Machine Learning

HW 3 - Gradient-Based Learning Spring 2025 Ali Ural

- 1. For the function $J = (x_1w_1 5x_2w_2 2)^2$, where $w = [w_1, w_2]$ are our weights to learn:
 - (a) What are the partial gradients, $\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1}$ and $\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2}$? Show work to support your answer (6pts).

$$f(\mathbf{w}) = x_1 w_1 - 5x_2 w_2 - 2,$$
 so $J = f^2$.

By the chain rule,

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = 2f \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_1} = 2f x_1,$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2} = 2f \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_2} = 2f (-5x_2) = -10x_2f.$$

So $\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = 2x_1(x_1w_1 - 5x_2w_2 - 2), \qquad \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2} = -10x_2(x_1w_1 - 5x_2w_2 - 2).$

(b) What are the values of the partial gradients, given current values of w = [0, 0], x = [1, 1] (4pts)?

$$f(0,0) = 1 \cdot 0 - 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 - 2 = -2.$$

Substitute into the gradient formulas:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1}\Big|_{(0,0)} = 2(1)(-2) = -4,$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2}\Big|_{(0,0)} = -10(1)(-2) = 20.$$

So the gradient vector at the specified point is

$$\nabla J|_{(0,0)} = (-4, 20).$$