

SVM/SVR

⇒ SVM/SVR

⇒ Unsupervised ml algo

→ K-means

→ DBSCAN

→ Hierarchical

→ PCA

⇒ MLOPS + Projects

→ Citi

→ dB

→ End to end proj

→ File handling

→

→ API

→ NLP / Deep learning / Time series.

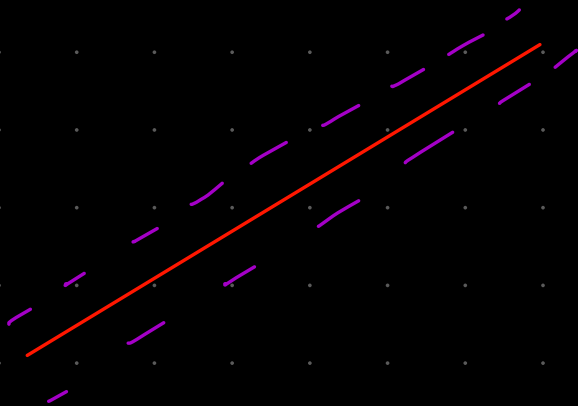
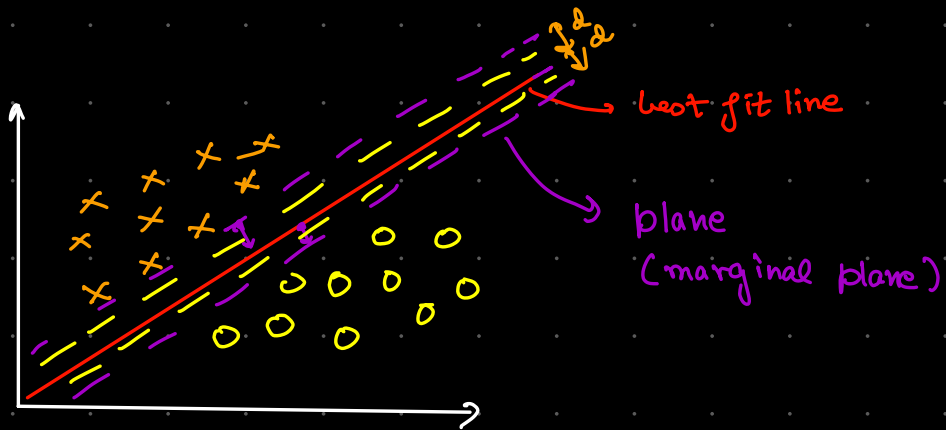
→ SQL

SVM & SVR algorithm

Useful for regression & classification algo.

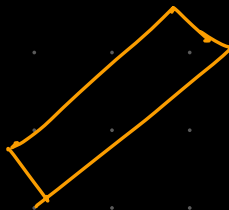
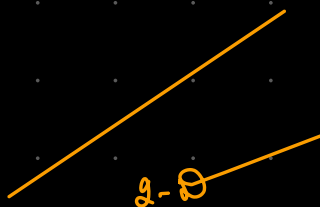
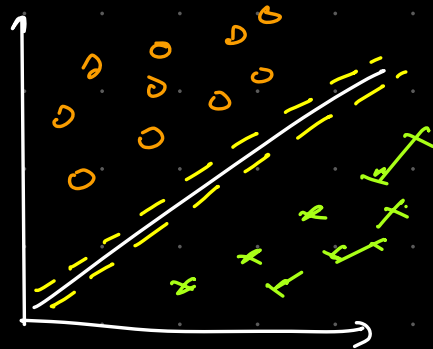
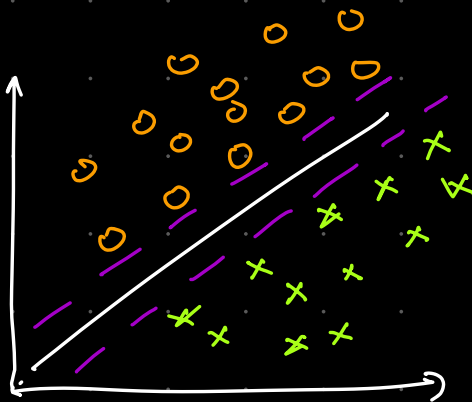
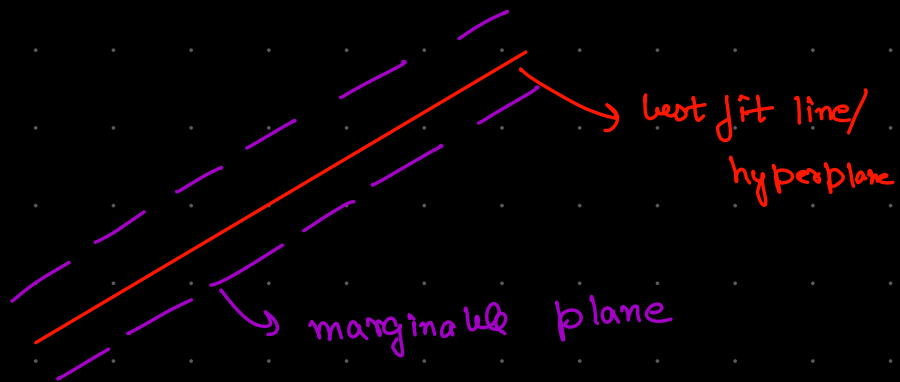
SVM \Rightarrow Support vector m/c

SVR \Rightarrow Support vector regression



\Rightarrow parallel to best fit line

\Rightarrow make it farthest away from our best fit line.

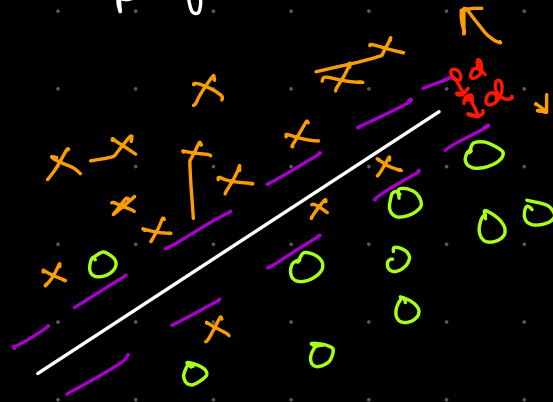


$$\theta_0 + \theta_1 x = y$$

$$\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2 = y$$

hard marginal plane \Rightarrow perfect

Soft marginal errors \rightarrow



$$y = mx + c$$

$$= \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2$$

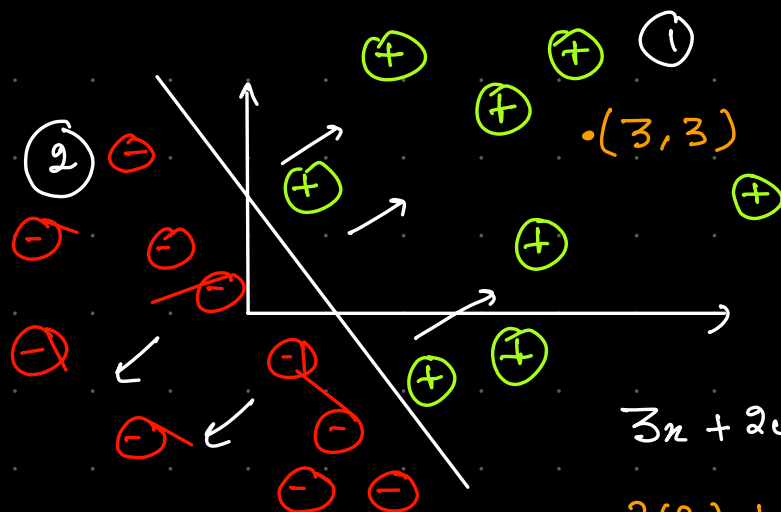
$$ax + by + c = 0$$

$$y = -\frac{a}{b}x - \frac{c}{b}$$

$$y = \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + \omega_3 x_3 + b$$

$$= \omega^T x + b \quad \approx m^T x + c$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

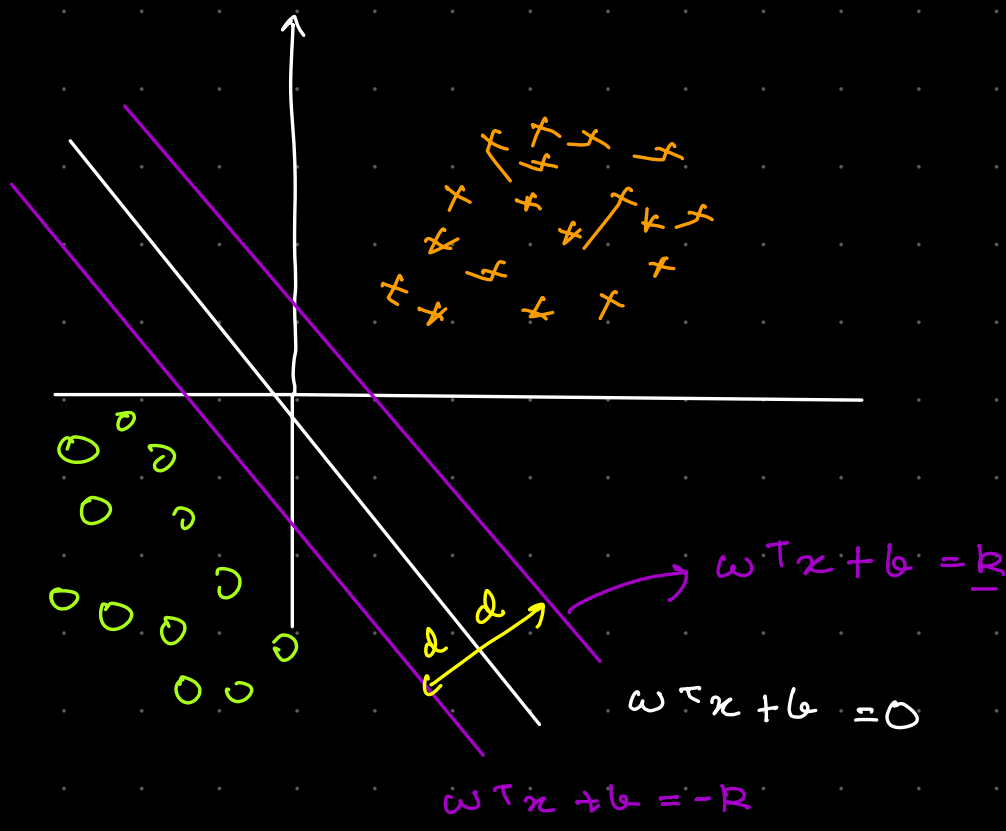


$$3x + 2y + 4 = 0$$

$$3(3) + 2(3) + 4 \quad (3, 3) \\ \Rightarrow +ve > 0$$

$$(-5, 0)$$

$$3(-5) + 2(0) + 4 \\ -11 < 0$$



$$\omega^T x + b = +1$$

$$\omega^T x + b = -1$$

$$\omega^T x_1 + b = 1$$

$$\omega^T x_2 + b = -1$$

$$\underline{\quad \quad \quad (+) \quad \quad \quad}$$

$$\omega^T (x_1 - x_2) = 2$$

$$\underline{\quad \quad \quad}$$

$\omega \Rightarrow$ coeff.

\Downarrow

magnitude
& vector

$$\frac{\omega^T}{\|\omega\|} (x_1 - x_2) = \left(\frac{2}{\|\omega\|} \right)$$

$$\arg \max_{(\omega, b)} = \boxed{\frac{2}{\|\omega\|}}$$

\Rightarrow overall

Maximize
 (ω, b)

$$\left(\frac{2}{\|\omega\|} \right)$$

\Rightarrow marginal plane

$$\frac{2}{\|\omega\|} \Rightarrow \text{maximize}$$

such that

$$y_i = \begin{cases} +1 & \omega^T x_i + b \geq 1 \\ -1 & \omega^T x_i + b \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

\Leftrightarrow
real output

Above is my constraint

For all the correctly labeled

$$y_i (\omega^T x_i + b) \geq 1$$

Our main aim :

$$\text{maximize}_{(\omega, b)} \frac{2}{\|\omega\|} \Leftrightarrow \text{Min}_{(\omega, b)} \frac{\|\omega\|}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\kappa} \Leftrightarrow \kappa$$

$$\max \quad \frac{2}{\kappa}$$

\updownarrow

min

$$\frac{\kappa}{2}$$

$$\kappa = 2 \quad 1$$

$$\kappa = 1 \quad 2$$

$$\kappa = 0.5 \quad 4$$

$$\kappa = 0.1 \quad 20$$

$$\kappa = 0.05 \quad 40$$

Soft margin \div

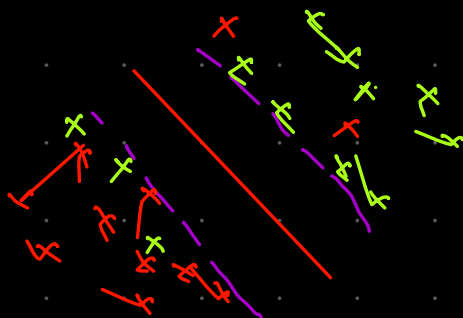
we will have some error.

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{(\underline{w}, \underline{b})} \quad \frac{|\underline{w}|}{2} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{1000/1000} \sum_{i=1}^I \xi_i}_{\text{classification error}}$$

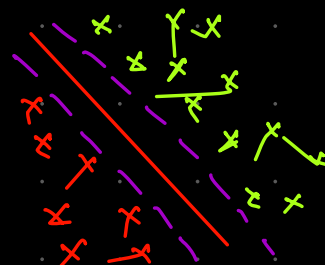
$\xi_i = 0$ for correctly classified

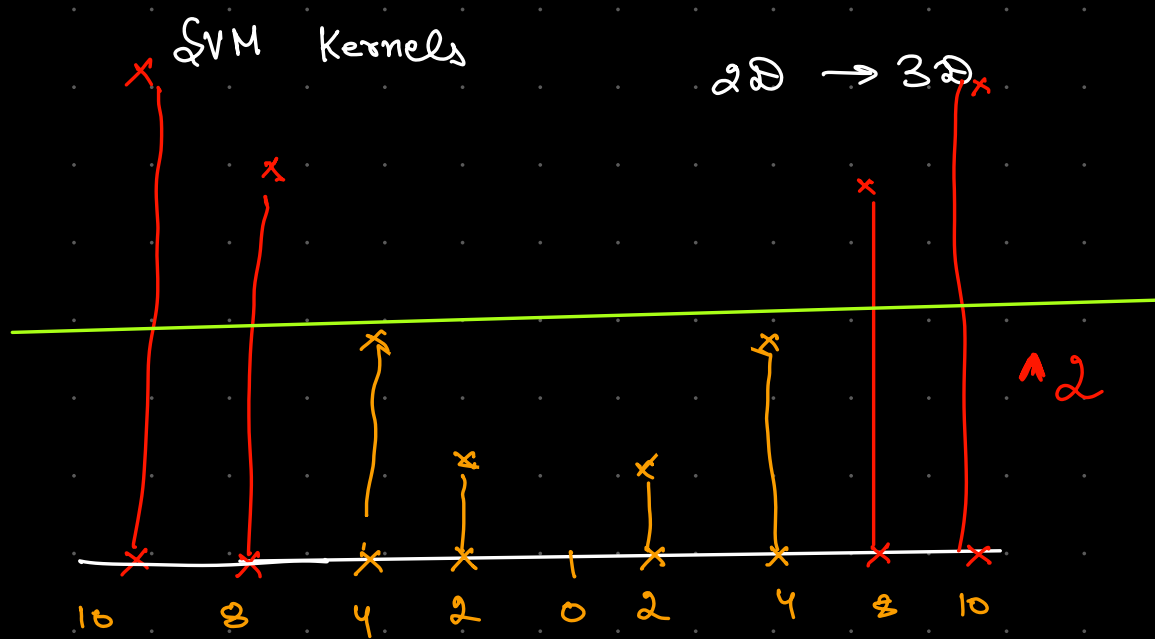
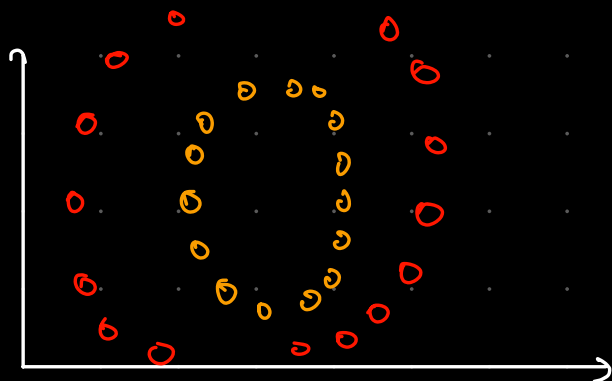
SVM \Rightarrow 2 things minimized

1. margin error

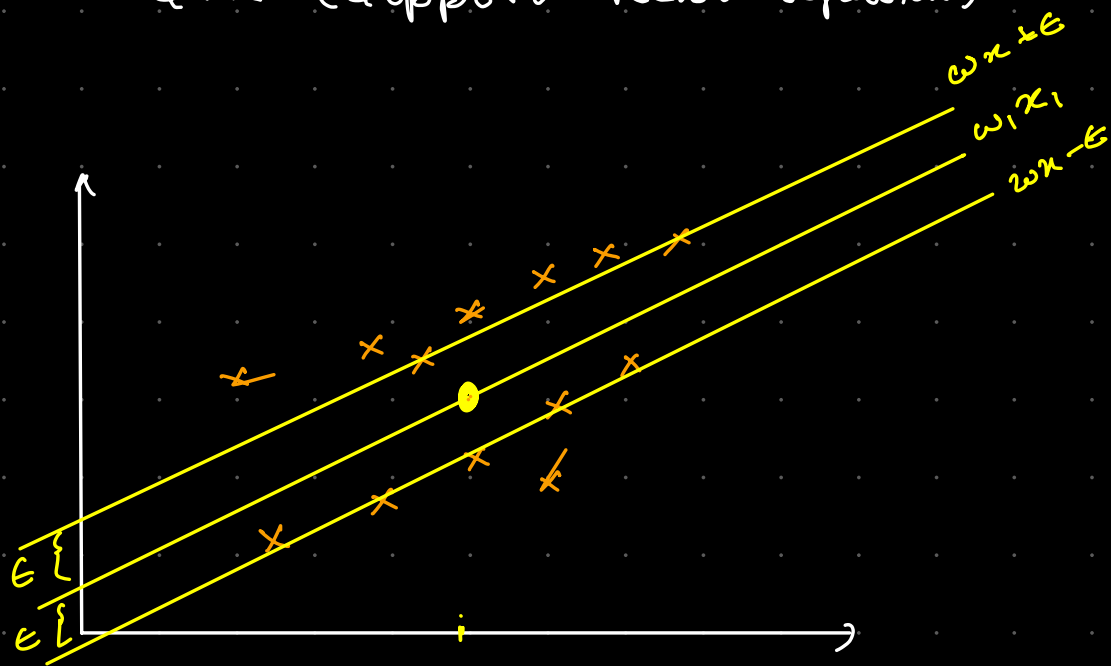


2. classification error





SVR (Support vector regression)



$$\min_{w, b} \frac{|w|}{2}$$

Constraint

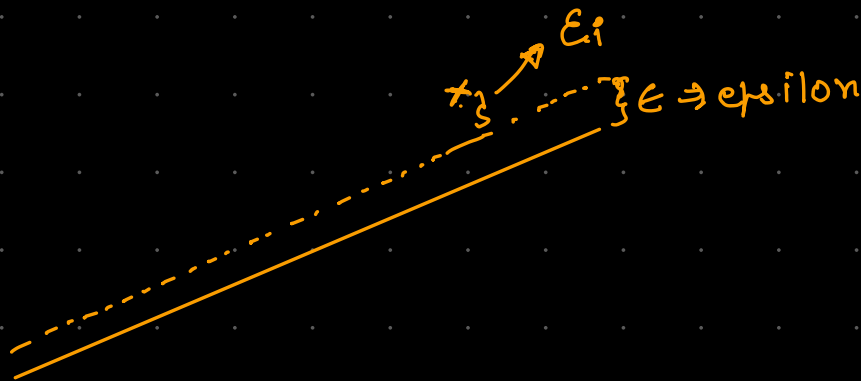
$$|y_i - w_i x_i| \leq \epsilon$$

\Downarrow \Downarrow
 actual pred

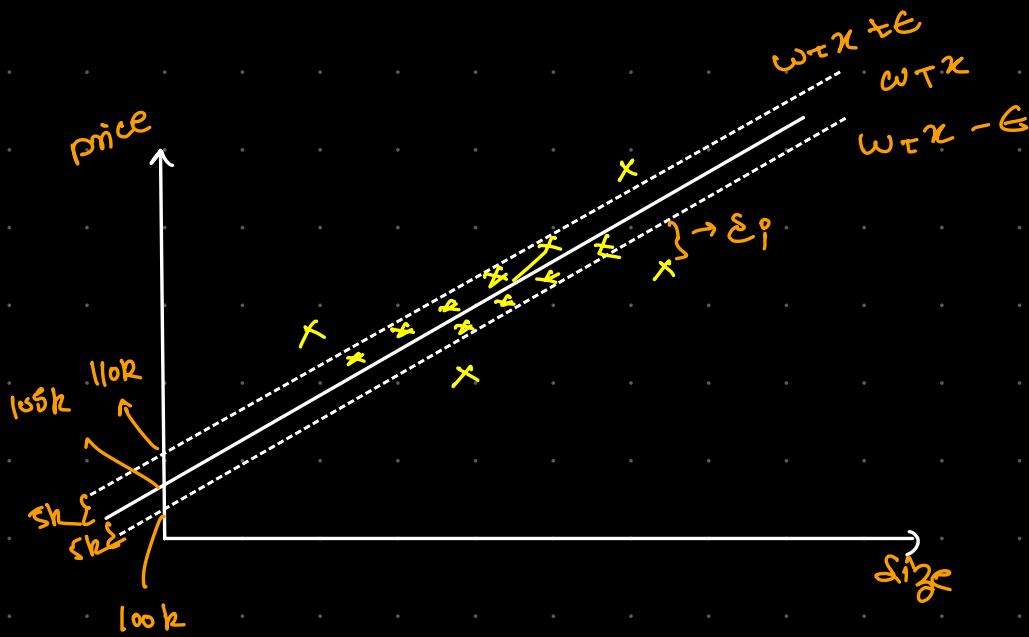
$w_i x_i + \epsilon$ & $w_i x_i - \epsilon$
 giving some range below & above

$+1 \quad -1$ SVD
 \in in SVR

$$y_i - \hat{y} \leq \epsilon$$



$$|y_i - w_i x_i| \leq \underline{\epsilon} + \underline{|\epsilon_i|}$$



$$\min \frac{|w|}{2} + C \sum \epsilon_i$$

$$(y - \hat{y}) \leq \epsilon + \epsilon_i$$

$$|y_i - \omega^T x_i| \leq \epsilon + |\epsilon_i|$$

\Downarrow
 \hat{y}_{pred}

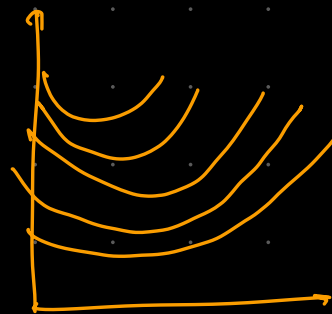
$$\min_{(w, b)} \underbrace{\frac{|w|}{2}}_{\text{margin loss}} + \underbrace{C_i \sum \epsilon_i}_{\text{Hinge loss}}$$

$$\text{[]} + \lambda (\quad)$$

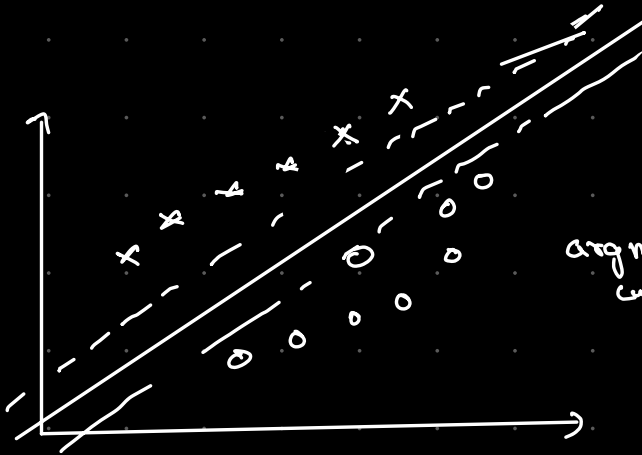
$$\lambda \propto \frac{1}{m}$$

$$C \propto \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$C \propto \frac{1}{\lambda} \propto m$$



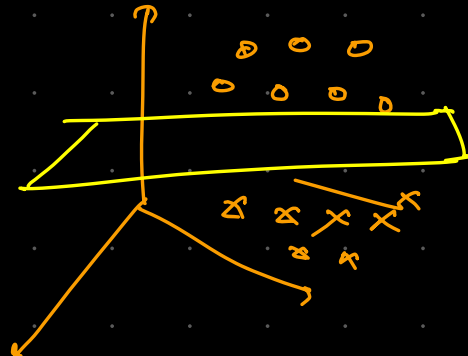
SVM - Kernels



$$\arg \min_{(\omega, b)} \frac{1}{2} \|\omega\|^2 + C \sum \xi_i$$



linear \Rightarrow line



$$x = \{x_1, x_2\}$$

$$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad y_i$$

$$\text{Polynomial Kernel} \\ = (\kappa^T \kappa + c)^d$$

$$d=2 \quad \begin{bmatrix} \kappa_1 \\ \kappa_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \kappa_1 & \kappa_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \kappa_1^2 & \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \\ \kappa_1 \kappa_2 & \kappa_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

3 unique terms.

RBF

$$\exp \left(- \frac{(\kappa - \kappa')^2}{2 \sigma^2} \right)$$