

## MATH 189 Homework 4

Due Feb 10<sup>th</sup>, 2023

In this problem, you will develop a model to predict whether a given car gets high or low gas mileage based on the **Auto** data set. This data can be found in the **ISLR** package.

```
> library(ISLR)
```

```
> data(Auto)
```

- (1) Create a binary variable, **mgp01**, that contains 1 if **mpg** contains a value above its median, and a 0 if **mpg** contains a value below its median. You can compute the median using the **median()** function. Note you may find it helpful to use the **data.frame()** function to create a single data set containing both **mgp01** and the other **Auto** variables.
- (2) Explore the data graphically in order to investigate the association between **mgp01** and the other features. Which of the other features seem most likely to be useful in predicting **mgp01**? Scatterplots and boxplots may be useful tools to answer this question. Describe your findings.
- (3) Split the data into a **training set of size 300** and a **test set of size 92**.
- (4) Perform LDA on the training data in order to predict **mgp01** using the variables that seemed most associated with **mgp01** in (b). What is the test error of the model obtained?
- (5) Perform QDA on the training data in order to predict **mgp01** using the variables that seemed most associated with **mgp01** in (b). What is the test error of the model obtained?

**Hint:**

- (a) The **test error rate** associated with a set of test observations  $\{(x_i^t, y_i^t)\}_{i=1}^{n_t}$  is

$$\frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{i=1}^{n_t} I(y_i^t \neq \hat{y}_i^t),$$

where  $\hat{y}_i^t$  is the predicted class label that results from applying the classifier to the test observation with predictor  $x_i^t$ .

- (b) You may use R built-in packages to solve the problem. Check the functions that implement LDA and QDA in the R package [MASS](#).