گزارش تمرین دوم داده کاوی

:0-1

```
In [4]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
import sklearn
        %matplotlib inline
In [5]: from sklearn.datasets import load boston
        boston_dataset = load_boston()
In [6]: print(boston_dataset.keys())
        dict_keys(['data', 'target', 'feature_names', 'DESCR', 'filename'])
In [7]: boston = pd.DataFrame(boston_dataset.data, columns=boston_dataset.feature_names)
Out[7]:
            CRIM ZN INDUS CHAS NOX RM AGE DIS RAD TAX PTRATIO
        0 0.00632 18.0 2.31 0.0 0.538 6.575 65.2 4.0900 1.0 296.0 15.3 396.90 4.98
         1 0.02731 0.0 7.07
                             0.0 0.469 6.421 78.9 4.9671 2.0 242.0
                                                                    17.8 396.90 9.14
        2 0.02729 0.0 7.07 0.0 0.469 7.185 61.1 4.9671 2.0 242.0 17.8 392.83 4.03
         3 0.03237 0.0 2.18 0.0 0.458 6.998 45.8 6.0622 3.0 222.0
                                                                    18.7 394.63 2.94
        4 0.06905 0.0 2.18 0.0 0.458 7.147 54.2 6.0622 3.0 222.0 18.7 396.90 5.33
```

:0-1

```
In [8]: boston['Price'] = boston_dataset.target

In [9]: boston.head()

Cut[9]:

CRIM ZN INDUS CHAS NOX RM AGE DIS RAD TAX PTRATIO B LSTAT Price

0 0.00632 18.0 2.31 0.0 0.538 6.575 65.2 4.0900 1.0 296.0 15.3 396.90 4.98 24.0

1 0.02731 0.0 7.07 0.0 0.469 6.421 78.9 4.9671 2.0 242.0 17.8 396.90 9.14 21.6

2 0.02729 0.0 7.07 0.0 0.469 7.185 61.1 4.9671 2.0 242.0 17.8 392.83 4.03 34.7

3 0.03237 0.0 2.18 0.0 0.458 6.998 45.8 6.0622 3.0 222.0 18.7 394.63 2.94 33.4

4 0.06905 0.0 2.18 0.0 0.458 7.147 54.2 6.0622 3.0 222.0 18.7 396.90 5.33 36.2
```

:0-4

```
In [11]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    x= boston[["CRIM","ZN"]]
    y= boston[["Price"]]

In [12]: model=LinearRegression()
    model = LinearRegression().fit(x, y)
    r_sq = model.score(x, y)
    print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
    print('intercept:', model.intercept_)
    print('slope:', model.coef_)

coefficient of determination: 0.23398843834155303
    intercept: [22.48562811]
    slope: [[-0.35207832 0.11610909]]
```

:0-4

```
In [14]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state=5)
print(X_train.shape)
print(Y_train.shape)
print(Y_train.shape)
print(Y_test.shape)

(354, 2)
  (152, 2)
  (354, 1)
  (152, 1)
```

۵–۵: و

```
In [15]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
           from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
           lin_model = LinearRegression()
           lin model.fit(X train, Y train)
Out[15]: LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jobs=None,
                      normalize=False)
In [16]: # model evaluation for training set
           y_train_predict = lin_model.predict(X_train)
           rmse = (np.sqrt(mean squared_error(Y_train, y_train_predict)))
r2 = r2_score(Y_train, y_train_predict)
           print("The model performance for training set")
print("----")
           print('RMSE is {}'.format(rmse))
           print('R2 score is {}'.format(r2))
           print("\n")
           # model evaluation for testing set
y_test_predict = lin_model.predict(X_test)
           y_cest_predict = Inf_model.predict(x_cest)
rmse = (np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(Y_test, y_test_predict)))
r2 = r2_score(Y_test, y_test_predict)
           print("The model performance for testing set")
           print("--
           print('RMSE is {}'.format(rmse))
           print('R2 score is {}'.format(r2))
           The model performance for training set
           RMSE is 7.643976822898821
           R2 score is 0.2681314588348256
           The model performance for testing set
           RMSE is 8.921216556986506
           R2 score is 0.16299898328423923
```

:**Δ−V**

In [20]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

:∆-9