[OS201][WEEK: 02][DEMO]

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Compile All File with make command:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
ali.irsyaad@badak:∼/Demos/Week02/c-language$ make
gcc -std=gnu99 00-hallo.c -o 00-hallo
gcc -std=gnu99 01-printf-int.c -o 01-printf-int
gcc -std=gnu99 02-printf-etc.c -o 02-printf-etc
gcc -std=gnu99 03-loop.c -o 03-loop
 cc -std=gnu99 04-argc-argv.c -o 04-argc-argv
gcc -std=gnu99 05-envp.c -o 05-envp
gcc -std=gnu99 06-scan.c -o 06-scan
gcc -std=gnu99 07-status.c -o 07-status
 cc -std=gnu99 08-pointer.c -o 08-pointer
 cc -std=gnu99 09-function.c -o 09-function
 cc -std=gnu99 10-uts171.c -o 10-uts171
 cc -std=gnu99 11-uts172.c -o 11-uts172
gcc -std=gnu99 12-uts181.c -o 12-uts181
gcc -std=gnu99 13-uts182.c -o 13-uts182
    -std=gnu99 14-uts191.c -o 14-uts191
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ls -al
 rwxr-xr-x 2 ali.irsyaad StafCS 4096 Feb 16 16:54
drwxr-xr-x 4 ali.irsyaad StafCS 4096 Jan 28 21:41
rwxr-xr-x 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 8472 Feb 16 16:54 00-hallo
rw-r--r- 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 514 Jan 28 21:41 00-hallo.c
rwxr-xr-x 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 8472 Feb 16 16:54 01-printf-int
 rw-r--r-- 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 1114 Jan 28 21:41 01-printf-int.c
 rwxr-xr-x 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 8528 Feb 16 16:54 02-printf-etc
 rw-r--r-- 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 1764 Jan 28 21:41 02-printf-etc.c
rwxr-xr-x 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 8520 Feb 16 16:54 03-loop
 rw-r--r-- 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 1030 Jan 28 21:41 03-loop.c
 rwxr-xr-x 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 8528 Feb 16 16:54 04-argc-argv
 rw-r--r-- 1 ali.irsyaad StafCS 1669 Jan 28 21:41 04-argc-argv.c
```

^{*} Compile c juga dapat dilakukan dengan command gcc tapi harus dilakukan dengan manual

Run 00-halo:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ cat 00-hallo.c

/*

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* REV04 Wed Jan 23 16:14:51 WIB 2019

* REV03 Tue Aug 28 13:31:19 WIB 2018

* START Tue Sep 13 11:51:21 WIB 2016

*/

#include <stdio.h>

void main(void) {
    printf("Hallo World!\n");
}

ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./00-hallo
Hallo World!

ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 01-printf-int.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
      printf("(%%d) ii = (%d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%5d) ii = (%5d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%5d) ii = (%5d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%1d) ii = (%1d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%-5d) ii = (%-5d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%5.5d) ii = (%5.5d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%5.3d) ii = (%5.3d)\n", ii);
printf("(%%c) ii = %c\n", ii);
printf("(%x) ii = %x\n", ii);
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./01-printf-int
(%d)
                      ii = (74)
(%5d)
                                               74)
                      ii = (74)
(%1d)
(\%-5d) ii = (74)
(\%5.5d) ii = (00074)
(%5.3d) ii = ( 074)
(%c)
(%x)
                      ii = J
                      ii = 4a
(%#x)
                      ii = 0x4a
                      ii = 4A
 (%X)
 (%#X)
                      ii = 0X4A
(%0)
                      ii = 112
 (%#o)
                      ii = 0112
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 02-printf-etc.c:

Run 03-loop.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
* The outer loop will execute the block
* including the inner loop
* 4 times as declared at the beginning in
* variable OLOOP.
* The inner loop will print to console 3 times as declared
 * at the beginning in variable ILOOP
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./03-loop
OL [0000]
   IL[0]
IL[1]
IL[2]
OL [0001]
    IL[0]
IL[1]
    IL[2]
OL [0002]
    IL[0]
IL[1]
    IL[2]
OL [0003]
    IL[0]
IL[1]
    IL[2]
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 04-argc-argv.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
#include <stdio.h>
void main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    printf("The value of argc is %d\n", argc);
  printf("=======\n");
  for (int ii=0; ii < argc; ii++) {
     printf("The value of argv[%d] is %s\n", ii, argv[ii]);
  printf("-----\n");
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./04-argc-argv A B C D
The value of argc is 5
The value of argv[0] is ./04-argc-argv
The value of argv[1] is A
The value of argv[2] is B
The value of argv[3] is C
The value of argv[4] is D
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 05-envp.c:

Run 06-scan.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
void main(void) {
   int ii;
   char buf[10];
   printf("Silakan isi: ");
   scanf("%s",buf);
   printf("Isi buffer = %s\n",buf);
}

/*
 * TAKE NOTE(AII)
 * scanf() reads formatted data from standard input
 * and then writes the results into the arguments given
 *
 * the line scanf("%s",buf); will read string inputted by
 * user and write the value to variable buf
 */
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./06-scan
Silakan isi: Hallo
Isi buffer = Hallo
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 07-status.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
void main(void) {
   printf("Process Identifier (PID) [%5.5d] -- Parent PID (PPID[%5.5d])\n", getpid(), getppid());
  sleep(1);
 * TAKE NOTE(AII, MG)
* In Linux, an executable stored on disk is called a
* program,
st and a program loaded into memory and running is
* called a process.
* When a process is started, it is given a unique
 * number called process ID (PID)
 * that identifies that process to the system
* Each process is assigned a parent process ID (PPID)
* that tells which process started it.
 * The PPID is the PID of the process's parent.
* To see PID and PPID in current process you can use
  getpid() and getppid()
 * sleep() function delays program execution for a
 * given number of seconds
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./07-status
Process Identifier (PID) [18738] -- Parent PID (PPID[18369])
```

Run 08-pointer.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
  char* ptr=&cca;
printf ("Print *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
   ptr=&ccb:
   printf ("Print *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
  char array[]="ABCDEF";
printf ("Print array: %s\n", array);
  ptr=array;
printf ("Print *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
  ptr=&array[0];
  printf ("Print
                    *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
   ptr=&array[1];
  printf ("Print
                   *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
   ptr=ptr+1;
   printf ("Print *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
   ptr++;
   printf ("Print *ptr: %c\n", *ptr);
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./08-pointer
Print
        cca: a
Print
        ccb: b
Print
       *ptr: a
Print *ptr: b
Print array: ABCDEF
Print *ptr: A
Print *ptr: A
Print *ptr: B
Print *ptr: C
Print *ptr: D
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 09-function.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
    id main(void) {
  int ii=1;
  printf("Addone1 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone1(ii));
  printf("Addone1 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone1(ii));
  printf("Addone1 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone1(ii));
  printf("Addone2 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone2(&ii));
  printf("Addone2 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone2(&ii));
  printf("Addone2 %d -- %d \n", ii, addone2(&ii));
  printf("Addone3 %d -- %d \n", ii, *addone3(&ii));
  printf("Addone3 %d -- %d \n", ii, *addone3(&ii));
  printf("Addone3 %d -- %d \n", ii, *addone3(&ii));
  system("echo This is echo from system. Cek demo.txt");
  system("echo This is echo from system. Cek demo.txt");
void main(void) {
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./09-function
Addone1 1 -- 2
Addone1 1 -- 2
Addone1 1 -- 2
Addone2 2 -- 2
Addone2 3 -- 3
Addone2 4 -- 4
Addone3 5 -- 5
Addone3 6 -- 6
Addone3 7 -- 7
This is echo from system. Cek demo.txt
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ cat demo.txt
This is echo from system. Cek demo.txt
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 10-uts171.c:

Run 11-uts172.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
char* getGlobal(void) {
   char* charPTR=&globalChar;
   printf("getGlobal1 %c\n", globalChar);
*charPTR='b';
printf("getGlobal2 %c\n", *charPTR);
   return charPTR;
void main (void) {
   char localChar='c';
   printf("==== main1 %c\n", localChar);
   localChar=*getGlobal();
   printf("==== main2 %c\n", localChar);
 * TAKE NOTE (ZA)
 * Line 25: mengambil local char pada fungsi yaitu c
* Line 26: memanggil fungsi getGlobal()
* Line 17: mengambil global char yaitu a
 * Line 19: mengganti chartPTR dari a menjadi b
 * Line 27: menggambil local char terakhir yaitu b
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./11-uts172
=== main1 c
getGlobal1 a
getGlobal2 b
 === main2 b
ali.irsyaad@badak:∼/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 12-uts181.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ cat 12-uts181.c

/*

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* REV02 Thu Jan 17 13:56:47 WIB 2019

* REV01 Tue Sep 25 12:01:28 WIB 2018

* START Mon Apr 30 10:32:01 WIB 2018

*/

#include <stdio.h>

void main(void) {
    char string[] = "HALLO";
    printf("%s\n", string);
    printf("%c\n", string[1]);
    printf("%c\n", string[1]);
    printf("%c\n", string[1]);
    printf("%c\n", string[1]);
}

ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./12-uts181

START

HALLO

H
A
STOP
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ __
```

Run 13-uts182.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
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* REV01 Thu Jan 17 13:51:44 WIB 2019
 * START Xxx Xxx XX XX:XX:XX XXX XXXX
 * NOTE: ASCII 61H = a; 62H = b
#include <stdio.h>
void main(void) {
   unsigned int ii='a';
unsigned char ch='b';
unsigned char* st="dcba";
   ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./13-uts182
START
         = 61 or a
        = 62 \text{ or } b
 *st
        = 64 \text{ or } d
st[2] = 62 or b
STOP
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$
```

Run 14-uts191.c:

```
ali.irsyaad@badak: ~/Demos/Week02/c-language
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ cat 14-uts191.c
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* REV01 Tue Sep 17 12:19:45 WIB 2019
 * START Mon Mar 24 23:47:00 WIB 2019
// Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 / Clue: ASCII 'a' is 0x61.
#include <stdio.h>
void main (void) {
   unsigned char ch1='a', ch2='y', ch3='z';
   printf("START\n");
   printf("1) ch1 = %c or ASCII %#X\n", ch1, ch1);
   ch1 = ch1 + ch3 - ch2;
   printf("2) ch1 = %c or ASCII %#X\n", ch1, ch1);
   printf("STOP\n");
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ ./14-uts191
START

    ch1 = a or ASCII 0X61

2) ch1 = b or ASCII 0X62
ali.irsyaad@badak:~/Demos/Week02/c-language$ _
```

Kesimpulan:

C adalah bahasa yang masih sangat sederhana dan digunakan untuk membuat program2 dasar yang kita gunakan pada perkuliahan OS ini. Maka dari itu belajar C sangatlah penting agar kita dapat membuat program kita sendiri. Cara compile C pada dasarnya adalah menggunakan command gcc, MakeFile hanyalah sebuah configurasi otomatisasi yang didalamnya kita buat script untuk run nanti yang dimana dalam hal ini adalah command gcc untuk compile program c kita.