NO.		
******	****	 
Date		

Which hotel have you booked for your holiday?
(为3度1段1尔预订3回1家标馆?)

—The biggest one in Haiken (海O那家最大的旅馆.)

(4) 疑何代词不分单复数,视它所替代的人或事物决定单复数,但是通常 用单数;如果修饰名词,则以名词的单复数为准。

如: Who is (ate) in that playhouse? (计并)给戏房里?)

What is that? (那見什么?)

What are those? (用题是什么?)

What colours do they have? (饱竹有烟片的稿色?)

10. 相互代词:表示相互关条的词叫相互代词。

each other, one another 是相互代词,译为"飞相",可以通用。each other表示两者之间,而 one another表示许多人之间。他们有所有格形式:each other's, one another's.

to: We must help each other when we are in trouble.
(我们身处风境对要互相帮助.)

They sat there without talking to one another leach other.
(他们坐在那儿,互相都不能站。)

## 四.数词

| 分类: 数词有基数词和序数词两种。英语的数词可作吗的主语、宾语、表语和英语。

2.基数词:表示数目的词。

1 one	5 five	9 nine	13 thirteen	17 seventeen	30 thirty
2 two	b six	10 ten	14 fourteen	V11	40 fortu
3 three	7 seven	11 eleven	15 fifteen	19 nineteen	
4 four	8 eight	The second second second second second	16 sixteen		bo sixty