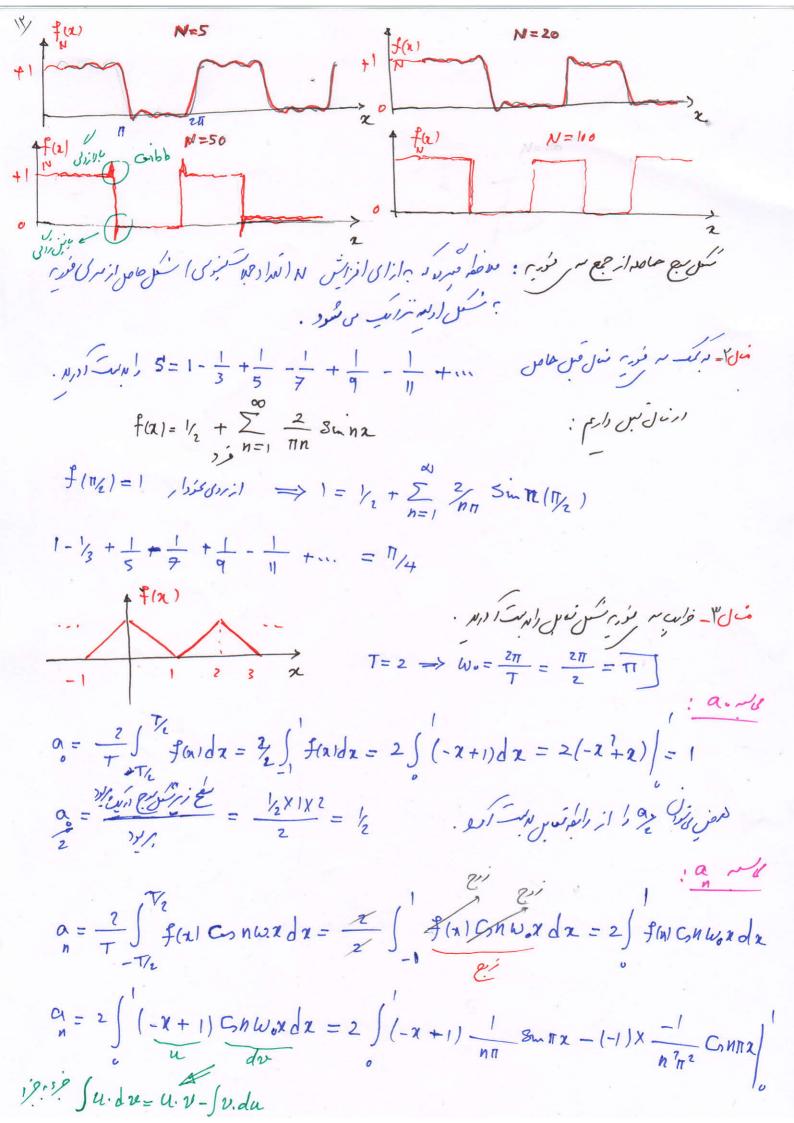
$\int_{-T/L}^{T/2} f(x) dx = \int_{-T/L}^{T/2} \int_{-T/L}^$ T/2 T/2; m = n  $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$   $T/2 \Rightarrow \int f(n)Gmw_{i}x dx = a_{n}(T/2) \Rightarrow a_{n} = 2/2 \int f(n)C_{5}nw_{i}x dx$  $b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T_n}^{T_2} f(x) \sin nw. x \, dx$ 

ماله فراس مرافره کوندی  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \langle x \langle \pi \rangle \\ 7, & \langle x \rangle \\ 7,$  $a_{0} = \frac{2}{7} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{11} \int_{-T/2}^{T} o \times dx + \frac{1}{11} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(x) dx = 1$  $\alpha = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{1/2} f(x) C_{n} w. x dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{0} 0 \times C_{n} w. x dx + \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 \times C_{n} w. x dx$  $\alpha_{n} = 0 + \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin n \omega_{n} \chi = 0$  $b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/L}^{T/L} f(x) \sin n \omega \cdot x \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} o x \sin n \omega \cdot x \, dx + \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 x \sin n \omega \cdot x \, dx$  $b_{n} = \frac{-1}{\pi n} \left[ \cos n \left[ x \right] \right]^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{-1}{\pi n} \left[ \cos n \left[ \overline{n} - 1 \right] \right] = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi n} & \text{in } n > 0 \end{cases}$ نه بران در ۱۱ و در در ما می داد:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi n} \sin n$  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left( \frac{\sin 3x}{1} + \frac{\sin 5x}{5} + \frac{1}{1} \right)$ 

ترم ۱ معدر مری فری در انقطم بیونش یه ۲ (۱۸) فهرا در نقطم فامیونشلی ۵۰ مرا

ندم ۲- معداد جن ندار ندامع نرس د کون ازی کا علیانی در دری با ندا کا از (۱) عور از (۱) عور از ایم کا در در ا  $f(n) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{nn} \sin nx$ 



$$\Rightarrow a_{n} = 2 \left[ \frac{-1}{n^{2}n^{2}} + \frac{1}{n^{2}n^{2}} \right] = \frac{2}{n^{2}n^{2}} \left( 1 - C \cdot s \cdot n \pi \right)$$

$$a_{n} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{n^{4}n^{2}} & n > 0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$b_{n} = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T_{k}}^{T_{k}} \int_{0}^{t} \int_{0}^{t}$$

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \cdots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$T = 2\pi \implies \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{7} = 1$$

$$Q_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} \chi^2 d\chi = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \chi^2 d\chi = \frac{8\pi^2}{3}$$

$$a_{n} = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(n) G n \omega x dx = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{T} \chi^{2} C s n \omega x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \chi^{2} C s n \omega x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left[ \frac{1}{n^2} \left( \frac{-\sin x}{n} \right) - 2x \left( \frac{-\sin x}{n^2} \right) + 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{n^3} \right) \right]^{2n} = \frac{4}{n^2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(x) \sin w x dx = \frac{1}{T} \int_{0}^{T} x^2 \sin n w \cdot x dx$$

$$=\frac{1}{H}\left(\eta^{2}/-\frac{C_{N}x}{n}\right)-2x\left(\frac{-S_{m}nx}{n^{3}}\right)+2\left(\frac{C_{N}x}{n^{3}}\right)\bigg|_{0}^{2\pi}=\frac{-4\pi}{n}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{4}{n^2} C_{5n} x - \frac{4\pi}{n} S_{mn} x \right)$$

 $\frac{|\dot{\omega}|}{2} = \frac{f(\bar{\sigma}) + f(\bar{\sigma})}{2} = \frac{\sigma + 4\pi^{2}}{2} = 4\pi^{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{n^{2}} C_{5} n_{0} - \frac{4\pi}{n^{2}} S_{mino}\right)$ where (n = 0) is (n = 0) is (n = 0) is (n = 0) in (n =

$$=) 2\pi^{2} = 4\pi^{2} + \frac{5}{h^{2}} + \frac{7}{h^{2}} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{6}$$

$$| + \frac{1}{2}|^{2} + \frac{1}{4^{2}} + \cdots = \frac{\pi^{2}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

مل 4 فاس مرا فریم کر مونزی کمید کرد ، نام مع المراستاكمولا . fal= sinx , o<x<17 - TI 0 11 21 2 · Nob = · visi jej evije \*  $a = \frac{2}{7} \int f(u) C \int u dv dv = \frac{2}{20} \int \frac{20}{4} \int \frac{20}{4}$  $\alpha = \frac{2}{\pi} \int \sin x \cdot \cos x \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int \sin (x + nx) \, dx + \sin (x - nx) \, dx$  $\alpha_{n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ -\frac{\cos(n+1)\pi}{n+1} + \frac{\cos(n-1)\pi}{n-1} \right\} \left[ \frac{1}{\sigma} = \frac{1}{\pi} \right\} \frac{1 - \cos(n+1)\pi}{n+1} + \frac{\cos(n-1)\pi - 1}{n-1} \right\}$  $\alpha = \frac{-2(1+Csn\pi)}{\Pi^{*}(n^{2}-1)} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n \neq 1 \\ \frac{-4}{\Pi(n^{2}-1)}, & \text{ein} \end{cases}$   $n \neq 1$   $n \Rightarrow 1$  n $n=1 \Rightarrow q = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-T/L}^{T/L} f(x) \cos x \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-T/L}^{T} \sin x \cos x \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-T/L}^{T/L} \sin x \, dx = 0$ n = 0  $\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin d\alpha = \frac{2}{\pi} \left( -\cos \alpha \right) \int_{0}^{\pi} = \frac{4}{\pi}$ co 15,19.  $f(x) = \frac{2}{n} - \frac{2}{n} = \frac{Conx}{(n^2 - 1)}$ 

منال ٧- سرى فريم سير نفع رام مع ا درلا.  $\omega_{\bullet} = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$  $a_{n} = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} \frac{f(n) G_{n} w. \chi dz = 0}{\int_{-T/2}^{T/2} \frac{f(n) G_{n} w. \chi dz}{\int_{-T/2}^{T/2} \frac{f(n) G_{n$  $b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(n) Sunw.xdx = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-2}^{2} \frac{f(n) Sw.xdx}{f(n) Shw.xdx}$  $b_n = \int a \sin n\pi x dx = \dots = \frac{-4}{n\pi} Cosn\pi = \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi}$ عدد و دراس هر تم مر مر ال اور عام محود. i dien lie sije - Nois g(x) = f(x+0.5)] : ( " in  $\omega_{0} = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$  , T = 2 $\alpha_{n} = \frac{24}{\Pi} \int (1-x) C_{n} n w_{n} x dx = m = \frac{-2}{n^{2} \pi^{2}} \left( C_{n} n \pi_{-1} \right) = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n^{2} \pi^{2}} & \text{sign} \\ 0 & \text{spin} \end{cases}$  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{n^2 \pi^2} \frac{4}{\ln n^2 \pi^2} C_{10} n \pi x$  $f(x) = g(x-0.5) = 1/2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} C_5 n \pi (x-1/2) =$ 

$$f(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{4}{n^{n}\pi^{2}} \operatorname{Conff} \operatorname{Conff} \operatorname{Conff} \operatorname{x} + \frac{4}{n^{2}\pi^{2}} \operatorname{Suinff} \operatorname{Suinff} \operatorname{Suinff} \right) - \lambda \operatorname{diab}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \operatorname{diab} \operatorname{diab$$

۳- تعاد ماریم دنی ها در مربود محدد ماند.

۲- میر بربود مطلقاً انسرل بربود ملائد بربود ب