على فرى بور - 31407 م

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}) \mathcal{A}_{1}(t) = \mathcal{A}(5+t) - \mathcal{A}(-t+4)$$

$$\mathcal{A}(t) \stackrel{FT}{\longleftrightarrow} \chi(j\omega) \begin{cases} \mathcal{X}(-t) \stackrel{FT}{\longleftrightarrow} \chi(-j\omega) \\ \mathcal{A}(t-t_{0}) \stackrel{FT}{\longleftrightarrow} e^{-j\omega t_{0}} \chi(j\omega) \end{cases}$$

$$= 0 \times_{1} (j\omega) = e^{-5j\omega} \times_{2} (j\omega) - e \times_{2} (-j\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow x_{\lambda}(j\omega) = \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{3} \times (\frac{j\omega}{3})$$

(()
$$N_3(t) = \frac{d^3}{dt^3} \Re(t-5)$$
; $\frac{d}{dt} \Re(t) \longleftrightarrow \Im (\Im (\Im \omega)$

$$\omega \dot{z} = \frac{1}{2} (\omega \dot{z}) \times (\omega$$

(d)
$$x_{ij}(t) = tx(t-i)$$
: $tx(t) \longrightarrow j \frac{dx(j\omega)}{dx(j\omega)}$

$$= \nabla \times_4 (j\omega) = e^{-j\omega} \times j \frac{dx(j\omega)}{d\omega}$$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{3(3\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})} - j(3\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) \right) =$$

$$= \frac{2}{a_0} + \frac{1}{2} e^{j(3\pi t)} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j(3\pi t)} = \frac{2}{a_0} + \frac{2}{a_0} = \frac{2}{a_0} + \frac{2}{a_0} = \frac{2}{a_0} + \frac{2}{a_0} = \frac{2}{a_0} =$$

=>
$$\times (5\omega) = 2 \times 278(\omega) + 27 = e^{37/4} 8(\omega - 6\pi)$$

+ $27 = e^{-37/8} 8(\omega + 6\pi)$

$$m(t) = te^{-4t} u(t)$$
, $n(t) = cos(2t)$

$$m(t): \frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} e^{-at}u(t) \stackrel{Fit}{\longleftarrow} \frac{1}{(a+j\omega)^n}$$

$$\implies M(t) \stackrel{FT}{\longleftarrow} M(j\omega) = \frac{1}{(2+j\omega)^2}$$

Rim (3t) FT,
$$\frac{\chi(j\omega)}{\pi t}$$

Talt $\frac{\chi(j\omega)}{3}$

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$$e^{-|t|}$$
 $\xrightarrow{2}$ $\xrightarrow{1+\omega^2}$ $\xrightarrow{1+t^2}$ $\xrightarrow{2\pi}$ $e^{-1-\omega l}$

$$\xrightarrow{\times (-1)} \frac{2}{1+t2} \longleftrightarrow -4\pi e^{-1\omega 1}$$

(e)
$$n(t) = e^{-3it}$$
 $\lim_{t \to \infty} (2t)$

$$e^{-3it} = (e^{-1t})^{3} + \frac{1}{1+t^{2}} + \frac{1}{1+t^{2}} + \frac{1}{1+t^{2}}) \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{T}$$
 * \mathbf{T} = $(\omega i) \times \mathbf{T}$

3 (a)
$$\chi(j\omega) = 38(\omega + 4)$$

 $2\pi 8(\omega - (-4)) = e^{-4jt} \times \frac{3}{2\pi}$
 $\frac{3}{2\pi} e^{-4jt} = 38(\omega + 4)$

(b)
$$\frac{-j\omega + 5}{-\omega^2 + (0j\omega + 2)} = \frac{-j\omega + 5}{(j\omega)^2 + (0j\omega + 2)} = \frac{-j\omega + 5}{(j\omega)^2 + (0j\omega + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{-j\omega + 5}{(j\omega + 3)(j\omega + 7)} = \frac{A}{j\omega + 3} + \frac{B}{j\omega + 7}$$

$$= D \left\{ \begin{array}{l} A+B = -1 \\ 7A+3B = 5 \end{array} \right\} = D A = 2, B = -3$$

$$\frac{2}{j\omega+3} \longleftrightarrow 2e^{-3t}\omega_{1}, \frac{-3}{j\omega+7} \longleftrightarrow 5e^{-7t}\omega_{1}$$

$$= D = \frac{7}{199}, C = \frac{-7}{199}, B = \frac{-49}{199}, A = \frac{-231}{199}$$

$$= P \times (j\omega) = \frac{2}{j\omega+3} + \frac{-3}{j\omega+7} \longleftrightarrow$$

$$3\omega + 3$$
 $3\omega + 7$
 $2e^{-3t}u(t) - 3e^{-7t}u(t)$

(C)
$$X(j\omega) = \pi e^{-5l\omega l}$$

$$e^{-altl} \longrightarrow \frac{2a}{a^2+\omega^2} \xrightarrow{dvality} \frac{2a}{a^2+t^2} \longrightarrow$$

$$2\pi e^{-\alpha_1 - N_1} \xrightarrow{\alpha=5} 2\pi e^{-5|w|} \stackrel{:2}{\longrightarrow} \pi e^{-5|w|} \xrightarrow{} \frac{5}{25 + \epsilon^2}$$

$$-12 Y(j\omega) = 7 X(j\omega) + H(j\omega) = \frac{Y(j\omega)}{(\omega \dot{c}) \times Y} = \frac{Y(j\omega)}{(\omega \dot{c})} = \frac{Y(j\omega)}{(\omega \dot$$

$$= \frac{7}{(j\omega)^2 + (j\omega) - 12} = \frac{7}{(j\omega + 4)(j\omega - 3)}$$

$$= \frac{A}{j\omega + 4} + \frac{13}{j\omega - 3} = |A = -1, 13 = 1$$

$$- D H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + \omega_{c}} + \frac{1}{1 + \omega_{c}} = D$$

$$=0 h(t) = -e^{-4t} u(t) + e^{3t} u(t)$$

$$(b) \Re(t) = te^{-4t} u(t) \implies \chi(j\omega) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{(ui)} \chi(ui) \chi(j\omega) + \chi(j\omega) =$$

$$\frac{7}{(j\omega_{+}u)^{3}(j\omega_{-}3)} = \frac{A}{(j\omega_{+}u)^{3}} + \frac{13}{(j\omega_{+}u)^{2}}$$

$$= 10 D = \frac{7}{199}, C = \frac{-7}{199}, B = \frac{-49}{199}, A = \frac{-27}{199}$$

$$-\frac{7}{m}e^{-4t}u(t)+\frac{7}{m}e^{3t}u(t)$$

$$A(j\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\chi(j\omega) * p(j\omega) \right) =$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\Pi}$$

$$\frac{1}{-2\Pi}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\Pi}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\Pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi}$$

$$-4\pi - 2\pi$$

$$2\pi$$

$$4\pi$$

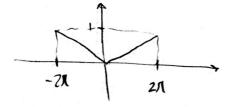
$$= \frac{1}{-\iota(n-2n)} \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi}\left(A(j\omega)^*\pi(\delta(\omega+u\pi)+\delta(\omega-u\pi))\right)=$$

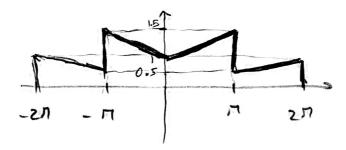
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(A(j(\omega + 4\pi)) + A(j(\omega - 4\pi)) \right)$$

$$= |\mathcal{B}(j\omega)| = \frac{1}{2n} \frac{1}{2n} \frac{1}{4n} \frac{1}{8n}$$

$$C(j\omega) = B(j\omega) + (j\omega) = D$$



$$R(j\omega) = \prod_{n \in \mathbb{N}} R(j\omega)$$



$$\frac{P_{H(j\omega)} = \frac{y(j\omega)}{x(j\omega)} = \frac{j\omega}{98 - \omega^2 + 21\omega}$$

$$= \frac{j\omega + 10}{(j\omega)^2 + 21\omega + 98}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(7 + \omega c)(41 + \omega c)} =$$

$$\frac{B}{7+wc} + \frac{A}{7+wc} =$$

$$=D(A = 4/7, B = 3/7)$$