```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
import pickle
import os
# Load dataset
data = pd.read_csv("adult.csv")
# Drop rows with missing values (if any are present)
data = data.dropna()
# Encode target column
le = LabelEncoder()
data['income'] = le.fit_transform(data['income']) # <=50K -> 0, >50K -> 1
# Separate features and target
X = data.drop(columns=['income'])
y = data['income']
# One-hot encode categorical variables
X = pd.get_dummies(X, drop_first=True)
# Standardize numeric features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
# Split the dataset
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X_scaled, y, stratify=y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42
os.makedirs("models", exist_ok=True)
# Save the split dataset
pickle.dump((X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test), open("models/split.pkl", "wb"))
# 3. scripts/train.py
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
import pickle
import os
# Load the dataset splits
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = pickle.load(open("models/split.pkl", "rb"))
# Train a binary classification model
model = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', max_iter=1000) # max_iter increased just in case
# Fit the model
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Ensure models directory exists
os.makedirs("models", exist_ok=True)
# Save the trained model
pickle.dump(model, open("models/model.pkl", "wb"))
print("Model training complete and saved to models/model.pkl")
→ Model training complete and saved to models/model.pkl
# 4. scripts/evaluate.py
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
import pickle
# Load test data and model
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = pickle.load(open("models/split.pkl", "rb"))
model = pickle.load(open("models/model.pkl", "rb"))
# Predict
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
# Evaluate
acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
# Optional: Detailed report
print("\ni Classification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
# Optional: Confusion matrix
print(" Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

→ Test Accuracy: 85.57%

[Classifica	ation Report: precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.88 0.75	0.94 0.60	0.91 0.67	11147 3506
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.81 0.85	0.77 0.86	0.86 0.79 0.85	14653 14653 14653

Confusion Matrix: [[10434 713] [1401 2105]]