

**NAME**

**sc\_uptime** — scamper driver to infer reboot windows for systems with IPv6 addresses.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
sc_uptime [-o] [-d dbfile] [-E expire] [-I interval] [-l logfile] [-O option]
           [-p port] [-S srcaddr] [-U unix-socket] outfile.warts

sc_uptime [-a] [-d dbfile] [-E expire] [-O option] addrfile.txt

sc_uptime [-c] [-d dbfile] [-O option]

sc_uptime [-i] [-d dbfile] [-O option] file ...

sc_uptime [-r] [-d dbfile] [-O option] ip ...

sc_uptime [-x] [-d dbfile] [-O option] do-not-probe.txt
```

**DESCRIPTION**

The **sc\_uptime** utility provides the ability to connect to a running **scamper(1)** instance and use it to collect data for inferring if and when a system with an IPv6 address rebooted. **sc\_uptime** induces each system to send fragmented ICMP echo replies, with the goal of obtaining an incrementing Identifier (ID) field in the fragmentation header. If the system assigns ID values from a counter, and the counter resets to zero, the system rebooted in the interval between probes. Note, the technique does not work if the system does not send ICMP6 fragments, if fragments are blocked, or if the system assigns ID values randomly. **sc\_uptime** implements a scalable algorithm to avoid probing systems that assign ID values at random or are unresponsive. Further information about the algorithm is found in the "see also" section. The supported options to **sc\_uptime** are as follows:

- a** specifies the name of the input file which consists of a sequence of IPv6 addresses to probe for reboots, one address per line. Any new addresses are added to the sqlite3 database for subsequent processing. Any addresses in the sqlite3 database but not in the addressfile continue to be probed.
- c** specifies that a sqlite3 database file is to be created. The mode of database is specified with **-O**
- d** *dbfile*  
specifies the name of the output sqlite3 database file to use
- E** *expire*  
specifies the length of time, in days, that an address may remain in the probe state database after last being seen in traceroute, and not responding with incrementing IPID values.
- i** specifies that the IPID samples in the supplied *warts(5)* files should be imported into the sqlite3 database.
- I** *interval*  
specifies the desired probe interval, in seconds, for each address.
- l** *logfile*  
specifies the name of a file to log progress output from **sc\_uptime** generated at run time.
- o** specifies the name of the output file to be written. The output file will use the *warts(5)* format.
- O** *options*  
allows the behavior of **sc\_uptime** to be further tailored. The current choices for this option are:
  - **init-state**: initialise a brand new sqlite3 database for data collection. Use this option with **-c**
  - **init-data**: initialise a brand new sqlite3 database for data analysis. Use this option with **-c**

- **safe-db**: when importing into the data database, use safe operations. By default, **sc\_uptime** enables optimizations that will speed up bulk data importing, at the expense of possible database corruption in the event power is lost during the import.
- **vacuum-db**: perform a database vacuum before doing any operations.
- p** *port*  
specifies the port on the local host where `scamper(1)` is accepting control socket connections.
- r**  
specifies that **sc\_uptime** should use the IPID samples in the sqlite3 database to infer reboots.
- S** *srcaddr*  
specifies the unicast IPv6 source address to use in probes. This option is recommended when the prober has multiple or changing IPv6 addresses, as some probed systems maintain an IPID counter related to the source IPv6 address of the prober. If the source address of probes changes, the returned IPID sequence could have a discontinuity unrelated to a reboot of the probed system.
- U** *unix-socket*  
specifies the name of a unix domain socket where `scamper(1)` is accepting control socket connections.
- x**  
specifies that the do-not-probe list has been updated and the state database should be cleared of matching addresses. The do-not-probe file is a text file with one prefix per line. Individual addresses may be specified by including the address without a suffix.

## EXAMPLES

Given a set of IPv6 addresses contained in a file named `addrs.txt` and a scamper process listening on port 31337 configured to probe at 30 packets per second started as follows:

```
scamper -P 31337 -p 30
```

the following command will create a sqlite3 database named `state.sqlite` to record probe state within, probe the addresses contained in `addrs.txt` once to collect raw data that can be used to infer reboot windows, and store the raw data in `out1.warts`:

```
sc_uptime -p 31337 -O create-db -d state.sqlite -a addrs.txt -o out1.warts
```

To infer reboot windows, **sc\_uptime** must be run in rounds. The next time **sc\_uptime** is run, use:

```
sc_uptime -p 31337 -d state.sqlite -o out2.warts
```

Import the IPID samples from `out1.warts` and `out2.warts` into a separate probe database:

```
sc_uptime -i -O create-db -d data.sqlite out1.warts out2.warts
```

Infer reboots across all imported data:

```
sc_uptime -r -d data.sqlite
```

To infer reboots just for IPv6 address `2001:DB8::1`, use:

```
sc_uptime -r -d data.sqlite 2001:DB8::1
```

## HINTS

Store the `state.sqlite` file on a memory file system to improve speed and reduce disk wear. In between invocations of **sc\_uptime**, copy the `state.sqlite` file to disk. You can store probe data in the same database used to maintain state, but you should use a separate database. To obtain better performance, import the data into a time-series database.

**NOTES**

**sc\_uptime** will only probe addresses in 2000::/3.

**SEE ALSO**

scamper(1), sc\_ally(1), sc\_ipiddump(1), sc\_speedtrap(1), sc\_wartsdump(1),  
sc\_warts2text(1), sc\_warts2json(1), sqlite(1), warts(5),

M. Luckie and R. Beverly, *The Impact of Router Outages on the AS-level Internet*, Proc. ACM/SIGCOMM Conference 2017.

R. Beverly, M. Luckie, L. Mosley, and k claffy, *Measuring and Characterizing IPv6 Router Availability*, Proc. PAM 2015.

**AUTHORS**

**sc\_uptime** was written by Matthew Luckie and Robert Beverly.