

6:11 PM 2018-02-05

Week 4

Q40. Find last name and first name of those employees whose last names start with the letter k.

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
where LEFT(last_name,1) = 'k';
```

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
Where Last_name LIKE 'k%';
```

Q41. Find last name and first name of those employees whose last name's 3 characters are "ing".

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
where RIGHT(last_name,3) = 'ing';
```

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
Where last_name LIKE '%ing';
```

Q42. Find last name and first name of those employees whose second letter of their last name is the letter o.

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
Where SUBSTR(last_name,2,1) = 'o';
```

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
Where SUBSTRING(last_name,2,1) = 'o';
```

```
Select last_name, first_name
from employees
Where last_name LIKE '_o%';
```

OUTER JOINS

Q43. Display the names of employees that work for a department and those departments that do not have any employees assigned to.

```
mysql> Select e.last_name, d.department_name "Works for"
-> from employees e RIGHT OUTER JOIN departments d
->      ON e.department_id = d.department_id
-> order by e.last_name;
```

last_name	Works for
NULL	Contracting
Abel	Sales
Davies	Shipping
Ernst	IT
Fay	Marketing
Gietz	Accounting
Hartstein	Marketing
Higgins	Accounting
Hunold	IT
King	Executive
Kochhar	Executive
Lorentz	IT
Matos	Shipping
Mourgos	Shipping
Rajs	Shipping
Taylor	Sales
Vargas	Shipping
Whalen	Administration
Zlotkey	Sales

19 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Q44. Display the employees that work for a department a those employees that are not assigned to any department.

```
mysql> Select e.last_name, d.department_name "Works for"
-> from employees e LEFT OUTER JOIN departments d
->      ON e.department_id = d.department_id
-> Order by d.department_name;
```

last_name	Works for
Grant	NULL
Gietz	Accounting
Higgins	Accounting

Whalen	Administration
King	Executive
Kochhar	Executive
Ernst	IT
Hunold	IT
Lorentz	IT
Fay	Marketing
Hartstein	Marketing
Taylor	Sales
Abel	Sales
Zlotkey	Sales
Rajs	Shipping
Vargas	Shipping
Mourgos	Shipping
Matos	Shipping
Davies	Shipping

19 rows in set (0.00 sec)

NON Equi joins

Q45. Find the grade level corresponding to the salary of each employee.

Display last name, salary and grade level.

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name, e.salary Salary, jb.grade_level
"Grade"
-> from employees e, job_grades jb
-> where e.salary BETWEEN jb.lowest_sal AND jb.highest_sal
-> Order by 3;
```

Name	Salary	Grade
Matos	2600.00	A
Vargas	2500.00	A
Lorentz	4200.00	B
Davies	3100.00	B
Mourgos	5800.00	B
Rajs	3500.00	B
Whalen	4400.00	B
Taylor	8600.00	C
Hunold	9000.00	C
Gietz	8300.00	C
Grant	7000.00	C
Fay	6000.00	C
Ernst	6000.00	C

Hartstein	13000.00	D
Zlotkey	10500.00	D
Abel	11000.00	D
Higgins	12000.00	D
King	24000.00	E
Kochhar	17000.00	E

19 rows in set (0.05 sec)

Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name, e.salary Salary, jb.grade_level
"Grade"
      -> from employees e INNER JOIN  job_grades jb
      ->      ON  e.salary BETWEEN jb.lowest_sal AND jb.highest_sal
      -> Order by 3;
```

Name	Salary	Grade
Matos	2600.00	A
Vargas	2500.00	A
Lorentz	4200.00	B
Davies	3100.00	B
Mourgos	5800.00	B
Rajs	3500.00	B
Whalen	4400.00	B
Taylor	8600.00	C
Hunold	9000.00	C
Gietz	8300.00	C
Grant	7000.00	C
Fay	6000.00	C
Ernst	6000.00	C
Hartstein	13000.00	D
Zlotkey	10500.00	D
Abel	11000.00	D
Higgins	12000.00	D
King	24000.00	E
Kochhar	17000.00	E

19 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Q46. Display employee name, department name and city where the department name is located.

```
mysql> desc employees;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Employee_id	decimal(6,0)	NO	PRI	NULL	
First_Name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Last_Name	varchar(25)	NO		NULL	
Email	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Phone_Number	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Hire_Date	date	NO		NULL	
Job_Id	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
Salary	decimal(8,2)	YES		NULL	
Commission_Pct	decimal(2,2)	YES		NULL	
Manager_Id	decimal(6,0)	YES		NULL	
Department_Id	decimal(4,0)	YES		NULL	

11 rows in set (0.02 sec)

mysql> desc departments;

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Department_Id	decimal(4,0)	NO	PRI	NULL	
Department_Name	varchar(30)	NO		NULL	
Manager_Id	decimal(6,0)	YES		NULL	
Location_Id	decimal(4,0)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc locations;

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Location_Id	decimal(4,0)	NO	PRI	NULL	
Street_Address	varchar(40)	YES		NULL	
Postal_Code	varchar(12)	YES		NULL	
City	varchar(30)	NO		NULL	
State_Province	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	
Country_Id	char(2)	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.02 sec)

mysql> Select e.employee_id ID, d.department_name Department, l.city
City

```

-> from employees e JOIN departments d
->     ON e.department_id = d.department_id
->     JOIN Locations l
->     ON d.location_id = l.location_id
-> Order by 3;
```

ID	Department	City
176	Sales	Oxford
174	Sales	Oxford
149	Sales	Oxford
200	Administration	Seattle
101	Executive	Seattle
206	Accounting	Seattle
100	Executive	Seattle
205	Accounting	Seattle
143	Shipping	South San Francisco
142	Shipping	South San Francisco
141	Shipping	South San Francisco
124	Shipping	South San Francisco
144	Shipping	South San Francisco
107	IT	Southlake
104	IT	Southlake
103	IT	Southlake
202	Marketing	Toronto
201	Marketing	Toronto

18 rows in set (0.02 sec)

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select e.employee_id ID, d.department_name Department, l.city
City
-> From employees e, departments d, locations l
-> Where e.department_id = d.department_id AND d.location_id =
l.location_id;
```

ID	Department	City
103	IT	Southlake
104	IT	Southlake
107	IT	Southlake
124	Shipping	South San Francisco
141	Shipping	South San Francisco
142	Shipping	South San Francisco
143	Shipping	South San Francisco
144	Shipping	South San Francisco
100	Executive	Seattle
101	Executive	Seattle
200	Administration	Seattle
205	Accounting	Seattle
206	Accounting	Seattle
201	Marketing	Toronto
202	Marketing	Toronto

149	Sales	Oxford
174	Sales	Oxford
176	Sales	Oxford

18 rows in set (0.00 sec)

~~~Q47. Display the name(s) of employees that work in Seattle.

Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name
-> from employees e JOIN departments d
->     ON e.department_id = d.department_id
->     JOIN Locations l
->     ON d.location_id = l.location_id
-> where l.city = 'Seattle'
-> Order by 1;
```

| Name    |
|---------|
| Gietz   |
| Higgins |
| King    |
| Kochhar |
| Whalen  |

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name
-> from employees e, departments d, Locations l
-> Where e.department_id = d.department_id AND
->       d.location_id = l.location_id
->     AND l.city = 'Seattle';
```

| Name    |
|---------|
| Gietz   |
| Higgins |
| King    |
| Kochhar |
| Whalen  |

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Q47a. How many employees work in Seattle?

## Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select count(e.last_name) "Number of Employees"
-> from employees e, departments d, Locations l
-> Where e.department_id = d.department_id AND
->       d.location_id = l.location_id
->     AND l.city = 'Seattle';
```

```
+-----+
| Name |
+-----+
|    5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

## Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select count(e.last_name) "Number of Employees"
-> from employees e JOIN departments d
->       ON e.department_id = d.department_id
->     JOIN Locations l
->       ON d.location_id = l.location_id
-> where l.city = 'Seattle';
```

```
+-----+
| Number of Employees |
+-----+
|                    5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q48. Display the country name where Matos works.

```
mysql> desc employees;
```

| Field          | Type         | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|----------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Employee_id    | decimal(6,0) | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| First_Name     | varchar(20)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Last_Name      | varchar(25)  | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Email          | varchar(20)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Phone_Number   | varchar(20)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Hire_Date      | date         | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Job_Id         | varchar(10)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Salary         | decimal(8,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Commission_Pct | decimal(2,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |



|               |              |     |  |      |  |
|---------------|--------------|-----|--|------|--|
| Manager_Id    | decimal(6,0) | YES |  | NULL |  |
| Department_Id | decimal(4,0) | YES |  | NULL |  |

<-----

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

11 rows in set (0.02 sec)

mysql> desc departments;

| Field           | Type         | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Department_Id   | decimal(4,0) | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Department_Name | varchar(30)  | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Manager_Id      | decimal(6,0) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Location_Id     | decimal(4,0) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

4 rows in set (0.03 sec)

mysql> desc locations;

| Field          | Type         | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|----------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Location_Id    | decimal(4,0) | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Street_Address | varchar(40)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Postal_Code    | varchar(12)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| City           | varchar(30)  | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| State_Province | varchar(25)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Country_Id     | char(2)      | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

6 rows in set (0.03 sec)

mysql> desc countries;

| Field        | Type         | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|--------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Country_Id   | char(2)      | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Country_Name | varchar(40)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Region_Id    | decimal(2,0) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

3 rows in set (0.03 sec)

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select c.country_name "Country"
-> from employees e, Departments d, Locations l, Countries c
-> Where e.department_id = d.department_id AND
->       d.location_id = l.location_id AND
->       l.country_id = c.country_id AND
->       e.last_name = 'Matos';
```

+-----+

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| Country |  |
|---------|--|

```

+-----+
| United States of America |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)

```

Syntax 1999

```

mysql> Select c.country_name "Country"
      -> from employees e JOIN Departments d
      ->      ON e.department_id = d.department_id
      ->      JOIN Locations l
      ->      ON d.location_id = l.location_id
      ->      JOIN Countries c
      ->      ON l.country_id = c.country_id
      -> Where e.last_name = 'Matos';

```

```

+-----+
| Country |
+-----+
| United States of America |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)

```

-- -- Note -- -- -- -- --  
If

n tables to join  
n-1 conditions

-- -- -- -- --

~~~~Q49. Display the names of employees working in Canada

Standard Syntax

```

mysql> Select e.last_name Name
      -> From employees e, departments d, locations l, countries c
      -> Where e.department_id = d.department_id
      ->      AND d.location_id = l.location_id
      ->      AND l.country_id = c.country_id
      ->      AND l.country_name = 'Canada';

```

```

+-----+
| Name |
+-----+
| Hartstein |
| Fay |
+-----+

```

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name
-> From employees e JOIN departments d
->     ON e.department_id = d.department_id
->     JOIN locations l
->     ON d.location_id = l.location_id
->     JOIN countries c
->     AND l.country_id = c.country_id
->     AND c.country_name = 'Canada';
```

```
+-----+
| Name   |
+-----+
| Hartstein |
| Fay    |
+-----+
```

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Q50. How many employees work in each country?

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select c.country_name Country, count(e.last_name) "Number of
Employees"
-> From employees e, Departments d, locations l, countries c
-> Where e.department_id = d.department_id AND
->       d.location_id = l.location_id AND
->       l.country_id = c.country_id
-> Group by c.country_name;
```

```
+-----+-----+
| Country                | Number of Employees |
+-----+-----+
| Canada                 | 2 |
| United Kingdom         | 3 |
| United States of America | 13 |
+-----+-----+
```

3 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select c.country_name Country, count(e.last_name) "Number of
Employees"
-> From employees e INNER JOIN Departments d
->     ON e.department_id = d.department_id
-> JOIN locations l
```

```

-> ON d.location_id = l.location_id
-> JOIN countries c
-> ON l.country_id = c.country_id
-> Group by c.country_name;

```

| Country | Number of Employees |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Canada | 2 |
| United Kingdom | 3 |
| United States of America | 13 |

3 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Q51. Find the employees who had previous jobs in the company.
Display last Name, job title(s), starting date and ending date.

```

mysql>
mysql> desc job_history;

```

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|---------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Employee_Id | decimal(6,0) | NO | | NULL | |
| Start_Date | date | NO | | NULL | |
| End_Date | date | NO | | NULL | |
| Job_Id | varchar(10) | NO | | NULL | |
| Department_Id | decimal(4,0) | YES | | NULL | |

5 rows in set (0.06 sec)

```

mysql> desc employees;

```

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|----------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Employee_id | decimal(6,0) | NO | PRI | NULL | |
| First_Name | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| Last_Name | varchar(25) | NO | | NULL | |
| Email | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| Phone_Number | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| Hire_Date | date | NO | | NULL | |
| Job_Id | varchar(10) | YES | | NULL | |
| Salary | decimal(8,2) | YES | | NULL | |
| Commission_Pct | decimal(2,2) | YES | | NULL | |
| Manager_Id | decimal(6,0) | YES | | NULL | |
| Department_Id | decimal(4,0) | YES | | NULL | |

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

mysql> desc jobs;

```

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|------------|--------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Job_Id | varchar(10) | NO | | NULL | |
| Job_Title | varchar(35) | NO | | NULL | |
| Min_Salary | decimal(6,0) | YES | | NULL | |
| Max_Salary | decimal(6,0) | YES | | NULL | |

4 rows in set (0.03 sec)

Standard Syntax

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name, j.job_title Title, jh.start_date
"Start Date", jh.end_date "End Date"
-> from employees e, job_history jh, jobs j
-> Where e.employee_id = jh.employee_id AND jh.job_id = j.job_id;
```

| Name | Title | Start Date | End Date |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| Whalen | Administration Assistant | 1987-09-17 | 1993-06-17 |
| Kochhar | Accounting Manager | 1993-10-28 | 1997-03-15 |
| Whalen | Public Accountant | 1994-07-01 | 1998-12-31 |
| Kochhar | Public Accountant | 1989-09-21 | 1993-10-27 |
| Taylor | Sales Manager | 1999-01-01 | 1999-12-31 |
| Taylor | Sales Representative | 1998-03-24 | 1998-12-31 |
| Hartstein | Marketing Representative | 1996-02-17 | 1999-12-19 |

7 rows in set (0.03 sec)

Syntax 1999

```
mysql> Select e.last_name Name, j.job_title Title, jh.start_date
"Start Date", jh.end_date "End Date"
-> from employees e JOIN job_history jh
->     ON e.employee_id = jh.employee_id
-> JOIN jobs j
->     ON jh.job_id = j.job_id;
```

| Name | Title | Start Date | End Date |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| Whalen | Administration Assistant | 1987-09-17 | 1993-06-17 |
| Kochhar | Accounting Manager | 1993-10-28 | 1997-03-15 |
| Whalen | Public Accountant | 1994-07-01 | 1998-12-31 |
| Kochhar | Public Accountant | 1989-09-21 | 1993-10-27 |
| Taylor | Sales Manager | 1999-01-01 | 1999-12-31 |
| Taylor | Sales Representative | 1998-03-24 | 1998-12-31 |
| Hartstein | Marketing Representative | 1996-02-17 | 1999-12-19 |

7 rows in set (0.03 sec)

mysql> exit;

----- End of file
