tt = c'un i est, w [u(n,t)=Z (an Count + bn Singent) Sin nt 2 $a_n = \frac{2}{e} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x_1 s) \sin \frac{\pi x}{e} dx, \quad b_n = \frac{2}{m l} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} k(x_1 s) \sin \frac{\pi x}{e} dx, \quad l(x_1 s) = k(x_1)$ $|| (u|_{1}t|=|u|_{U_{1}t}t|=)$ $|| (u|_{1}t|=|u|_{U_{1}t}t|=)$ Unit = $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n s_n n \pi n C_n n \pi c t = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=$ $a_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_{S}^{l} h(a) \sin n x = \frac{2}{l} \int_{S}^{2l} (-) \sin n x + \int_{S}^{t} (-) \sin n x + \int_{S}^{t} (-) \sin n x = \frac{2}{l} \int_{S}^{t} (-) \sin n x + \int_{S}^{t} (-) \sin n x = \frac{2}{l} \int_{S}^{t} (-$

ht= chan $\begin{cases} u_{1}x_{1} = hu_{1} \\ u_{1}x_{1} = hu_{1} \\ u_{t} = ku_{1} \end{cases}$ hlaitl=Wlaitl+V(a) Po=w(0,t)+V(0) (ulo, t/= Po P1= w(1, t | + V(1) alliti=Pi Mult1=? Wortl=wllit1=0 The strange of the st

مى سربه مع مر سال با تاله مرى لاند عمر. i florities - le troisis de si ity vir alignisic , V(0)=Po (ve) · (), is V(R) = P, و ما توم و معارد انوراس دام :

John de monder of the fort. W(nit)= \(\langle (An Cos Mat + Bn Sin Mat) Swings no · Colminit Va do ulait = w(xit) + V(2) $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x^2} = 0 \\ V(x) = \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} + P_0 \end{cases}$ $V(x) = \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} + P_0$: Soli-dulnit) 21) uintl= 5 pn Cyunt + Bn Suprat) Sunt x + Pi-Poxx+Po · Sods/2/2/2 Bn , An Custon on $u(x, 0) = h(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n S_{mn} x + \frac{p_1 - p_2}{2} x + p_3 \Longrightarrow$

$$\begin{cases}
h(\alpha) - \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n S_{n} n \pi \alpha
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
f(\alpha) = \frac{2}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \left[h(\alpha) - \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} \alpha - P_0\right] S_{n} n \pi \alpha d\alpha
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
f(\alpha) = \frac{2}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \left[h(\alpha) - \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} \alpha - P_0\right] S_{n} n \pi \alpha d\alpha
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$$\begin{cases}
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$$\begin{cases}
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$$\begin{cases}
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$$\begin{cases}
f(\alpha) = \frac{2}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \left[h(\alpha) - \frac{P_1 - P_0}{2} \alpha - P_0\right] S_{n} n \pi \alpha d\alpha$$

$$\begin{cases}
f(\alpha)$$

سررس ناس : $u_{tt} = c^2 u_{nn} + hon)$; < < < lمان برانه و مراهان ما و مرابطه a(int)=A, all,t)=B u(n,0)= f(n) $w(x) = w(x) + \varphi(x)$ $w(x) + \varphi(x)$ w(x) +1/2 (21 = g(2) u(n1t1=? $W_{tt} = C'(W_{ax} + \varphi(x)) + h(x) = C'W_{ax} + C'(x) + h(x)$ $\begin{cases} W(0,t) + Q(0) = A \\ W(1,t) + Q(1) = B \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} C^{2}Q'(x) + h(x) = 0 \\ (x) + h(x) = 0 \end{cases}$ $W(x,0) + \varphi(x) = f(x)$ $W_{t}(x,0) + \varphi(x) = g(x)$ 2, Wolf / Lywil , Iwgo wid The www wo

 $\begin{cases} Wtt = CW_{\alpha}n \\ W(o,t) = W(l,t) = 0 \\ W(x,o) = f(x) - (P(x)) \\ W_{t}(x,o) = g(x) - (P(x)) \end{cases}$

 $u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx} + sin x$; $o(x) \sqrt{y_2}$ $u(t) = u(-\frac{\pi}{2}, t)$ $u(x, y) = u_{t}(x, y) = 0$

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· whom industry.

 $(C^{7}(x) + Smx = 0)$ $(C^{7}(x) + Smx = 0)$ $(C^{7}(x) + Smx = 0)$ $\implies \varphi(\chi) = \frac{1}{C} \sin \chi - \frac{2}{\pi C^2} \chi$: (x, 6/) Unit1=W(n,t)+ Q(x) Wtt = c2 Wxx $Wlo7t1=W(\frac{\pi}{2},t)=0$ W(200) = flan-4/2 = - 1, Sax + - 2 Wt (21,0) = gen) - ((1n) = -/2 sin x + - 2

: 1/1/2 (m) 1/1/winder

ero liw du Er Ossob

u10, t1= u12, t1=0 u(n101=hc2) W(nit) = fluight/ Su = fluggiti

Unn - finget

ما رد اننال طورت الديس كا طول در د المناد از مهل فرر ا $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}$ س معند ل نول ا درما نفال اسرای را نظاری بین ۵ = ۱ مورا (600) bis wis 0; U/0 Sis is on or $f(x) = \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{f(x)}{c^2g(t)} = k$ flugget) flaget1

Quels vision of Just by a right of with the of = il /sel unit | efulget| = 0 : I vy vu C de 1 k20 11 * $\lambda l = n \alpha \rightarrow \lambda = \frac{n \pi}{0}$ (C) => f(x) = A Sin /2 + B Cos /2 Mo, E1=0== \$\flogget1=0 => B=0 \Rightarrow A Sin $\lambda l = 0$, A $\neq 0$ \Rightarrow Sin $\lambda l = 0$ U/l,t1=0 = \$(l)glt1=0 en injunt of of in into me $= \int f(x) = A \sin n\pi x$

0

(2) $\lambda_n \iff g'(t) + \lambda_n^2 g(t) = 0$ $\lambda_n = cn\pi$ $\implies g(t) = B_n e$ "| Crit |= f, (r) g, (t) = An B, Sinny 2 e - 12t) $u(u_1t)=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}u(u_1t)=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}b_n\sin nu$ $u\in \mathbb{R}^n$ · Mice In March - sil by cris delicit! u(n,0) = h(n) = \(\sigma \) bn Sm n \(\text{m} \) 1 = 2 [Park now 1 - 2] bn = 2 fl R(x18mnn x d2

2u = c?2q ot 022

 $U(0,t)=T_{o}$

ull,tl=T1

u(n,01=hin)

ulxit1=?

سرر اندل وارت با على كدر درسر درامل مرى عزناها.

 $u(nt) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n s_n n_{\overline{x}} 2 e + \frac{T_1 - T_0}{Q} \alpha + T_0$

Missing of lies indown Ciles in a

 $b_{n} = \frac{2}{l} \int_{0}^{l} \left[h(x) - \frac{\tau_{i} - \tau_{o}}{l} x - \tau_{o} \right] \sin nt \tau_{i} dx$

 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial a^2}$ $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial a^2}$ $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial a^2}$ $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial a^2}$ $\frac{f'(\alpha)}{f(\alpha)} = \frac{g(t)}{f(\alpha)} = -\lambda^{2}$ $\frac{f'(\alpha)}{f(\alpha)} = \frac{g(t)}{f(\alpha)} = -\lambda^{2}$ $\frac{f'(\alpha)}{f(\alpha)} = \frac{g(t)}{f(\alpha)} = -\lambda^{2}$ $\frac{g(t)}{f(\alpha)} = -\lambda^{$

 $u(n_1t_1\lambda) = f(n)g(t) = (A(\lambda)G\lambda n + B(\lambda)S\lambda n) = c^2/2t$ -125, Owight in A state of the sold Mart) = Salaighn+Balaisin Xx/e da }: emile ippiniquele disis Mogne = 1900 1 de l'all l'al l'all l 4(ngo) = h(x) him = JAINIGAN+BCWSWANJOLA

wed were the perior in hald somethis (x) alx) and with a simple of the solution of the solutio $A(\lambda) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x) C_{\lambda} \lambda x dx$, $B(\lambda) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x) Sin \lambda x dx$ U 950 " Pot $|u(x_1t)| = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\infty} \hat{h}(x) \left\{ \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{-c'\lambda't}{cos\lambda(x-s)d\lambda} \right\} ds$ Diling of view of the light of the one of th . 1 26 mi 65, 100 mil) 5 pis pisole.

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x^2} \cdot u_t = c^2 u_{xx}$$

$$\frac{\partial u(x_{10})}{\partial t} = k(x)$$

where
$$u = c^2 \left[\frac{\partial a}{\partial z^2} - 2 \frac{\partial a}{\partial w \partial z} + \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial w \partial z} \right]$$
 is the second in the se

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$$\{x, l\} = x + ct$$

$$\{w = x - ct\}$$

$$u = \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = u + u$$

$$u_{t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial w} \cdot \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = c u_{t} - c u_{w}$$

$$u = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial w} \right) = \dots = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial w \partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial w \partial x}$$

 $C^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}-2\mathcal{U}_{2}+\mathcal{U}_{2}\right)=C^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{2}+\mathcal{U}_{2}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $W_{2}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{2}+\mathcal{U}_{2}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $W_{2}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{2}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $W_{2}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{22}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $\mathcal{U}_{200}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{22}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $\mathcal{U}_{200}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{22}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ $\mathcal{U}_{200}^{2}\left(\mathcal{U}_{22}+2\mathcal{U}_{22}\right)\Longrightarrow 2\mathcal{U}_{200}=0$ u(z,w)= J((u)dw+V(z) > \$(w) = \$6[w|dw 10 of mile : all the - sile of u(z,w)= \$(w) + 2(2) 0, vég - m/ve/i elet voje h. u(n,t)= \$(x+ct)+ 2(x-ct) Ø(1=? " vo (0)=?

$$u(x,0) = h(x) \implies h(x) = \varphi(x) + \psi(x)$$

$$u(x,0) = k(x) \implies u(x,0) = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial w} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = c\varphi(w) - c\psi(t)$$

$$u(x,0) = k(x) \implies c(x) = c \left[\varphi(x) - \psi(x)\right] \implies c(x)$$

$$v(x,0) = k(x) = c \left[\varphi(x) - \psi(x)\right] \implies c(x)$$

$$v(x) + \psi(x) = h(x)$$

$$v(x) + \psi(x) = h(x)$$

$$v(x) - \psi(x) = \int_{2}^{2} k(x)$$

$$v(x) = \int_{2}^{2} h(x) + \int_{2}^{2} h($$