(91) Lets say
$$\theta = 8 \text{Åc}$$

 $\cos \theta = \frac{0.24}{\sqrt{0.24^2 + 0.18}} = 36.87^\circ$

a) take moment about (and apply the equilibrium condition EME=0 taking sign conventions, anticlockwise moment is taken as positive and clockwise moment is taken as negative.

$$T_{AB} (\cos 36,87^{\circ}) (0,18m) = 240 (0,8+0,4)$$

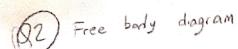
$$T_{AB} = 2000 \text{ N}$$

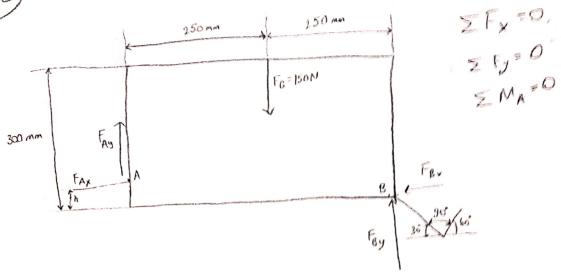
Take sum of all horizontal forces is equal to zero,

Take sum of all vertical forces is equal to zero, ZFy=0

The reaction at C is $R_c = \sqrt{C_x^2 + C_y^2}$

the direction of RC is $tan \theta = \frac{Cy}{cx}$ 1000 = 1680N





a.) distance of the point A from the base, h=0

From
$$\sum M_A = 0$$
 $-(150N)(250mn) - (F_{Bx}.h) + F_{By}(500mm) = 0$
 $0 = (-37500 \ N_{,mm}) + F_{By}(500mm)$
 $F_{By}(500mm) = (37500 \ N_{,mm})$
 $F_{By} = \frac{(37500 \ N_{,mm})}{(500 \ mm)} = 75 \ N$

From the condition of equilibrium,
$$\Sigma F_y = 0$$

 $F_{Ay} - (150 \text{ N}) + F_{By} = 0$
 $F_{Ay} - (150 \text{ N}) + (75 \text{ N}) = 0$ $F_{Ay} = 75 \text{ N}$

From the condition of equilibrium, $\Sigma F_{x} = 0$ Assume the forces acting in the positive x-direction as positive $\Sigma F_{x} = F_{Ax} - F_{Bx}$ Apply condition of equilibrium $0 = F_{Ax} - F_{Bx}$ $F_{Ax} = F_{Bx}$

$$F_{By} = F_{B} \sin 30^{\circ}$$

 $75N = F_{B} \sin 30^{\circ}$ $F_{B} = \frac{75N}{\sin 30^{\circ}} = 150N$
 $F_{B} = 150N$ $\Theta_{B} = 30^{\circ}$

FBV = FB cos30°
= 150 cos30°
= 150 cos30°

Substituting in expression (1)

$$F_{Ax} = 130N$$
 $G_{A} = arctan\left(\frac{F_{AY}}{F_{Ax}}\right)$
= $arctan\left(\frac{75}{130}\right)$
 $F_{A} = \sqrt{F_{A}} + F_{By}$
= $\sqrt{(130N)} + (75N)^{8}$

FA = 150 N

$$\begin{array}{ll} b_{1} & 2M_{A} = 0 \\ & (-37500 \, \text{N. mm}) - F_{8} \cos 30^{\circ} (200 \, \text{mm}) + F_{8} \sin 30^{\circ} \\ & (500 \, \text{mm}) = 0 \\ & F_{8} & (76.8 \, \text{mm}) = (37500 \, \text{N.mm}) \\ & F_{8} & = \frac{37500 \, \text{N.mm}}{74.8 \, \text{mm}} \\ & F_{8} & = \frac{488.28 \, \text{N}}{74.8 \, \text{mm}} \\ & F_{8} & = \frac{1}{488.28 \, \cos 30^{\circ}} \\ & F_{8} & = \frac{1}{488.28 \, \cos 30^{\circ}} \\ & = \frac{1}{488.28 \, \cos 30^{\circ}}$$

The angle of reaction
$$F_A$$
,

 $O_A = \tan^{-1} \frac{F_{Ay}}{F_{Ax}}$
 $= \tan^{-1} \left| \frac{(-94,14N)}{(422,86N)} \right|$
 $F_A = \sqrt{F_{Ax}^2 + F_{Ay}^2}$
 $= \sqrt{(423,86N)^2 + (-94,14N)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{33,21} N$
 $O_A = |2,55^\circ|$
 $F_A = \sqrt{433,21} N$
 $O_A = |2,55^\circ|$

Q.)
$$\sum M_{AB} = 0$$

 $\lambda_{AB} \cdot \left[\left(\overline{AC} \times \overline{T_{CD}} \right) + \left(\overline{AC} \times \overline{T_{CE}} \right) + \left(\overline{AG} \times \overline{W} \right) \right] = 0$
Unit vector

$$\overline{AB} = \overline{OB} - \overline{OA}$$

$$= 0.87i - 0.09i$$

$$= 0.78i$$

$$7_{AB} = \overline{AB}$$

$$AB$$

$$= 0.78i$$

$$7_{AB} = 0.78i$$

$$7_{AB} = 0.78i$$

Same for
$$AC$$

 $AC = OC - OA$
 $= 0.69i + 0.45k - (0.09i)$
 $= 0.6i + 0.45k$

$$for AG$$

$$= (0,69+0,27) + (0,45)k-909;$$

$$= 0,48i+0,225k-0,09;$$

$$= 0,39i+0,225k$$

$$T_{cp} = T_{cp} \cdot \lambda_{cp}$$

$$\lambda_{cp} = \frac{CP}{CD}$$

$$\overline{CD} = \overline{OD} - \overline{OC}$$

= 0,675j - (0,69i - 0,45k)
= -69i + 0,675j - 0,45k

$$CE = OE - OC$$

= 0,36i + 0,675j - (0,69i + 0,45k)
= 0,27i + 0,675j - 0,45k

$$\pi_{CE} = \frac{0.27i + 0.675j - 0.45k}{0.855}$$
$$= 0.316i + 0.789j - 0.0526k$$

$$CE = \sqrt{(0.27)^2 + (0.675)^2 + (-0.45)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{0.0729 + 0.455 + 0.2025}$$

$$= \sqrt{0.7304}$$

$$= 0.855 \text{ m}$$

$$T_{CE} = T. R_{CE}$$

$$T_{CE} = T.(0,316i + 0,789) - 0,5266$$

b)
$$\sum M_{B_2} = 0$$

 $-Ay(0,78) + (w)(0,39) - [T_{coi}](0,18) - [T_{cei}](0,18) = 0$
 $-0,78Ay + 382,6-39 - 48,95 = 0$
 $-0,78Ay = 294,65$
 $0,78Ay = 294,65$
 $Ay = 377,75N$

$$\sum_{A_{2}(0,78)}^{N_{8}} = 0$$

$$A_{2}(0,78) - \left[T(0,423)\right](0,18) - \left[T(0,65)\right](0,45) - \left[T(0,526)\right](0,18)$$

$$+ \left[T(0,316)\right](0,45) = 0$$

Slostiture 344,72N for T 0,78 Az - 26,25-100,83-32,63+43,0=0

0,78 Az= 110,71 $A_2 = 141,93 N$

ZFx = 0 $A_{\times} - \tau (0,65) + \tau (0,316) = 0$

Substitude 344,72N for T,

Ax=115,14 N

the reaction force vector at point A, is (115,14N)i+(377,75N)j + (141,93 X)k

I Fy =0

By-W+Ay+T(0,634)+ T(0,789)=0 Sibrithe 344,72N for T

(By=112,72N)

Z F2 = 0 B2- Az-T(0,423)-T(0,526)=0 T=344,72N 141,93N=Az

B>=185,213N

the reaction force vector is (112,72 M) + (185,213 M)k