

3 Value logic and Case statements

CASE

WHEN expression THEN value ELSE

END

CREATING LABELS
LOGIC
SUBSELECT TRICK WITH COUNT

Matthew Morris

Git: Morrisdata
MatthewMorris.DA@gmail.com





Previously in Data Analytics

WITH SELECT INTO



TRUE FALSE UNKNOWN



Compounded computed columns

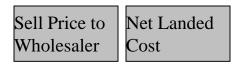
```
Week 1 Units Week 2 Units Week 3 Units Week 4 Units Week 5 Units Week 6 Units Week 7 Units + Week 8 Units + Week 5 Units + Week 6 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 1 Units + Week 2 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Week 3 Units + Week 4 Units + Wee
```

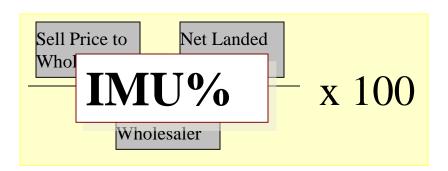
Expert



IMU% AND COMPSHOP

CASE exercise Building the basic query and the IMU%





CASE exercise Create the lowest competitive shop column.



CASE exercise Lowest comp shop between CompShop1 and CompShop2

IMU% New CompShop1 New CompShop2 New CompShop3

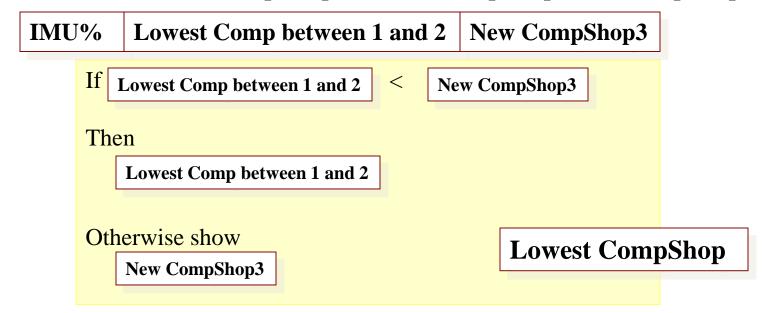
If New CompShop1 New CompShop2

Then
New CompShop1

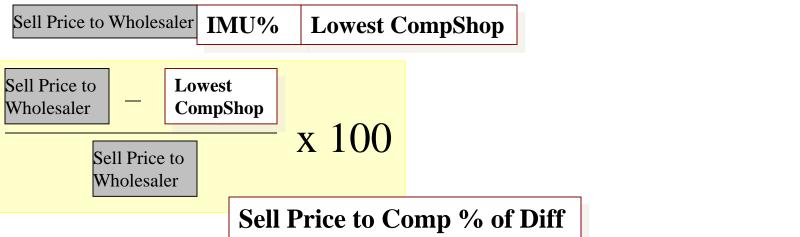
Otherwise show
New CompShop2

Lowest Comp
between 1 and 2

CASE exercise Lowest comp shop between CompShop1 and CompShop2



CASE exercise Building the basic query and the IMU%



CASE exercise Building the basic query and the IMU%

IMU% % of Diff High

If IMU% <2 AND Sell Price to Comp % of Diff

Then ACTION REQUIRED

ACTION REQUIRED	ACTION REQUIRED	ACTION REQUIRED
Order 5 of X	Research Vendor A	Retire Asset
Order 7 of Y	Pay Vendor X	Move Asset
Hold Order on B	Pay Vendor Y	Research Asset
Research Order C	Deny Vendor B	Retire Asset

Expert

Case Statements

SELECT field1, field2,

CASE

WHEN field1 >= A THEN 'field or expression'

END AS field3,

field4

FROM Table1

Workshop





Conclusion

Case statement are a powerful way to add 3 value logic to your queries Only go 3 deep with your nested case statements
Use CTE's to simplify anything more than 3 deep
You can use Case statements to aggregate an aggregate.

Q & A

The price of light is less than the cost of Darkness.

-Arthur C. Nielsen

EXIT TICKET

CLASS: Case Statements

QUESTION:

Describe 3 results you can get back from 3 value logic?

