Hassan Khosravi's Booklet

Alireza Arzehgar

<alirezaarzehgar82@gmail.com>
 Islamic Azad University, Mashhad

May 11, 2024

Copyright 2024 Alireza Arzehgar.

Contents

Preface											v																						
1	Limi	it																															1
2	Deri	vative																															3
	2.1	Defini	ti	on	l																												3
	2.2	Comm	no	n	fo	rr	nu	la	S																								3
		2.2.1	1	L .																													3
		2.2.2	2	<u>)</u>																													4
		2.2.3	3	3																													4
		2.2.4	4	Į.																													4
		2.2.5	5	5																													5
		2.2.6	6	ó																													5
		2.2.7	7	7																													5
		2.2.8	1	6																													6
		2.2.9	1	7																													6
		2.2.10	1	8																													6
		2.2.11	1	9																													6
	2.3	Trigon	10	m	et	ric	: d	er	iv	at	tiv	<i>i</i> e:	s																				6
		2.3.1		21																													6
		2.3.2	2	22																													6
		2.3.3	2	23																													6
		2.3.4	2	24																													7
		2.3.5	2	25																													7
		2.3.6		26																													7
	2.4	Inverse				on	or	ne	etr	ic	d	lei	riv	/a	tiv	ve																	7
		2.4.1		31	_								_										_										7
		2.4.2		32									Ī		·	Ī					•				Ī								7
		2.4.3		33	•	•		· •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•		. •	•	•	•	•					7
		2.4.4		34	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		7
		2.1.1		35	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7

iv	CONTENTS
1 V	CONTENTO

3	Inte	gral	11
	2.6	Derivative Cheat Sheet	
		2.5.1 45	
	2.5	2.4.6 36	8

Preface

I decided to fair copy my hand written general mathematics booklet using LATEX. This book is completely Open Source. You can contribute to this book and help to improve it. For additional information visist this repository. My main goal for writing this book is learning LATEX and create collaborative platform to write and improve technical documents on Azad University.

Chapter 1

Limit

Chapter 2

Derivative

2.1 Definition

Derivative limit definition:

$$\frac{df}{dx} = f'(x)$$

$$f'(x_0) = \lim_{x \to x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

Proof of the Derivative of Constant: $\frac{df}{dx}(c)$

$$f(x) = c$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{c - c}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} 0 = 0$$

2.2 Common formulas

2.2.1 1

$$(y=c) \to y'=0$$

Example:

$$(\sqrt{2})' = (\frac{3}{2})' = (\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{10})' = 0$$

Note: $(\sin \infty)'$ does not exists.¹

2.2.2 2

$$(ax^n)' = a(x^n)' = anx^{n-1}$$

Note: The n coefficient have no effect on derivative. Examples:

$$(3x^{7})' = 21x^{6}$$

$$(2x^{-9})' = -18x^{-10}$$

$$(x^{2}\sqrt[7]{x^{3}})' = (x^{2}x^{\frac{3}{7}})' = (x^{\frac{17}{7}})' = \frac{17}{7}x^{\frac{10}{7}}$$

2.2.3 3

$$(u \pm v)' = u' \pm v'$$

Example:

$$(z+1)' = (z)' + (1)' = 1 + 0 = 1$$

2.2.4 4

$$(uv)' = u'v + uv'$$

Example:

$$(x\sin_u x)' = u'v + uv' = \begin{cases} u' = 1\\ v' = \cos x \end{cases}$$

¹https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/635135/infinite-derivatives-of-a-trigonometric-function

2.2.5 5

$$(au^n)' = a(u^n)' = anu^{n-1}u'$$

Example:

$$(3(x^2 - x^{-2} + \sqrt{3})^{10})' = anu^{n-1}u' = 3(u^9u') \rightarrow u' = 2x + 2x^{-3} + 0$$

Example for derivation with radical:

$$(3\sqrt[7]{(x^{-3} + \frac{1}{x})^2})' = anu^{n-1}u'$$

$$= 3((x^{-3} + \frac{1}{x})^2)^{\frac{2}{7}} \to$$

$$u' = x^{-3} \times \frac{1}{x} = \underbrace{x^{-3}}_{w_1} \times \underbrace{x^{-1}}_{w_2}$$

$$= w'_1 w_2 + w_1 w'_2 = \begin{cases} w'_1 = -3x^{-4} \\ w'_2 = -x^{-2} \end{cases}$$

2.2.6 6

$$(\frac{u}{v})' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2} \to (\frac{1}{x})' = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$

Example:

$$(\overbrace{\frac{1-2x^{-7}}{2x^3-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}}}^{u})' = \frac{u'v-uv'}{v^2} \to \begin{cases} u'=0+14x^{-8}=14x^{-8}\\ v'=6x^2-0=6x^2 \end{cases}$$

2.2.7 7

$$(\sqrt{u})' = \frac{u'}{2\sqrt{u}} \to (\sqrt{x})' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

Example:

$$(\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x + x^{-4}}{u}})' = \frac{u'}{2\sqrt{u}}$$
$$u' = 2z - 1 - 4x^{-5}$$

2.2.8 16

$$(\ln u)' = \frac{u'}{u} \to (\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}$$

2.2.9 17

$$(a^u)' \xrightarrow{a>0} u'a^u \ln a \to (a^x)' = a^x \ln a$$

2.2.10 18

$$(e^{u})' = u'e^{u} \ln e = u'e^{u} \rightarrow (e^{ax+b})' = ae^{ax+b}$$

2.2.11 19

$$(u^{v})' \xrightarrow{u>0} u^{v}(v' \ln u + \frac{u'v}{u}) \to (x^{x})' = (1 + \ln x)$$

2.3 Trigonometric derivatives

2.3.1 21

$$(\sin u)' = u' \cos u \longrightarrow (\sin(ax + b))' = a \cos(ax + b) \longrightarrow (\sin x)' = \cos x$$

Example:

$$(\sin(\ln x))' = (\sin u)' = u'\cos u \to u' = \frac{1}{x}$$

2.3.2 22

$$(\cos u)' = -u'\sin u \longrightarrow (\cos(ax+b))' = -a\sin(ax+b) \longrightarrow (\cos x)' = -\sin x$$
$$(\cos^n x) = (\cos x)^n$$

Example:

$$((\cos x)^3)' = (u^3)' = 3u^2u' \rightarrow u' = -\sin x$$

2.3.3 23

$$(\tan u)' = u'(1 + \tan^2 u) = u' \sec^2 u \rightarrow (\tan x)' = 1 + \tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$$

2.3.4 24

$$(\cot u)' = -u'(1 + \cot^2 u) = -u'\csc^2 u \to (\cot x)' = -(1 + \cot^2 x) = -\csc^2 x$$

2.3.5 25

$$(\sec u)' = u' \cdot \sec u \cdot \tan u \rightarrow (\sec x)' = x' \sec x \cdot \tan x$$

Example:

$$(\sec(\csc x))' = (\sec u)' = u' \sec u \tan u \rightarrow u' = -\cot x \csc x$$

2.3.6 26

$$(cscu)' = -u' \cdot csc u \cdot cot u \rightarrow (csc x)' = -cot x \cdot csc x$$

2.4 Inverse trigonometric derivative

2.4.1 31

$$(\sin^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} \to (\sin^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$(\cos^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} \to (\cos^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$(\tan^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{1 + u^2} \to (\tan^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{1 + x^2}$$

$$(\cot^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2} \to (\cot^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$$

$$(\sec^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{u\sqrt{u^2 - 1}} \to (\sec^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

2.4.6 36

$$(\csc^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{u\sqrt{u^2 - 1}} \to (\csc^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

2.5 Hyperbolic derivative

2.5.1 45

 $(\sinh u)' = u' \cosh u \rightarrow (\sinh(ax+b))' = a \cosh(ax+b) \rightarrow (\sinh x)' = \cosh x$

2.5.2 46

 $(\cosh u)' = u' \sinh u \rightarrow (\cosh(ax+b))' = a \sinh(ax+b) \rightarrow (\cosh x)' = \sinh x$

2.6 Derivative Cheat Sheet

$$(y = c) \longrightarrow y' = 0$$

$$(ax^{n})' = a(x^{n})' = anx^{n-1}$$

$$(u \pm v)' = u' \pm v'$$

$$(uv)' = u'v + uv'$$

$$(au^{n})' = a(u^{n})' = anu^{n-1}u'$$

$$(\frac{u}{v})' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^{2}} \longrightarrow (\frac{1}{x})' = \frac{-1}{x^{2}}$$

$$(\sqrt{u})' = \frac{u'}{2\sqrt{u}} \longrightarrow (\sqrt{x})' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(\ln u)' = \frac{u'}{u} \longrightarrow (\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$(a^{u})' \stackrel{a>0}{\longrightarrow} u'a^{u} \ln a \longrightarrow (a^{x})' = a^{x} \ln a$$

$$(e^{u})' = u'e^{u} \ln e = u'e^{u} \longrightarrow (e^{ax+b})' = ae^{ax+b}$$

$$(u^{v})' \stackrel{u>0}{\longrightarrow} u^{v}(v' \ln u + \frac{u'v}{u}) \longrightarrow (x^{x})' = (1 + \ln x)$$

$$(\sin u)' = u'\cos u \longrightarrow (\sin(ax+b))' = a\cos(ax+b) \longrightarrow (\sin x)' = \cos x$$

$$(\tan u)' = u'(1+\tan^2 u) = u'\sec^2 u \longrightarrow (\tan x)' = 1+\tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$$

$$(\cot u)' = -u'(1+\cot^2 u) = -u'\csc^2 u \longrightarrow (\cot x)' = -(1+\cot^2 x) = -\csc^2 x$$

$$(\sec u)' = u'\sec u \tan u \longrightarrow (\sec x)' = x'\sec x \tan x$$

$$(\csc u)' = -u'. \csc u. \cot u \longrightarrow (\csc x)' = -\cot x. \csc x$$

$$(\sin^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} \longrightarrow (\sin^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$(\cos^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} \longrightarrow (\cos^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$(\tan^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{1 + u^2} \longrightarrow (\tan^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{1 + x^2}$$

$$(\cot^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{1 + u^2} \longrightarrow (\cot^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{1 + x^2}$$

$$(\sec^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{u\sqrt{u^2 - 1}} \longrightarrow (\sec^{-1} x)' = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$(\csc^{-1} u)' = \frac{-u'}{u\sqrt{u^2 - 1}} \longrightarrow (\csc^{-1} x)' = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$(\sinh u)' = u' \cosh u \longrightarrow (\sinh(ax + b))' = a \cosh(ax + b) \longrightarrow (\sinh x)' = \cosh x$$

 $(\cosh u)' = u' \sinh u \longrightarrow (\cosh(ax + b))' = a \sinh(ax + b) \longrightarrow (\cosh x)' = \sinh x$

Chapter 3 Integral