

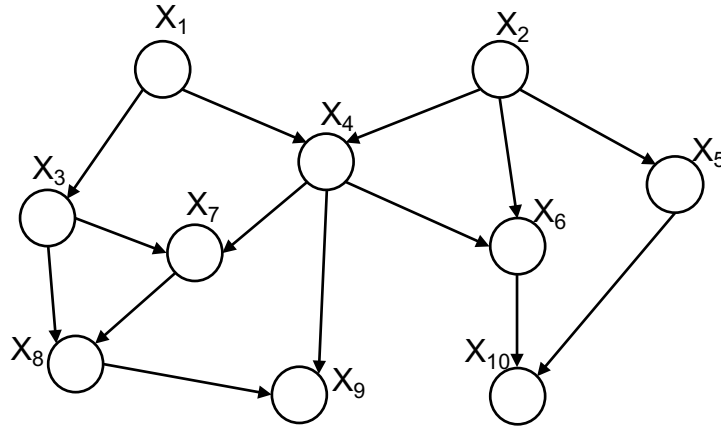
Written Assignment 4

Deadline: November 24th, 2021

Instruction: You may discuss these problems with classmates, but please complete the write-ups individually. (This applies to BOTH undergraduates and graduate students.) Remember the collaboration guidelines set forth in class: you may meet to discuss problems with classmates, but you may not take any written notes (or electronic notes, or photos, etc.) away from the meeting. Your answers must be **typewritten**, except for figures or diagrams, which may be hand-drawn. Please submit your answers (pdf format only) on **Canvas**.

Q1. Bayes Nets: Independence (20 points)

Consider the following Bayesian network with 10 variables $\{X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{10}\}$.

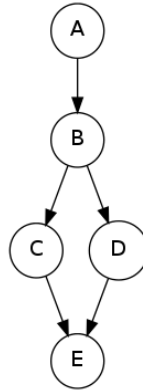


Which of the following statements are true:

1. $X_6 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_1 \mid X_2, X_4$
2. $X_6 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_9 \mid X_4$
3. $X_3 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_9 \mid X_8$
4. $X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_2 \mid X_6$
5. $X_4 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_8 \mid X_3, X_7$

Q2. Bayes Nets: Inference (32 points)

Assume the following Bayes Net and corresponding CPTs.



A	$P(A)$
0	0.200
1	0.800

B	A	$P(B A)$
0	0	0.400
1	0	0.600
0	1	0.200
1	1	0.800

C	B	$P(C B)$
0	0	0.600
1	0	0.400
0	1	0.600
1	1	0.400

D	B	$P(D B)$
0	0	0.800
1	0	0.200
0	1	0.600
1	1	0.400

E	C	D	$P(E C, D)$
0	0	0	0.200
1	0	0	0.800
0	1	0	0.600
1	1	0	0.400
0	0	1	0.800
1	0	1	0.200
0	1	1	0.800
1	1	1	0.200

Compute the following conditional probabilities (hint: use the variable elimination method):

1. $P(B = 1 \mid E = 1)$
2. $P(A = 1 \mid C = 0, E = 0)$

Q3. Bayes Nets: Sampling (35 points)

In this question, we will work with the same Bayes net and CPTs as **Q2**.

Q3.1. Rejection Sampling In this question, we will perform rejection sampling to estimate $P(C = 1 \mid B = 1, E = 1)$. Perform one round of rejection sampling, using the random samples given in the table below. Variables are sampled in the order A, B, C, D, E.

0.320	0.037	0.303	0.318	0.032	0.969	0.018	0.058	0.908	0.249
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Note that the sampling attempt should stop as soon as you discover that the sample will be rejected. In that case mark the assignment of that variable and write “none”

for the rest of the variables. When generating random samples, use as many values as needed from the table below, which we generated independently and uniformly at random from $[0, 1)$. Use numbers from left to right. To sample a binary variable W with probability $P(W = 0) = p$ and $P(W = 1) = 1 - p$ using a value a from the table, choose $W = 0$ if $a < p$ and $W = 1$ if $a \geq p$.

Choose the value (0 or 1) that each variable gets assigned to:

- A: B: C: D: E:
- Which variable will get rejected?

Q3.2. Likelihood Weighting In this question, we will perform likelihood weighting to estimate $P(C = 1 \mid B = 1, E = 1)$. Generate a sample and its weight, using the random samples given in the table below. Variables are sampled in the order A, B, C, D, E.

When generating random samples, use as many values as needed from the table below, which we generated independently and uniformly at random from $[0, 1)$. Use numbers from left to right. To sample a binary variable W with probability $P(W = 0) = p$ and $P(W = 1) = 1 - p$ using a value a from the table, choose $W = 0$ if $a < p$ and $W = 1$ if $a \geq p$.

0.249	0.052	0.299	0.773	0.715	0.550	0.703	0.105	0.236	0.153
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Select the assignments to the variables you sampled.

- A: B: C: D: E:
- What is the weight for the sample you obtained above?

Q3.3. Gibbs Sampling (15 points). We observe the value of the variable $E = 1$. In this question, we will perform Gibbs sampling, using the random samples given in the table below.

0.320	0.037	0.303	0.318	0.032	0.969	0.018	0.058	0.908	0.249
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When generating random samples, use as many values as needed from the table below, which we generated independently and uniformly at random from $[0, 1)$. Use numbers from left to right. To sample a binary variable W with probability $P(W = 0) = p$ and $P(W = 1) = 1 - p$ using a value a from the table, choose $W = 0$ if $a < p$ and $W = 1$ if $a \geq p$.

Our current sample is $(A = 1, B = 0, C = 1, D = 1, E = 1)$. We are going to generate 2 new samples using Gibbs sampling as follows:

1. To generate the first new sample, the non-evidence variable B is chosen. What would be the value of each variable in the new sample?
2. To generate the second new sample, the non-evidence variable D is chosen. What would be the value of each variable in the new sample?

Q4. Probability (18 points)

(a) [4 pts] You have four coins in your pocket:

- Coin 1 is a fair coin that comes up heads with probability $1/2$.
- Coin 2 is a biased coin that comes up heads with probability $1/4$.
- Coin 3 is a biased coin that comes up heads with probability $3/4$.
- Coin 4 is a biased coin that comes up heads with probability $5/8$.

Suppose you pick one of the coins uniformly at random and flip it five times. If you observe the sequence $HTHTH$ (where H stands for heads and T stands for tails), what is the probability that you chose Coin 2?

(b) [14 pts] Suppose X and Y are independent random variables over the domain $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ with $P(X = 1) = 1/10$. Given the following partially specified joint distribution, what are the remaining values? Explain your answers.

1. $P(X = 2, Y = 2) = 1/10$
2. $P(X = 2, Y = 3) = 1/20$
3. $P(X = 2, Y = 4) = 1/5$
4. $P(X = 3, Y = 2) = 1/15$
5. $P(X = 3, Y = 3) = 1/30$
6. $P(X = 3, Y = 4) = 2/15$
7. $P(X = 4, Y = 2) = 1/12$
8. $P(X = 4, Y = 3) = 1/24$
9. $P(X = 4, Y = 4) = 1/6$
10. $P(X = 1, Y = 1) =$
11. $P(X = 1, Y = 2) =$
12. $P(X = 1, Y = 3) =$
13. $P(X = 1, Y = 4) =$
14. $P(X = 2, Y = 1) =$
15. $P(X = 3, Y = 1) =$
16. $P(X = 4, Y = 1) =$