

# 1. Introduction

Currently, most music production software is a native application, that being, that it does not run on or even require the Internet. The benefits of this is that it allows to be extremely powerful, allowing the software to make full advantage of the computer's capabilities. They often have in-built synthesisers, drum machines and effects units; along with the ability of being able to plug in external machines it allows the client to produce and create any imaginable genre of music. However, even though modern applications strive to make the learning curve as minimal as possible, the use of them to a beginner can be quite daunting. This and the fact that it is near impossible to be able to collaborate on a single music project in real-time unless in the same room give rise to a few, but very important, disadvantages.

The rise of the Internet saw a slow and steady increase in web-based applications. Only recently with the advancements and wide acceptance of JavaScript and its in-built capabilities of creating manipulating sound has it really began to pick up. There are a few powerful and in-depth web-based music production tools and a whole host of simple, standalone, web-based synthesisers, drum machines and effect units. However, very few, if not none, make full advantage of the raw capabilities of the internet, communication. I believe there is room for a web-based music production tool that allows for real-time collaboration. The only requirements a user needs is access to the Internet, minimal knowledge of how plug in beats of a step sequencer and manipulate them (although should be intuitive enough to pick up without prior knowledge) and someone to create music with!

POTENTIALLY CHANGE TO BACKGROUND/MOTIVATION

## 2. Business case

### 2.1 Background and Motivation

Music production software has taken many forms since the inception of the computer. They allow clients to write, produce and create all different genres of music, only needing a computer and the software. Modern adaptations strive to make it as easy as possible, with little-to-none prior knowledge of music needed to get going and a wealth of in-built synthesisers and drum machines, often replicating real world tools to a high standard. However, the professional software is very costly and requires a relatively powerful computer to operate effectively on. They also are very solo artist orientated. That meaning, unless in the same room as the producer, it would be near impossible collaborate on the project. One would imagine, that the spawn of the internet would have meant a rise to many web-based applications to create music, as it did with

many other industry software. However, only recently with the wider acceptance of JavaScript, with the computing power to effectively create and manipulate sound in-built, has web-based music creation applications have risen.

The advantages of having web-based music creation software over bespoke native applications is the same as the advantages of the Internet in general. Anyone with access to the internet can create music. Whether it is communication of computational power, the internet allows collaboration on a world wide scale. The amount of web-based production software, synthesisers, drum machines has steadily been increasing. I see that there is a real opportunity to create some music production software that allows for real-time collaboration. This meaning that not only is the access to the software is only restricted by the user having access to the internet, it also allows for two people, from anywhere in the world, to collaborate on the same music project at the same time.

## 2.2 Objectives

- Two clients can simultaneously click and create music together using the step sequencer that it is available by access of a web address.
- Remove the need to send music projects back and forth or to have to meet up in 'real-life' to collaborate on a music project together.
- The user-interface is intuitive enough to make it possible for any skill level to compose a melody/beat.
- In doing so users are able to 'sketch' out a beat effectively and efficiently for later consideration

## 3. Project objectives

1. Web-based application that has a step based sequencer with pre-loaded samples.
2. Within the application two users can simultaneously click to create a drum pattern and melody.
3. Users can then download their musical composition as an audio file. (MAYBE)
4. The user-interface will take the form of the time signature split into 16 equal "steps" for each of the samples. Each step is equivalent to one note within the bar. By turning these steps on and off it will in turn make the sample play or not when the step is initiated as bar plays. The users can use this build up patterns of beats to create songs.

## 4. Initial scope

1. I will use on-line project tracking tool 'Trello' to plan my project. In this I have boards that have general things that are needed for the project and within further columns in which I can move cards, which are more specific tasks to the board, from left to right to track progress. I will also do this to track the work my fortnightly sprints. I will use boards in the following ways:
  - (a) To have board on the project initiation which is what I need to do to get the project at a level where I can start working on the code. This include cards with check-lists for setting up server, bare bones code base, project documents etc.
  - (b) To have a project backlog board which houses all my project ideas, requirement gathering for them, when requirement gathering is done moves to ready for story point estimation and then finally sprint candidates.
  - (c) To have a board that tracks my current sprint. This will have columns for Sprint backlog (list of user stories for the sprint), In progress, a column for QA-ing (making sure it hits requirements and further testing of functionality), ready for release and done (a card will move into done when it is deployed). I have an extension to Trello which allows me to assign and track user story points for each user story. This will allow me to refine my assigning which ultimately will give me a better idea for how much work I have and how long it will take. I plan to show progress in a burn down chart.
2. A basic step sequencer in which user's can program simple beats and melodies in to create patterns and songs
3. The user's should see each other's actions on the screen as they happen. This will give the 'real-time' feel as they can then respond to the other user's action accordingly.
4. I hope to be able make it possible so that the user's can choose from a drop down of samples for each sequence so that they have complete control of what sounds they can use to create the song.
5. The user should be able to add and remove sequences from the whole sequencer, so that they can include or get not include as many instruments as they want.

more detail about project objectives - provide further information about the objects in a more informal manner scope can include what you'll do and what you'll produce

## 5. Resources and dependencies

The project isn't currently dependable on any external resources or products. I have provided the server in which it is run which is funded by myself. Potentially, for some desirable features, I might use a pre-existing JavaScript library to make development faster. However, I intend to avoid the use of them at all cost throughout my project and to create everything myself.

I may use the front-end framework 'Express' that is heavily used throughout many NodeJS projects, however this is isn't decided for certain yet and even if so, the project is very stable and with a large following so it wouldn't cause any problems.

More information on the Express framework can be found here: <http://expressjs.com/>

## 6. Method of approach

My software development process will follow that of an AGILE approach using SCRUM methods. That is, to release working minimal viable products early and often.

The first stage of iterations will be to get the core product working and usable. I want a step-sequencer that a user can create simply pattern and melody using basic samples.

The second stage of iterations will be to get the operational transformation algorithm in place which allows for the 'real-time collaboration' portion of the program to work.

Once these are in place, that is the core functionality of my web-application done and I would like to focus on incrementally improving the product and adding desirable features.

Possible technologies are NodeJS and within the JavaScript Web Audio API, Express framework. Also HTML and CSS for all front end styling and layout. I haven't decided whether I will be using a relational database or a NoSQL database yet for storage of samples and potential storage for user's session/work. I need to revise and my data that will be stored and see which suits best. I'm leaning towards a NoSQL approach due to the fact the data will be of different types and if I am storing user sessions the data will be unstructured or at least difficult to restrain into a table. If I do decide to go with a relational database I will use MySQL as I've had previous experience with it, otherwise I will use a document store NoSQL database such as MongoDB. Git will be used as a versioning mechanism of code base which will be committed to my personal and private GitHub repository. For unit tests I intend to use Mocha.js testing framework as I have had previous experience with it. I will research and try to implement a continuous deployment methodology into my project to

ensure streamlined deployment process, complete with unit tests checked before deployment and syncing code to server. I hope to do a mixture of coding styles but enforcing Test driven development when necessary to ensure code clarity and maintainability.

## 7. Project plan

<b><u>Project Plan</u></b>			
<b>Stage</b>	<b>Expected Start data</b>	<b>Expected Completion date</b>	<b>Products/Deliverables/Outcomes</b>
1. Initiation		01/02/17	PID
2. Investigation of requirements, resources and project planning	30/01/17	06/02/17	Investigation of things necessary to get my project started. Planned and formalised starting points of my project in Trello
3. Initial code base and framework implemented and planning of high level design	07/02/17	14/02/17	A simple HTML page output with the backend padded out with correct initial and basic routing. Design documents for GUI and backend ideas
4. Increment 1. Core product bare bones implementation	15/02/17	01/03/17	A user can create a simple pattern with basic preloaded samples. Unit tests implemented.
5. Increment 2. Operational transformation implementation	02/03/17	15/03/17	The real time aspect. I should have a core basic model of the real time modification between two separate browser windows, with the edits reflected in each.
6. Increment 3. Ensure previous development is fully tested and working. Improve on those features by starting to implement desirables	16/03/17	29/03/17	Tests for core product implemented. Any other aspects improved and simple desirables started to be implemented

### 7.1 Control plan


1. Highlight reports as dictated by the PROC304 module
2. Review meetings with project supervisor as dictated by the PRCO304 module; additional ad-hoc meetings as and when necessary. Notes of meetings shall be documented.

3. Risk management (see Section 8); communication plan (see Section 7.2); quality plan (see Section 9); exception reports and plans as necessary

## 7.2 Communication plan

I have no further stakeholders or real-clients apart from myself and my supervisor. When my product is to a presentable core working prototype, I intend to hold regular meetings to get constant feedback on the product. When I seek feedback from potential users, I will plan meetings with a individuals or groups with a script and make sure the discussion of the meeting is documented fully. Review meetings will be held with the supervisor in line with the Control plan. Further ad-hoc communications will take place as needed. Unexpected outcomes or exceptions will be documented and brought to light in the review meeting unless seen as a matter of urgency.

## 8. Initial risk list

<b><u>Initial risk list</u></b>	
<b>Risk</b>	<b>Management strategy</b>
Schedule Overrun	Contingency has been incorporated into the project plan as well as regular meetings with my supervisor where there will be a constant monitor of the progress. Trello is put in place to keep track of individual project points with time taken on the point included in their documentation. Weekly highlight report will bring to light slippages in schedule.
Difficulty learning and using technology	A very basic core product is built into the plan from a very early stage to ensure completion. Any extra different features with different technologies will be included as a desirable if not a part of core product.
Technology failure	Git will be used to ensure code completed is always available. Regular back ups will be in place for any other project related technology such as server and documents.
Personal issues or illnesses	This is linked to schedule overrun and as such, any time taken off of project to deal with personal issues will be catered for in the contingency built into the project plan.
Requirement bloating	Also linked to schedule overrun however the core product is defined (see Section 4) and is the focus before moving onto any other requirements that may be defined. 

## 9. Initial quality plan

<u>Initial Quality plan</u>	
Quality check	Strategy
Requirements	Requirements will be tracked, checked and monitored throughout project with aid of Trello and supervisor to ensure completion. Core versions of system will be externally tested by users, prototypes and walkthroughs.
Code implementation and functionality	I intend to have high code coverage of tests, circa 70% which will be implemented using Mocha.js, results of which will be documented and monitored. Unit tests and such will be tested on deployment to ensure a continuous delivery methodology.
User acceptance	As soon as my product has working core functionality I will continuously delivery prototype in order to ensure that user and myself is satisfied with progress and direction of product and its interface.
Documents	Documentation of development, highlight reports and other notable extensions will be checked when necessary by supervisor and uploaded to the SPMS.

## 10. Legal, ethical, social and/or professional issues

Music samples used in the software will be royalty free and free to use completely without copyright infringement to abide by laws. If the functionality to be able to upload own samples is implemented, a disclaimer will be in place to make sure that the user accepts full responsibility for the use of samples that are not royalty free. If the inbuilt text messaging feature is built, I will have to make sure that the user acceptance responsibility for any text communicated in the product. As the user's have to know eachother to share the link one would assume that this won't be a problem, however I believe a monitoring tool inside program is outside of the scope of this project.

## Questions

- Does the project plan table need to have days or just data suffice?
- Does my business case need more detail
- Do I need more objectives

- first section of initial scope to be moved into method approach or control plan?
- unit tests as part of objectives? maybe a code coverage metric
- Does my project plan outcomes need to be more measurable?