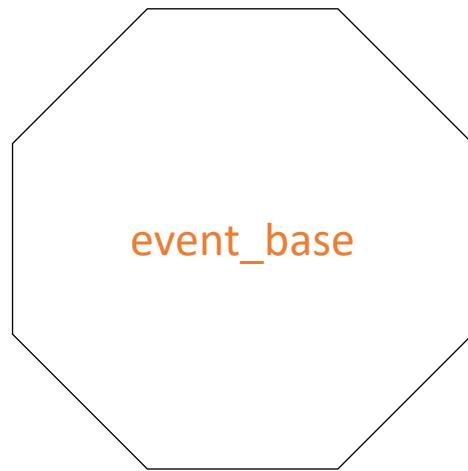


Курс  
«Проектирование больших систем  
на языке C++»

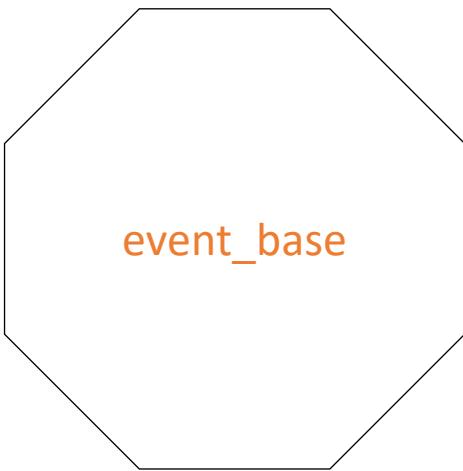
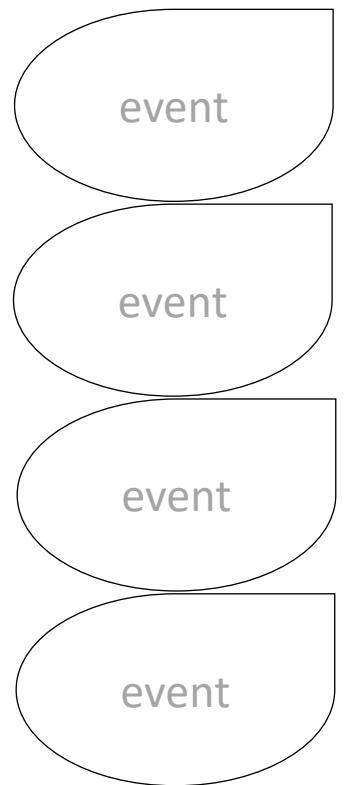
Лекция

**Библиотеки сетевого взаимодействия**

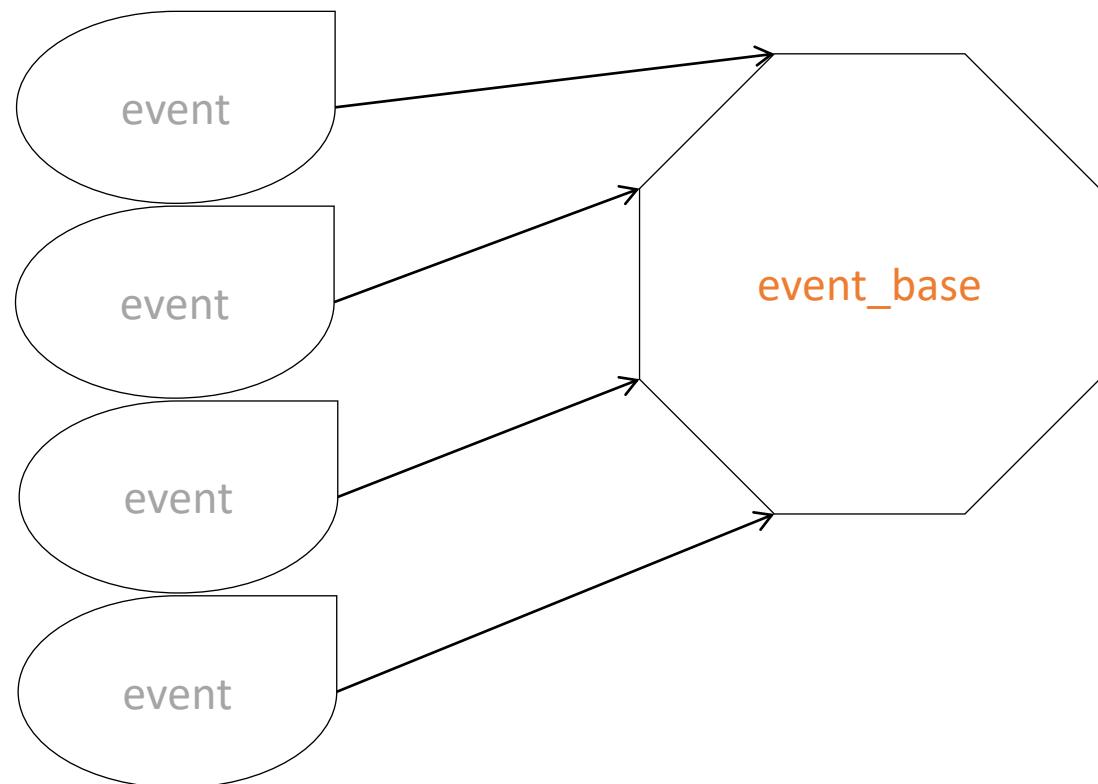
# libevent



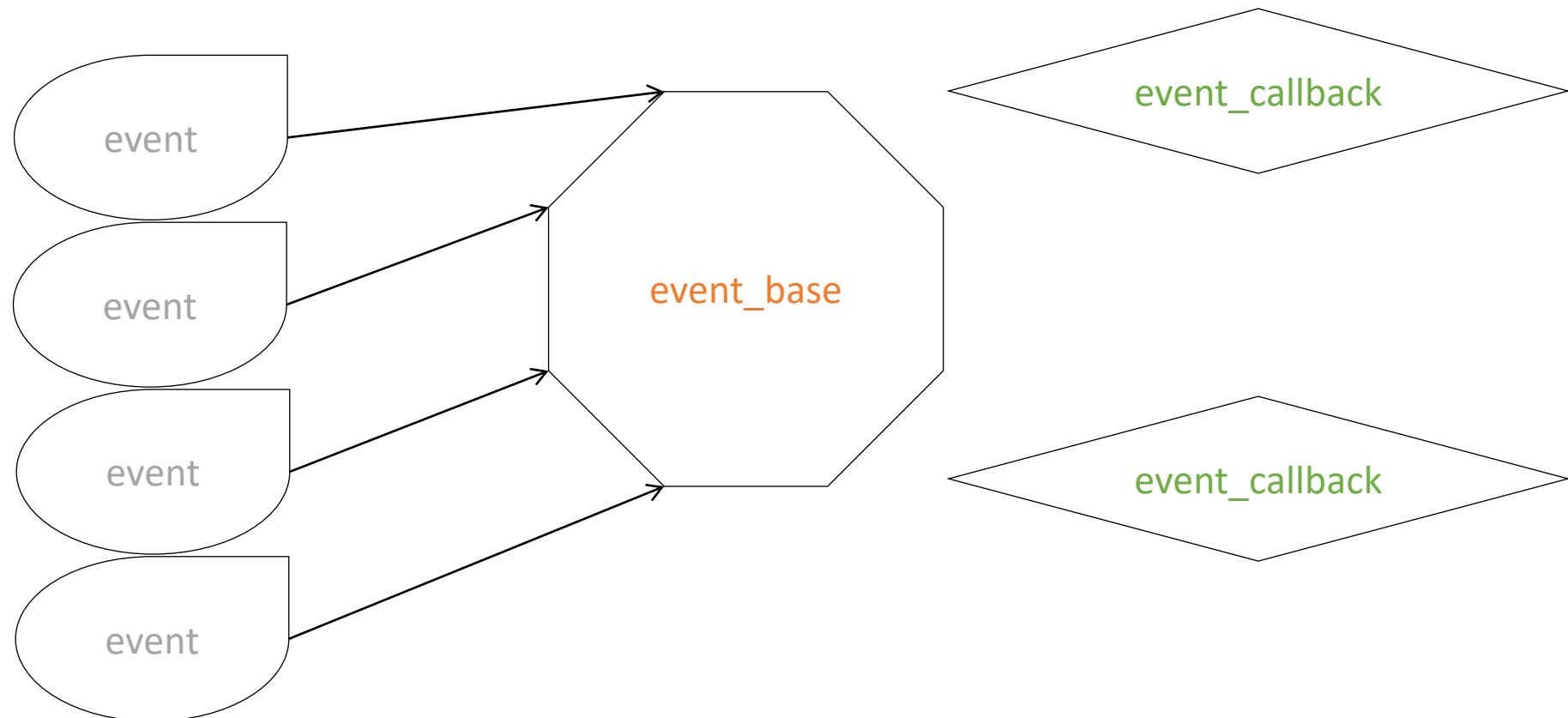
# libevent



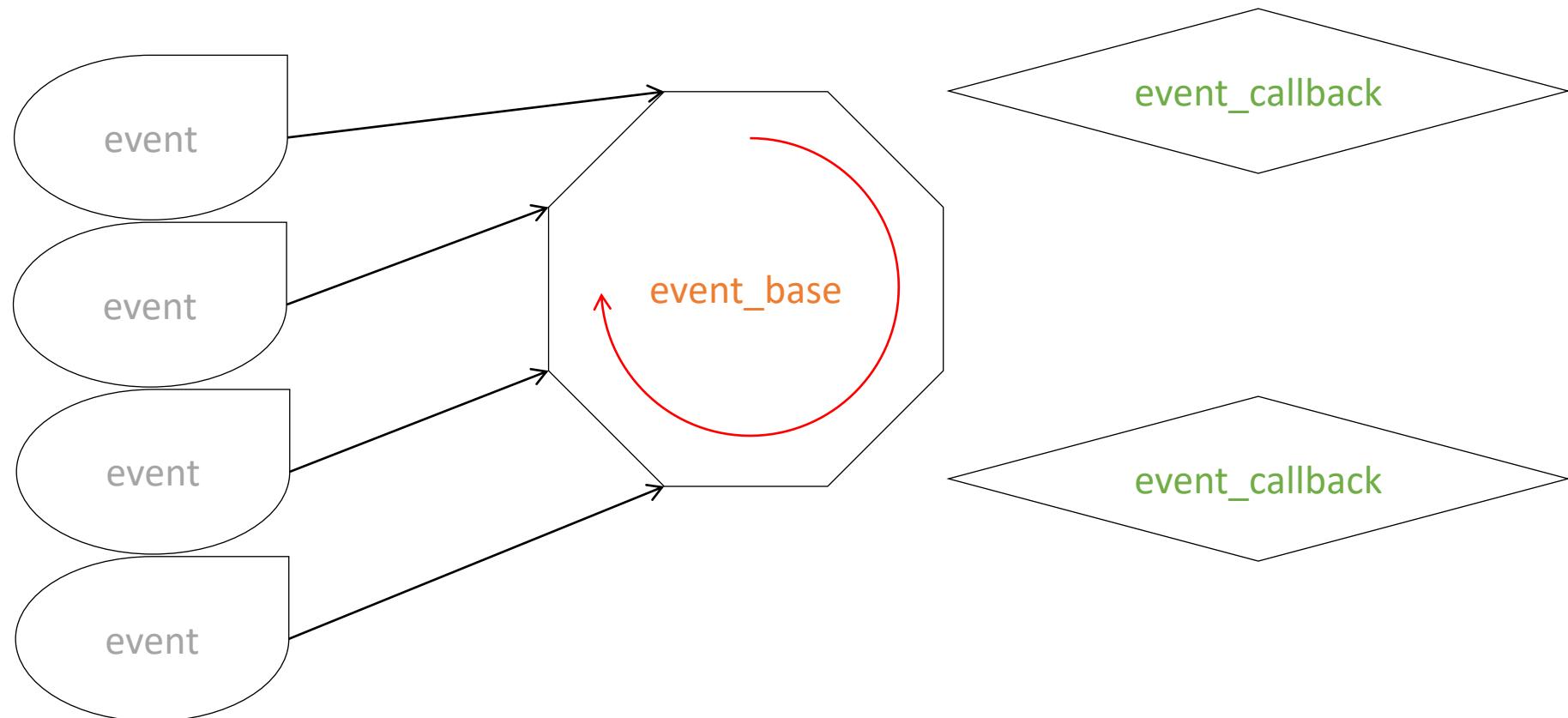
# libevent



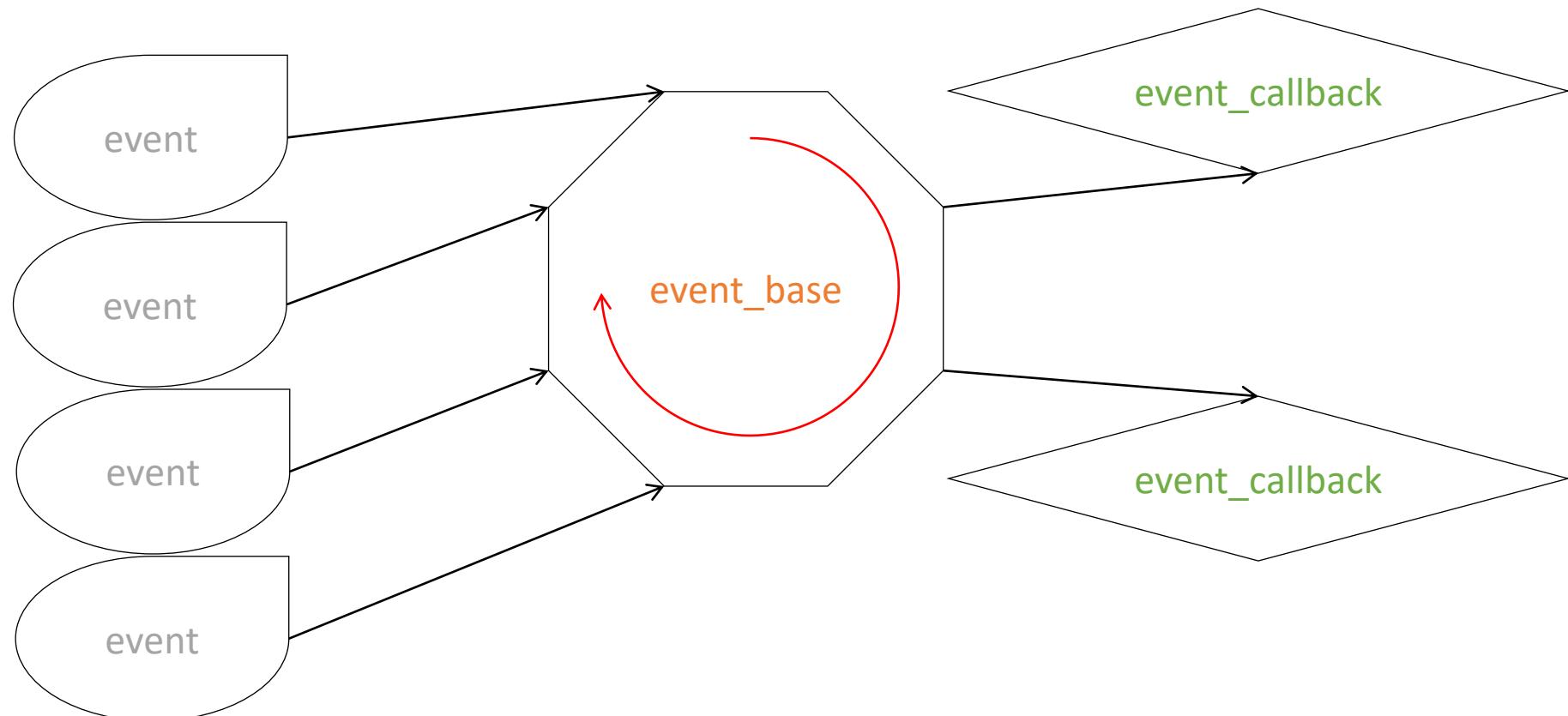
# libevent



# libevent



# libevent



# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. // without config  
2. struct event_base *event_base_new(void);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. // without config
2. struct event_base *event_base_new(void);
3. // with config
4. struct event_config *event_config_new(void);
5. struct event_base *event_base_new_with_config(const struct event_config *cfg);
6. void event_config_free(struct event_config *cfg);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. // without config
2. struct event_base *event_base_new(void);
3. // with config
4. struct event_config *event_config_new(void);
5. struct event_base *event_base_new_with_config(const struct event_config *cfg);
6. void event_config_free(struct event_config *cfg);
7. // deallocating
8. void event_base_free(struct event_base *base);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. EVLOOP_ONCE  
2. EVLOOP_NONBLOCK  
3. EVLOOP_NO_EXIT_ON_EMPTY  
4. int event_base_loop(struct event_base*, int flags);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. EVLOOP_ONCE
2. EVLOOP_NONBLOCK
3. EVLOOP_NO_EXIT_ON_EMPTY
4. int event_base_loop(struct event_base*, int flags);

5. // No flags
6. int event_base_dispatch(struct event_base*);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. EVLOOP_ONCE
2. EVLOOP_NONBLOCK
3. EVLOOP_NO_EXIT_ON_EMPTY
4. int event_base_loop(struct event_base*, int flags);

5. // No flags
6. int event_base_dispatch(struct event_base*);

7. // Stop
8. int event_base_loopexit(struct event_base*, const struct timeval*);
9. int event_base_looppbreak(struct event_base*);
```

# libevent

## event\_base

```
1. EVLOOP_ONCE
2. EVLOOP_NONBLOCK
3. EVLOOP_NO_EXIT_ON_EMPTY
4. int event_base_loop(struct event_base*, int flags);

5. // No flags
6. int event_base_dispatch(struct event_base*);

7. // Stop
8. int event_base_loopexit(struct event_base*, const struct timeval*);
9. int event_base_looppbreak(struct event_base*);

10. // Is stopping?
11. int event_base_got_exit(struct event_base*);
12. int event_base_got_break(struct event_base*);
```

# libevent

## event

```
1.  EV_TIMEOUT
2.  EV_WRITE
3.  EV_SIGNAL

4.  EV_PERSIST
5.  EV_ET

6.  typedef void (*event_callback_fn)(evutil_socket_t,
7.                                     short event,
8.                                     void *data);

9.  struct event *event_new(struct event_base*,
10.                         evutil_socket_t fd,
11.                         short what,
12.                         event_callback_fn cb,
13.                         void *arg);
14. void event_free(struct event*);
```

# libevent

## Пример описания события

```
1. void cb_func(evutil_socket_t fd, short what, void *arg)
2. {
3.     const char *data = arg;
4.     printf("Got an event on socket %d:%s%s%s[%s]",
5.            (int)fd,
6.            (what & EV_TIMEOUT) ? " timeout" : "",
7.            (what & EV_WRITE)    ? " write"   : "",
8.            (what & EV_READ)     ? " read"    : "",
9.            (what & EV_SIGNAL)   ? " signal"  : "",
10.           data);
11. }
```

# libevent

## Пример работы с событиями

```
1. void main_loop(evutil_socket_t fd1, evutil_socket_t fd2)
2. {
3.     struct event *ev1, *ev2;
4.     struct timeval five_seconds = { 5, 0 };
5.     struct event_base *base = event_base_new();

6.     // Caller has already set up fd1, fd2 somehow, and make them nonblocking
7.     ev1 = event_new(base, fd1, EV_TIMEOUT | EV_READ | EV_PERSIST, cb_func, "Reading ev");
8.     ev2 = event_new(base, fd2, EV_WRITE | EV_PERSIST, cb_func, "Writing event");

9.     event_add(ev1, &five_seconds);
10.    event_add(ev2, NULL);
11.    event_base_dispatch(base);
12. }
```

# libevent

## Пример работы с event\_self\_cbarg

```
1. static int n_calls = 0;
2. void cb_func(evutil_socket_t fd, short what, void *arg)
3. {
4.     struct event *me = arg;
5.     printf("cb_func called %d times so far.\n", ++n_calls);
6.     if (n_calls > 100)
7.         event_del(me);
8. }

9. void run(struct event_base *base)
10. {
11.     struct timeval one_sec = { 1, 0 };
12.     struct event *ev;
13.     ev = event_new(base, -1, EV_PERSIST, cb_func, event_self_cbarg());
14.     event_add(ev, &one_sec);
15.     event_base_dispatch(base);
16. }
```

# libevent

## Timeout-only events

```
1. #define evtimer_new(base, callback, arg) \
2.     event_new((base), -1, 0, (callback), (arg))
3. #define evtimer_add(ev, tv) \
4.     event_add((ev),(tv))
5. #define evtimer_del(ev) \
6.     event_del(ev)
7. #define evtimer_pending(ev, tv_out) \
8.     event_pending((ev), EV_TIMEOUT, (tv_out))
9. #define evtimer_assign(event, base, callback, arg)
10.    event_assign(event, base, -1, 0, callback, arg)
```

# libevent

## Signal events

```
1. #define evsignal_new(base, signum, cb, arg) \
2.     event_new(base, signum, EV_SIGNAL|EV_PERSIST, cb, arg)
3. #define evsignal_add(ev, tv) \
4.     event_add((ev),(tv))
5. #define evsignal_del(ev) \
6.     event_del(ev)
7. #define evsignal_pending(ev, what, tv_out) \
8.     event_pending((ev), (what), (tv_out))
9. #define evsignal_assign(event, base, signum, callback, arg)
10.    event_assign(event, base, signum, EV_SIGNAL|EV_PERSIST, callback, arg)
```

# libevent

## **event\_assign**

```
1. int event_assign(struct event *event,
2.                   struct event_base *base,
3.                   evutil_socket_t fd,
4.                   short what,
5.                   void (*callback)(evutil_socket_t, short, void*),
6.                   void *arg);
```

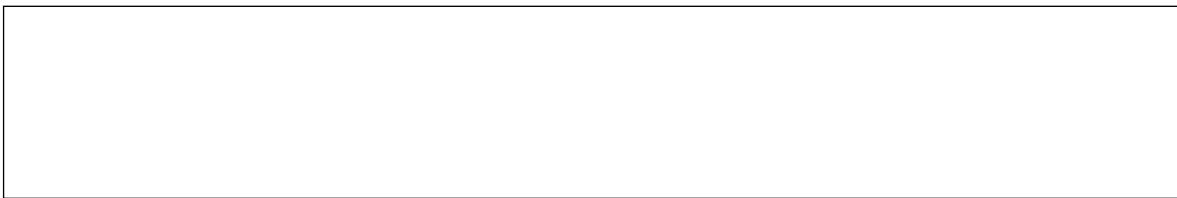
# libevent

## event\_pair

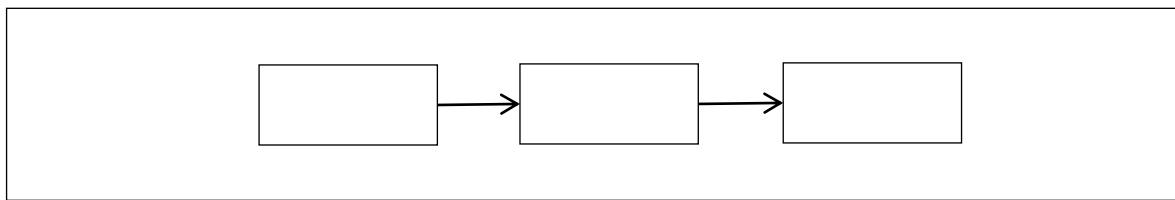
```
1.  struct event_pair {
2.      evutil_socket_t fd;
3.      struct event read_event;
4.      struct event write_event;
5.  };
6.  void readcb(evutil_socket_t, short, void*);
7.  void writecb(evutil_socket_t, short, void*);

8.  struct event_pair *event_pair_new(struct event_base *base, evutil_socket_t fd) {
9.      struct event_pair *p = malloc(sizeof(struct event_pair));
10.     if (!p)
11.         return NULL;
12.     p->fd = fd;
13.     event_assign(&p->read_event, base, fd, EV_READ | EV_PERSIST, readcb, p);
14.     event_assign(&p->write_event, base, fd, EV_WRITE | EV_PERSIST, writecb, p);
15.     return p;
16. }
```

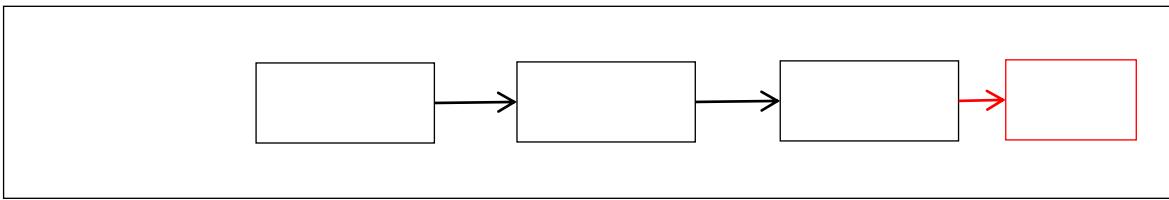
# evbuffer



# evbuffer

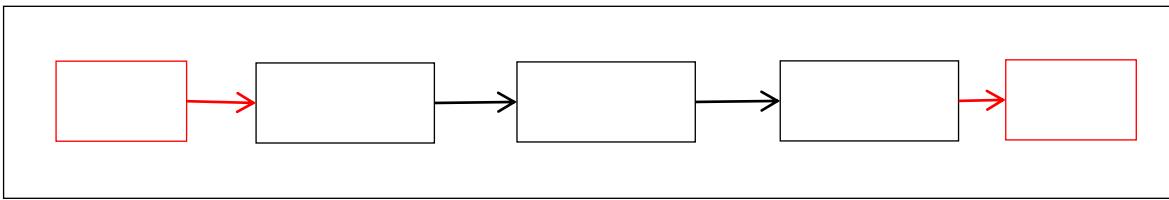


# evbuffer



evbuffer\_add  
evbuffer\_add\_printf  
evbuffer\_add\_vprintf  
evbuffer\_add\_reference  
evbuffer\_add\_buffer  
evbuffer\_add\_buffer\_reference  
evbuffer\_add\_file  
evbuffer\_add\_file\_segment  
evbuffer\_read

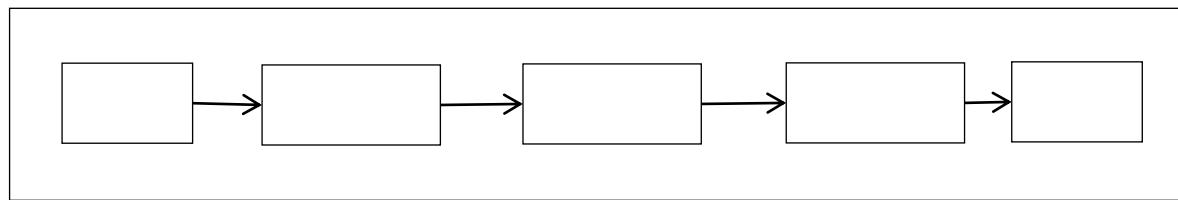
# evbuffer



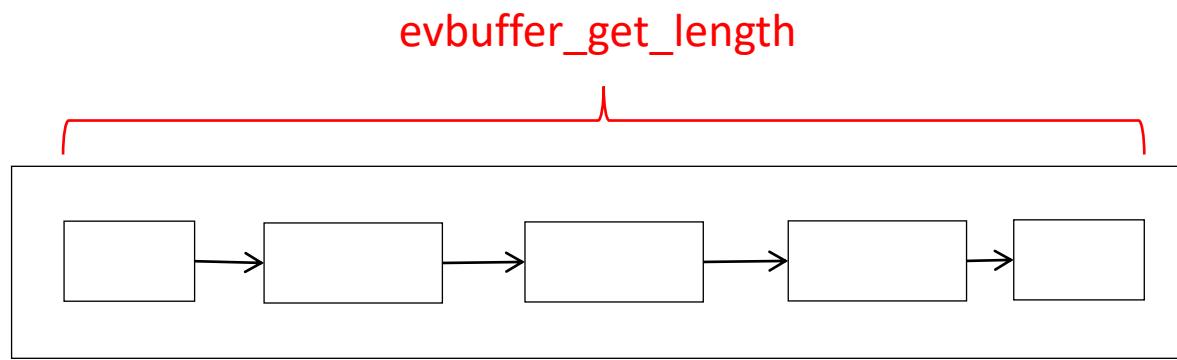
`evbuffer_prepend`  
`evbuffer_prepend_buffer`

`evbuffer_add`  
`evbuffer_add_printf`  
`evbuffer_add_vprintf`  
`evbuffer_add_reference`  
`evbuffer_add_buffer`  
`evbuffer_add_buffer_reference`  
`evbuffer_add_file`  
`evbuffer_add_file_segment`  
`evbuffer_read`

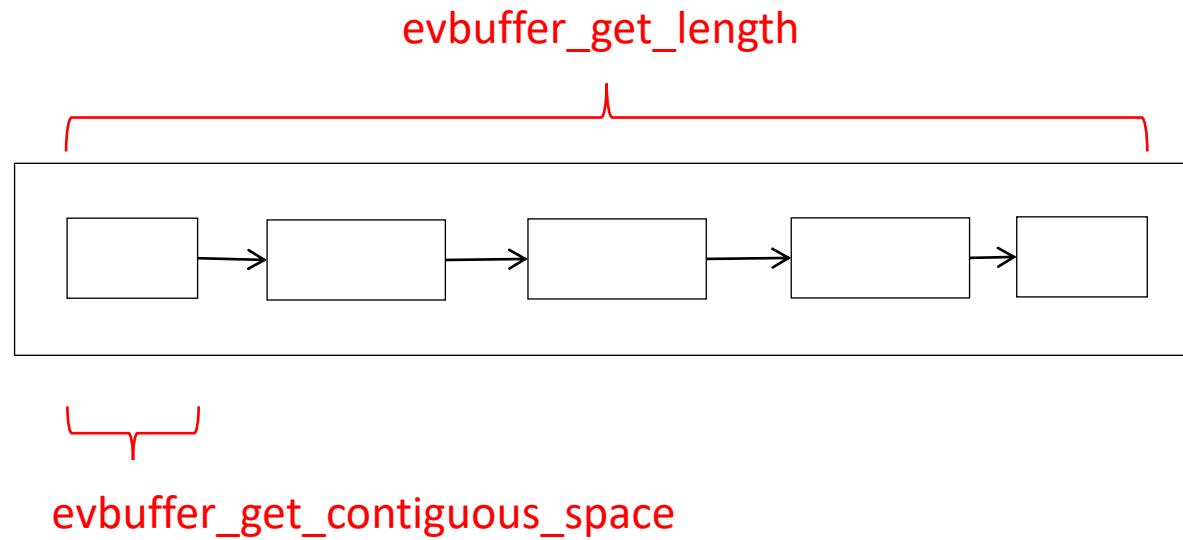
# evbuffer



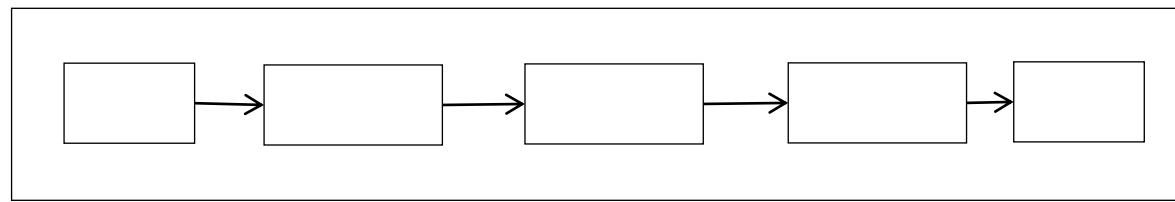
# evbuffer



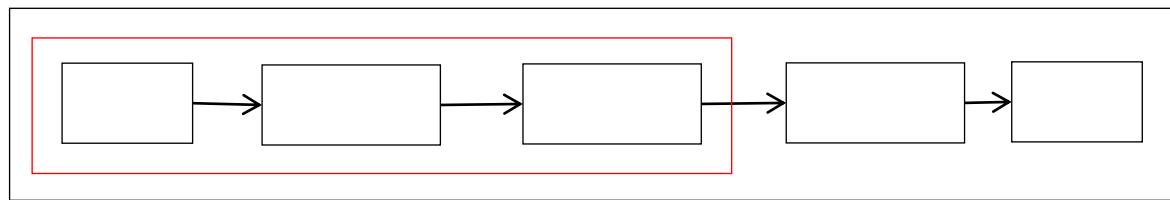
# evbuffer



# evbuffer

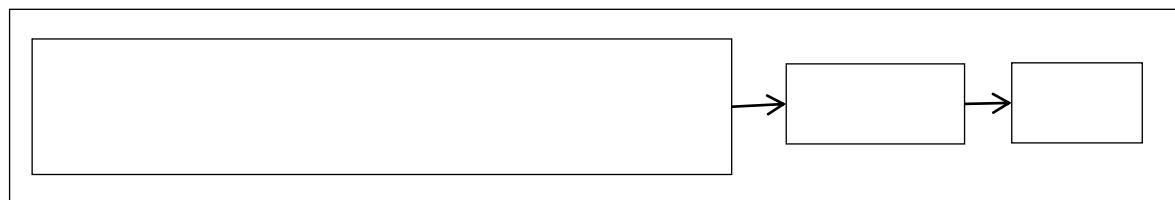


# evbuffer

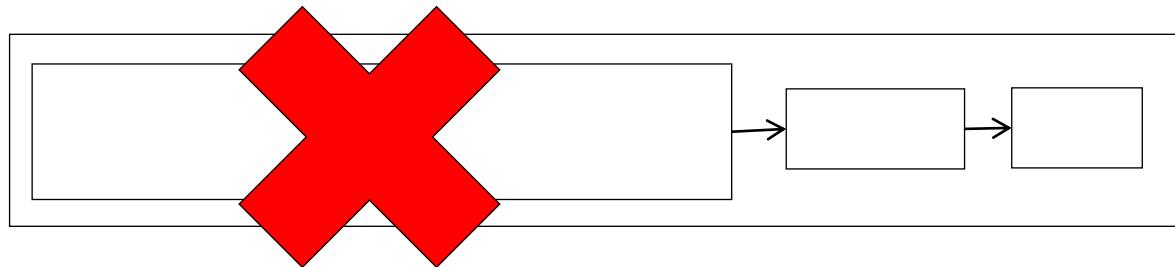


evbuffer\_pullup

# evbuffer

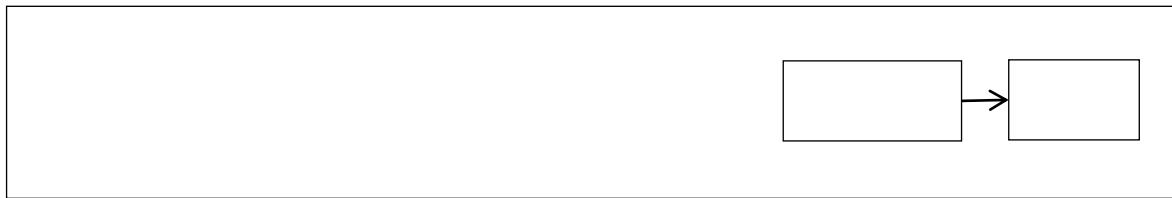


# evbuffer

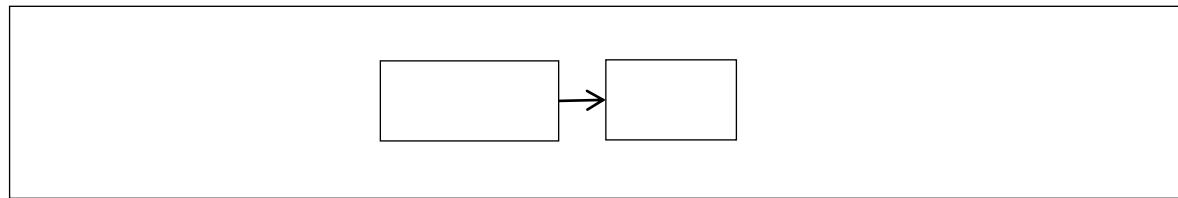


`evbuffer_drain`  
`evbuffer_remove`  
`evbuffer_remove_buffer`

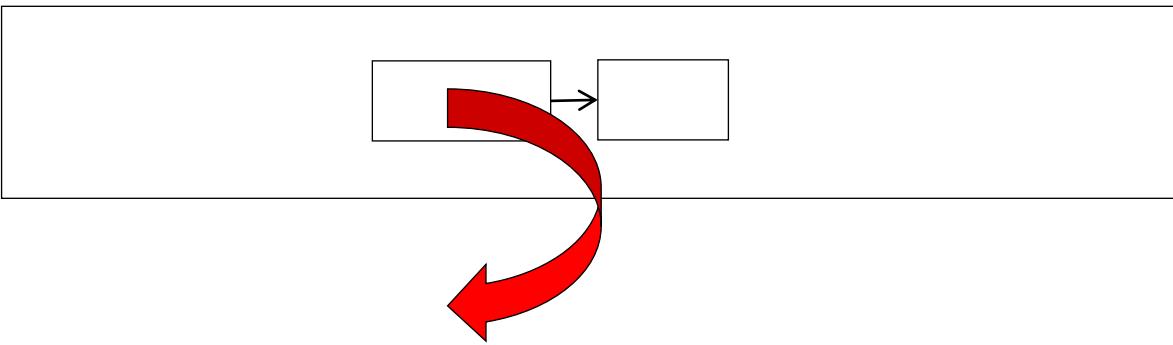
# evbuffer



# evbuffer

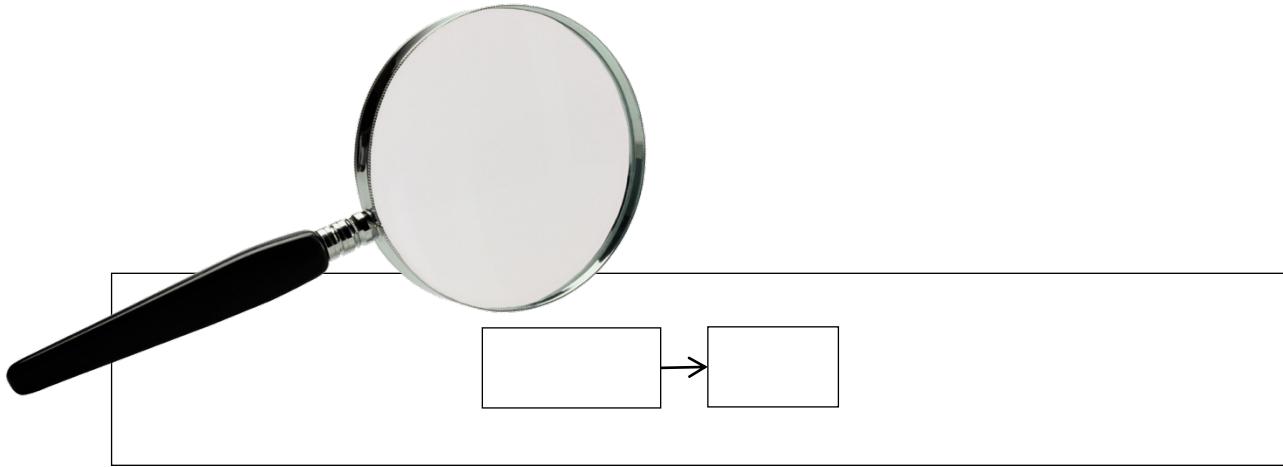


# evbuffer



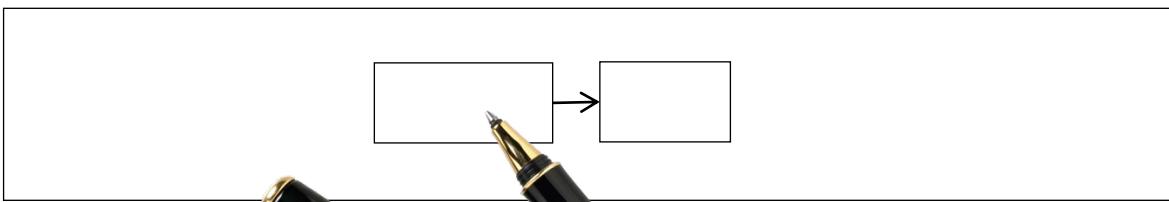
evbuffer\_copyout  
evbuffer\_copyout\_from  
evbuffer\_write  
evbuffer\_write\_atmost

# evbuffer

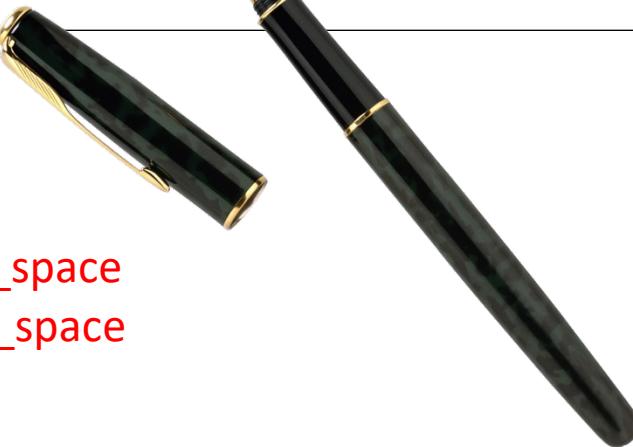


evbuffer\_search  
evbuffer\_search\_range  
evbuffer\_search\_eol

# evbuffer



evbuffer\_peek  
evbuffer\_reserve\_space  
evbuffer\_commit\_space



# evbuffer

## evbuffer

```
1. struct evbuffer *evbuffer_new(void);
2. void evbuffer_free(struct evbuffer *buf);
```

# evbuffer

## evbuffer

```
1. struct evbuffer *evbuffer_new(void);
2. void evbuffer_free(struct evbuffer *buf);

3. // Thread safety
4. int evbuffer_enable_locking(struct evbuffer *buf, void *lock);
5. void evbuffer_lock(struct evbuffer *buf);
6. void evbuffer_unlock(struct evbuffer *buf);
```

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

```
1. struct bufferevent *bufferevent_socket_new(struct event_base *base,
2.                                             evutil_socket_t fd,
3.                                             enum bufferevent_options options);
4. void bufferevent_free(struct bufferevent *bev);

5. int bufferevent_socket_connect(struct bufferevent *bev,
6.                                 struct sockaddr *address,
7.                                 int addrlen);

8. int bufferevent_socket_connect_hostname(struct bufferevent *bev,
9.                                         struct evdns_base *dns_base,
10.                                        int family, const char *hostname, int port);

11. int bufferevent_socket_get_dns_error(struct bufferevent *bev);
```

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

1. BEV\_EVENT\_READING
2. BEV\_EVENT\_WRITING
3. BEV\_EVENT\_ERROR
4. BEV\_EVENT\_TIMEOUT
5. BEV\_EVENT\_EOF
6. BEV\_EVENT\_CONNECTED

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

```
1.  typedef void (*bufferevent_data_cb)(struct bufferevent *bev, void *ctx);
2.  typedef void (*bufferevent_event_cb)(struct bufferevent *bev,
3.                                     short events,
4.                                     void *ctx);

5.  void bufferevent_setcb(struct bufferevent *bufev,
6.                        bufferevent_data_cb readcb,
7.                        bufferevent_data_cb writecb,
8.                        bufferevent_event_cb eventcb,
9.                        void *cbarg);
10. void bufferevent_getcb(struct bufferevent *bufev,
11.                        bufferevent_data_cb *readcb_ptr,
12.                        bufferevent_data_cb *writecb_ptr,
13.                        bufferevent_event_cb *eventcb_ptr,
14.                        void **cbarg_ptr);

15. void bufferevent_enable(struct bufferevent *bufev, short events);
16. void bufferevent_disable(struct bufferevent *bufev, short events);
17. short bufferevent_get_enabled(struct bufferevent *bufev);
```

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

```
1. struct bufferevent *bufferevent_socket_new(struct event_base *base,  
2.                                         evutil_socket_t fd,  
3.                                         enum bufferevent_options options);  
4. void bufferevent_free(struct bufferevent *bev);
```

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

```
1. struct evbuffer *bufferevent_get_input(struct bufferevent *bufev);
2. struct evbuffer *bufferevent_get_output(struct bufferevent *bufev);

3. int bufferevent_write(struct bufferevent *bufev, const void *data, size_t size);
4. int bufferevent_write_buffer(struct bufferevent *bufev, struct evbuffer *buf);

5. size_t bufferevent_read(struct bufferevent *bufev, void *data, size_t size);
6. int bufferevent_read_buffer(struct bufferevent *bufev, struct evbuffer *buf);
```

# bufferevents

## Socket-based bufferevent

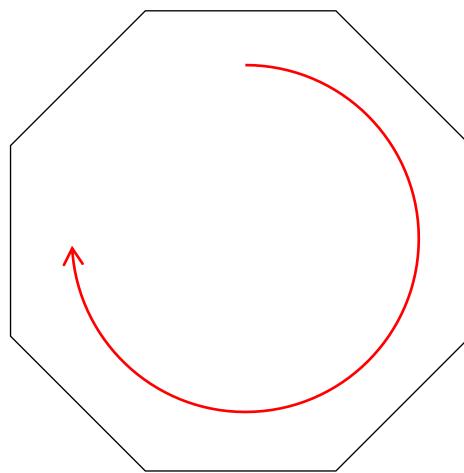
1. `void bufferevent_set_timeouts(struct bufferevent *bufev,  
 const struct timeval *timeout_read,  
 const struct timeval *timeout_write);`
  
2. `int bufferevent_flush(struct bufferevent *bufev,  
 short iotype,  
 enum bufferevent_flush_mode state);`

# bufferevents

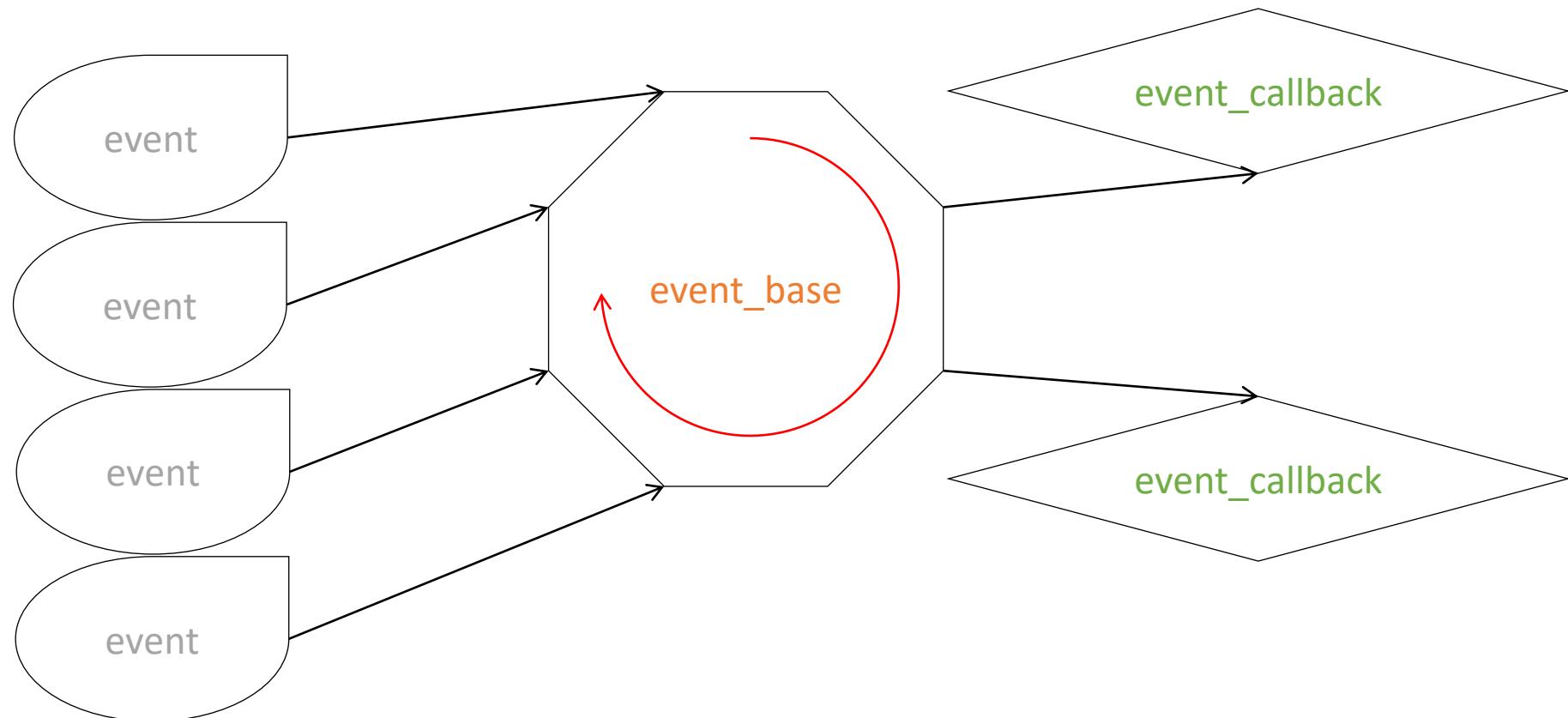
## listener

```
1.  struct evconnlistener *evconnlistener_new(struct event_base *base, evconnlistener_cb cb,  
2.  void *arg, unsigned flags, int backlog,  
3.  evutil_socket_t fd);  
  
4.  struct evconnlistener *evconnlistener_new_bind(struct event_base *base, evconnlistener_cb cb,  
5.  void * arg, unsigned flags, int backlog,  
6.  const struct sockaddr *sa, int sa_len);  
  
7.  void evconnlistener_free(struct evconnlistener*);  
8.  void evconnlistener_set_error_cb(struct evconnlistener*, evconnlistener_cb cb);  
  
9.  typedef void (*evconnlistener_cb)(struct evconnlistener *listener,  
10.  evutil_socket_t MasterSock,  
11.  struct sockaddr *addr_client,  
12.  int addr_client_len,  
13.  void *arg);
```

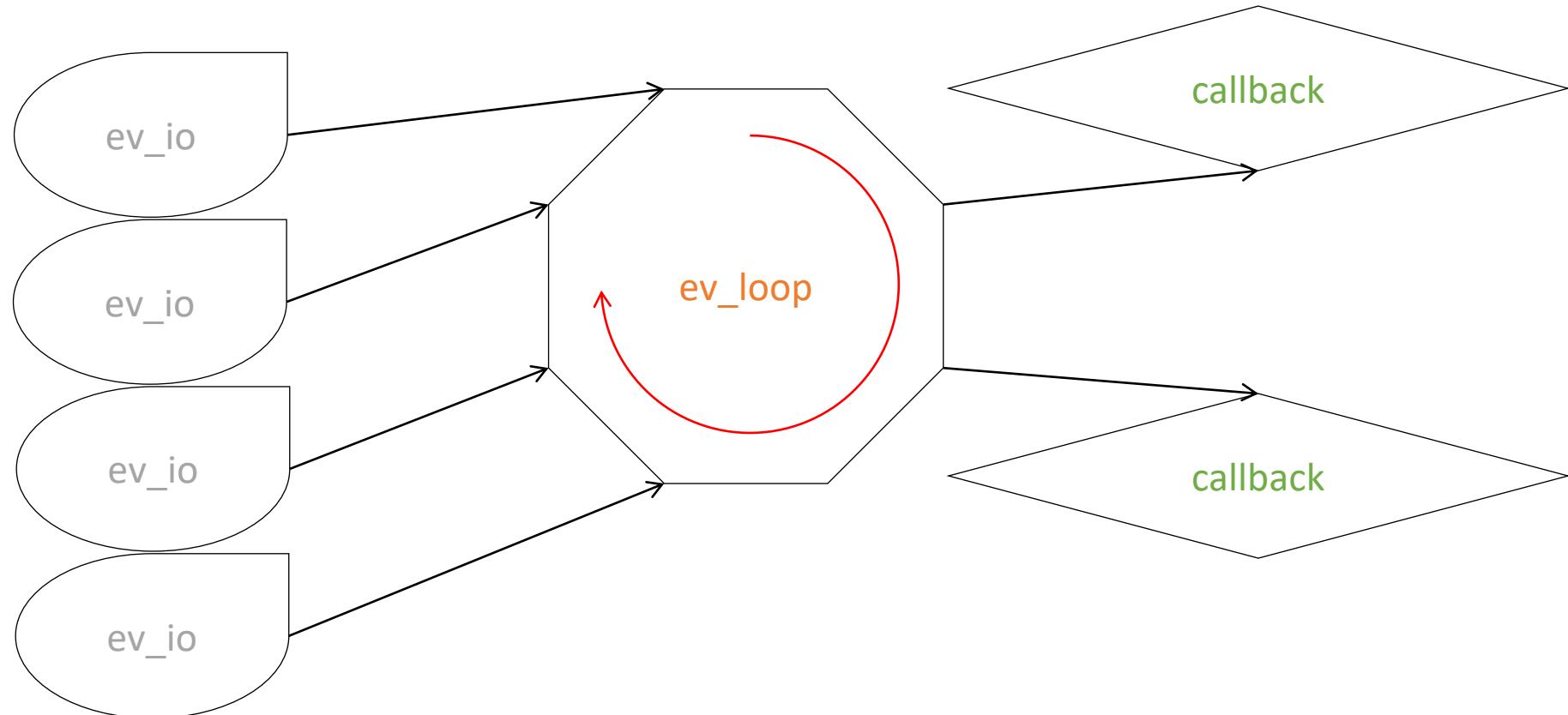
libev



# libevent



# libev



# libev

## loop

```
1. // главный цикл сообщений
2. struct ev_loop *ev_default_loop(unsigned flags);
3. void ev_default_fork(void);
4. void ev_default_destroy(void);

5. // дополнительные циклы сообщений
6. struct ev_loop *ev_loop_new(unsigned flags);
7. ev_loop_destroy(struct ev_loop *loop);
8. ev_loop_fork(struct ev_loop *loop); // копии циклов сообщений

9. EVLOOP_NONBLOCK и EVLOOP_ONESHOT

10. // проверки
11. int ev_is_default_loop(struct ev_loop *loop);
12. unsigned ev_loop_count(struct ev_loop *loop);

13. // запустить/остановить
14. ev_loop(struct ev_loop *loop, int flags);
15. ev_unloop(struct ev_loop *loop, int how);
```

# libev

## Anatomy of a watcher

```
1. static void my_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_io *w, int revents) {
2.     ev_io_stop(w);
3.     ev_unloop(loop, EVUNLOOP_ALL);
4. }

5. struct ev_loop *loop = ev_default_loop(0);
6. struct ev_io stdin_watcher; //ввод с клавиатуры
7. ev_init(&stdin_watcher, my_cb);
8. ev_io_set(&stdin_watcher, STDIN_FILENO, EV_READ);
9. ev_io_start(loop, &stdin_watcher);
10. ev_loop(loop, 0);
```

# libev

## Anatomy of a watcher

```
1. static void my_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_io *w, int revents) {
2.     ev_io_stop(w);
3.     ev_unloop(loop, EVUNLOOP_ALL);
4. }

5. struct ev_loop *loop = ev_default_loop(0);
6. struct ev_io stdin_watcher;
7. ev_init(&stdin_watcher, my_cb);
8. ev_io_set(&stdin_watcher, STDIN_FILENO, EV_READ);
9. ev_io_start(loop, &stdin_watcher);
10. ev_loop(loop, 0);
```

# libev

## Anatomy of a watcher

```
1. static void my_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_io *w, int revents) {
2.     ev_io_stop(w);
3.     ev_unloop(loop, EVUNLOOP_ALL);
4. }
5.
6. struct ev_loop *loop = ev_default_loop(0);
7. struct ev_io stdin_watcher;
8. ev_init(&stdin_watcher, my_cb);
9. ev_io_set(&stdin_watcher, STDIN_FILENO, EV_READ);
10. ev_io_start(loop, &stdin_watcher);
11. ev_loop(loop, 0);
```

# libev

## Associating custom data with a watcher

```
1.  struct my_io {
2.      struct ev_io io;
3.      int otherfd;
4.      void *somedata;
5.      struct whatever *mostinteresting;
6.  }
```

# libev

## Associating custom data with a watcher

```
1.  struct my_io {
2.      struct ev_io io;
3.      int otherfd;
4.      void *somedata;
5.      struct whatever *mostinteresting;
6.  }
7.
8.  static void my_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_io *watcher, int revents) {
9.      struct my_io *w = (struct my_io*)watcher;
10.     /* ... */
11. }
```

# libev

## Associating custom data with a watcher

```
1. struct my_biggy {
2.     int some_data;
3.     ev_timer t1;
4.     ev_timer t2;
5. }
```

# libev

## Associating custom data with a watcher

```
1.  struct my_biggy {
2.      int some_data;
3.      ev_timer t1;
4.      ev_timer t2;
5.  }
6.
7.  static void t1_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_timer *w, int revents) {
8.      struct my_biggy big = (struct my_biggy*)((char*)w - offsetof(struct my_biggy, t1));
9.      // ...
10.
11.     static void t2_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_timer *w, int revents) {
12.         struct my_biggy big = (struct my_biggy*)((char*)w - offsetof(struct my_biggy, t2));
13.         // ...
14.     }
```

# libev

## ev\_io

```
1. static void stdin_readable_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_io *w, int revents) {
2.     ev_io_stop(loop, w);
3.     // .. read from stdin here (or from w->fd) and handle any I/O errors
4. }
5. // ...
6. struct ev_loop *loop = ev_default_init(0);
7. struct ev_io stdin_readable;
8. ev_io_init(&stdin_readable, stdin_readable_cb, STDIN_FILENO, EV_READ);
9. ev_io_start(loop, &stdin_readable);
10. ev_loop(loop, 0);
```

# libev

## ev\_timer

```
1. static void one_minute_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_timer *w, int revents) {
2.     ... one minute over, w is actually stopped right here
3. }
4. struct ev_timer mytimer;
5. ev_timer_init(&mytimer, one_minute_cb, 60. /*after*/, 0. /*repeat*/);
6. ev_timer_start(loop, &mytimer);
```

# libev

## ev\_periodic

```
1. static void timeout_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_timer *w, int revents) {
2.     ... ten seconds without any activity
3. }
```

```
4. struct ev_timer mytimer;
5. ev_timer_init(&mytimer,timeout_cb, 0., 10.); //note, only repeat used
6. ev_timer_again(&mytimer); //start timer
7. ev_loop(loop, 0);
8. //and in some piece of code that gets executed on any "activity":
9. //reset the timeout to start ticking again at 10 seconds
10. ev_timer_again(&mytimer);
```

# libev

## ev\_signal

```
1. static void sigint_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_signal *w, int revents) {
2.     ev_unloop(loop, EVUNLOOP_ALL);
3. }
4. struct ev_signal signal_watcher;
5. ev_signal_init(&signal_watcher, sigint_cb, SIGINT);
6. ev_signal_start(loop, &sigint_cb);
```

# libev

## ev\_child

```
1. ev_child cw;
2. static void child_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_child *w, int revents) {
3.     ev_child_stop(loop, w);
4.     printf("process %d exited with status %x\n", w->rpid, w->rstatus);
5. }

6. pid_t pid = fork();
7. if (pid < 0) { //error else if (pid == 0)
8.     // the forked child executes here exit(1);
9. } else {
10.    ev_child_init(&cw, child_cb, pid, 0);
11.    ev_child_start(ev_default_loop(0), &cw);
12. }
```

# libev

## ev\_stat

```
1. static void passwd_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, ev_stat *w, int revents) {
2.     if (w->attr.st_nlink) {
3.         printf("passwd current size %ld\n", (long)w->attr.st_size);
4.         printf("passwd current atime %ld\n", (long)w->attr.st_atime);
5.         printf("passwd current mtime %ld\n", (long)w->attr.st_mtime);
6.     } else { //shall not abuse printf for puts
7.         puts ("wow, /etc/passwd is not there, expect problems. "
8.               "if this is windows, they already arrived\n");
9.     }
10. }

11. ev_stat passwd;
12. ev_stat_init(&passwd, passwd_cb, "/etc/passwd", 0.);
13. ev_stat_start(loop, &passwd);
```

# libev

## ev\_idle

```
1. static void idle_cb(struct ev_loop *loop, struct ev_idle *w, int revents) {
2.     free(w); // now do something you wanted to do
3.             // when the program has no longer anything immediate to do.
4. }
```

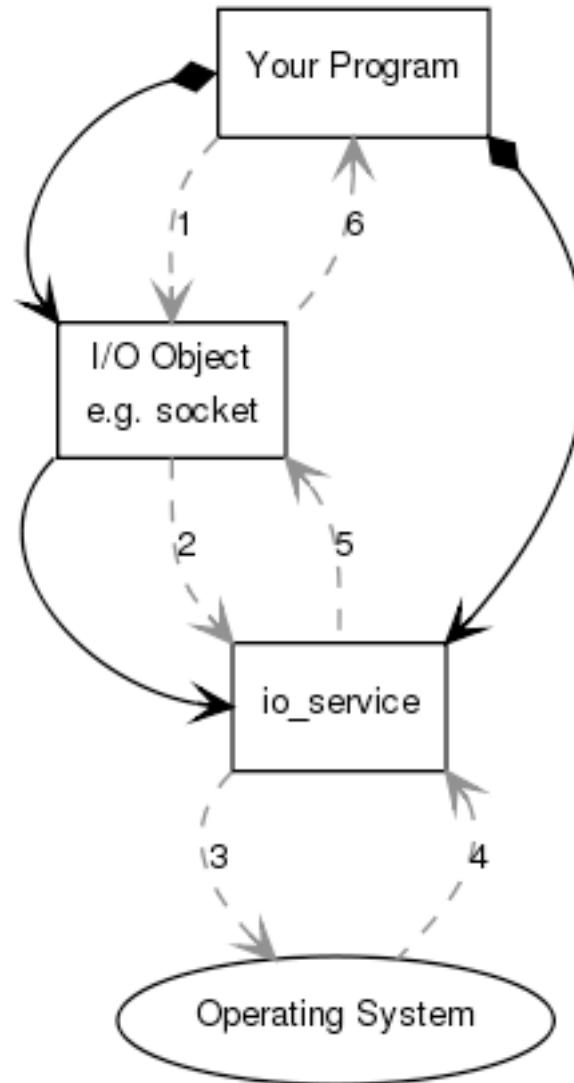
  

```
5. struct ev_idle *idle_watcher = malloc(sizeof(struct ev_idle));
6. ev_idle_init(idle_watcher, idle_cb);
7. ev_idle_start(loop, idle_cb);
```

# boost::asio



# boost::asio



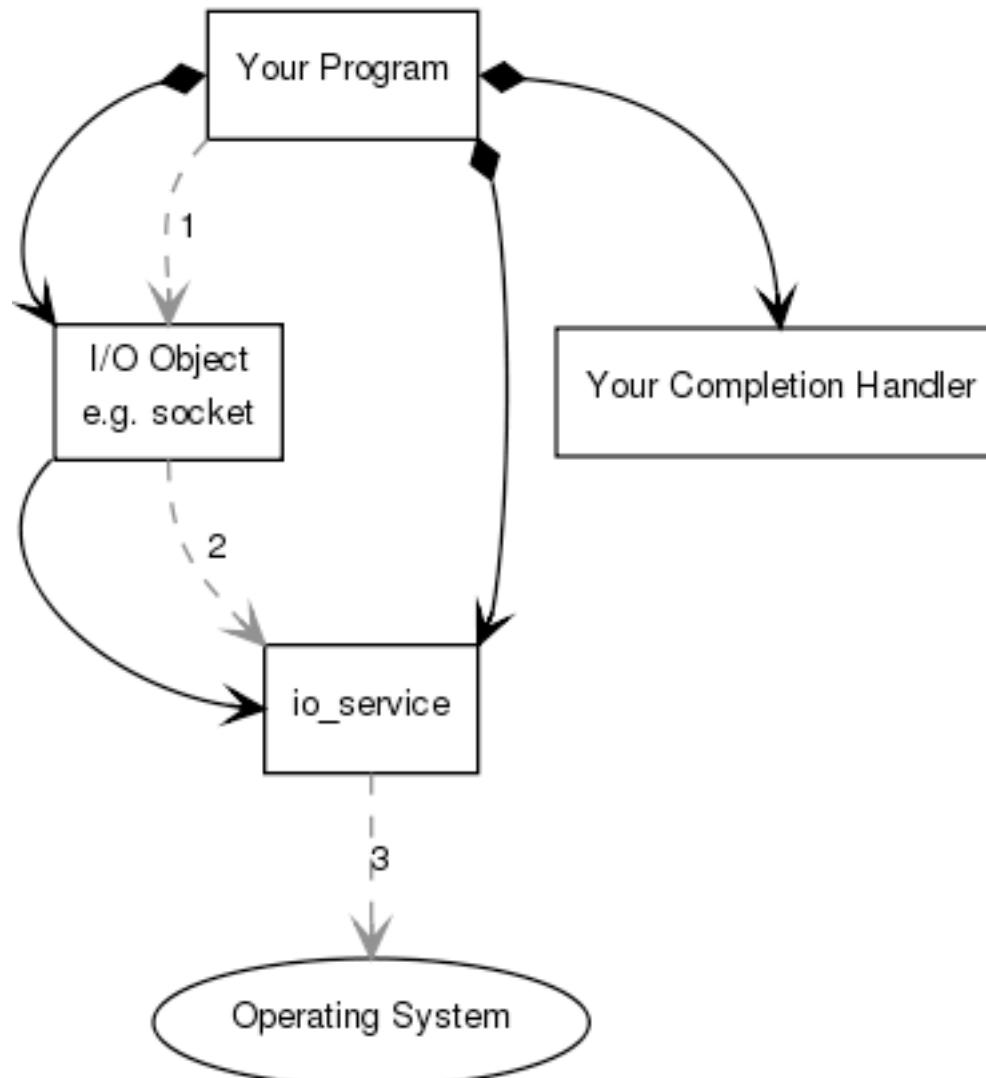
# boost::asio

## Синхронная работа

```
1. boost::asio::io_service io_service;
2. boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket socket(io_service);

3. boost::system::error_code ec;
4. socket.connect(server_endpoint, ec);
```

# boost::asio



# boost::asio

## Асинхронная работа

```
1. void your_completion_handler(const boost::system::error_code &ec) {
2.     // ...
3. }
```

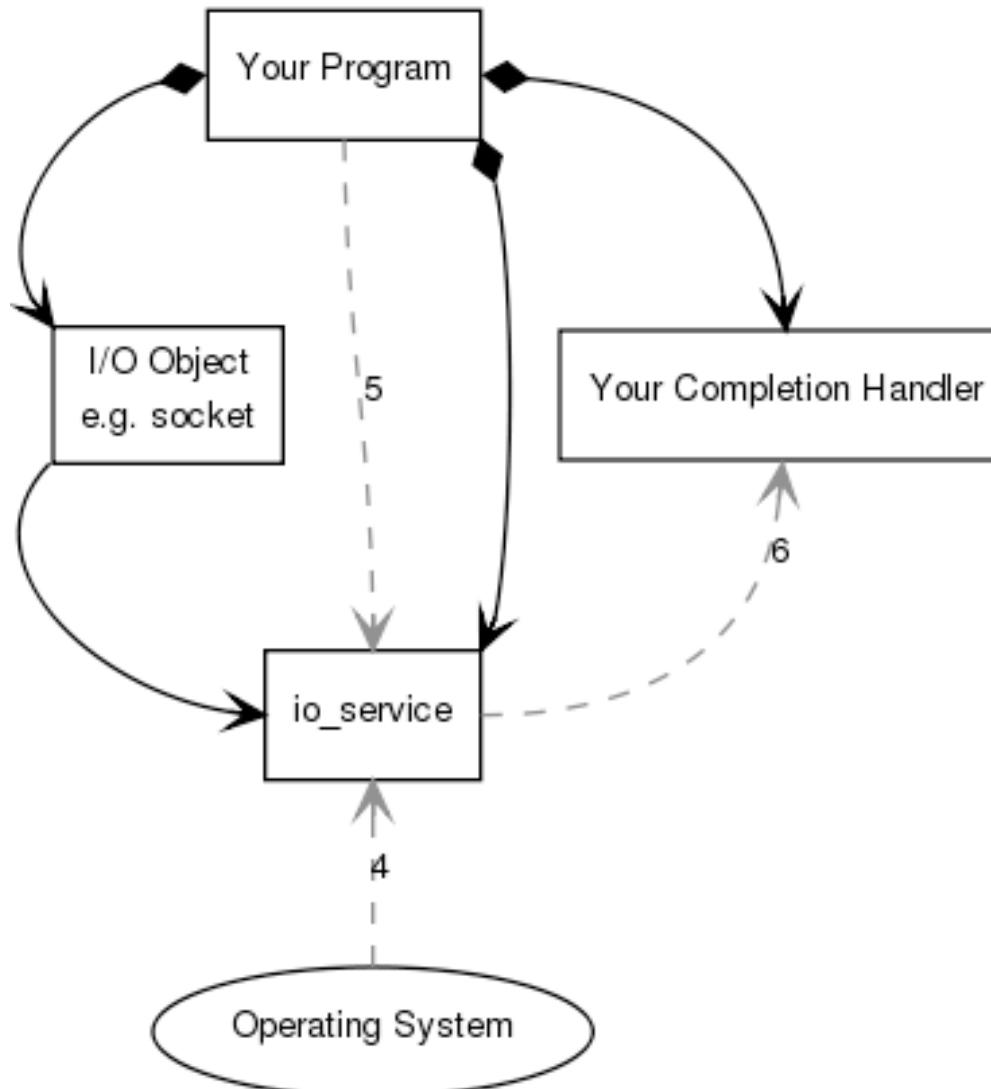
  

```
4. boost::asio::io_service io_service;
5. boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket socket(io_service);
6. socket.async_connect(endpoint, your_completion_handler);
```

```
7. io_service.run();
```

# boost::asio



# boost::asio

## std::bind или boost::bind

```
1. double my_divide(double x, double y) {
2.     return x / y;
3. }
4. int main()
5. {
6.     using namespace std::placeholders;
7.     auto fn_five = std::bind(my_divide, 10, 2);
8.     auto fn_half = std::bind(my_divide, _1, 2);
9.     auto fn_invert = std::bind(my_divide, _2, _1);
10.    auto fn_rounding = std::bind<int>(my_divide, _1, _2);
11. }
```

# boost::asio

## std::bind или boost::bind

```
1. double my_divide(double x, double y) {
2.     return x / y;
3. }
4. int main()
5. {
6.     using namespace std::placeholders;
7.     auto fn_five = std::bind(my_divide, 10, 2);
8.     auto fn_half = std::bind(my_divide, _1, 2);
9.     auto fn_invert = std::bind(my_divide, _2, _1);
10.    auto fn_rounding = std::bind<int>(my_divide, _1, _2);
11. }
```

# boost::asio

## std::bind или boost::bind

```
1. double my_divide(double x, double y) {
2.     return x / y;
3. }
4. int main()
5. {
6.     using namespace std::placeholders;
7.     auto fn_five = std::bind(my_divide, 10, 2);           // returns 10/2
8.     auto fn_half = std::bind(my_divide, _1, 2);          // returns x/2
9.     auto fn_invert = std::bind(my_divide, _2, _1);        // returns y/x
10.    auto fn_rounding = std::bind<int>(my_divide, _1, _2); // returns int(x/y)
11. }
```

# boost::asio

## TCP

```
1. boost::asio::ip::tcp::endpoint endpoint(boost::asio::ip::udp::v4("0.0.0.0"), 12345);
2. boost::asio::ip::tcp::acceptor acceptor(io_service, endpoint);
3. boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket socket(io_service);
4. acceptor.accept(socket);
```

# boost::asio

## UDP

```
1. boost::asio::ip::udp::endpoint endpoint(boost::asio::ip::udp::v4(), 12345);
2. boost::asio::ip::udp::socket socket(io\_service, endpoint);
```

# boost::asio

---

```
1 #include <cstdlib>
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <boost/bind.hpp>
4 #include <boost/asio.hpp>
5
6 using boost::asio::ip::tcp;
7
8 class session {
9 private:
10     tcp::socket socket_;
11     enum { max_length = 1024 };
12     char data_[max_length];
13 public:
14     session(boost::asio::io_service &io_service) : socket_(io_service) {}
15     tcp::socket &socket() { return socket_; }
16     void start() {
17         socket_.async_read_some(
18             boost::asio::buffer(data_, max_length),
19             boost::bind(&session::handle_read,
20                        this,
21                        boost::asio::placeholders::error,
22                        boost::asio::placeholders::bytes_transferred));
23     }
24 }
```

# boost::asio

```
26 void handle_read(const boost::system::error_code &error,
27                   size_t bytes_transferred) {
28     if (!error) {
29         boost::asio::async_write(socket_,
30                                 boost::asio::buffer(data_, bytes_transferred),
31                                 boost::bind(&session::handle_write,
32                                 this,
33                                 boost::asio::placeholders::error));
34     } else {
35         delete this;
36     }
37 }
38
39 void handle_write(const boost::system::error_code &error) {
40     if (!error) {
41         socket_.async_read_some(
42             boost::asio::buffer(data_, max_length),
43             boost::bind(&session::handle_read, this,
44                         boost::asio::placeholders::error,
45                         boost::asio::placeholders::bytes_transferred));
46     } else {
47         delete this;
48     }
49 }
```

# boost::asio

```
51  class server {
52  private:
53      boost::asio::io_service &io_service_;
54      tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
55  public:
56      server(boost::asio::io_service &io_service, short port):
57          io_service_(io_service),
58          acceptor_(io_service, tcp::endpoint(tcp::v4(), port)) {
59          session *new_session = new session(io_service_);
60          acceptor_.async_accept(new_session->socket(),
61              boost::bind(&server::handle_accept, this, new_session,
62              boost::asio::placeholders::error));
63      }
64
65      void handle_accept(session *new_session,
66                          const boost::system::error_code &error) {
67          if (!error) {
68              new_session->start();
69              new_session = new session(io_service_);
70              acceptor_.async_accept(new_session->socket(),
71                  boost::bind(&server::handle_accept, this,
72                  new_session,
73                  boost::asio::placeholders::error));
74          } else {
75              delete new_session;
76          }
77      }
78  };
```

# boost::asio

```
80 int main(int argc, char **argv) {
81     boost::asio::io_service io_service;
82     using namespace std;
83     server s(io_service, atoi(argv[1]));
84     io_service.run();
85     return 0;
86 }
```

# boost::asio

## DNS

```
1. boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket socket(io_service);
2. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver resolver(io_service);
3. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver::query query("www.boost.org", "http");
4. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver::iterator iter = resolver.resolve(query);
5. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver::iterator end; //end marker

6. while (iter != end) {
7.     boost::asio::ip::tcp::endpoint endpoint = *iter;
8.     ++iter;
9.     std::cout << endpoint << std::endl;
10. }
```

# boost::asio

## TCP-Клиент

```
1. boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket socket(io_service);
2. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver resolver(io_service);
3. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver::query query("www.boost.org", "http");
4. boost::asio::ip::tcp::resolver::iterator iter = resolver.resolve(query);
5. // Синхронно
6. boost::asio::connect(socket, iter);

7. // Асинхронно
8. boost::asio::async_connect(socket, iter,
9.     boost::bind(&client::handle_connect, this,
10.      boost::asio::placeholders::error));

11. void client::handle_connect(const error_code& error) {
12.     if (!error) {
13.         // ... start read or write operations
14.     } else {
15.         // ... handle error
16.     }
17. }
```

# boost::asio

## Поток

```
1. boost::asio::ip::tcp::iostream stream;  
2. stream.expires_from_now(boost::posix_time::seconds(60));  
3. stream.connect("www.boost.org", "http");  
4. stream << "GET /LICENSE_1_0.txt HTTP/1.0\r\n";  
5. stream << "Host: www.boost.org\r\n";  
6. stream << "Accept: */*\r\n";  
7. stream << "Connection: close\r\n\r\n";  
8. stream.flush();  
9. std::cout << stream.rdbuf();
```

# Документация

- **libevent** – <http://www.wangafu.net/~nickm/libevent-book/TOC.html>
- **libev** – <http://pod.tst.eu/http://cvs.schmorp.de/libev/ev.pod>
- **boost::asio** – [https://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1\\_74\\_0/doc/html/boost\\_asio.html](https://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_74_0/doc/html/boost_asio.html)
- [https://github.com/tarantool/tarantool/blob/master/third\\_party/libev/ev.h](https://github.com/tarantool/tarantool/blob/master/third_party/libev/ev.h)

