

# CSE 321 Homework 2

Due date: 11 / 11 / 2019

1- ) Solve the following recurrence relations and give a  $\Theta$  bound for each of them.

- a)  $T(n) = 27T(n/3) + n^2$
- b)  $T(n) = 9T(n/4) + n$
- c)  $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}$
- d)  $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + 17$
- e)  $T(n) = 2T(\sqrt{n}) + 1$
- f)  $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$
- g)  $T(n) = T(n/3) + T(2n/3) + O(n)$
- h)  $T(n) = T(n-1) + n^c$ , where  $c > 0$  and  $c$  is a constant
- i)  $T(n) = T(n-1) + c^n$ , where  $c > 0$  and  $c$  is a constant

2- ) A binary tree is considered as full when all of its vertices have either zero or two children. Let  $B_n$  denote the number of full binary trees that have  $n$  vertices.

- a) By drawing out all full binary trees with 3, 5, or 7 vertices, determine the exact values of  $B_3$ ,  $B_5$ , and  $B_7$ . Why have we left out even numbers of vertices, like  $B_4$ ?
- b) For general  $n$ , derive a recurrence relation for  $B_n$ .
- c) Calculate average-case  $\Theta()$  complexity of the recurrence relation that is derived on the option b.

3- ) Suppose you are choosing between the following three algorithms:

- a) Algorithm A solves problems by dividing them into seven subproblems that have one-third of the size, recursively solving each subproblem, and then combining the solutions in quadratic time.
- b) Algorithm B solves problems of size  $n$  by recursively solving two subproblems of size  $n-1$  and then combining the solutions in linear time.
- c) Algorithm C solves problems of size  $n$  by dividing them into four subproblems of half of the size, recursively solving each subproblem, and then combining the solutions in  $O(n^2)$  time.

What are the running times of each of these algorithms (in big-O notation), and which would you choose?

4- ) The MINIMUM CUT (Min-Cut) problem is the following: given in input an undirected graph  $G = (V, E)$ , we want to find the subset  $A \subseteq V$  such that  $A \neq \emptyset$ ,  $A \neq V$ , and the number of edges with one endpoint in  $A$  and one endpoint in  $V - A$  is minimized. Give a polynomial-time algorithm to find a global min-cut in an undirected graph  $G$ . Explain your algorithm and analyze the worst-case, best-case and average-case time complexity of the algorithm.

5-) How many lines, as a function of  $n$  (in  $\Theta(\cdot)$  form), does the following program print? Write a recurrence and solve it.

```
function f(n):
    res=0
    if n ≤ 1:
        res 1
    else:
        for i in range (n):
            res += f(i) * f(n - i - 1)
    print (res)
    return res
```

Note:

\* Your submissions must be handwritten or Latex paper. In both way, you must deliver your homework as hardcopy.

\* You can deliver your homework to TA Burak Koca until 17:00 on due date (room 119).

\* Do your homework personally, group studies will be considered as cheating.