



Real-time vehicle scheduling of a FTL transportation system

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December 7th, 2020

Outline

1. Introduction
2. Problem description
3. Solution approaches
4. Expected results
5. Conclusion

Cement industry in Canada

- ▶ 13 million of tonnes of cement.
- ▶ 1.6 billion \$ of production. ^a
- ▶ Wide variety of products: cement, concrete (UNISOLANT, UNIGEL, UNIPLAN, AGRIMIX, UNIFLOW)



^a 2014

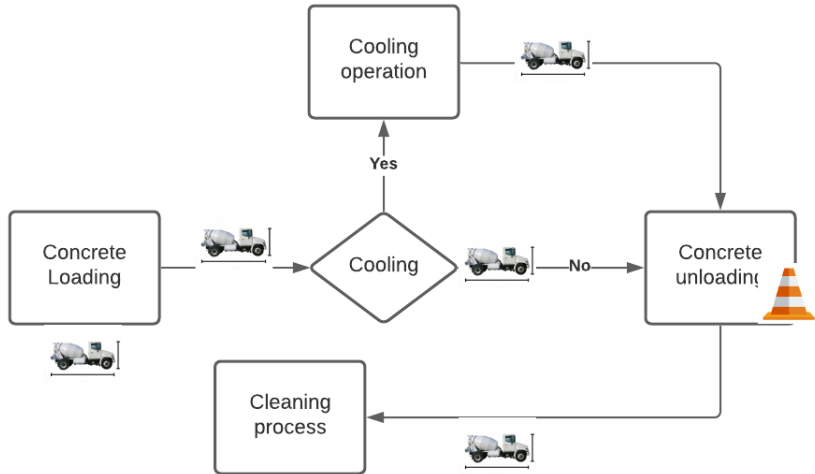
Issues for concrete deliveries



- ▶ Hundred thousands deliveries per year.
- ▶ Specialized workforce to drive the concrete-mixer.
- ▶ Highly dynamic, perishable and seasonal demand.
- ▶ Restrictions on deliverymen weekly work time.
- ▶ High operating costs.
- ▶ Weather dependent activities.



Flowchart



Problem description

Constraints (1)

- ▶ Loading operation
 - ▶ One vehicle at a time
 - ▶ Loading time dependent of the type of concrete
 - ▶ Additional cooling operation for some product.
- ▶ Transit time dependent of the road traffic.
- ▶ Delivery at due time (synchronization with other services at the customer location).
- ▶ Demand of a customer may be delivered at different periods in the same day per the customer requirements.
- ▶ Concrete must be delivered at most 3 hours after loading.
- ▶ Unload concrete-mixer one at a time.
- ▶ Deliverymen must work at least 40 hours weekly.
- ▶ Deliverymen may have additional constraints related to the maximal daily working time.

Problem description

Constraints (2)

- ▶ Concrete-mixer with different sizes.
- ▶ Demands are known two or three days before the delivery, therefore the planning of the deliverymen is highly dynamic

Objectives

- ▶ Minimize the fleet utilization.
- ▶ Plan deliveries of each day according to the available deliverymen and concrete-mixers.
- ▶ Plan the deliverymen weekly schedule.

Literature review

Relevant problems

- ▶ The single depot vehicle scheduling problem with length of path restrictions. [Raff, 1983]
- ▶ The single depot vehicle scheduling problem with multiple vehicle types. [Raff, 1983]
- ▶ The Tractor-trailer routing and scheduling with full load. [Raff, 1983]
- ▶ Real-time dispatching problem [Brown and Graves, 1981]
- ▶ Dynamic vehicle routing problem [Liao, 2004]

Simulation of the current system

- ▶ Model the current system
- ▶ Simulate the system with a discrete-event simulation software (SIMIO)

Mathematical formulation

- ▶ Propose a mathematical model for the problem
- ▶ Solve this model with small to medium instances.
- ▶ Compare the solution obtained with the current state of the system.
- ▶ Adjust the model if required.

Heuristic algorithm

- ▶ Design heuristic (metaheuristic) algorithm(s)
- ▶ Compare the solution obtained with the current state of the system.
- ▶ Adjust the algorithm(s) if required.
- ▶ Assess the algorithm(s) performance.

Expected results

Reduction of the concrete-mixers utilization

Objective: Reduce the number of yearly delivery trips.

Dynamic dispatching of the deliverymen

Objective: Implement a software to dispatch in real-time deliveries to workers.

Contribution to the OR literature

Objective: Develop quick and efficient algorithms for real-time vehicle scheduling problems.

Highlights

- ▶ Describe a complex problem arising in the concrete transportation
- ▶ Present some solution approaches.
- ▶ Present expected results
- ▶ This problem can be applied to other truck load transportation system such as transportation of vehicles from plants to dealers.

- G. G. Brown and G. W. Graves. Real-time dispatch of petroleum tank trucks. *Management Science*, 27(1):19–32, 1981.
- T.-Y. Liao. Tabu search algorithm for dynamic vehicle routing problems under real-time information. *Transportation Research Record*, 1882(1):140–149, 2004.
- S. Raff. Routing and scheduling of vehicles and crews: The state of the art. *Computers & Operations Research*, 10(2):63–211, 1983.