Homework- Initial Analysis on Forest Fire Dataset

Alison Jing Huang
4/21/2018

1. Brief Dataset Glimpse

The dataset contains 13 different variables, with X, Y, MONTH and DAY being categorical, and the remaing 9 attributes being continuous. This multivariable dataset is suitable for setting up a predictive model and using Machine Learning methods to train datasets.

- 1. X: x-axis coordinate (from 1 to 9). It indicates one of the 9 sub-areas.
- 2. Y: y-axis coordinate (from 1 to 9). It indicates one of the 9 sub-areas obtained from the division of the area of study along the Y axis. All the areas have the same size.
- 3. MONTH: Month of the year (from 1 to 12)
- 4. DAY: Day of the week (from 1 to 7)
- 5. FFMC: Fine Moisture Code (from 18.7 to 96.20) moisture content of surface litter
- 6. DMC: Duff Moisture Code (from 1.1 to 291.3) rating for average moisture content of loosely connected organic layers
- 7. DC: Drought Code (from 7.9 to 860.6) moisture content of deep, compact, organic layers
- 8. ISI: Initial Spread Index (from 0 to 56.10) rate of fire spreading at its beginning
- 9. TEMP: Temperature(Celsius) (from 2.2 to 33.30)
- 10. RH: Relative humidity(%) (from 15.0 to 100)
- 11. WIND: Wind speed(km hr-1) (from 0.40 to 9.40)
- 12. RAIN: Rain(mm) (from 0.0 to 6.4)
- 13. BURNED AREA: Total burned area(ha) (from 0 to 1090.84)

Below shows the first six rows of the forest fire dataset.

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 13
                Y month day
##
         X
                                       DMC
                                              DC
                               FFMC
                                                    ISI
                                                         temp
                                                                  RH wind rain
     <int> <int> <chr> <chr>
                              <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                              <int> <dbl> <dbl>
                                      26.2
## 1
               5 mar
                                            94.3
                                                  5.10
                                                                 51 6.70 0
         7
                        fri
                               86.2
                                                         8.20
## 2
                                                                  33 0.900 0
                4 oct
                        tue
                               90.6
                                      35.4 669
                                                   6.70 18.0
## 3
         7
                4 oct
                               90.6
                                      43.7 687
                                                   6.70 14.6
                                                                  33 1.30
                        sat
## 4
         8
                6 mar
                        fri
                               91.7
                                      33.3
                                            77.5
                                                  9.00
                                                         8.30
                                                                  97 4.00
                                                                           0.200
## 5
         8
                                                   9.60 11.4
                                                                  99 1.80
                6 mar
                               89.3
                                      51.3 102
                                                                           0
                        sun
         8
                               92.3
                                      85.3 488
                                                  14.7 22.2
                                                                  29 5.40
                6 aug
                        sun
     ... with 1 more variable: area <dbl>
```

Summary

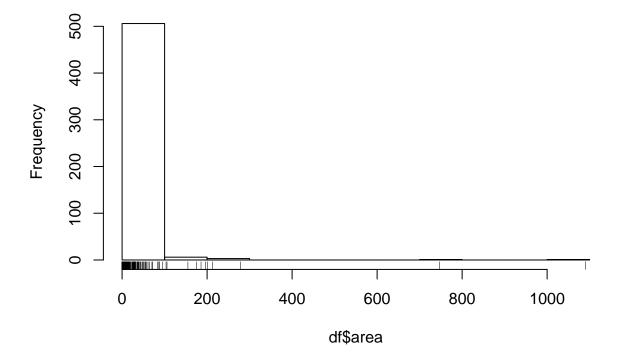
```
##
          Х
                            Y
                                        month
                                                              day
    Min.
            :1.000
                      Min.
                             :2.0
                                     Length:517
                                                          Length:517
    1st Qu.:3.000
                      1st Qu.:4.0
                                     Class : character
                                                          Class : character
##
##
    Median :4.000
                      Median:4.0
                                     Mode :character
                                                          Mode :character
##
    Mean
            :4.669
                      Mean
                              :4.3
##
    3rd Qu.:7.000
                      3rd Qu.:5.0
                              :9.0
##
    Max.
            :9.000
                      Max.
##
         FFMC
                           DMC
                                              DC
                                                               ISI
##
   \mathtt{Min}.
            :18.70
                      Min.
                                       Min.
                                               :
                                                  7.9
                                                                 : 0.000
    1st Qu.:90.20
                      1st Qu.: 68.6
                                       1st Qu.:437.7
                                                         1st Qu.: 6.500
```

```
Median :91.60
                     Median :108.3
                                       Median :664.2
                                                        Median: 8.400
##
    Mean
            :90.64
                     Mean
                             :110.9
                                       Mean
                                               :547.9
                                                        Mean
                                                                : 9.022
##
    3rd Qu.:92.90
                     3rd Qu.:142.4
                                       3rd Qu.:713.9
                                                        3rd Qu.:10.800
            :96.20
                             :291.3
##
    Max.
                     Max.
                                       Max.
                                               :860.6
                                                        Max.
                                                                :56.100
##
         temp
                            RH
                                             wind
                                                               rain
##
                                               :0.400
                                                                 :0.00000
    Min.
            : 2.20
                     Min.
                             : 15.00
                                        Min.
                                                         Min.
##
    1st Qu.:15.50
                     1st Qu.: 33.00
                                        1st Qu.:2.700
                                                         1st Qu.:0.00000
                     Median: 42.00
                                        Median :4.000
##
    Median :19.30
                                                         Median :0.00000
                             : 44.29
##
    Mean
            :18.89
                     Mean
                                        Mean
                                                :4.018
                                                         Mean
                                                                 :0.02166
##
    3rd Qu.:22.80
                     3rd Qu.: 53.00
                                        3rd Qu.:4.900
                                                         3rd Qu.:0.00000
##
    Max.
            :33.30
                     Max.
                             :100.00
                                        Max.
                                               :9.400
                                                         Max.
                                                                 :6.40000
##
         area
                0.00
##
    Min.
                0.00
##
    1st Qu.:
##
    Median :
                0.52
##
    Mean
               12.85
##
                6.57
    3rd Qu.:
    Max.
            :1090.84
```

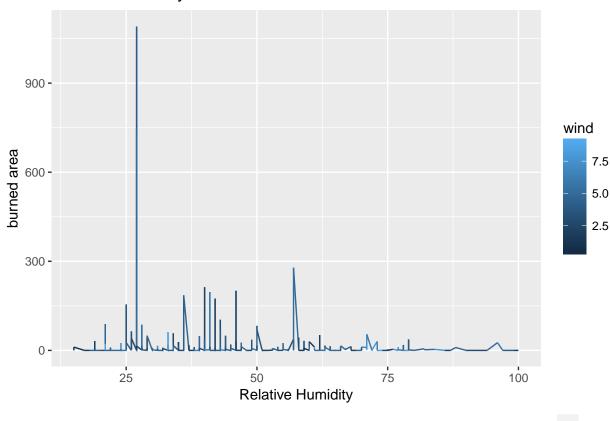
2. Exploratory Data Analysis and Visualizations

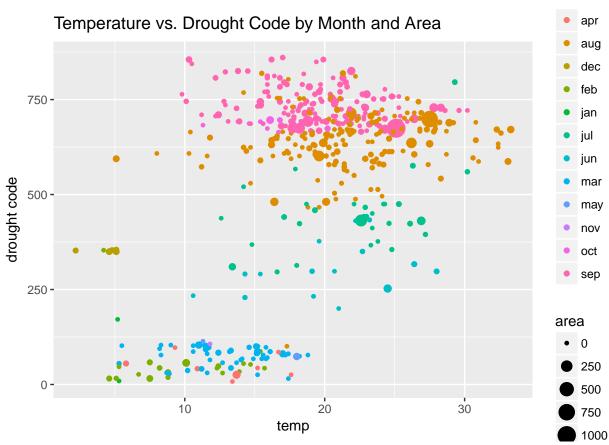
We can use ggplot2 to better visualize the data, see below sample histogram, relationship between humidity and burn area, as well as the correlations between temperature, drought code, area and month:

Histogram of df\$area



Relative Humidity vs. Burn Area





2A. Factor Analysis using KMO Test

The next step is then to carefully examine the data variables and determine which ones are most/relatively more important given a number of potential causes. **Factor Analysis** method will play a vital role in this step. Factor analysis is the most widely used multivariate technique to desribe variability among observed, correlated variables in terms of potentially lower number of unobserved variables. It is a statistical method for dimension reduction.

Factor analysis requires numeric input, the dataset needs to be cleaned/transformed - any character types would be converted to numeric type. Hence, we convert "month" and "day" to numbers as shown in below code:

```
df$month <- as.numeric(df$month)
df$day <- as.numeric(df$day)</pre>
```

This however will give both variables as **NA** values. A second attempt to transform the dataset is then carried out in below code.

```
url <- "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/forest-fires/forestfires.csv"
df1 <- read.csv(url)
fires$month <- as.numeric((fires$month))
fires$day <- as.numeric(fires$day)
library(dplyr)
head(fires)</pre>
```

The result is shown as below:

```
X Y month day FFMC DMC
                                DC
                                  ISI temp RH wind rain area
## 1 7 5
                1 86.2 26.2 94.3
                                    5.1 8.2 51
## 2 7 4
            11
                 6 90.6 35.4 669.1
                                    6.7 18.0 33
                                                 0.9
                                                      0.0
                                                             0
## 3 7 4
            11
                 3 90.6 43.7 686.9
                                    6.7 14.6 33
                                                 1.3
                                                      0.0
                                                             0
## 4 8 6
            8
                 1 91.7 33.3 77.5 9.0 8.3 97
                                                      0.2
                                                             0
                                                 4.0
## 5 8 6
                 4 89.3 51.3 102.2 9.6 11.4 99
                                                      0.0
                                                             0
## 6 8 6
                 4 92.3 85.3 488.0 14.7 22.2 29
                                                 5.4
                                                      0.0
                                                             0
```

In order to find the relevant variables, a KMO test is needed to answer the question.KMO stands for Kaiser-Meyer-olkin test. It's a measure of the proportion of variance among variables that might be a common variances. The lower the proportion, the more suited your data is to Factor Analysis.

Checking adequacy of factor analysis

There are two major criteria to check the adequacy of the factor analysis to help identify more relevant variables.

- 1. Criteria of sample size adequacy: sample size of 300 and above is good, 500 and more is considered very good. In our dataset, the sample size is 517, which implies it is suitable for factor analysis.
- 2. KMO's sampling adequacy criteria with MSA(individual measures of sampling adequacy of each variable): The range of KMO is from 0.0 to 1.0 and if the calculated percentage is > 0.5, the variable is desired value. Variables with MSA being < 0.5 indicate that items do not belong to a group and may be removed from the factor analysis.

To successfully perform KMO test, a R package named Psych is installed and used with the following code:

```
library(psych)
fires_corr <- cor(fires)
KMO(fires_corr)</pre>
```

The result shows that the overall MSA is 0.57 which is greater than 0.5 that is desired value.

```
## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
  Call: KMO(r = fires_corr)
   Overall MSA = 0.57
##
  MSA for each item =
##
       Х
             Y month
                        day
                             FFMC
                                    DMC
                                            DC
                                                 ISI
                                                      temp
                                                               RH
                                                                   wind
                                                                         rain
               0.27
                       0.66
                             0.72
                                   0.59
                                          0.58
                                                0.67
                                                       0.63
                                                             0.41
                                                                   0.52
                                                                          0.44
##
    0.51
##
    area
##
    0.61
```

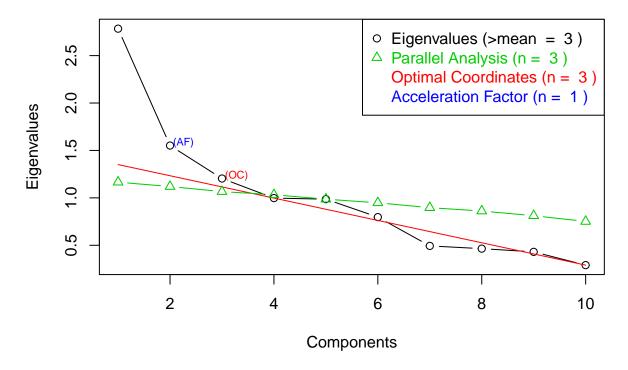
Based on the table shown above, we can eliminate MONTH, RH (Relative Humidity), and RAIN and keep X, Y, DAY, FFMC, DMC, DC, ISI, WIND and AREA for further metric evalulation.

So we exclude variables of month, RH, and rain, and keep the result to two decimals.

```
##
                                    DMC
                                            DC
                   Y
                       day
                           FFMC
                                                 ISI
                                                      temp
                                                             wind area
## X
         1.00
                0.54 -0.01 -0.02
                                  -0.05 -0.09
                                                0.01 - 0.05
                                                             0.02 0.06
  Y
##
         0.54
                1.00
                      0.03 - 0.05
                                   0.01 -0.10 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0.04
  day
##
        -0.01
               0.03
                      1.00
                             0.07
                                   0.07
                                         0.06
                                                0.12
                                                      0.15 -0.03 0.02
                             1.00
  FFMC -0.02 -0.05
                      0.07
                                   0.38
                                         0.33
                                                0.53
                                                      0.43 -0.03 0.04
## DMC
        -0.05
               0.01
                      0.07
                             0.38
                                   1.00
                                         0.68
                                                0.31
                                                      0.47 - 0.11 0.07
## DC
        -0.09 - 0.10
                      0.06
                             0.33
                                   0.68
                                         1.00
                                                0.23
                                                      0.50 -0.20 0.05
## ISI
         0.01 -0.02
                      0.12
                             0.53
                                   0.31
                                         0.23
                                                1.00
                                                      0.39
                                                             0.11 0.01
   temp -0.05 -0.02
                                         0.50
                                                0.39
                                                      1.00 -0.23 0.10
                      0.15
                             0.43
                                   0.47
         0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 -0.11 -0.20
                                                0.11 - 0.23
                                                             1.00 0.01
  wind
         0.06
               0.04
                      0.02
                            0.04
                                   0.07
                                         0.05
                                                0.01
                                                      0.10
                                                             0.01 1.00
```

At this point we don't know how many factor variables to use for further analysis, The nFactors package is then first installed to offer a suite of functions to aid in this decision and plot a Scree-plot to visualize the scenario. The Scree Test is a graphical method first proposed by Cattell(1966) to plot the eigenvalues. Cattell suggests to find the place where the smooth decrease of eigenvalues appears to level off to the right of the plot. In this case, we could probably retain 2 or 3 factors.

Non Graphical Solutions to Scree Test

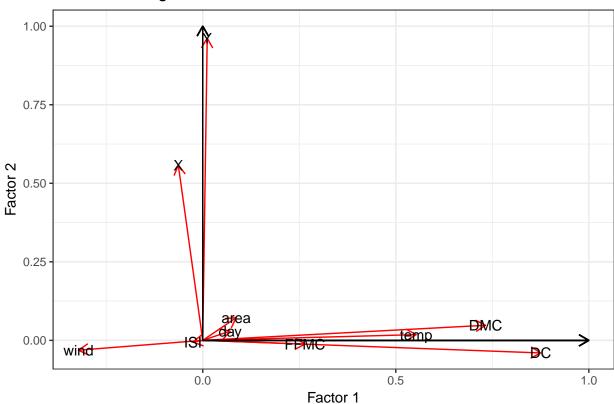


According to above **Scree-plot** result, all of Eigenvalues, Parallel Analysis(AF) as well as Optimal Coordinates(OC) give n=3.

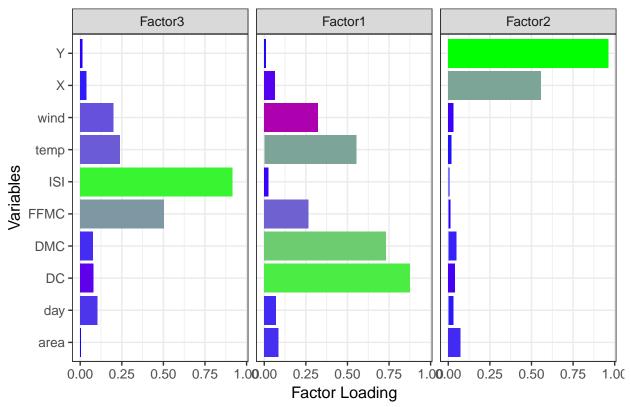
Factor Loadings: Factors and Variables

In the next plot using ggplot2, I will demonstrate the relationships of factors and variables.

Factor Loadings



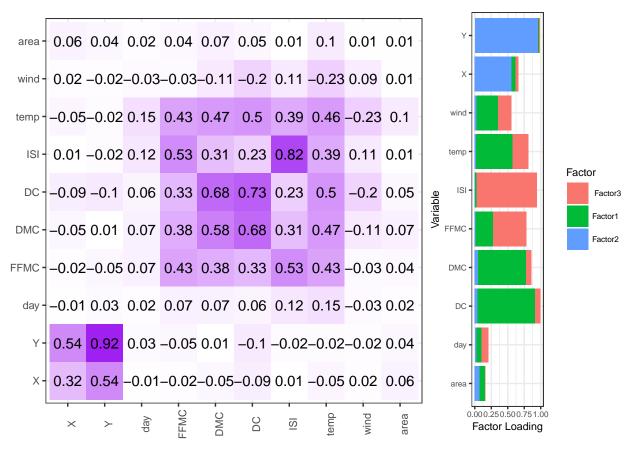




Based on above Factor Loading plot, we can deduce that the following relationships:

- DC, DMC, and wind load Factor 1
- \mathbf{FFMC} and \mathbf{ISI} load on Factor 3

Next, a reduced correlation matrix(heatmap) will be constructed based on above three Factor Loadings. To do this, R packages like reshape2 and gridExtra are needed to complete the graph.



Interpretation of the reduced correlation matrix: Based on above heatmap, **DC** and ** DMC** has 0.68 coefficient correlation(Factor 1), **X** and **Y** has a 0.54 coefficient correlation(Factor 2), and **ISI** and **FFMC** has 0.53 coefficient correlations(Factor 3).