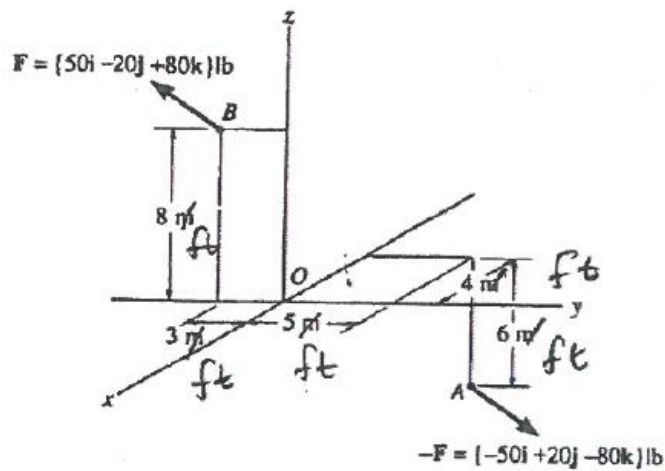


## ES 221 MECHANICS I (STATICS) RECITATION V

Q1)

Determine the couple moment. Express the result as a Cartesian vector.

**Solution to Q1***Coordinates of the Points:*

$$A(-4, 5, -6)$$

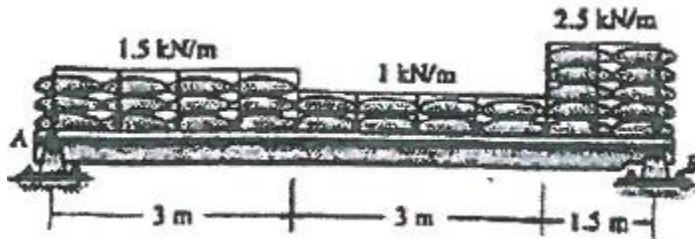
$$B(0, -3, 8)$$

$$\vec{r}_{AB} = \{4\vec{i} - 8\vec{j} + 14\vec{k}\} \text{ ft}$$

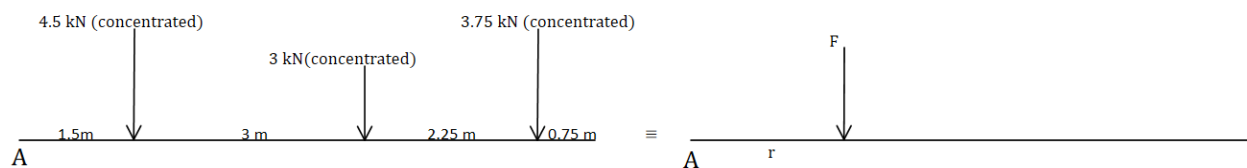
$$M = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 4 & -8 & 14 \\ 50 & -20 & 80 \end{vmatrix} = \{-360\vec{i} + 380\vec{j} + 320\vec{k}\} \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}$$

Q2)

The beam supports the distributed load caused by the sandbags. Determine the resultant force on the beam and specify its location measured from point A.



### Solution to Q2



$$\sum F = 4.5 \text{ kN} + 3 \text{ kN} + 3.75 \text{ kN} = 11.25 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$4.5 \text{ kN} \times 1.5 \text{ m} + 3 \text{ kN} \times 4.5 \text{ m} + 3.75 \text{ kN} \times 6.75 \text{ m} = 45.56 \text{ kNm}$$

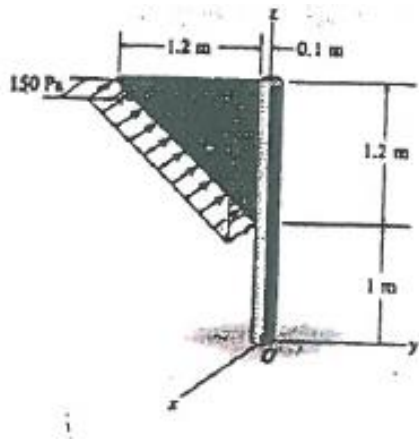
$$M = r \times F$$

$$45.56 \text{ kNm} = r \times 11.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$r = 4.05 \text{ m}$$

Q3)

The wind pressure acting on a triangular sign is uniform. Replace this loading by an equivalent resultant force and couple moment at point O.



**Solution to Q3**

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$

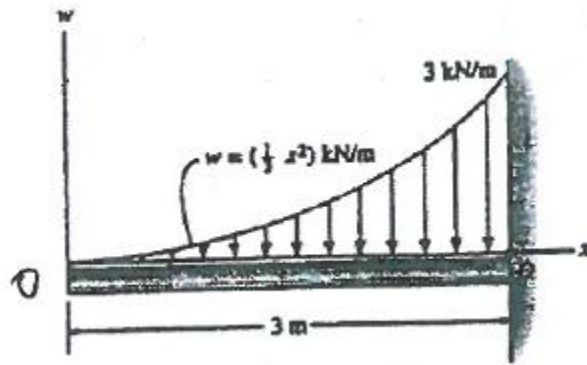
$$F = PA = 150 \frac{N}{m^2} \times \frac{1.2^2}{2} = 108 N$$

$$\vec{F} = \{-108 \vec{i}\} N$$

$$\sum M_O = \{1.8 \vec{k}\} m \times \{-108 \vec{i}\} N + \{-0.5 \vec{j}\} m \times \{-108 \vec{i}\} N = \{-194.4 \vec{j} - 54 \vec{k}\} Nm$$

Q4)

Determine the equivalent resultant force and couple moment at point O.



**Solution to Q4**

$$F = \int \omega(x)dx = \int_0^3 \frac{x^2}{3} dx = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3^3}{3} = 3 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int \tilde{x}\omega(x)dx}{\int \omega(x)dx} = \frac{\int_0^3 \frac{x^3}{3} dx}{3} = 2.25 \text{ m}$$

$$\sum F = 3 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\sum M_O = 3 \text{ kN} \times 2.25 \text{ m} = 6.75 \text{ kNm} \curvearrowright$$

Equivalent Resultant Force and Couple Moment:

