

Sharif University of Technology Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Lec. 2: **Automata-Based Programming: An Example**



M. Ansari Fall 2021

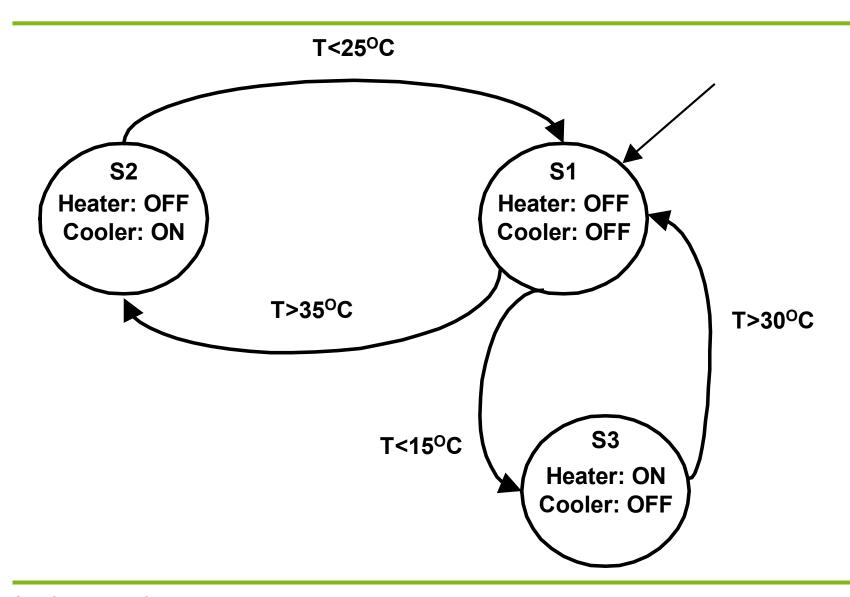
According to Dr. Ejlali's Lectures

Reactive Systems

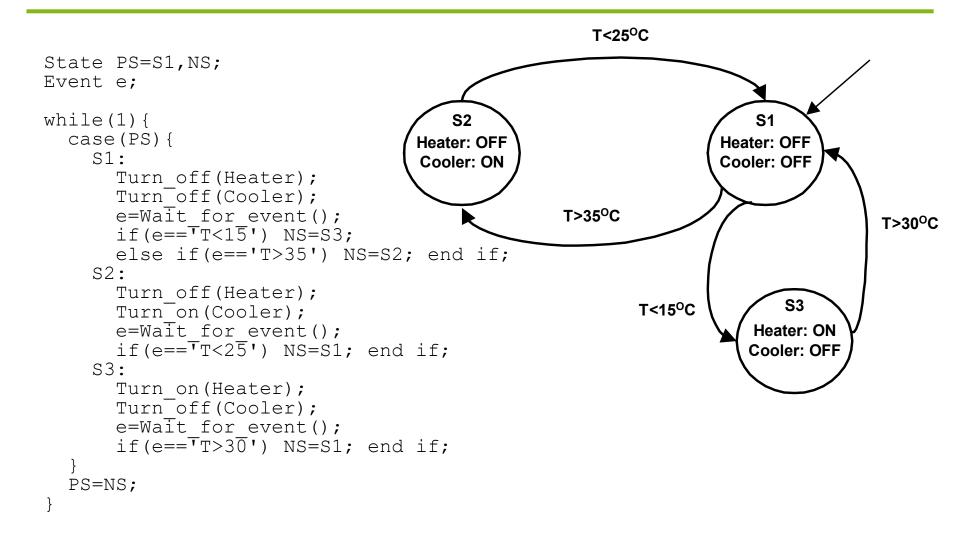
Typically ES are reactive systems.

"A reactive system is in continual interaction with its environment and executes at a pace determined by that environment."

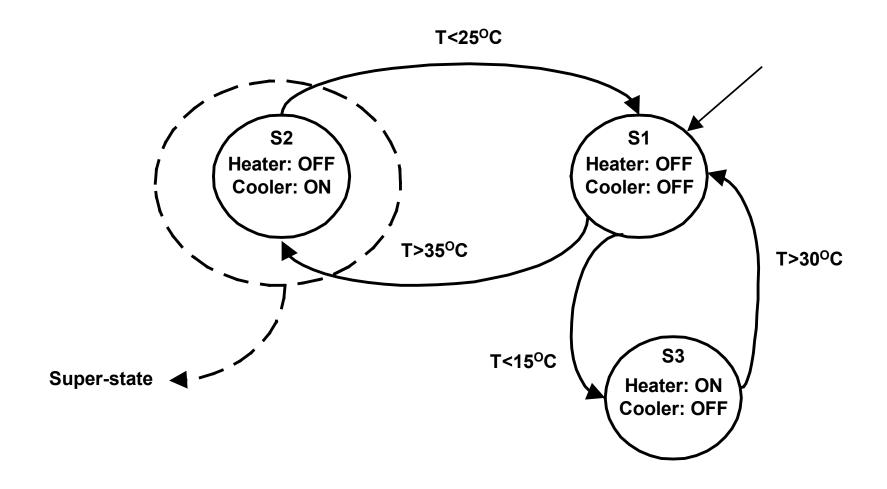
Example: Air Conditioning



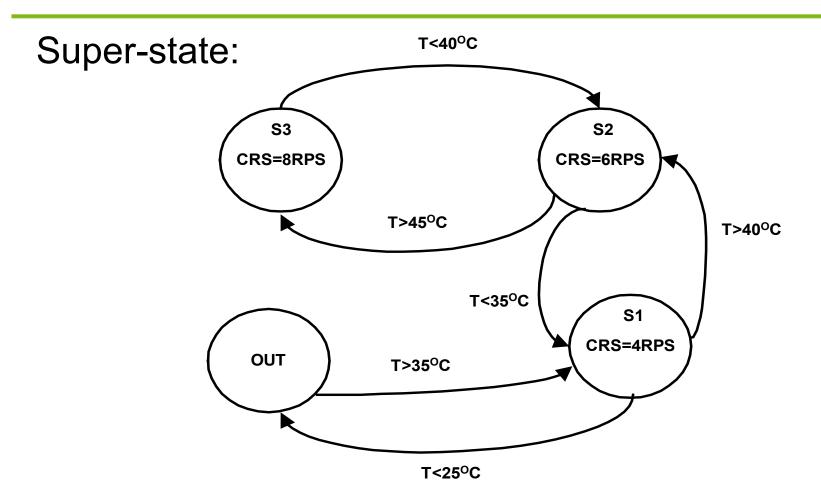
Example: Embedded Software



Example: Super-state



Example: Super-state (Cont.)



CRS: Cooler Rotational Speed

Example: Embedded Software

```
State PS=S1, NS;
State S2 PS, S2 NS;
Event e;
                                                                                 T<40°C
while (1) {
  case (PS) {
    S1: ...
    S2:
                                                                 S3
                                                                                                    S2
       Turn off (Heater);
       Turn on (Cooler);
                                                             CRS=8RPS
                                                                                                CRS=6RPS
       S2 P\overline{S}=S1;
       wh\overline{i}le(S2 PS != OUT) {
         case (S\overline{2} PS) {
            S1:
                                                                              T>45°C
                                                                                                                  T>40°C
              CRS (4);
              e=Wait for event();
              if (e==^TT<25') S2 NS=OUT;
              else if (e=='T>40^{\top}) S2 NS=S2; end if;
                                                                                      T<35°C
            S2:
                                                                                                       S1
              CRS (6);
              e=Wait for event();
                                                                                                   CRS=4RPS
              if (e==^TT<35') S2 NS=S1;
                                                               OUT
                                                                              T>35°C
              else if (e=='T>45^{\top}) S2 NS=S3; end if;
            s3:
              CRS (8);
              e=Wait for event();
              if (e==T<40') S2 NS=S2; end if;
         S2 PS=S2 NS;
                                                                                 T<25°C
       if (e=='T<25') NS=S1; end if;
    S3: ...
                                                                     CRS: Cooler Rotational Speed
  PS=NS;
```

Assignment

- Simulate the air conditioning example
 - Use software programming languages, e.g. C, C++, Java, MATLAB, etc.

Advantages of this paradigm

- Some of the advantages:
 - Suitable for reactive systems
 - Hierarchical (e.g. Super-states)
 - Human beings are not capable of comprehending systems with more than 3~5 objects.
 - Verification
 - Each automata is simple and easy to understand
 - Each automata has to comply with the superstate that it belongs to.
 - Automatic code generation

TrueTime Toolbox

- Matlab/Simulink-based simulator
- Co-simulation of embedded systems and electromechanical components.
- Supports
 - o DVS
 - Networking protocols (CAN, TTP)
 - Wireless networks (ZigBee)

Assignment

- Run the example 'Mobile Motes' of the TrueTime Reference Manual.
- Please write a report about this experiment.