Synopsis Lab 8

8.1 Compiling Haskell programs

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Put the following code in factori.lhs. To run it, you can type at the Linux shell prompt:
 runhaskell factori.lhs
or you can compile it first with ghc, by typing at the Linux shell prompt:
 ghc -03 factori.lhs -o factori.exe
and then run it with:
 ./factori.exe
\begin{code}
--declare module
module Main
 where
  factori n = fact_acc n 1
  fact_acc 0 a = a
  fact_acc n a = fact_acc (n-1) $! (n*a)
  a = 1
  b = 9
  c = 11
  d = 3
  n1 = (factori (a+b)) 'div' (factori a)
  n2 = (factori (a+c)) 'div' (factori c)
  n3 = (factori (b+d)) 'div' (factori b)
  n4 = (factori (c+d)) 'div' (factori d)
  numer = n1 * n2 * n3 * n4
  denom = factori (a+b+c+d)
  p = (fromIntegral numer) / (fromIntegral denom)
  main = do
          print p
\end{code}
```

8.2 Tasks

1. Skim lectures #3, #4 and #5. Test the functions: union, zip, unzip, zipWith, map, my_filter. Test the code concerning exceptions.

Skim lectures #8 and #9 and test the following functions: foldr, foldl.

(please note map, filter, zip, unzip, foldr, foldl are already defined in Haskell)

2. (Haskell, ML) Write a function called commonFactors with arguments n1 and n2 which returns the list of all common factors of n1 and n2. E.g.:

Main> commonFactors 12 18
[1,2,3,6]

- 3. (ML) Write a function called equation having 2 parameters a and b, which solves the equation ax+b=0 and raises an exception if a=b=0 and another one if a=0 and b<>0.
- 4. (Haskell, ML) Write a function called innerProduct with arguments v1 and v2 which computes the inner product of 2 vectors v1 and v2 given as lists of numbers:

$$innerProduct \ x \ y = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i * y_i)$$

E.g.:

Main> innerProduct [1,2,3] [2,4,3] 19

How many essentially different Haskell solutions can you provide?