## CPSC 532W Assignment 5

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Here is the link to the repository:

https://github.com/aliseyfi75/Probabilistic-Programming/tree/master/Assignment\_5

### 1 Code

Report successful in passing all of the deterministic tests in the HW support code.

### 1.1 primitives

Provide code snippets that document critical aspects of your implementation sufficient to allow us to quickly determine whether or not you individually completed the assignment.

```
class Env(dict):
      "An environment: a dict of {'var': val} pairs, with an outer Env."
      def __init__(self, parms=(), args=(), outer=None):
              if type(args[0]) == type([]):
                  self.update(pmap(zip(parms, args[0])))
                  self.update(pmap(zip(parms, args)))
          except:
              self.update(pmap(zip(parms, args)))
10
          self.outer = outer
11
      def find(self, var):
12
          "Find the innermost Env where var appears."
13
14
          return self if (var in self) else self.outer.find(var)
15
  class Procedure(object):
16
      "A user-defined Scheme procedure."
17
      def __init__(self, parms, body, env, eval_func):
18
19
          self.parms, self.body, self.env, self.eval = parms, body, env, eval_func
      def __call__(self, *args):
20
          return self.eval(self.body, Env(self.parms, args, outer=self.env))
```

Listing 1: primitives.py - Env and Procedure definitions

```
class Dist:
      def __init__(self, name, distribution, num_par, *par):
          self.name = name
          self.distribution = distribution
          self.num_par = num_par
          self.pars = []
6
          for i in range(num_par):
               self.pars.append(par[i])
     def sample(self):
1.0
          return self.distribution.sample()
11
12
      def log_prob(self, x):
13
14
          return self.distribution.log_prob(x)
15
      def parameters(self):
16
          return self.distribution.Parameters()
17
18
      def make_copy_with_grads(self):
19
```

```
temp_dist = self.distribution
20
21
           self.distribution = None
           dist_copy = copy.deepcopy(self)
22
           self.distribution = temp_dist
           dist_copy.distribution = temp_dist.make_copy_with_grads()
24
          return dist_copy
25
26
27 class normal(Dist):
     def __init__(self, pars):
           mean = pars[0]
29
30
           var = pars[1]
           super().__init__('normal', distributions.Normal(mean, var), 2, mean, var)
31
32
33 class beta(Dist):
34
     def __init__(self, pars):
          alpha = pars[0]
betta = pars[1]
35
36
           super().__init__('beta', dist.Beta(alpha, betta), 2, alpha, betta)
37
38
39 class exponential (Dist):
40
      def __init__(self, par):
           lamda = par[0]
41
           super().__init__('exponential', dist.Exponential(lamda), 1, lamda)
42
43
44 class uniform(Dist):
      def __init__(self, pars):
45
           a = pars[0]
46
           b = pars[1]
47
          super().__init__('uniform', distributions.Uniform(a, b), 2, a, b)
48
49
50 class discrete(Dist):
      def __init__(self, pars):
51
           prob = pars[0]
           super().__init__('discrete', distributions.Categorical(prob), 0)
53
54
55 class bernoulli(Dist):
     def __init__(self, pars):
56
57
          p = pars[0]
          super().__init__('bernoulli', distributions.Bernoulli(p), 1, p)
58
```

Listing 2: primitives.py -distributions

```
def push_addr(alpha, value):
      return alpha + value
4 def vector(x):
      try:
          vector = torch.stack(x)
      except:
          vector = x
      return vector
9
10
def list(x):
12
          list = torch.stack(x)
13
      except:
14
15
           list = x
      return list
16
17
18 def get(x):
      if type(x[0]) == type(pmap()):
19
           if torch.is_tensor(x[1]):
20
              item = x[1].item()
21
22
              item = x[1]
23
```

```
value = x[0].get(item)
24
25
           value = x[0][x[1].long()]
26
27
       return value
28
29 def put(x):
       if type(x[0]) == type(pmap()):
30
           if torch.is_tensor(x[1]):
31
               item = x[1].item()
32
           else:
33
               item = x[1]
34
35
           x[0] = x[0].set(item, x[2])
36
37
          x[0][x[1].long()] = x[2]
38
       return x[0]
39
40
  def hash_map(x):
41
42
      keys = x[::2]
       value = x[1::2]
43
44
       new_keys = []
       for key in keys:
45
           if torch.is_tensor(key):
46
47
               new_keys.append(key.item())
           else:
48
              new_keys.append(key)
49
       result = pmap(zip(new_keys, value))
50
       return result
51
52
53
  def append(x):
       first = x[0]
54
       second = x[1]
56
57
       if type(first) == type([]):
           first = torch.tensor(first)
58
       elif first.dim() == 0:
59
          first = first.unsqueeze(0)
60
61
       if type(second) == type([]):
           second = torch.tensor(second)
62
63
       if second.dim() == 0:
           second = second.unsqueeze(0)
64
65
       return torch.cat((first, second))
66
67
  def cons(x):
      first = x[1]
second = x[0]
68
69
70
71
       if type(first) == type([]):
           first = torch.tensor(first)
72
73
       elif first.dim() == 0:
           first = first.unsqueeze(0)
74
       if type(second) == type([]):
75
76
           second = torch.tensor(second)
77
       if second.dim() == 0:
78
           second = second.unsqueeze(0)
       return torch.cat((first, second))
79
```

Listing 3: primitives.py - functions

```
'>=': lambda x: x[0] >= x[1],
           '<': lambda x: x[0] < x[1],</pre>
           '<=': lambda x: x[0] <= x[1],
9
10
           '==': lambda x: x[0] == x[1],
           'sqrt': lambda x: torch.sqrt(x[0]),
11
           'exp': lambda x: torch.exp(x[0]),
           'log': lambda x: torch.log(x[0]),
13
           'or': lambda x: x[0] or x[1],
14
           'and': lambda x: x[0] and x[1],
           'empty?': lambda x: len(x[0]) == 0,
16
17
           'vector': vector,
           'list': list,
18
           'get': get,
19
           'put': put,
20
21
           'hash-map': hash_map,
           'push-address' : push_addr,
22
           'first': lambda x: x[0][0],
23
           'last': lambda x: x[0][-1],
24
           'nth': lambda x: x[0][int(x[1].item())],
25
           'second': lambda x: x[0][1],
26
27
           'rest': lambda x: x[0][1:],
           'peek': lambda x: x[0][-1],
28
           'append': append,
29
           'cons': cons,
30
           'conj': append,
31
           'mat-add': lambda x: x[0] + x[1],
32
           'mat-mul': lambda x: torch.matmul(x[0], x[1]),
33
           'mat-transpose': lambda x: x[0].T,
34
           'mat-tanh': lambda x: x[0].tanh(),
35
           'mat-repmat': lambda x: x[0].repeat((int(x[1].item()), int(x[2].item()))),
36
           'normal' : normal,
37
           'beta' : beta,
38
           'exponential' : exponential,
39
40
           'uniform' : uniform,
           'discrete' : discrete,
41
           'bernoulli' : bernoulli
42
           'uniform-continuous' : uniform,
43
44
           'flip' : bernoulli
```

Listing 4: primitives.py - environment

#### 1.2 evaluator

```
def standard_env():
    "An environment with some Scheme standard procedures."
    env = Env()
    env.update(penv)
    env.update({'alpha': ','})
    return env
```

Listing 5: evaluator.py - standard env

Listing 6: evaluator.py - evaluate

```
def eval(exp, env=None):
       "Evaluate an expression in an environment."
2
       if isinstance(exp, Symbol):
3
           if exp.startswith('"') and exp.endswith('"'):
               result = exp
           else:
6
               result = env.find(exp)[exp]
       elif not isinstance(exp, List):
9
10
           if isinstance(exp, int) or isinstance(exp, float):
               result = torch.tensor(float(exp))
11
12
           else:
13
               result = exp
       else:
14
           operation, *args = exp
15
           if operation == 'if':
    (condition, true_exp, false_exp) = args
16
17
18
               if eval(condition, env):
                   result = eval(true_exp, env)
19
               else:
                   result = eval(false_exp, env)
21
22
           elif operation == 'defn':
23
               (name, value) = args
24
25
               env[name] = eval(value, env)
               result = None
26
27
           elif operation == 'fn':
28
               (params, body) = args
29
30
               result = Procedure(params[1:], body, env, eval)
31
           elif operation == 'sample':
32
               alpha = eval(args[0], env)
33
               dist = eval(args[1], env)
34
               result = dist.sample()
35
36
37
           elif operation == 'observe':
               alpha = eval(args[0], env)
38
               dist = eval(args[1], env)
39
               observation = eval(args[2], env)
40
               result = observation
41
42
           elif operation == 'push-address':
43
44
               result = None
45
           else:
46
               proc = eval(operation, env)
47
               alpha = eval(args[0], env)
48
               vars = [eval(arg, env) for arg in args[1:]]
               result = proc(vars)
50
51
52
       return result
```

Listing 7: evaluator.py - eval

#### Results of Tests

Here are the results of the test files:

## 2.1 Deterministic

```
tensor(7.)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(1.4142)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(24.)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(0.2500)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(0.1802)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor([2., 3., 4., 5.])
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(4.)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor([2., 3., 3., 5.])
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(2.)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(5.)
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor([2.0000, 3.0000, 4.0000, 5.0000, 3.1400])
FOPPL Tests passed
tensor(5.3000)
FOPPL Tests passed
\{1.0: tensor(3.2000), 6.0: tensor(2.)\}
FOPPL Tests passed
```

### 2.2 HOPPL Deterministic

```
tensor(71.)
Test passed
tensor(89.)
Test passed
tensor(6.)
Test passed
tensor(1.)
Test passed
tensor([10., 9.])
Test passed
tensor(1.)
Test passed
tensor(4.)
Test passed
tensor([11., 2., 8.])
Test passed
tensor(4.)
Test passed
tensor(120.)
Test passed
tensor(6.)
Test passed
tensor([2., 3., 4.])
Test passed
All deterministic tests passed
```

## 2.3 Probabilistic

```
('normal', 5, 1.4142136)
p value 0.976905685570249
('beta', 2.0, 5.0)
p value 0.9649610549178714
('exponential', 0.0, 5.0)
p value 0.28116937738711634
('normal', 5.3, 3.2)
p value 0.21365199633322285
('normalmix', 0.1, -1, 0.3, 0.9, 1, 0.3)
p value 0.718135587890695
('normal', 0, 1.44)
p value 0.6593599766116442
All probabilistic tests passed
```

I draw 20000 samples.

Mean of until success is: 98.8752 Variance of until success is: 10014.3056

Running time: 2 min and 9.8 seconds

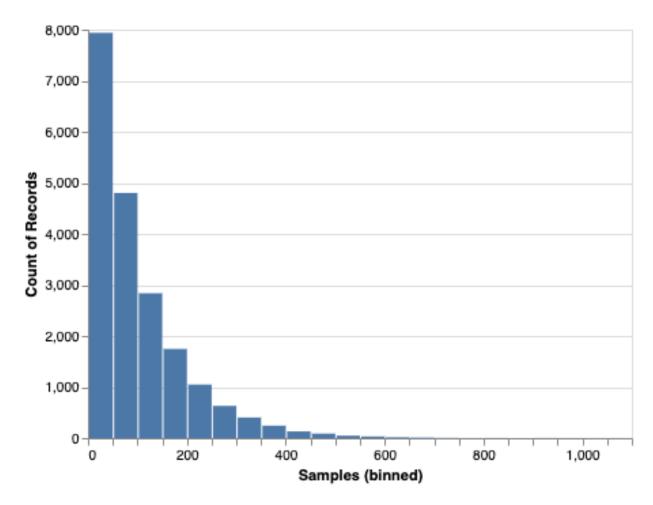


Figure 1: Histogram of untill success

I draw 100000 samples. Mean of  $\mu$  is: 1.0016. Variance of  $\mu$  is: 4.9907 Running time: 38.8 seconds

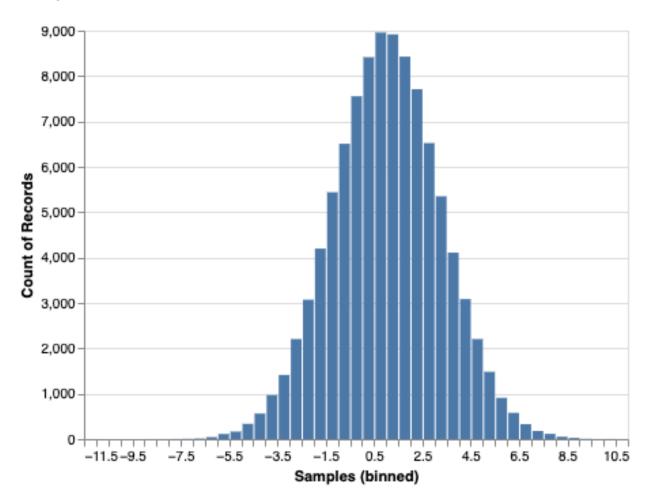


Figure 2: Histogram of  $\mu$ 

I draw 100000 samples.

Running time: 3 minutes and 39.4 seconds

The distribution over states in each step is:

_		_
0.33351	0.33351	0.33141
0.15164	0.28333	0.56503
0.15587	0.21700	0.62713
0.15293	0.21487	0.63220
0.15289	0.21514	0.63197
0.15137	0.21454	0.63409
0.15278	0.21604	0.63118
0.15353	0.21461	0.63186
0.15249	0.21352	0.63399
0.15324	0.21412	0.63264
0.15311	0.21334	0.63355
0.15281	0.21573	0.63146
0.15356	0.21176	0.63468
0.15296	0.21367	0.63337
0.15222	0.21193	0.63585
0.15261	0.21384	0.63355
0.15254	0.21318	0.63428

The mean of the state value in each step is:

[0.99790] 1.413391.471261.479271.479081.482721.478401.478331.481501.479401.48044 1.478651.481121.480411.483631.480941.48174

The variance of the state value in each step is:

[0.664922]0.5457840.5609200.5554360.5553480.5524470.5550990.5565960.5546430.5560610.5558430.5551700.5567690.5555420.5541780.5548620.554752

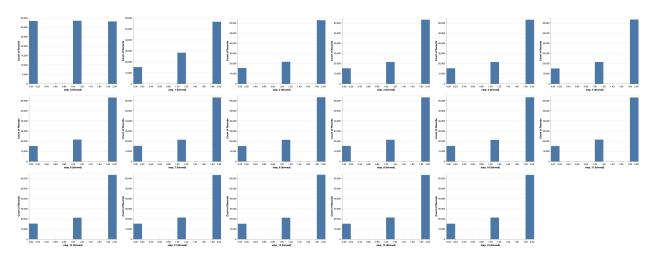


Figure 3: Histogram of states in each step