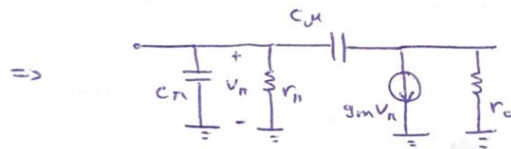
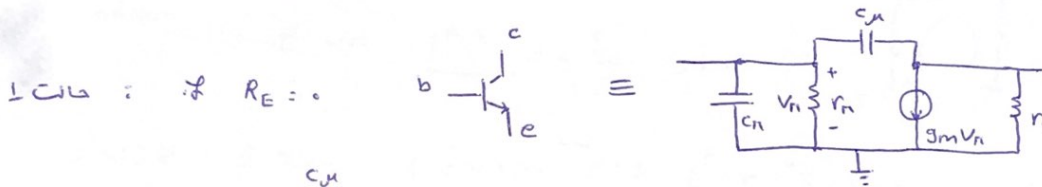


#  $\begin{cases} R_E = 0 & (1) \\ R_E = 100 & (2) \\ R_E = 4K & (3) \end{cases}$



$$I_c = I_{ES} e^{\frac{V_{dc}}{V_T}} \cdot \left[ I_0(x) + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} I_n(x) \cos n\omega t \right]$$

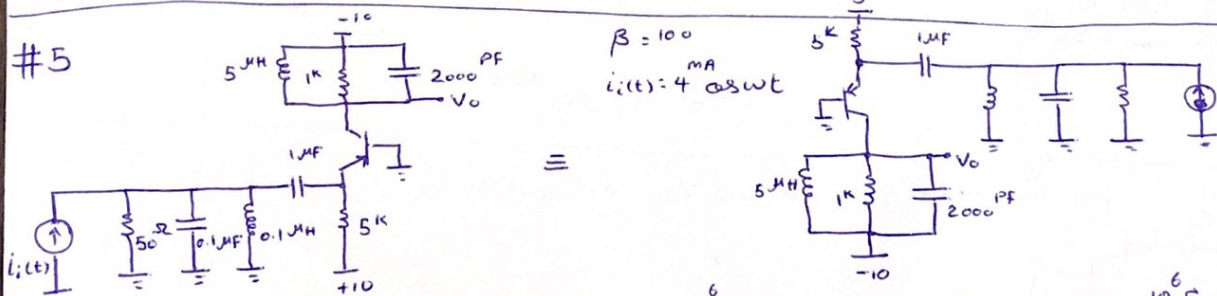
$$V_{dc} = V_T \ln \frac{I_{c2}}{I_{ES} I_0(x)} = V_T \ln \frac{I_{c2}}{I_{ES}} - V_T \ln I_0(x) \rightarrow V_{be} = V_{dc}$$

با توجه به معادله  $V_{be}$  و  $R_E$  می توان  $I_c$  را بدست آورد

اگر  $R_E = 100$  :  $V_{dc} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{R_E} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{100} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{100 (I_{ES} I_0(x))}$

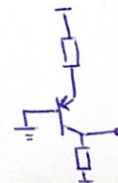
اگر  $R_E = 4000$  :  $V_{dc} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{R_E} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{4000} = V_T \ln \frac{V_{B-E}}{4000 (I_{ES} I_0(x))}$

#5

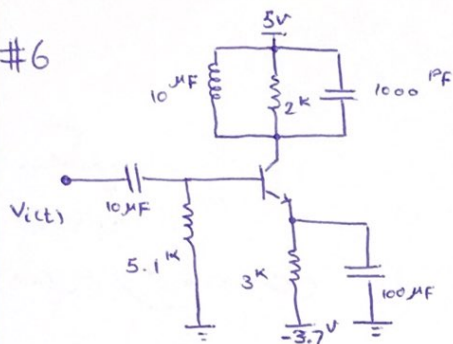


$$\left[ 0.1 \times 10^{-6} S \parallel (0.1 \times 10^{-6} S)^{-1} \parallel 50 \right] + (1 \times 10^{-6} S)^{-1} = \frac{10^6 S}{0.1 S^2 + 2 \times 10^4 S + 10^{13}} \parallel 5^k = \frac{10^6 S}{0.1 S^2 + 22 \times 10^4 S + 10^{13}}$$

$$5 \times 10^{-6} S \parallel 1000 \parallel \frac{1}{2 \times 10^3 \times 10^{-12} S} = \frac{1}{\frac{2 \times 10^3}{S} + \frac{S}{5 \times 10^8} + 0.001} \Rightarrow$$



#6

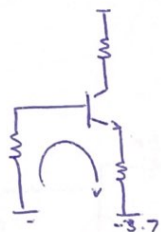


$$V_i(t) = 260 \cdot \cos(10^7 t) \text{ mV}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{98}{100} \Rightarrow 0.98 = \frac{\beta}{\beta+1} \Rightarrow 0.98(\beta+1) = \beta$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = 49$$

dc analysis:



$$KVL: 5.1k \left( \frac{I_c}{49} \right) + 0.7 + 3k I_c - 3.7 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_c \left( \frac{5.1k}{49} + 3k \right) = 3.7 - 0.7$$

$$\Rightarrow I_c = \frac{3}{3.1} \approx 1 \text{ mA} \Rightarrow g_m = 40 \text{ mmho}$$

$$V_o(t) = V_{cc} - R_L g_m \tilde{V}_{aswt} = 5 - 2k(40m) \cdot 260 \cos(10^7 t) = -20.8 \cos(10^7 t)$$

#10

$$\begin{cases} G = 6 \text{ dB} \\ P_{in} = -4 \text{ dBm} \\ P_{(2\omega_1 - \omega_2)} = -40 \text{ dB} \end{cases}$$

$$P_{(2\omega_1 - \omega_2)} = 3P_o - 2P_{IP}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_o = \frac{1}{3} (P_{(2\omega_1 - \omega_2)} + 2P_{IP})$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (-40 \text{ dB} + 2(-68)) = -58$$

$$P_{IP'} = P_{IP} - 9 \text{ dBm} = -4 - 9 = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

#11

$$\begin{cases} B.W. = 500 \text{ kHz} \\ \text{Noise Figure} = 8 \text{ dB} \\ f = 900 \text{ MHz} \\ R_{in} = 50 \Omega \\ P_{IP} = 10 \text{ dBm} \\ \gamma_{avg} = 50 \text{ dB} \end{cases}$$

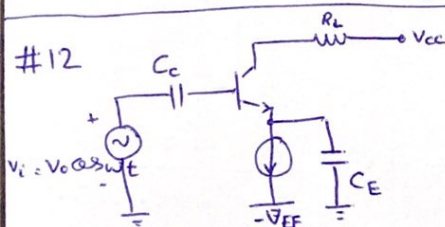
$$N_o = kT \cdot B \cdot G \cdot F$$

$$DR(\text{dB}) = \frac{2}{3} [P_{IP} + 1.74 \text{ dBm} - 10 \log B - G \text{ dB} - F \text{ dB}]$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} [10 + 1.74 - 10 \log(500 \times 10^3) - 50 - 8]$$

$$= 46.00 \text{ dBm}$$

#12



$$I_c = a_0 + a_1 V_{BE} + a_2 V_{BE}^2 + a_3 V_{BE}^3$$