EE-559 - Deep learning

1.6. Tensor internals

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A tensor is a view of a storage, which is a low-level 1d vector.

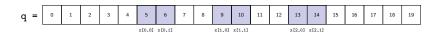
```
>>> x = torch.zeros(2, 4)
>>> x.storage()
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
[torch.FloatStorage of size 8]
>>> q = x.storage()
>>> q[4] = 1.0
>>> x
tensor([[ 0., 0., 0., 0.],
        [1., 0., 0., 0.]])
```

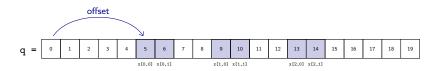
Multiple tensors can share the same storage. It happens when using operations such as view(), expand() or transpose().

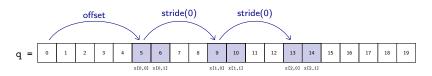
```
>>> y = x.view(2, 2, 2)
>>> v
tensor([[[ 0.. 0.].
       [ 0., 0.]],
       [[ 1., 0.],
       [ 0., 0.]]])
>>> y[1, 1, 0] = 7.0
>>> x
tensor([[ 0., 0., 0., 0.],
      [1., 0., 7., 0.]])
>>> y.narrow(0, 1, 1).fill_(3.0)
tensor([[[ 3.. 3.].
       [3., 3.]]])
>>> x
tensor([[ 0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [3., 3., 3., 3.]])
```

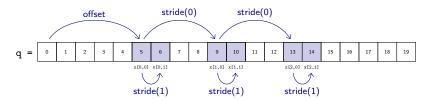


```
q = 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
```









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This is in particular how transpositions and broadcasting are implemented.

This organization explains the following (maybe surprising) error

```
>>> x = torch.empty(100, 100)
>>> x.stride()
(100, 1)
>>> y = x.t()
>>> y.stride()
(1, 100)
>>> y.view(-1)
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
RuntimeError: invalid argument 2: view size is not compatible with input tensor's size and stride (at least one dimension spans across two contiguous subspaces).
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x.t() shares x's storage and cannot be "flattened" to a 1d without a memory copy.

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This can be fixed either by using contiguous(), which returns a contiguous version of the tensor, making a copy if needed, or directly with reshape() which combines contiguous and view in one operation.

