

# Nigerian Taxbot Documentation

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## Table of Contents

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1. [Core Functionalities](#)
2. [User Experience Features](#)
3. [Technical Infrastructure](#)
4. [Information Flow](#)
5. [Response Processing](#)
6. [Error Handling](#)
7. [Future Enhancements](#)

## Core Functionalities

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### 1. Tax Information and Guidance

- Provides accurate information on Nigerian tax regulations and policies
- Explains tax concepts in conversational, easy-to-understand language
- Covers multiple tax types including VAT, CIT, PIT, CGT, and WHT
- References up-to-date tax rates, deadlines, and

compliance requirements

## 2. VAT Calculation

- Calculates 7.5% Value Added Tax on goods and services
- Processes natural language input to extract prices and quantities
- Provides detailed breakdown of base amount, VAT amount, and total
- Handles unit prices and quantities for itemized calculations

## 3. VAT Exemption Checking

- Identifies products and services exempt from VAT
- References comprehensive database of VAT-exempt categories
- Provides regulatory basis for exemptions
- Handles synonym matching for more accurate exemption identification

## 4. Tax Calculator Capabilities

- Companies Income Tax (CIT) calculations based on company size and turnover
- Personal Income Tax (PIT) calculations with

progressive tax bands

- Capital Gains Tax (CGT) calculations for property and asset sales
- Pay As You Earn (PAYE) tax calculations for employees

## User Experience Features

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### 1. Interactive Chat Interface

- Real-time message exchange with animated typing indicators
- Message history preservation during session
- Copy functionality for message content
- Loading states and error handling for API communication

### 2. Error Management

- Fallback responses when API connection fails
- Clear error messages for troubleshooting
- Retry mechanisms for failed requests
- Graceful degradation with local processing when possible

### 3. Example Queries

- Suggested tax-related questions for new users
- Quick-access buttons for common tax inquiries
- Educational prompts to guide user interaction

## 4. Responsive Design

- Mobile-friendly interface
- Adaptable layout for different screen sizes
- Accessible design elements for improved usability

# Technical Infrastructure

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## 1. API Integration

```
// Example of API integration
interface APIConfig {
    endpoint: string;
    apiKey: string;
    model: string;
    maxTokens: number;
}

const mistralConfig: APIConfig = {
    endpoint:
    "https://api.mistral.ai/v1/chat/completions",
    apiKey: process.env.MISTRAL_API_KEY,
    model: "mistral-tiny",
    maxTokens: 1024
};
```

## 2. Data Processing

```
// Example of data processing
interface TaxCalculation {
  baseAmount: number;
  taxRate: number;
  taxAmount: number;
  totalAmount: number;
}

const calculateTax = (amount: number, rate:
number): TaxCalculation => {
  const taxAmount = amount * rate;
  return {
    baseAmount: amount,
    taxRate: rate,
    taxAmount: taxAmount,
    totalAmount: amount + taxAmount
  };
};
```

## Information Flow

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### 1. User Input Processing

```
interface UserMessage {  
    role: "user";  
    content: string;  
    metadata?: {  
        timestamp: number;  
        sessionId: string;  
    };  
}  
  
interface AssistantMessage {  
    role: "assistant";  
    content: string;  
    metadata?: {  
        calculationType?: string;  
        taxType?: string;  
    };  
}
```

## 2. Response Formatting

```
interface FormattedResponse {  
    type: "calculation" | "information" | "error";  
    content: string;  
    metadata?: {  
        taxType?: string;  
        rate?: number;  
        reference?: string;  
    };  
}
```

# Response Processing

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## 1. Message Pipeline

### 1. Input Processing

- Message validation
- Context analysis
- Intent detection
- Data extraction

### 2. Business Logic

- Tax type determination
- Rate application
- Calculation execution
- Exemption checking



### 3. Response Generation

- Format selection
- Content structuring
- Reference inclusion
- Presentation styling

## 2. Response Types

```
interface TaxResponse {  
  type: "VAT" | "CIT" | "PIT" | "CGT";  
  calculation?: {  
    input: number;  
    rate: number;  
    result: number;  
  };  
  explanation: string;  
  references?: string[];  
}
```

## Error Handling

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### 1. API Error Handling

```
const handleAPIError = async (error: Error) => {
  console.error("API Error:", error);

  // Return fallback response
  return {
    type: "error",
    content: getFallbackResponse(),
    metadata: {
      error: error.message,
      timestamp: Date.now()
    }
  };
};
```

## 2. Fallback Responses

```
const getFallbackResponse = (query: string):
string => {
  const taxType = determineTaxType(query);
  return FALLBACK_RESPONSES[taxType] ||
  DEFAULT_RESPONSE;
};
```

## Future Enhancements

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## 1. Planned Features

- Real-time tax rate updates
- Integration with tax filing systems
- Enhanced multilingual support
- Advanced calculation features

## 2. Technical Improvements

- Enhanced caching system
- Performance optimizations
- Additional API integrations
- Expanded error handling

## Usage Examples

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### 1. VAT Calculation

```
// User Query: "Calculate VAT for ₦50,000"
const response = {
  type: "calculation",
  content: `
VAT Calculation Results:
Base Amount: ₦50,000.00
VAT (7.5%): ₦3,750.00
Total Amount: ₦53,750.00
`,
  metadata: {
    taxType: "VAT",
    rate: 0.075,
    reference: "FIRS VAT Act"
  }
};
```

## 2. Tax Information

```
// User Query: "What is the CIT rate for small
companies?"

const response = {
  type: "information",
  content: `
Companies with annual turnover less than ₦25
million are considered small companies and are
exempt from Companies Income Tax (CIT).

Reference: Companies Income Tax Act, Section
40(6)
`,
  metadata: {
    taxType: "CIT",
    category: "small_business",
    lastUpdated: "2024"
  }
};
```

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*This documentation is maintained by the Taxbot development team. Last updated: March 2024*