

# Bangladesh University of Business and Technology (BUBT)



## LAB REPORT

**Course Title** : Compiler Design Lab

**Course Code** : CSE 324

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## Task 1: Recognize and Count Vowels and Consonants

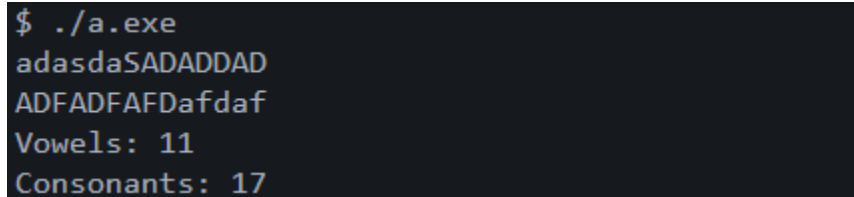
### Procedure

Scan characters; increment vowel counter for [AEIOUaeiou], and consonant counter for [A-Za-z] not captured as vowels. Ignore others. After EOF, print counts.

### Program (Lex)

```
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <ctype.h>  
int vowels = 0, consonants = 0;  
%}  
  
%%  
[AEIOUaeiou] { vowels++; }  
[A-Za-z]      { consonants++; }  
./\n         { /* ignore other chars */ }  
%%  
  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}  
int main() {  
    yylex();  
    printf("Vowels: %d\nConsonants: %d\n", vowels, consonants);  
    return 0;  
}
```

### Input & Output

A terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. It shows the execution of a program named 'a.exe'. The user enters two lines of input: 'adasdaSADADDAD' and 'ADFADFAFDafdaf'. The program then outputs 'Vowels: 11' and 'Consonants: 17'.

```
$ ./a.exe  
adasdaSADADDAD  
ADFADFAFDafdaf  
Vowels: 11  
Consonants: 17
```

## Task 2: Recognize and Count Uppercase and Lowercase Letters

### Procedure

Use character classes: [A-Z] increments uppercase count; [a-z] increments lowercase count. Ignore others and print totals at EOF.

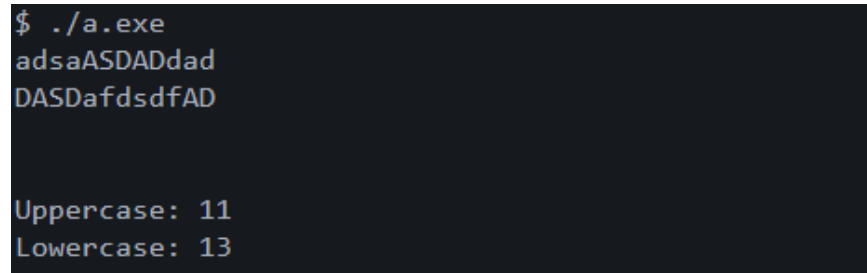
### Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int upperc = 0, lowerc = 0;
}%

%%
[A-Z] { upperc++; }
[a-z] { lowerc++; }
.|\n { /* ignore */ }
%%

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
int main() {
    yylex();
    printf("\n\nUppercase: %d\nLowercase: %d\n", upperc,
lowerc);
    return 0;
}
```

### Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe
adsaASDADdad
DASDaFdsdfAD

Uppercase: 11
Lowercase: 13
```

## Task 3: Recognize and Count Tokens from an Input File

### Procedure

Tokenize input with regex: identifiers, numbers, operators, punctuation, strings. Maintain counters and exclude C keywords from identifiers. Count both `//` and `/**/` comments (per line for block comments). Print all tallies at EOF.

### Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
FILE *yyin;
}%

%%

"int"/"float"/"char"/"if"/"else"/"while"/"return" {
printf("KEYWORD: %s\n", yytext); }

[0-9]+(\\.[0-9]+)? { printf("NUMBER: %s\n", yytext); }

"=="|"<="|">="|"!="|">"|"<" { printf("RELATIONAL OPERATOR:
%s\n", yytext); }

"="|"+"|"-"|"*"|"/" { printf("OPERATOR: %s\n", yytext); }

"("      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }
")"      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }
"{"      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }
"}"      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }
";"      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }
","      { printf("DELIMITER: %s\n", yytext); }

\\ "[^"]*" { printf("STRING: %s\n", yytext); }

"//".*    { printf("COMMENT (SINGLE LINE): %s\n", yytext); }
"/" * "(" [^"]* \\" * "(" [^"]* \\" * "+" "/" { printf("COMMENT (MULTI LINE):
%s\n", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { printf("IDENTIFIER: %s\n", yytext); }

[ \\t\\n]+ ; // Ignore whitespace

. { printf("UNKNOWN: %s\n", yytext); }
%%
```

```

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}

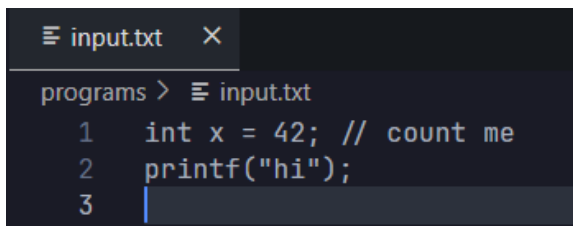
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    yyin = fopen("input.txt", "r");
    if (!yyin) {
        perror("Failed to open input.txt");
        return 1;
    }

    yylex();

    fclose(yyin);
    return 0;
}

```

## Input & Output



```

input.txt
programs > input.txt
1 int x = 42; // count me
2 printf("hi");
3

```

```

$ ./a.exe
KEYWORD: int
IDENTIFIER: x
OPERATOR: =
NUMBER: 42
DELIMITER: ;
COMMENT (SINGLE LINE): // count me
IDENTIFIER: printf
DELIMITER: (
STRING: "hi"
DELIMITER: )
DELIMITER: ;

```

## Task 4: Recognize Strings Ending with "aa"

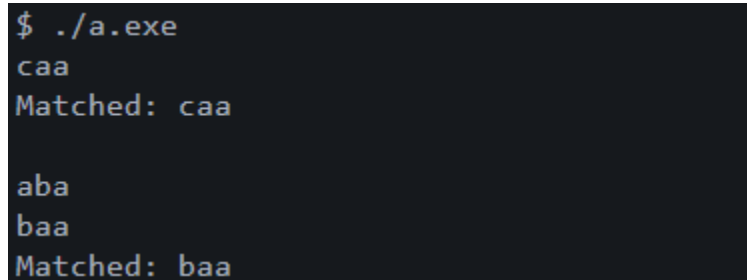
### Procedure

Match each line with regex `^.*aa$` to detect lines ending in 'aa'. Print the matched line label; ignore others.

## Program (Lex)

```
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
%}  
  
%%  
^.*aa$  { printf("Matched: %s\n", yytext); }  
^.*\n   { /* not matched; consume line */ }  
.  
        { /* consume */ }  
%%  
  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}  
int main(){  
    yylex();  
    return 0;  
}
```

## Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe  
caa  
Matched: caa  
  
aba  
baa  
Matched: baa
```

## Task 5: Recognize Strings Starting and Ending with "bb"

### Procedure

Match lines starting with 'bb' and ending with 'bb' using `^bb.*bb$`. Print matches; ignore non-matching lines.

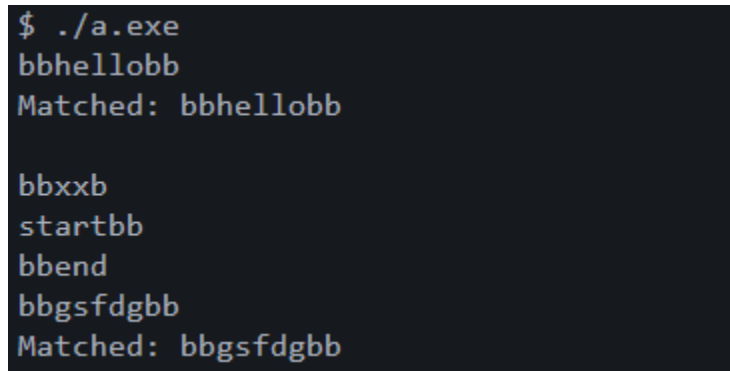
## Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
}%

%%
^bb.*bb$ { printf("Matched: %s\n", yytext); }
^.*\n    { /* not matched */ }
.        { /* consume */ }
%%

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
int main(void){
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

## Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe
bbhellobb
Matched: bbhellobb

bbxxb
startbb
bbend
bbgsfdgbb
Matched: bbgsfdgbb
```

## Task 6: Recognize Numbers with '1' in 3rd and '9' in 7th Position

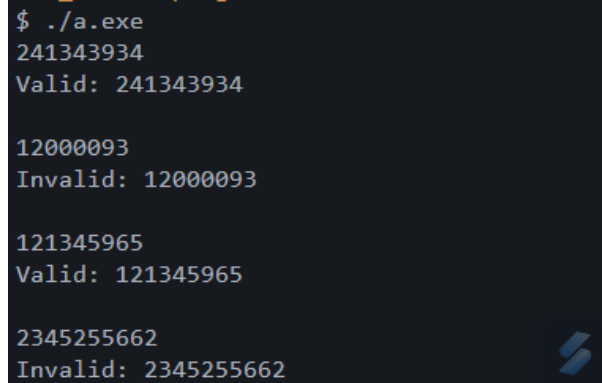
### Procedure

Use `^[0-9]{2}1[0-9]{3}9[0-9]*$` to ensure the 3rd digit is '1' and the 7th digit is '9'. Lines that are numeric but fail the pattern are reported 'Invalid'.

## Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
}%
%%
^[0-9]{2}1[0-9]{3}9[0-9]*$ { printf("Valid: %s\n", yytext); }
^[0-9]+\n? { printf("Invalid: %s\n", yytext); }
^.*\n { /* ignore non-numeric lines */ }
%%
int main(void){
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

## Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe
241343934
Valid: 241343934

12000093
Invalid: 12000093

121345965
Valid: 121345965

2345255662
Invalid: 2345255662
```

## Task 7: Count Characters, Words, Spaces, and Lines in a File

### Procedure

Count: words by matching `^[^\n ]+`; spaces by `[ ]+`; lines by `\n`; characters by summing token lengths (including spaces and newlines).

### Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
FILE *yyin;
long chars=0, words=0, spaces=0, lines=0;
}%
```



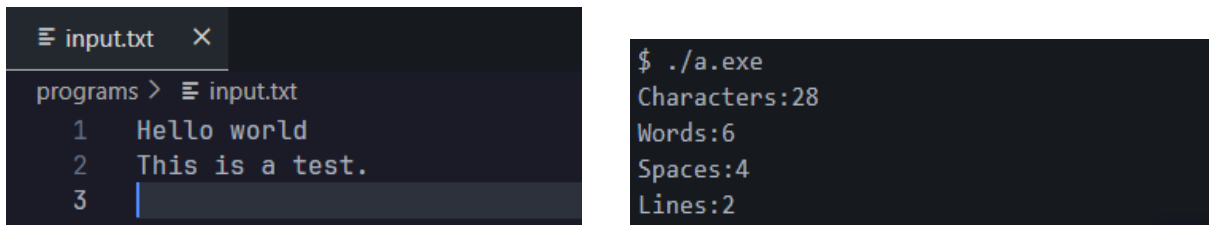
```

%%
[^\n ]+ { chars += yyleng; words++; }
[ ]+ { chars += yyleng; spaces += yyleng; }
\n { chars++; lines++; }
%%

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
int main(){
    yyin = fopen("input.txt", "r");
    if (!yyin) {
        perror("Failed to open input.txt");
        return 1;
    }
    yylex();
    printf("Characters:%ld\nWords:%ld\nSpaces:%ld\nLines:%ld\n",
        chars, words, spaces, lines);
    fclose(yyin);
    return 0;
}

```

## Input & Output



The image shows two side-by-side screenshots. The left screenshot is from a text editor with a tab labeled 'input.txt'. The editor content shows three lines of text: 'Hello world', 'This is a test.', and an empty line. The right screenshot is a terminal window showing the command '\$ ./a.exe' and its output: 'Characters:28', 'Words:6', 'Spaces:4', and 'Lines:2'.

## Task 8: Count the Number of Comment Lines in a C Program

### Procedure

Count comment lines: `//...\\n` adds 1. For `/* ... */` block comments, enter a start condition and increment for each newline encountered within the block (plus the starting line).

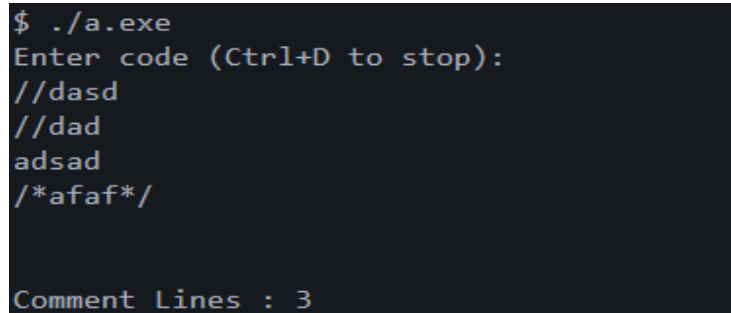
## Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int c = 0, m = 0;
}%

%%
[/]{1}[/]{1}[a-zA-Z0-9]*      { c++; }
[/]{1}[*]{1}[a-zA-Z0-9]*[*]{1}[/]{1} { m++; }
.*\n*                        { ; }
%%

int yywrap() { return 1; }
int main() {
    printf("Enter code (Ctrl+D to stop):\n");
    yylex();
    printf("\n\nComment Lines : %d", c+m);
    return 0;
}
```

## Sample Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe
Enter code (Ctrl+D to stop):
//dasd
//dad
adsad
/*afaf*/

Comment Lines : 3
```

## Task 9: Recognize Whether a Sentence is Simple or Compound

### Procedure

Heuristic: a sentence containing a semicolon or a comma followed by a coordinating conjunction (for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so) is labeled 'Compound'; otherwise 'Simple'. Process input line by line.

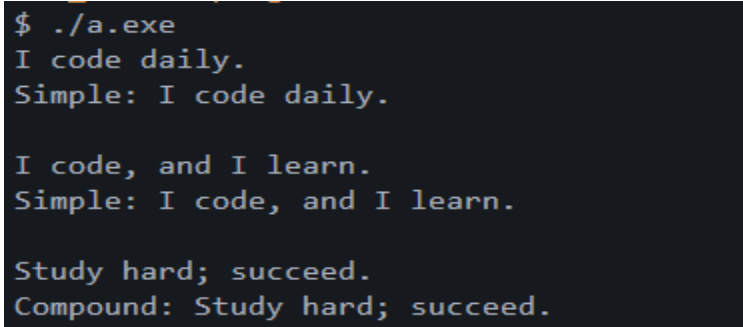
## Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int compound = 0;
}%
%%
.*;.*\n          { compound = 1; printf("Compound: %s\n",
yytext); }
.*,([ \t])*((for/and/nor/but/or/yet/so))\b.*\n { compound = 1;
printf("Compound: %s\n", yytext); }
^.*\n           {
                    if(!compound) printf("Simple: %s\n", yytext);
                    compound = 0;
                }

./\n            { /* consume */ }
%%

int yywrap() { return 1; }
int main(){
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

## Input & Output



```
$ ./a.exe
I code daily.
Simple: I code daily.

I code, and I learn.
Simple: I code, and I learn.

Study hard; succeed.
Compound: Study hard; succeed.
```

## Task 10: Recognize and Count Identifiers

### Procedure

Match identifiers with `[A-Za-z_][A-Za-z0-9_]*` and exclude C keywords from the count. Print total at EOF.

## Program (Lex)

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int id_count = 0;
const char* keywords[] = {

    "auto","break","case","char","const","continue","default","do","double",
    "else","enum",

    "extern","float","for","goto","if","inline","int","long","register","restrict",
    "return",

    "short","signed","sizeof","static","struct","switch","typedef","union",
    "unsigned","void",
    "volatile","while","_Bool","_Complex","_Imaginary", NULL
};
int is_keyword(const char* s){
    for(int i=0; keywords[i]!=NULL; ++i)
        if(strcmp(s,keywords[i])==0) return 1;
    return 0;
}
}%
%%
[A-Za-z_][A-Za-z0-9_]* { if(!is_keyword(yytext)) { id_count++; } }
.\n          { /* ignore others */ }
%%

int yywrap() { return 1; }
int main(void){
    yylex();
    printf("\n\nIdentifiers: %d\n", id_count);
    return 0;
}
```

## Sample Input

```
$ ./a.exe
int main(){ int count=0; float rate; item_id = count + 1; }

Identifiers: 5
```