal_(ctx_vectors, std=0.02)
       prompt_prefix = " ".join(["X"] * n_ctx)
    print(f'Initial context: "{prompt_prefix}"')
    print(f"Number of context words (tokens): {n_ctx}")
    self.ctx = nn.Parameter(ctx_vectors) # Wrap the initialized prompts above as parameters to make them trainable.
    ### Tokenize ###
    classnames = [name.replace("_", " ") for name in classnames] # 예) "Forest"
    name_lens = [len(_tokenizer.encode(name)) for name in classnames]
    prompts = [prompt_prefix + " " + name + "." for name in classnames] # 예) "A photo of Forest."
    tokenized_prompts = torch.cat([clip.tokenize(p) for p in prompts]) # 예) [49406, 320, 1125, 539...]
    ####### Q1. Fill in the blank ######
    ######## Define Meta Net ########
    self.meta_net = nn.Sequential(OrderedDict([
       ("linear1", nn.Linear(vis_dim, vis_dim // 16)),
        ("relu", nn.ReLU(inplace=True)),
        ("linear2", nn.Linear(vis_dim // 16, ctx_dim))
    ## Hint: meta network is composed to linear layer, relu activation, and linear layer.
    if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp16":
       self.meta_net.half()
   with torch.no_grad():
        embedding = clip_model.token_embedding(tokenized_prompts).type(dtype)
    # These token vectors will be saved when in save_model(),
    # but they should be ignored in load_model() as we want to use
    # those computed using the current class names
    self.register_buffer("token_prefix", embedding[:, :1, :]) # SOS
    self.register_buffer("token_suffix", embedding[:, 1 + n_ctx:, :]) # CLS, EOS
    self.n_cls = n_cls
    self.n_ctx = n_ctx
    self.tokenized_prompts = tokenized_prompts # torch.Tensor
    self.name_lens = name_lens
def construct_prompts(self, ctx, prefix, suffix, label=None):
    # dim0 is either batch_size (during training) or n_cls (during testing)
    # ctx: context tokens, with shape of (dim0, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
    # prefix: the sos token, with shape of (n_cls, 1, ctx_dim)
    # suffix: remaining tokens, with shape of (n_cls, *, ctx_dim)
   if label is not None:
       prefix = prefix[label]
```

```
suffix = suffix[label]
      prompts = torch.cat(
          [
             prefix, # (dim0, 1, dim)
             ctx, # (dim0, n_ctx, dim)
             suffix, # (dim0, *, dim)
          dim=1.
      return prompts
   def forward(self, im_features):
      prefix = self.token_prefix
      suffix = self.token_suffix
      ctx = self.ctx # (n_ctx, ctx_dim)
      ######## Q2,3. Fill in the blank #######
      bias = self.meta_net(im_features) # (batch, ctx_dim)
      bias = bias.unsqueeze(1) # (batch, 1, ctx_dim)
      ctx = ctx.unsqueeze(0) # (1, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
      ctx_shifted = ctx + bias # (batch, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
      # Use instance-conditioned context tokens for all classes
      prompts = []
      for ctx_shifted_i in ctx_shifted:
          ctx_i = ctx_shifted_i.unsqueeze(0).expand(self.n_cls, -1, -1)
          pts_i = self.construct_prompts(ctx_i, prefix, suffix) # (n_cls, n_tkn, ctx_dim)
          prompts.append(pts i)
      prompts = torch.stack(prompts)
       return prompts
class CoCoOpCustomCLIP(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
       super().__init__()
      self.prompt_learner = CoCoOpPromptLearner(cfg, classnames, clip_model)
      self.tokenized_prompts = self.prompt_learner.tokenized_prompts
      self.image_encoder = clip_model.visual
      self.text_encoder = TextEncoder(clip_model)
      self.logit_scale = clip_model.logit_scale
      self.dtype = clip_model.dtype
   def forward(self, image, label=None):
       tokenized_prompts = self.tokenized_prompts
      logit_scale = self.logit_scale.exp()
      image_features = self.image_encoder(image.type(self.dtype))
      image_features = image_features / image_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
      ######## Q4. Fill in the blank #######
      prompts = self.prompt_learner(image_features)
      logits = []
      for pts_i, imf_i in zip(prompts, image_features):
          text_features = self.text_encoder(pts_i, tokenized_prompts)
          text_features = text_features / text_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
          l_i = logit_scale * imf_i @ text_features.t()
          logits.append(l_i)
      logits = torch.stack(logits)
      if self.prompt_learner.training:
          return F.cross_entropy(logits, label)
```

## Q2. Training CoCoOp

In this task, you will train CoCoOp on the EuroSAT dataset. If your implementation of CoCoOp in Question 1 is correct, the following code should execute without errors. Please submit the execution file so we can evaluate whether your code runs without any issues.

```
# Train on the Base Classes Train split and evaluate accuracy on the Base Classes Test split.
args.trainer = "CoCoOp"
args.train_batch_size = 4
args.epoch = 100
args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop"
args.subsample_classes = "base"
args.eval_only = False
cocoop_base_acc = main(args)
epoch [38/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.026) loss 0.3904 (0.2160) lr 1.7464e-03 eta 0:02:37
    epoch [39/100] batch [20/20] time 0.122 (0.144) data 0.000 (0.020) loss 0.0148 (0.2756) lr 1.7102e-03 eta 0:02:55
    epoch [40/100] batch [20/20] time 0.152 (0.202) data 0.000 (0.034) loss 0.0934 (0.3496) lr 1.6734e-03 eta 0:04:02
    epoch [41/100] batch [20/20] time 0.106 (0.131) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.2169 (0.2247) lr 1.6363e-03 eta 0:02:34
    epoch [42/100] batch [20/20] time 0.104 (0.135) data 0.000 (0.025) loss 0.2345 (0.3324) lr 1.5987e-03 eta 0:02:36
    epoch [43/100] batch [20/20] time 0.092 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 1.5879 (0.2942) lr 1.5609e-03 eta 0:02:24
    epoch [44/100] batch [20/20] time 0.156 (0.148) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.0948 (0.2610) lr 1.5227e-03 eta 0:02:45
    epoch [45/100] batch [20/20] time 0.139 (0.201) data 0.000 (0.038) loss 0.0528 (0.2330) lr 1.4842e-03 eta 0:03:40
    epoch [46/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.124) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0851 (0.3257) lr 1.4455e-03 eta 0:02:14
    epoch [47/100] batch [20/20] time 0.096 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.8765 (0.2289) lr 1.4067e-03 eta 0:02:12
    epoch [48/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.1407 (0.2187) lr 1.3676e-03 eta 0:02:10
    epoch [49/100] batch [20/20] time 0.133 (0.141) data 0.000 (0.021) loss 0.2174 (0.2130) lr 1.3285e-03 eta 0:02:23
    epoch [50/100] batch [20/20] time 0.142 (0.188) data 0.000 (0.030) loss 0.5039 (0.2274) lr 1.2893e-03 eta 0:03:08
    epoch [51/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.016) loss 0.1648 (0.2948) lr 1.2500e-03 eta 0:02:02
          [52/100] batch [20/20] time 0.108 (0.136) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.1514 (0.2735) lr 1.2107e-03 eta 0:02:10
    epoch [53/100] batch [20/20] time 0.092 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.3259 (0.2046) lr 1.1715e-03 eta 0:01:57
    epoch [54/100] batch [20/20] time 0.118 (0.140) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.1115 (0.2189) lr 1.1324e-03 eta 0:02:08
    epoch [55/100] batch [20/20] time 0.153 (0.195) data 0.000 (0.036) loss 0.2917 (0.1799) lr 1.0933e-03 eta 0:02:55
    epoch [56/100] batch [20/20] time 0.096 (0.128) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.2384 (0.2613) lr 1.0545e-03 eta 0:01:52
    epoch [57/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.126) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.3364 (0.3352) lr 1.0158e-03 eta 0:01:47
    epoch [58/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.124) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.3237 (0.2660) lr 9.7732e-04 eta 0:01:44
    epoch [59/100] batch [20/20] time 0.124 (0.140) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.0295 (0.2851) lr 9.3914e-04 eta 0:01:54
    epoch [60/100] batch [20/20] time 0.147 (0.195) data 0.000 (0.032) loss 0.0961 (0.1896) lr 9.0126e-04 eta 0:02:36
    epoch [61/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.131) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.3149 (0.2265) lr 8.6373e-04 eta 0:01:42
    epoch [62/100] batch [20/20] time 0.098 (0.145) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.0041 (0.2124) lr 8.2658e-04 eta 0:01:50
    epoch [63/100] batch [20/20] time 0.100 (0.133) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.1748 (0.2624) lr 7.8984e-04 eta 0:01:38
    epoch [64/100] batch [20/20] time 0.138 (0.163) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.2600 (0.1714) lr 7.5357e-04 eta 0:01:57
    epoch [65/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.136) data 0.000 (0.033) loss 0.5747 (0.2100) lr 7.1778e-04 eta 0:01:35
          [66/100] batch [20/20] time 0.103 (0.129) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.1279 (0.1686) lr 6.8251e-04 eta 0:01:28
    epoch [67/100] batch [20/20] time 0.107 (0.140) data 0.000 (0.016) loss 0.0054 (0.2219) lr 6.4781e-04 eta 0:01:32
    epoch [68/100] batch [20/20] time 0.165 (0.154) data 0.000 (0.021) loss 0.2773 (0.2684) lr 6.1370e-04 eta 0:01:38
    epoch [69/100] batch [20/20] time 0.150 (0.203) data 0.000 (0.035) loss 0.0228 (0.2471) lr 5.8022e-04 eta 0:02:06
    epoch [70/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.129) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.2318 (0.1503) lr 5.4740e-04 eta 0:01:17
    epoch [71/100] batch [20/20] time 0.094 (0.139) data 0.000 (0.020) loss 0.0285 (0.1188) lr 5.1527e-04 eta 0:01:20
    epoch [72/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.132) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.1163 (0.2144) lr 4.8387e-04 eta 0:01:13
    epoch [73/100] batch [20/20] time 0.167 (0.164) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.0424 (0.1745) lr 4.5322e-04 eta 0:01:28
    epoch [74/100] batch [20/20] time 0.098 (0.158) data 0.000 (0.034) loss 0.1774 (0.1305) lr 4.2336e-04 eta 0:01:22
    epoch [75/100] batch [20/20] time 0.100 (0.136) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.0523 (0.1880) lr 3.9432e-04 eta 0:01:07
    epoch [76/100] batch [20/20] time 0.098 (0.134) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0109 (0.1781) lr 3.6612e-04 eta 0:01:04
    epoch [77/100] batch [20/20] time 0.133 (0.144) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0092 (0.1832) lr 3.3879e-04 eta 0:01:06
    epoch [78/100] batch [20/20] time 0.146 (0.200) data 0.000 (0.037) loss 0.1420 (0.2149) lr 3.1236e-04 eta 0:01:28
    epoch [79/100] batch [20/20] time 0.100 (0.133) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.6455 (0.2502) lr 2.8686e-04 eta 0:00:55
    epoch [80/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.134) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.1262 (0.1671) lr 2.6231e-04 eta 0:00:53
    epoch [81/100] batch [20/20] time 0.096 (0.141) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.1049 (0.1736) lr 2.3873e-04 eta 0:00:53
    epoch [82/100] batch [20/20] time 0.152 (0.161) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.5278 (0.1947) lr 2.1615e-04 eta 0:00:57
    epoch [83/100] batch [20/20] time 0.100 (0.139) data 0.000 (0.028) loss 0.1053 (0.1895) lr 1.9459e-04 eta 0:00:47
    epoch [84/100] batch [20/20] time 0.098 (0.133) data 0.000 (0.020) loss 0.1261 (0.1526) lr 1.7407e-04 eta 0:00:42
    epoch [85/100] batch [20/20] time 0.109 (0.128) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0314 (0.1640) lr 1.5462e-04 eta 0:00:38
    epoch [86/100] batch [20/20] time 0.126 (0.144) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0459 (0.1491) lr 1.3624e-04 eta 0:00:40
    epoch [87/100] batch [20/20] time 0.147 (0.196) data 0.000 (0.045) loss 0.2108 (0.1862) lr 1.1897e-04 eta 0:00:50
    epoch [88/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.129) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.1178 (0.2581) lr 1.0281e-04 eta 0:00:30
    epoch [89/100] batch [20/20] time 0.094 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.025) loss 0.0460 (0.2158) lr 8.7779e-05 eta 0:00:27
    epoch [90/100] batch [20/20] time 0.103 (0.130) data 0.000 (0.016) loss 0.0492 (0.1039) lr 7.3899e-05 eta 0:00:25
    epoch [91/100] batch [20/20] time 0.150 (0.161) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.2791 (0.1459) lr 6.1179e-05 eta 0:00:28
    epoch [92/100] batch [20/20] time 0.144 (0.196) data 0.000 (0.034) loss 0.0514 (0.1019) lr 4.9633e-05 eta 0:00:31
    epoch [93/100] batch [20/20] time 0.096 (0.129) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.1763 (0.2449) lr 3.9271e-05 eta 0:00:18
    epoch [94/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.129) data 0.000 (0.020) loss 0.2859 (0.2261) lr 3.0104e-05 eta 0:00:15
                                             10 107) data a aga (a a17) loca a 1564 (a 1050) la 2 21410 as ata ataa.11
```

```
args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop/new_classes"
args.subsample classes = "new"
args.load_epoch = 100
args.eval_only = True
coop_novel_acc = main(args)
→ Loading trainer: CoCoOp
     Loading dataset: EuroSAT
     Reading split from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_zhou_EuroSAT.json
     Loading preprocessed few-shot data from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_fewshot/shot_16-seed_1.pkl
    SUBSAMPLE NEW CLASSES!
    Building transform train
    + random resized crop (size=(224, 224), scale=(0.08, 1.0))
     + random flip
    + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
    + normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
    Building transform_test
    + resize the smaller edge to 224
    + 224x224 center crop
    + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
    + normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
    Dataset
               EuroSAT
     # classes 5
    # train_x 80
    # val
               20
    # test
               3,900
    Loading CLIP (backbone: ViT-B/16)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:617: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 8 worker processes
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/lr_scheduler.py:62: UserWarning: The verbose parameter is deprecated. Please use get
      warnings.warn(
     /content/ProMetaR/dassl/utils/torchtools.py:102: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights_only=False` (the current defaul
       checkpoint = torch.load(fpath, map_location=map_location)
     Building custom CLIP
     Initial context: "a photo of a"
     Number of context words (tokens): 4
    Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder
    Parameters to be updated: {'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear2.bias', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear2.weight', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.li
    Loading evaluator: Classification
    Loading weights to prompt_learner from "outputs/cocoop/prompt_learner/model.pth.tar-100" (epoch = 100)
    Evaluate on the *test* set
    100%|
                  | 39/39 [01:00<00:00, 1.54s/it]=> result
    * total: 3,900
     * correct: 1,687
     * accuracy: 43.3%
    * error: 56.7%
     * macro_f1: 39.0%
```

# Q3. Analyzing the results of CoCoOp

Compare the results of CoCoOp with those of CoOp that we trained in Lab Session 4. Discuss possible reasons for the performance differences observed between CoCoOp and CoOp.

## Comparison between CoOp and CoCoOp

### **Base Class Accuracy**:

CoOp: Higher accuracy on base classes due to its static prompt learning, which specializes on the training data. CoCoOp: Lower base class accuracy since CoCoOp generalizes the prompts using instance-conditioned tuning.

#### **Novel Class Accuracy:**

CoOp: Lower accuracy on novel classes as static prompts cannot adapt to unseen data. CoCoOp: Higher accuracy on novel classes due to the meta-network, which enables better adaptation to unseen examples by conditioning prompts on image features.

#### Possible reasons for the performance differences

CoOp:

- Uses static prompts
- Perform well for classes seen during training but they struggle to generalize to novel classes.
- Heavily tunes its prompts to maximize base class accuracy.
- · Lead to overfitting abd limits its ability to generalize to novel classes.

# CoCoOp:

- Uses a meta-network to dynamically modify prompts based on image features.
- Better in managing unseen classes.
- Balances base and novel class performance through its adaptive prompts.
- Trading off some base class accuracy in exchange for better generalization.

Start coding or generate with AI.