


# Andrei Lisnic

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A large red square with a white border, centered on a white background. Inside the square, the text "Writing a programming language in Ruby" is written in white, bold, sans-serif font, arranged in four lines.

# Writing a programming language in Ruby

# What is a programming language

- set of rules (syntax)
- execution (compiled, interpreted, etc)

# Set of rules - syntax

```
$ ruby -e 'puts("OHAI'
```

```
-e:1: unterminated string meets end of file
```

```
-e:1: syntax error, unexpected end-of-input, expecting ')'
```

# Set of rules - syntax

```
$ ruby -e 'puts("OHAI'
```

```
-e:1: unterminated string meets end of file
```

```
-e:1: syntax error, unexpected end-of-input, expecting ')'
```

```
$ ruby -e 'puts("OHAI")'
```

```
OHAI
```

# Steps

1. Define rules
2. ???



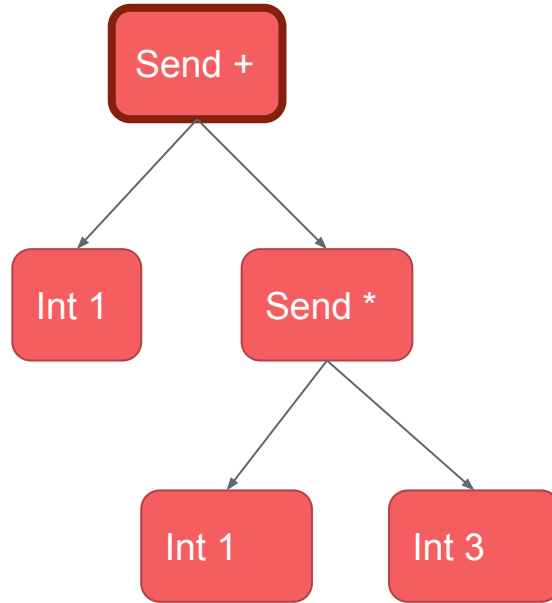
# Abstract Syntax Tree

In computer science, an **abstract syntax tree (AST)**, or just **syntax tree**, is a **tree** representation of the **abstract syntactic** structure of source code written in a programming language. Each node of the **tree** denotes a construct occurring in the source code.

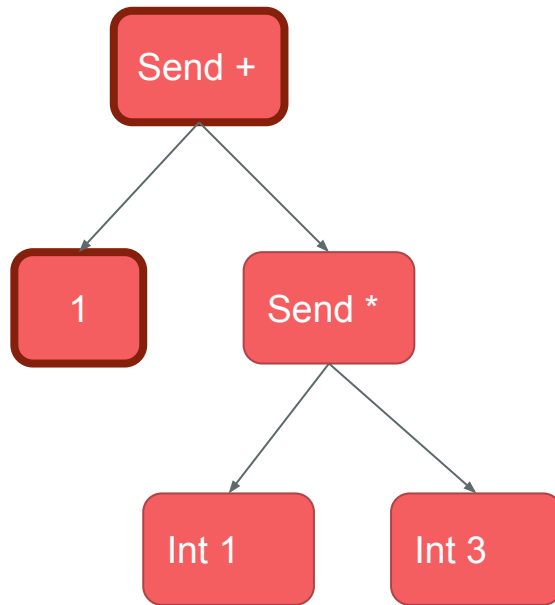


```
pry(main)> Parser::CurrentRuby.parse("1 + (1 * 3)")  
=> s(:send,  
    s(:int, 1), :+,  
    s(:begin,  
      s(:send,  
        s(:int, 1), :*,  
        s(:int, 3)))))
```

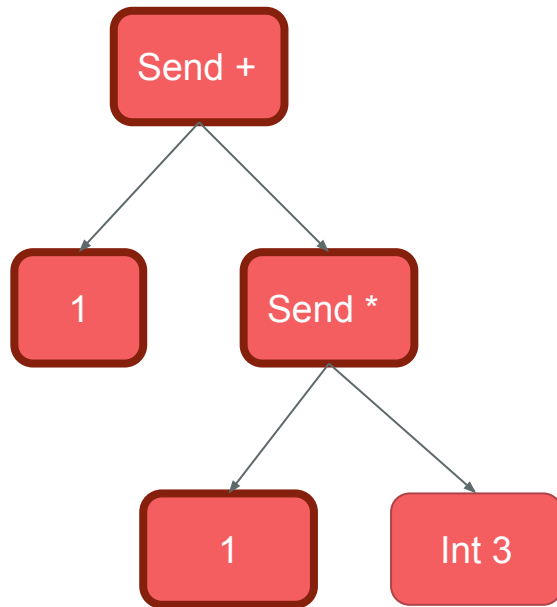
1 + (1 \* 3)



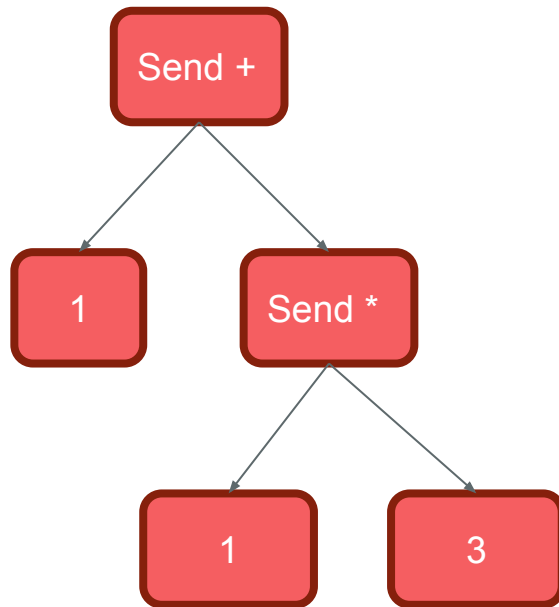
1 + (1 \* 3)



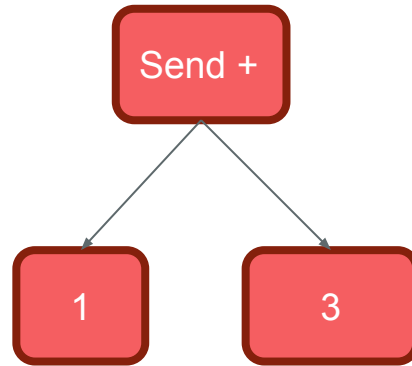
$1 + (1 * 3)$



$$1 + (1 * 3)$$



1 + 3



4



# Steps

1. Define rules
2. Build AST
3. Evaluate AST



# Let's write a programming language!



```
(puts "Please input your name")  
  
(set name (gets))  
  
(puts (+ "hello " name))
```

LISP

# Steps

1. **Define rules**
2. Build AST
3. Evaluate AST

# PEG – Parsing expression grammar

... is a type of analytic formal grammar, i.e. it describes a formal language in terms of a set of rules for recognizing strings in the language.

Let's code!

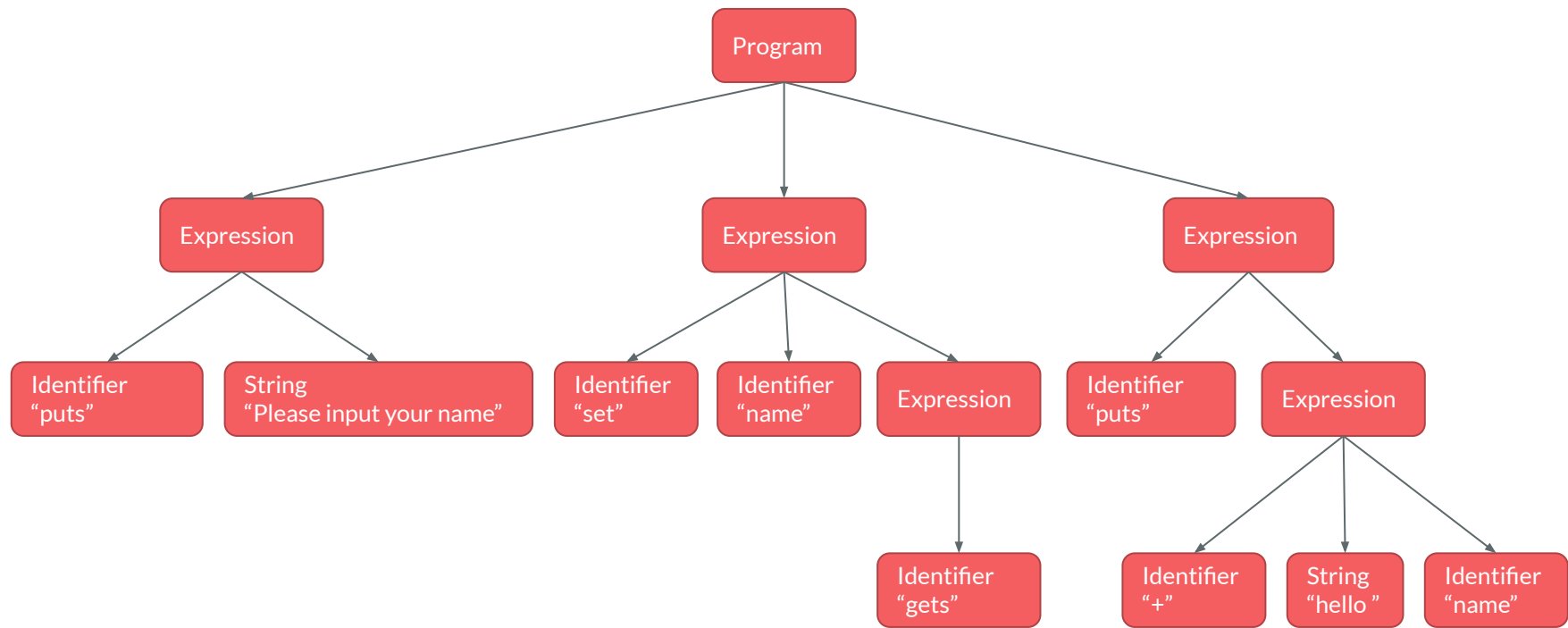
# Steps

- ~~1. Define rules~~
2. Build AST
3. Evaluate AST

```
(puts "Please input your name")
```

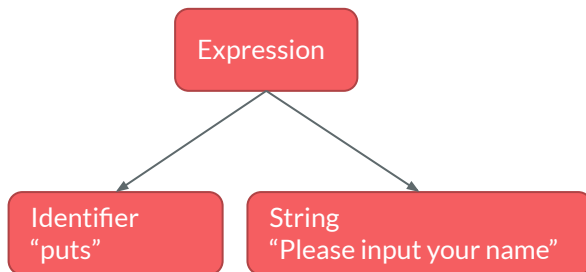
```
(set name (gets))
```

```
(puts (+ "hello " name))
```

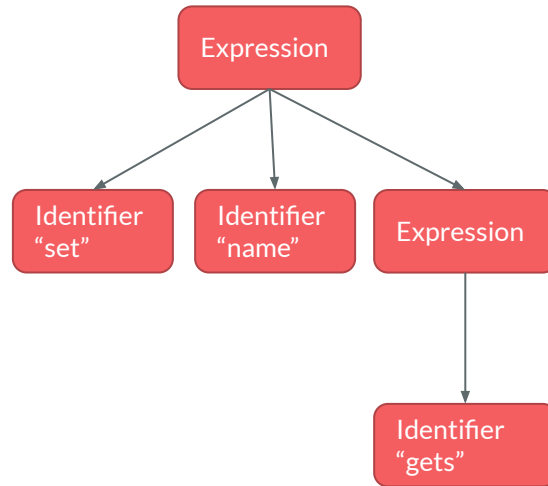




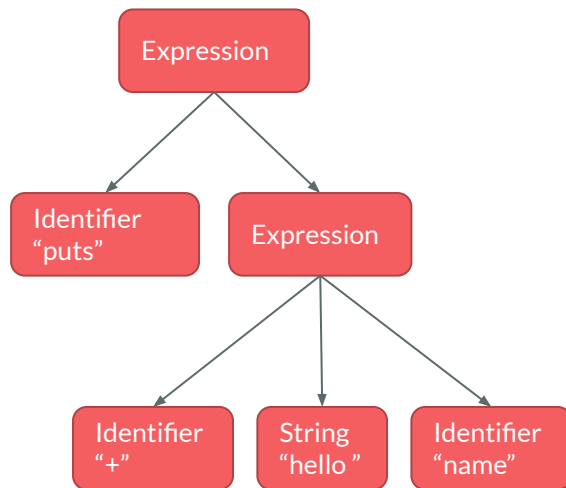
(puts "Please input your name")

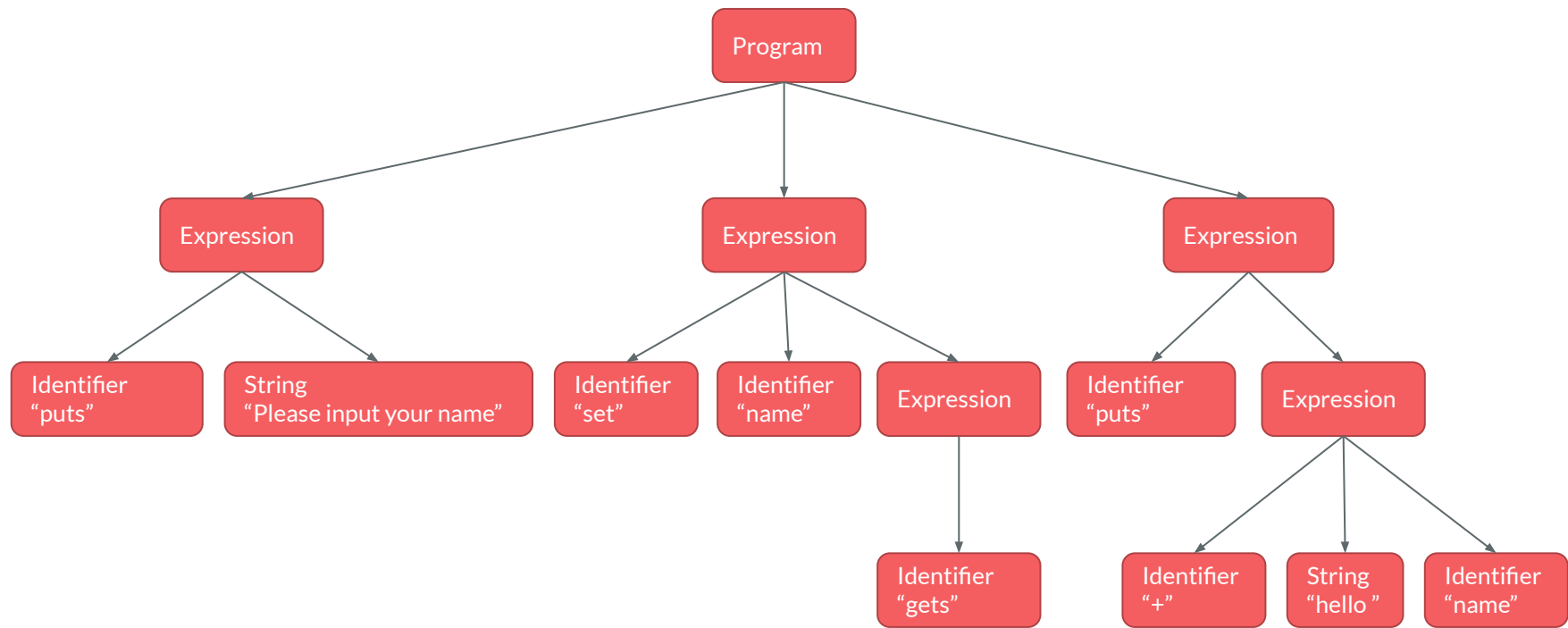


(set name (gets))



(puts (+ "hello " name))





Let's code!

# Steps

- ~~1. Define rules~~
- ~~2. Build AST~~
3. Evaluate AST

## How to draw an owl

1.



1. Draw some circles

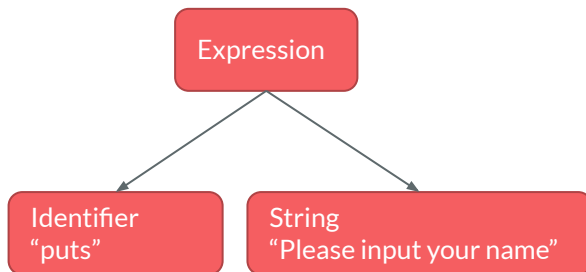
2.



2. Draw the rest of the finishing owl

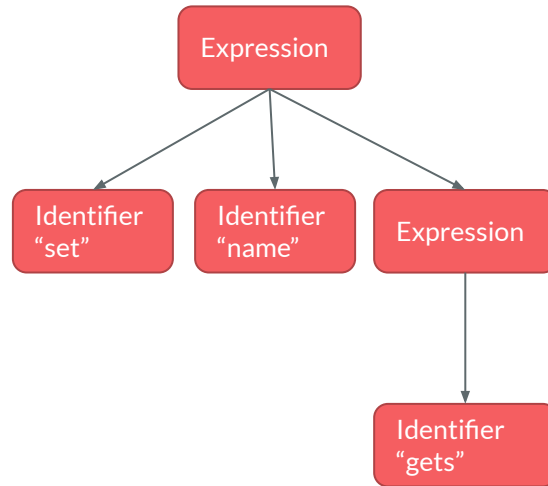
Let's code!

(puts "Please input your name")

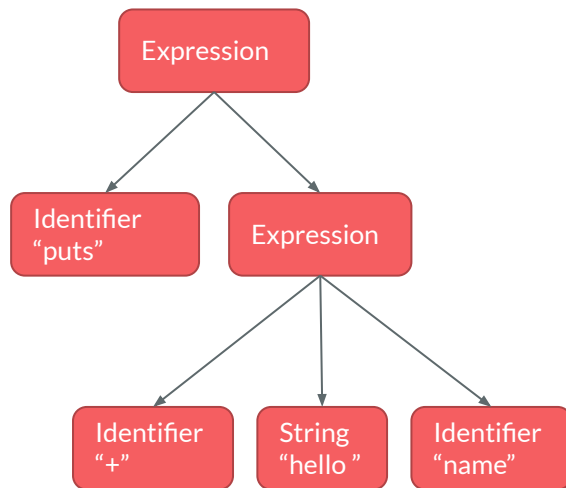




(set name (gets))



(puts (+ "hello " name))



# Steps

- ~~1. Define rules~~
- ~~2. Build AST~~
- ~~3. Write implementation line by line~~

# Questions?

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