

QBE

- Query-By-Example
 - provides a **visual interface** for queries and updates
 - a version supported by **Microsoft Access** (Graphical QBE)
- Examples: movie database queries
 - “Find the titles of currently playing movies”

<u>schedule</u>	<u>theater</u>	<u>title</u>
		P.

- P. : “print value”

- “Find the titles of all movies by Berto”

<u>movie</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>
	P.	Berto	

1

QBE (2)

- “Find the titles and directors of all currently playing movies”

<u>movie</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>
	_t	_d	
<u>schedule</u>	<u>theater</u>	<u>title</u>	
		_t	
<u>result</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	
I.	_t	_d	

- Note:
 - answer table explicitly specified
 - underscore **_x** means **_x** can take any value, like a **variable**
 - **I.** means insert

2

QBE (3)

- “Find all actors playing in every movie by Berto”
 - requires **multi-stage** query, creating intermediate answers
 - analog of nested queries in SQL

- I stage:

<u>schedule</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>	<u>bad-actor</u>	<u>actor</u>
			<u>a</u>	I.	<u>a</u>
	<u>t</u>	Berto			
\neg	<u>t</u>		<u>a</u>		

- Semantics of \neg

- for t and a fixed, satisfying positive part of pattern, there is no tuple occurring with t and a as in the negated tuple

3

QBE (4)

- II stage
 - (complement of temp computed in stage I)

<u>movie</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>
			<u>a</u>
<u>bad-actor</u>	<u>actor</u>		
\neg	<u>a</u>		
<u>result</u>	<u>actor</u>		
I.	<u>a</u>		

4

Examples

Beer drinker's database:

<u>frequents</u>	<u>drinker</u>	<u>bar</u>

<u>serves</u>	<u>bar</u>	<u>beer</u>

<u>likes</u>	<u>drinker</u>	<u>beer</u>

5

Find the drinkers who frequent some bars serving Coors

<u>frequents</u>	<u>drinker</u>	<u>bar</u>

<u>serves</u>	<u>bar</u>	<u>beer</u>

<u>likes</u>	<u>drinker</u>	<u>beer</u>

<u>answer</u>	<u>drinker</u>

6

Find the drinkers who frequent at least one bar serving a beer they like

frequents	drinker	bar
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serves	bar	beer
--------	-----	------

likes	drinker	beer
-------	---------	------

answer	drinker
--------	---------

7

Find the drinkers who frequent ONLY bars serving a beer they like

frequents	drinker	bar
-----------	---------	-----

serves	bar	beer
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likes	drinker	beer
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answer	drinker
--------	---------

8

Updates in QBE

- Deletions: similar to inserts

– D.

– “Delete all movies by Berto”:

<u>movie</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>
D.		Berto	

– “Delete all movies by directors who are also actors”:

<u>movie</u>	<u>title</u>	<u>director</u>	<u>actor</u>
D.		_d	_d

9

Updates in QBE (2)

- Updates: using **primary key** attributes

– primary keys are explicitly declared

– “Sally gets a 5% salary raise”

<u>employee</u>	<u>name</u>	<u>salary</u>
U.	Sally	_x * 1.05
	Sally	_x

10

Updates in QBE (3)

- “All employees who make less than 2000 receive a 5% raise”

<u>employee</u>	<u>name</u>	<u>salary</u>
U.	<u>_u</u>	<u>_x</u> * 1.05
	<u>_u</u>	<u>_x</u>

Condition box

<u>_x</u> < 2000

- Note: QBE allows explicit specification of conditions using **condition boxes**